

and he had no comment on it.

Two weeks ago the White House had said that the status of the arms embargo—lifting of which has been demanded by the Jews as aid to their forces in Palestine—was under consideration.

The significance of his comment today appeared to be that the American Government would not take any action except one which was in line with United Nations policy as laid down by the Security Council.

U.S. Again Hits Carp Seizure

Washington, May 27 (AP)—The United States is making a second protest to the Government of Lebanon over the seizure of 41 American citizens from the S.S. Marine Carp last week.

The Lebanese, lined up with the Arab forces fighting in Palestine, contended that the 41 were part of a larger group of Jewish young men en route to fight for the new State of Israel.

Today Press Officer Michael McDermott said that American Minister Lowell Pinkerton at Beirut had been instructed to lodge a second protest on the matter, but I cannot go into details immediately since I do not know whether the protest has been delivered yet.

The instructions went out last night. McDermott said there would be more information when Pinkerton had talked to the Lebanese authorities.

41 Held In Camp

The first protest was made immediately after the Americans were removed from the Marine Carp when the ship stopped at Beirut on its way to Palestine.

The seized men are being held at Baalbek Camp, 40 miles east of Beirut.

The Lebanese Government has considered releasing them provided they will guarantee to return to their homeland and not join Jewish forces in Palestine. McDermott said Pinkerton had undertaken a poll of the 41 to determine how many want to come back to the United States but that no word has been received on the outcome.

McDermott said the fact that the poll was undertaken did not mean that the United States accepted the Lebanese condition for the men's release.

Secret Harry Hopkins Papers

Washington, May 27 (AP)—President Roosevelt repeatedly told Prime Minister Churchill in 1940, an author-friend wrote today, that he could not give any assurance the United States would go to war against Nazi Germany.

He informed Mr. Churchill, however, that he would do everything possible "more than mere words but short of war" to defend Great Britain.

Robert E. Sherwood, writing of the late President, said Roosevelt made the statement "not once but several times" as Churchill urged the United States actively to support Britain and France during the German Blitz in the Low Countries and France.

Sherwood reported on the Roosevelt-Churchill communications prior to the 1940 presidential election in an article in today's issue of *Collier's* magazine. It is the second of a series of articles based on the secret papers of Harry L. Hopkins, Mr. Roosevelt's personal world emissary in the war years.

Churchill's "Desperate Cable"

Five days after the start of the German Blitzkrieg, Churchill urged Roosevelt to "proclaim" a state of nonbelligerency for the United States which would mean supplying all kinds of aid but no armed action," Sherwood wrote.

Just before the fall of France, a "desperate cable" from Churchill informed Roosevelt that France might still be saved by a presidential announcement that the United States would, if necessary, enter the war, the article said.

Churchill was well aware that Congress had to declare war, Sherwood explained, "but in the moment of catastrophe he was ready to try anything."

Sherwood said that when the Blitz hit France, Roosevelt was convinced that if Britain fell, disastrous war for the United States would be inevitable, that Germany would attack the Western Hemisphere, probably at first in Latin America.

It was with this conviction that Roosevelt, without authorization by Congress and against the advice of his Cabinet "scraped the bottom of the barrel in American arsenals" to get arms and munitions to a Britain fearful of an immediate invasion.

Attack On France Cited

During the Nazi attack on France, Churchill suggested that the United States Navy use Singapore as a base, that the British Army would destroy the Suez Canal (if Britain were conquered) to keep the Germans from using it, and that the entire British fleet would be sacrificed in defense of the home islands, the article continued.

Months later in London, it said, Hopkins learned that the British Government had no plan for evacuation to Canada in the event of invasion.

"Churchill believed that if the United Kingdom fell, the empire would be ended, at least temporarily, and the leadership of the remaining units of the British Commonwealth would pass to Washington," Sherwood said the Hopkins papers disclose.

200,000 D.P. QUOTA VOTED BY SENATE

Doubling Of Limit Approved; Final Ballot Uncertain

Washington, May 27 (AP)—The Senate voted today in favor of raising to 200,000 the number of European displaced persons that could be admitted to this country during the next two years.

It adopted, 40 to 33, an amendment doubling the 100,000 limit set by the Judiciary Committee bill. The vote cleared away a major hurdle to final passage, but there was no indication when the final vote would come.

The bipartisan amendment raising the admission ceiling was sponsored by Senators Ferguson (R., Mich.), Smith (R., N.J.), Cooper (R., Ky.), McGrath (D., R.I.), Saltonstall (R., Mass.) and Morse (R., Ore.).

Tydings Urges Conference

During the debate, Senator Tydings (D., Md.) urged that an international conference be held soon to consider the displaced-persons problem. He suggested that an amendment be offered to the pending measure directing the President and State Department to initiate such a conference. Smith and Ferguson both indorsed the idea.

The Senate also adopted an amendment offered by Senator Revercomb (R., W.Va.), floor leader for the measure. It provides that the wife of an agricul-

tural worker, and his unmarried dependent children under 21, be considered agricultural workers.

The bill itself says at least half of the D.P.'s admitted must be farm workers.

Cites "Untrue" Statements

Senator McGrath (D., R.I.), chairman of the Democratic National Committee, said much of the opposition to the D.P. bill results from "prejudice," "whisperings" and "unfair and unwarranted attacks."

He said he had heard untrue statements that the displaced persons were "all Communists, all belong to one religious group . . . are all thieves and racketeers."

Senator Saltonstall (R., Mass.) then asked the Senate to revise provisions of the bill which, he said, might be unfair to Jews and Catholics who are displaced persons.

He asked revision of sections requiring (1) that 50 per cent of the displaced persons be farmers and (2) that 50 per cent come from part of Poland and three Baltic states—Latvia, Lithuania and Estonia.

Because few Jews are farmers and because most of the Balts are Protestants, Saltonstall suggested the Senate accept a new formula which he said would base admissions to this country upon relative size of groups in displaced-persons camps.

Senators Favor Area Defense Agreements

Washington, May 27 (AP)—The Senate Foreign Relations Committee said today that United States-backed regional defense pacts offer the best immediate way to prevent World War III.

The committee urged the Senate to adopt a resolution introduced by Senator Vandenberg (R., Mich.). The resolution would record the Senate as believing such pacts are a "desirable objective," provided certain safeguards are established.

The United States and Latin American countries have made a

defense agreement of this nature.

In a report to the Senate, the committee stressed that defense pacts are not to be confused with military alliances. It said:

"They are directed against no one. They are directed solely against aggression."

Limitations Are Noted

The report also emphasized that the resolution:

1. Would not "empower the President to finance shipments of arms to Europe" or "underwrite a general European defense pact without congressional approval."

2. Should not be interpreted as a commitment on the part of the United States to extend assistance to any state or group of states.

"Any steps which may be taken in the future to implement the resolution," the report said, "will have to be considered on their merits at that time in order to determine whether such steps are consistent with the (United Nations) Charter and our national security interests."

3. Has been designed to "avoid open-ended or unlimited commitments and to require reciprocity of aid."

Self-Help Required

The report called specific attention to provisions requiring that any defense pacts to which the United States is to become a party (a) must be made by constitutional processes; (b) shall be based on continuous and effective self-help and mutual aid and (c) shall be for national security.

The report said "the committee is convinced that the horrors of another world war can be avoided with certainty only by preventing war from starting."

Strengthen United Nations

"The experience of World War I and World War II suggests that the best deterrent to aggression is the certainty that immediate and effective countermeasures will be taken against those who violate the peace."

The resolution, in effect, would advise the President that it is the belief of the Senate that the United Nations offers the best hope for peace in the world but must be "strengthened and used more effectively."

Regional defense pacts would be under the United Nations Charter.

Vandenberg's resolution, indorsed unanimously by the committee, also calls for an effort to reach a voluntary agreement to restrict the use of the veto within the United Nations Security Council.

It suggests that the veto be removed from questions involving the settlement of international disputes and the admission of new members. Eleven of the 23 Soviet vetoes have been used to block the admission of new members.

Volcanoes in Italy To Work for E. R. P.

Expansion Announced for Existing Power Method

WASHINGTON, May 27 (AP).—Work has begun on tapping Italy's volcanic power to produce electricity for the European Recovery Program, the State Department said today. It was not clear whether any of the cost eventually will be borne by American taxpayers.

Dallas Dort, of the State Department, gave the Senate Appropriations Committee a statement that "the 75,000 kilowatt expansion (of an existing volcanic power plant) as part of the international program is already under construction."

Producing electricity by volcanic steam is not new, the statement says, and has been done in Italy for years. The project has not thus far been approved by the Economic Co-operation Administration.

The State Department said the proposed geothermic plant would be located at Larderello, between Rome and Genoa. Its estimated cost is \$6,000,000.

NO WORD FROM STALIN

Truman Says He Has Had No Communication Since 1945

WASHINGTON, May 27 (AP).—President Truman said today that he had had no communication from Premier Stalin since the "Big Three" conference at Potsdam in 1945.

He made this observation when a reporter asked him at a news

conference if he had had any recent direct communication from the Russian leader.

There have been rumors from time to time for months of overtures from Russia for a Stalin-Truman meetings.

Red Envoy Going Home For Talks on Lend-Lease

WASHINGTON, May 27 (AP)—Soviet Ambassador Alexander S. Panyushkin said today he plans to return to Moscow soon to get new instructions on how to wind up Russia's \$11,296,000,000 lend-lease account with the United States.

Russian and the United States have been talking over lend-lease matters since last May. There is no sign a final settlement is near.

Mr. Panyushkin told reporters at the State Department of his intended trip to Moscow. He had just had a twenty-minute talk with Under Secretary of State Robert A. Lovett.

U.N. Post For Jessup

Washington, May 27 (AP)—Philip C. Jessup, of New York, was nominated today to be deputy United States representative in the United Nations Security Council with the rank of minister. President Truman sent Jessup's nomination to the Senate along with that of Harry O. Arend for reappointment as United States attorney for Division 4, District of Alaska.

EX-LEGION HEAD URGES ADOPTION OF MUNDT BILL

WASHINGTON, May 27 — (AP)—A bill designed to curb communism drew approving pats—and hostile blows—at a hearing today before the Senate Judiciary Committee.

Paul Griffith, former national commander of the American Legion, endorsed the House-approved Mundt-Nixon measure heartily. He told the senators that right now "100,000 trained and seasoned quislings of the communist front" threaten this country.

Rep. Isacson (AL-NY), however, charged that the bill is "a menace

to democracy," which would destroy the traditional American rights of free speech and free assembly.

Clash Marks Hearing

Isacson, who won his seat in Congress with the backing of Henry Wallace, complained that the bill was compounded of "loose language" and "hysteria." At several points in his testimony, he tangled with Chairman Wiley (R-Wis), who ran the hearing.

As Isacson's criticism of the bill mounted, Wiley told him:

"This committee, in spite of your insinuations, is not conducting a three-ring circus for political speeches."

Wiley said that opposition to the measure was based largely upon "misrepresentations" that were "communist inspired." Isacson cut in to say that Henry Wallace and members of his third party are opposed to the bill.

The chairman told Isacson sharply that "we're allowing Henry Wallace to come down here and talk for himself" Saturday. Isacson said Wallace certainly had a right to appear.

"Who is allowed to talk before this committee is determined by this committee," Wiley told the New Yorker sternly. And he added:

"When I say allowed I mean allowed."

Opponents to Get Innings

Today, in general, was set aside for witnesses favoring the measure. Opponents get their innings tomorrow and Saturday.

The authors of the bill, Representatives Mundt (R-SD) and Nixon (R-Calif.), say it would not outlaw the communist party outright. But it would set up heavy jail penalties and fines for persons advocating the establishment of a foreign-controlled dictatorship in the United States.

The measure also would require the Communist Party to register with the Department of Justice annually, filing a list of its members and their addresses. Communist front organizations would have to register too, although membership lists would not be required. Communists would be barred from holding non-elective federal jobs, and would be denied passports. All communist propaganda would have to be labeled as to origin.

Isacson assured Wiley that he is not a communist and does not want the communists to take over the government.

Griffith, the American Legion witness, said that potential spies, saboteurs and traitors abound and that the 100,000 "quislings" he fig-

ures now are here are aided and protected by a million "fellow travelers, sympathizers and dupes."

Donald Richberg, prominent in the government in the early days of the New Deal, testified that legislation against communist activities is "obviously necessary." He added that the Mundt-Nixon bill appears "a very ingenious way to meet a very difficult problem."

"Anybody who does not think we are in danger from the communist movement in Russia and the Russian tactics is a plain fool," Richberg said.

Nixon himself appeared to ask for prompt action, and the Rev. John F. Cronin, assistant director of the department of social action of the National Catholic Welfare Conference, backed it as an individual.

Wiley's announcement that the hearings won't be turned into a "circus" foreshadowed the possibility of a clash of viewpoints Saturday when Wallace appears.

From Idaho, Wallace announced that he is going to the hearing "to uphold the old-fashioned, fundamental principle of free speech."

Meanwhile, apart from the hearings, Attorney General Clark ruled today that the government has well defined authority to dismiss employees with communist connections. This authority is established both in the law books and in Supreme Court rulings, he told Seth W. Richardson, chairman of the Federal Loyalty Review Board, who asked for the opinion.

disclosure that the broadcasts have told the world such things as—"New England was founded by hypocrisy and Texas by sin."

The importance attached to the matter was emphasized by the fact that Senator Vandenberg (R., Mich.), the Senate's presiding officer and chairman of its Foreign Relations Committee, announced plans for the Senate investigation.

"Amazed," Says Vandenberg

Vandenberg said he is "amazed" by reports of the broadcasts. He conferred with Chairman Aiken of the Expenditures Committee. Aiken named Ferguson to dig into the record.

Later, the Senate Commerce Committee voted to look into the matter, particularly as it affects private companies. The committee has authority over radio and communications legislation.

Jurisdiction Debated

That brought on Senate debate over who should investigate. Senator Connally (D., Texas) told the Senate "It is a matter of high international importance." He said the Foreign Relations Committee should handle it, and Democratic Leader Barkley (Ky.) took the same stand.

White replied that he feels "very strongly" the Commerce Committee should do it, because "the most difficult question to solve is that of use of radio frequencies."

The upshot was that Vandenberg, as presiding officer, referred to the Expenditures Committee an investigation resolution introduced by Senator Capehart (R., Ind.). The Senate then voted 39 to 34 that the resolution should go, instead, to the Foreign Relations Committee. All this won't stop the Ferguson

investigation. That will be made under general investigation powers. Ferguson said his staff is already at work on it.

Chenoweth said a House Expenditures subcommittee which he heads will start a general investigation tomorrow.

Reports Complaints

"We have had a lot of complaints," Chenoweth told newsmen. "We want to find out who is responsible for these programs and for some of the script that has been going out at the taxpayers' expense."

Chenoweth said officials in charge of the foreign information program will be the first witnesses.

The programs which stirred up Congress were prepared and broadcast by the National Broadcasting Company for Voice of America.

Senator Capehart (R., Ind.) read some of the scripts to the Senate yesterday.

Those which particularly angered Congress members were translations of Spanish-language broadcasts to Latin America.

Writer's Identity Revealed

[In New York, an NBC spokesman said the two people mainly responsible were no longer with NBC. He said the script writer was Rene Borgia, since discharged, and the section head, who reviewed the scripts, was Alberto Gandero. He said Gandero was relieved of duty, later resigned, and is now believed in radio work in Cuba.]

Capehart's reading touched off a long and angry Senate debate and when the House met today, it was taken up there.

Saying he wanted to "keep the record straight," Representative Jackson (R., Cal.) reminded the House that Congress restricted the

personnel for the "Voice" programs and required private enterprise to "take over most of the functions."

Holds Department Blameless

While the broadcasts complained about were unfortunate, he said, "it was not the act of any Government department."

Representative Andrews (D., Ala.) complained that the programs had "smeared" Alabama. One called Alabama "the darkest State" where colored people had suffered

most. Andrews said "these fellow travelers" have prepared derogatory scripts on other states as well.

One of Capehart's reports was that 300,000 words are being broadcast daily by the "Voice."

Vandenberg commented to reporters:

"It is obvious that there can't be any real supervision by the Government over such a volume. It might be much better to send out far fewer words and have strict supervision over what is sent."

Sources Indicated

Capehart indicated that much of the material he had gathered came from the House Appropriations Committee, headed by Representative John Taber (R., N.Y.).

The House group asked and obtained from the State Department about two months ago a file of overseas broadcasts.

Capehart showed reporters today a letter that Borgia wrote to Taber after Taber complained about a broadcast on Wyoming, a part of a "Know North America" series.

Borgia wrote: "I do not blame you for not liking it. Of all concerned, I was the only one who protested, but I was ordered to write it that way."

"Whenever I said something about the series, the answer was always the same: 'If you don't want to do it, we'll get someone else.'"

Explained "Flaws," He Says

Borgia said he "explained to supervisors, producers and directors that the programs were not in harmony with the policies of the State Department and they told me I was working for a commercial enterprise and not for a government agency and that Congress itself had given them the programs."

Borgia named Stanley Richardson, NBC staff member, as supervisor of the programs.

[In New York, Borgia made similar disclaimers of personal responsibility in a telephone interview today.]

Capehart also made public a letter from Howland H. Sargeant, deputy assistant Secretary of State

Angry Congressmen Say U.S. Is Misrepresented

Washington, May 27 (AP)—Angered congressmen ordered a double-barreled investigation today into Voice of America broadcasts they say have libeled and misrepresented the United States.

Senator Ferguson (R., Mich.), the Republicans' top investigator, will head one by the Senate.

Representative Chenoweth (R., Col.) will direct one from the House.

Indignation, anger and amazement were mixed in the congressional reaction to

for public affairs, to the House Appropriations Committee.

Utah Script Protested

The letter, dated May 12, said Borgia wrote a script on Utah to which some congressional objections had been raised. The letter said Borgia had worked directly under Gandero's supervision.

Sargeant contended that debate during passage of the short-wave broadcast bill last year indicated the State Department was to "accept a general supervisory responsibility" for the program.

"But nowhere was it contemplated that we should preview each and every word that went out of the air," he said, adding that the department has no setup to do any such job.

"The department has been able to maintain a degree of pre-control and pre-editing of types of programs such as news, news analysis, commentary and certain types of panel discussions," Sargeant said, "but this has not been true of feature or documentary program or in the general field of entertainment."

A sample broadcast excerpt:

Nevada's two main cities compete with each other because "people get married in Las Vegas and divorced in Reno."

Sample reaction:

From Senator Hatch (D., N.M.): "Drivel, nonsense and downright falsehoods."

From Senator Ferguson: A demand that Congress rescind the \$27,000,000 appropriation it voted for next year to finance the world-wide radio programs intended to portray the democratic way of life in this country.

One script on Utah referred to Brigham Young, the Mormon leader, as "carrying a bottle of whisky in one pocket and a cud of chewing tobacco in the other." But, said the script, Young used neither.

Quoting further, Capehart read that Alabama's Birmingham was "constructed in a hurry and they have not had time to improve it."

To Alabama's "Rescue"

Neither Alabama Senator was on hand when that State was first mentioned. So Senator Eastland (D., Miss.) jumped into the breach, declaring it was all a "contemptible, damnable lie." Then Senator Hill (D.), of Alabama, arrived and denounced the broadcast all over again. He said it was "base slander" of his State.

Senator H. Alexander Smith (R., N.J.) said he had been in touch with the State Department and was told a preliminary report would be submitted to the Senate today. It was Smith who led the winning battle earlier this year for full authorization of the Voice programs.

Truman Orders Probe Of 'Voice of America'

Boiling Mad Congressmen Also Launch Inquiries Into 'Smear' Broadcasts.

WASHINGTON, May 27—(AP)

President Truman and boiling mad lawmakers launched multiple investigations today into Voice of America broadcasts branded on the floor of congress as subversive "smears" on American states and customs.

Mr. Truman told a news conference he is having the situation looked into to find out who was at fault. The president noted that the state department, which runs the Voice of America, did not make the broadcasts itself.

State Dept. Plans Action

For the state department, George V. Allen, who recently became an assistant secretary in charge of the "Voice," said steps were being taken to see that no such broadcasts are aired again.

"We all make mistakes," Allen added in a letter to Senator Smith (R-NJ). But he said he thought it was "the clear intent of congress" that past broadcasts should have been handled as they were—"farmed out" to the National Broadcasting Company without close supervision by the government.

The broadcasts which brought congressional wrath to the boiling point were prepared and beamed to Latin-America by NBC last winter under the title "Know North America." Senator Capehart (R-Ind) touched off the uproar by reading the senate some of the scripts yesterday.

One said "New England was founded by hypocrisy and Texas by sin. Another said "The Mormon dynasty x x x controls all the business" in Utah. Still another described Alabama as the "darkest" of states and declared: "In no other part of the United States have the colored people suffered and struggled as much..."

Outraged senators debated for several hours which of several eagerly bidding committees should get the chance to investigate.

Chairman Vandenberg (R-Mich)

of the Foreign Relations Committee finally named a subcommittee of his group to conduct the inquiry.

This subcommittee, headed by Smith, is the one which sponsored the bill requiring the state department to "farm out" many Voice of America broadcasts to private firms.

The commerce committee voted earlier to take a hand in the inquiry and members of an expenditures subcommittee headed by Senator Ferguson (R-Mich) said their group might hold hearings on its own.

Rep. Chenoweth (R-Colo) was chosen to conduct the house probe.

Allen said in his letter that the "Know North America" scripts "are as disappointing to me as they must be to the National Broadcasting Company."

He said his agency is negotiating new contracts which will "provide adequate machinery for supervision by departmental personnel of all programs prior to their being broadcast."

FEW EXTRACTS FROM 'VOICE'

Portions Of Controversial Scripts Are Quoted

Washington, May 27—Following are excerpts from the controversial "Know North America" series broadcast by the Voice of America to Latin America last winter:

Alabama

"Alabama... is the only State of the Union where modern progress has not been able to destroy the typical customs of the colonists.

"The wealthy families maintain intact the aristocratic spirit and the workers of the large plantations are direct descendants of the slaves who did not want to abandon their

masters....

"I want to show you something original, or shall I say ironic (in Mobile)? Take a look at the name of this street. Jefferson Davis avenue....

"On this avenue, as you can see, only Negroes live.... That will show you that the dead do not return because if they did the spirit of Davis would have removed the signs of this street....

"Banner Of Their City"

"The people of Birmingham are proud of the fact that the smoke of their factories is the banner of their city....

"Since there are more Negroes than whites in Alabama, their contribution to progress has been very important.... Since slavery was more intense here, it is only logical that liberty should also be more intense despite certain absurd laws that have not been eliminated....

"I thought Alabama was a State without importance, but only to have one George Carver (the late Tuskegee Institute scientist) justifies having its place on the map forever....

"An ox cart! That is the spirit of Montgomery. Did you see the colored man driving the oxen? How gracefully he removed his hat!..."

Colorado

Narrator—Colorado is one of the richest states in the Union, but it is only now, after the war, that it has started its progress on a large scale because most of the capital is in the hands of the daughters, granddaughters or great-granddaughters of the miners of the past century.

Voice—And, of course, the ladies are conservative and they don't wish to let go of what they have.

Another Voice—Like all women! The script dealt elsewhere with mountains, buffalo, Indians. Buffalo Bill, "The Face on the Barroom Floor" and sugar beets.

At another point the script read:

Voice—What a magnificent type of Indian! He looks like a prince.

Narrator—And probably he is. The Utes, the aristocrats of the Indian tribes of Colorado, live in this region.

"Never Conquered"

Voice—Oh, those are the indomitable!

Narrator—Yes, the Utes, like the Araucanos in Chile, were never conquered either by the Spaniards or the French.

Voice—Nor by the Texans?

Narrator—Not by them, either.

Voice—In a way they are a monument.

Narrator—Yes. They are not taken into consideration but they are respected as a symbol of the

heroism of the race.

Voice—Which in this region is formidable. Isn't that right?

Narrator—Of course it is. The prototype is Jack Dempsey, terrible mixture of Irish, Indian and Mexican.

Wyoming

Narrator—Wyoming is the Bolivia of the United States. High, naked lands, exposed to the snow and the sleet!

In territory, it is one of the vastest states of the Union, and nevertheless it has only 250,000 inhabitants, that is to say, one tenth of the population of Brooklyn....

Wyoming is a colonizable state. It is a land of the future.... Wyoming is an endless pasture, full of cows, sheep and horses. Two thirds of its inhabitants are ranchers.

Voice 1—That is to say, in Wyoming the important thing isn't the people, but the cattle.

Cowboys With 2 Guns

Narrator—In addition to meat and wool there are great oil wells, there is gold and silver, and the production of beet sugar is greater than that of Utah and Colorado....

Voice 2—It seems impossible that these towns, so well ordered and so law-abiding, were semi-barbarous regions 50 years ago.

Voice 1—What do you mean? Look at those cowboys, every one of them carries two guns....

Narrator—In Wyoming all citizens are allowed to carry guns if they keep them in plain view, like those cowboys....

Another peculiarity about Wyoming is that here nobody needs a driver's license.

Voice 1—That's the way it ought to be everywhere.

Writer Denies Responsibility For Script

New York, May 27 (AP)—Rene Borgia, Venezuelan-born writer fired by NBC for writing "Voice of America" scripts which aroused the wrath of the United States Senate, today disclaimed responsibility for them.

Borgia, 51, said he was given re-

search material and told what to write by his supervisor, Alberto Gandero, who also is no longer on NBC's payroll.

"I was told to write them that way," Borgia said in a telephone interview. "I didn't even sign them because I didn't believe what was in them."

Now Working In Cuba

Mrs. Albert Gandero, also reached by telephone, said her husband had lost his job because of the furor over the broadcasts but insisted it was not his fault. He now is in Cuba doing radio work, she said.

NBC said Gandero was relieved of his post as head of the Spanish-language section in the short-wave department, and then resigned.

NBC officials here declined comment on the controversy. William F. Brooks, NBC vice president in charge of news and international relations, is in Washington.

NBC Disagrees

However, a spokesman for the radio chain did disagree with the international broadcasting division of the State Department over Borgia's status in the five-year period from 1942 to September, 1947.

The State Department said Borgia was an NBC employe working on foreign-language projects in the period. NBC asserted he was on the State Department payroll assigned to NBC, but that he became an NBC employe last September.

A spokesman for the international

broadcasting division here said Borgia never had been on the division's staff but that he might have done some translating for it on a fee basis.

However, NBC said its personnel files showed that Borgia, 51, was a State Department employe assigned to NBC from 1942 to September, 1947, when he went on the NBC pay roll. He was responsible to M. Delgado, State Department chief of radio during the five-year period, NBC said.

"You Write That"

Borgia said he protested "a thousand times" against the material he was given to write.

"The material for the broadcasts was prepared in the research department and given to me," Borgia said. "I was told, 'you write that. If you don't like it we will get somebody else.'"

He said he was told by Gandero that the broadcast material had

been approved by Stanley Richardson, who Borgia said was in charge of NBC's short-wave department.

Came From Venezuela

The State Department spokesman said Borgia came here from Venezuela in 1939, worked in the foreign-language departments of Fox Pictures and Warner Brothers in Los Angeles, and then was employed by NBC as a writer, adapter and translator of Spanish-language programs in 1942.

Borgia has published a number of books in Spanish, the spokesman said.

MARTIN DEMANDS STRONG AIR ARM TO PROTECT U. S.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., May 27—(AP) Speaker Martin (R-Mass) urged today "the strongest, most modern air armada the nation is capable of supporting."

"Air domination will keep us safe from attack," he said.

Martin, in a speech at a Rhode Island Republican Finance committee dinner, said "no cost in dollars will be too great" if it prevents another war.

Speaking in the home state of Senator J. Howard McGrath, chairman of the Democratic National committee, Martin predicted a Republican victory in November.

"We are going to win because we shall be joined by many millions of Democrats and independent voters who are determined this year to restore sane, sound, stable, solvent government to America," he said.

Urges Party Activity

He urged Rhode Island Republicans to get busy because "you don't want to be the only state north of the Mason-Dixon line that will be out of step."

Martin said he knew "Republicans here have remained strong and steadfast in the loyalty to the principles of our party in spite of a long procession of defeats." He added: "I believe this year that loyalty is going to be rewarded not only in Rhode Island but in the nation."

Martin criticized "the New Deal" administration's strange, inept and

fumbling secret diplomacy," declaring "what appeared recently to be an improvement in the Russian attitude toward world peace and international amity, unfortunately proved to be misleading."

"It was reminiscent," he said, "of Potsdam and its failures."

Assails Democrats

Martin said the Democratic administration "turned out trumped-up crisis faster than the Bureau of Engraving and Printing could turn out depreciated dollars to meet their spend-and-spend program."

"They used a vast pocket edition of state socialism. Like moths in fabric, they began to riddle our foundations of freedom. But we're planning to spray them with plenty of Republican D.D.T. come next November."

Martin said that "for the first time in 16 long years, this Congress balanced the national budget; we have also begun to make payments on our gigantic national debt; we succeeded in writing into a law substantial income tax reduction bill."

UN MUST SUCCEED, WARREN ASSERTS

SACRAMENTO, Calif., May 27—(AP) The United States cannot "in safety or in conscience let the United Nations down," Gov. Earl Warren said in a radio campaign address tonight.

"Surely," he said, "the world cannot stand the collapse of its second attempt in little more than a quarter of a century to implement world co-operation as a substitute for world wide war or fear of war."

Charging the present administration with having fumbled in its foreign policy, he declared "a strategy for world peace could be worked out by a united America."

Urges Strong Defense

First of all, he said, the United States must be kept militarily strong. This and the European recovery plan must be followed through regardless of how "painful and expense these programs may be."

To accomplish these objectives there must be all-out production in the United States.

"A national administration that knows what it is doing, one that has the confidence of the nation" could, he said, "bring about a re-

sult comparable to the war effort of our country."

There must be a reversal of the "process of dismantling of our armed forces." In nearly three years, he said "they have been permitted to deteriorate to the point of almost abject weakness."

He declared "leadership" the thing most urgently needed to make effective a program such as he proposed.

International trade must be promoted on a "two-way" basis "with the realization that all nations of the world—not America alone—must industrialize," the California governor said.

He called for an adjustment of taxes to move capital into essential productive enterprise.

The federal government must take the lead in stimulating increased production "not through repressive regimentation or unworkable controls, but through an expression of national policy made clear to business, labor, agriculture and the public."

"This policy should strive for the stabilization of agricultural prices, industrial prices and wages and a relationship among them that is fair to each group and to the consuming public."

Austin Compares U. S., Russia

MOUNT PLEASANT, Iowa, May 27 (AP)—Warren R. Austin said tonight an American weapon of exposure is better than Soviet suppression of information in the fight against fascism.

The United States chief delegate to the United Nations drew the comparison in a speech delivered for him by his deputy, John C. Ross, at Iowa Wesleyan College. Mr. Austin was kept at Lake Success by the U. N. efforts in the Palestine crisis.

Appeal To Marshall

New York, May 27 (AP)—Meyer Davis, orchestra leader, today appealed to Secretary of State Marshall to postpone any final action by the Government on the renunciation of American citizenship by his son, Garry.

Garry announced in Paris that he had renounced his citizenship to become a citizen of the world to work for world peace.

The father sent a cable telling the son "American citizenship is the most valuable thing you have."

U.S. Communists Took Cover In November, FBI Head Reveals

New York, May 27 (AP)—Communists went underground briefly last November when the party was erroneously informed it would be outlawed and mass raids would occur, FBI Director J. Edgar Hoover said today.

The Federal Bureau of Investigation head, writing in the current issue of Redbook magazine, said "pandemonium reigned" in party circles for 30 days.

"Party records were either destroyed or removed and hidden," he said. "Party leaders went into hiding. Huge stocks of printing supplies were quickly assembled and hidden. . . . Secret printing plants were set up so that propaganda work could continue."

"Cloak-And-Dagger Hokum"

Hoover commented that "this cloak-and-dagger hokum of the Communists and their stooges is quite revealing."

"It indicates the state of the comrades' nerves and the quality of their intellect."

Hoover did not elaborate on what caused the party to believe that mass raids and other anti-Communist steps were in the offing.

He said "communism's greatest appeal is to some of the foreign-born and their offspring, although their propaganda does not flourish among the great majority of foreign-born who come to America. . . ."

Their Origins Cited

In proof, he cited a recent FBI review of the origins of 5,395 leading members of the Communist party. Of these, 91.4 per cent, or 4,555, were either of foreign birth, married to persons of foreign birth or born of foreign parents.

Only 411 were Negroes, and of the remaining 4,985 more than 50 per cent traced their origins to Russia or her satellite countries.

Hoover urged Americans not to be duped by Communists and to learn all they can about the party and its ways.

MIGHT LEAD BRITISH-AMERICAN BY ARTHUR GAVSHON

LONDON, MAY 27 (AP)—BRITAIN BELIEVES THE UNITED NATIONS ORDER FOR A CEASE-FIRE IN PALESTINE IS STILL A LIVE ISSUE DESPITE THE OFFICIAL ARAB REJECTION OF ITS TERMS, A FOREIGN OFFICE SPOKESMAN SAID TODAY.

ALTHOUGH THE ARAB LEAGUE SPURNED THE U.N. ORDER YESTERDAY, IT AGREED TO BARGAIN WITH THE SECURITY COUNCIL OVER TERMS FOR A CEASE-FIRE AND SET A 48-HOUR TIME LIMIT ON COUNCIL SUGGESTIONS FOR A SOLUTION. THE FOREIGN OFFICE SPOKESMAN SAID BRITAIN CONSIDERED THAT THE U.N. ORDER WAS STILL OPEN TO ARAB ACCEPTANCE. HE MADE THE STATEMENT SHORTLY AFTER THE BRITISH CABINET MET TO DISCUSS THE PALESTINE PROBLEM IN THE LIGHT OF THE ARAB LEAGUE DECISION.

ONE AUTHORITATIVE SOURCE SAID FOREIGN SECRETARY ERNEST BEVIN HAD ASKED FOR FURTHER SECURITY COUNCIL CONSIDERATION OF ARAB CONDITIONS FOR A TRUCE BEFORE SUSPENDING CERTAIN OF BRITAIN'S TREATY COMMITMENTS WITH THE ARAB STATES.

IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE CABINET SESSION BEVIN HAD ANOTHER LONG TALK WITH U.S. AMBASSADOR LEWIS V. DOUGLAS IN ANOTHER EFFORT TO COORDINATE THE BRITISH-AMERICAN APPROACH TOWARD A HOLY LAND SOLUTION. (AT LAKE SUCCESS, IF WAS FELT THAT THE COUNCIL'S NEXT STEP MIGHT HINGE ON THE OUTCOME OF THE BRITISH-AMERICAN TALKS IN LONDON. THE U.S. HAS BEEN SEEKING STRONGER U.N. MEASURES SUCH AS A STOP-THE-WAR ORDER BACKED UP BY A THREAT OF DIPLOMATIC AND ECONOMIC SANCTIONS AND EVEN INTERNATIONAL FORCE. THUS FAR, BRITAIN HAS REFUSED TO SEVER ITS TIES WITH THE ARABS AND AGREE TO SUCH A PROGRAM.)

BRITAIN'S COMMITMENTS TO THE ARAB STATES INCLUDE THE LOAN OF 37

30.24- 18073

ARMY OFFICERS TO TRANS-JORDAN'S ARAB LEGION.

AN AUTHORITATIVE SOURCE SAID FOREIGN OFFICE CHIEFS WERE PREPARED TO WITHDRAW THE OFFICERS IF BEVIN GAVE THE WORD. THIS SOURCE SAID TRANS-JORDAN ALREADY HAD BEEN WARNED THAT BRITAIN CONSIDERS HE OBLIGATIONS TO THE U.N. SUPERCEDE TREATY OBLIGATIONS.

THEREFORE, THE SOURCE SAID, IT CAN BE ASSUMED IF THE SECURITY COUNCIL RULED THAT THE ARAB STATES WERE DEFYING THE CEASE-FIRE ORDER, BRITAIN WOULD TAKE SWIFT ACTION TO SET HER OWN POLICY IN LINE WITH THE UNITED NATIONS.

DEPUTY FOREIGN MINISTER HERBERT MORRISON TOLD COMMONS TODAY BEVIN WOULD MAKE A STATEMENT ON THE PALESTINE SITUATION EITHER TOMORROW OR MONDAY.

THE LATEST BEVIN-DOUGLAS MEETING WAS THE FOURTH SINCE LAST SATURDAY.

B118

A FOREIGN OFFICE SPOKESMAN DISCLOSED THAT R.G.A. JACKSON, ASSISTANT SECRETARY GENERAL OF THE U.N., FLEW TO LONDON FROM LAKE SUCCESS THIS WEEK TO EMPHASIZE TO BEVIN THE URGENCY OF OBTAINING A SATISFACTORY U.N. SOLUTION TO THE PROBLEM.

GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS SAID PRIVATELY THAT JACKSON TOLD BEVIN THE WHOLE FUTURE AND EFFECTIVENESS OF THE U.N. WAS AT STAKE OVER THE PALESTINE ISSUE. HE WAS SAID TO HAVE CARRIED A PERSONAL MESSAGE FROM UNUSUAL

PALESTINE ISSUE. HE WAS SAID TO HAVE CARRIED A PERSONAL MESSAGE FROM U.N. SECRETARY GENERAL TRYGVE LIE TO THE FOREIGN SECRETARY.

BRITISH NEWSPAPERS, MEANWHILE, STRESSED THE MOUNTING AMERICAN CRITICISM OF BRITAIN'S PALESTINE POLICY.

THE LONDON DAILY MAIL BANNER-LINED A WASHINGTON DISPATCH SAYING BRITAIN WAS GETTING A "WORSE DRUBBING" IN THE U.S. PRESS THAN AT ANY TIME SINCE THE FALL OF TOBRUK IN 1942. IN A FRONT-PAGE EDITORIAL THE MAIL SAID THE PRESENCE OF BRITISH OFFICERS IN THE FIELD WITH ARAB FORCES "HAS BROUGHT ACCUSATIONS OF BAD FAITH FROM OTHER COUNTRIES."

THE LONDON TIMES SAID: "IT IS UNDOUBTEDLY OF UTMOST IMPORTANCE THAT THE GROWING DIVERGENCE BETWEEN BRITISH AND AMERICAN POLICY IN THE MIDDLE EAST SHOULD BE CORRECTED, BUT THE UNITED STATES AS WELL AS BRITAIN HAS A LARGE AND INDISPENSABLE PART TO PLAY IN THE PROCESS. IT IS IN THEIR COMMON INTEREST THAT THE ENTIRE STRUCTURE OF INTERNATIONAL SECURITY IN THE MIDDLE EAST SHOULD BE SAVED FROM THE PERIL THAT NOW THREATENS IT."

THE LIBERAL WEEKLY, NEW STATESMAN AND NATION, SAID BRITAIN MUST RECOGNIZE ISRAEL QUICKLY AND RECALL AT ONCE BRIG. JOHN GLUBB PASHA, AND HIS BRITISH COLLEAGUES WITH THE ARAB LEGION.

THE WEEKLY SAID BOTH STEPS ARE NEEDED TO COUNTER THE "WORLD'S IMPRESSION OF BAD FAITH." IT WARNED THAT "A STORM OF ANTI-BRITISH FEELING HAS SWEEPED THE UNITED STATES" OVER THE PALESTINE PROBLEM AND CRITICIZED BEVIN FOR HIS "VIOLENT PERSONAL OPPOSITION TO THE JEWISH CLAIMS FOR STATEHOOD."

RQ455PED

british-palestine

london, may 27---(ap)--british newspapers laid heavy stress today on

mounting american criticism of britain's palestine policy.

lord rothermere's daily mail bannerlined a front page story from

washington saying that britain is getting a "worse drubbing" in the

american press than at any time since tobruk's fall in 1942.

the communist daily worker said there were indications that foreign

secretary ernest bevin, "who is being cornered by the pressure of america

and of british public opinion, may soon attempt to beat a retreat."

lord beaverbrook's express put banner headlines on american demands

for withdrawal of 37 british officers in the arab legion and played up

the official and press views ~~fix~~ in ~~maximize~~ the united states of

britain's position.

the times of london commented editorially:

"it is undoubtedly of the utmost importance that the growing divergence between british and american policy in the mid-east should be corrected, but the United States as well as Britain, has a large and indispensable part to play in the process. It is to their common interest that the entire structure of international security in the mid-east should be saved from the peril that now threatens it."

concerning the officers in the arab legion, the Times had this to say:

"steps must be taken to ensure that british officers are no longer associated with arab operations in the holy land."

the Mail commented in a front page editorial that the presence of the british officers with the legion had brought accusations of bad faith from other countries. It concluded caustically:

"Bevin and Truman seem almost like two infants playing with matches in a gunpowder factory."

EUROPEAN (350)
BY ALEX SINGLETON
LONDON, MAY 27 (AP)—A SIX-NATION DEADLOCK OVER WESTERN GERMANY'S FUTURE WAS BROKEN TODAY AND NEGOTIATORS APPEARED HEADED FOR FULL AGREEMENT ON SETTING UP A PROVISIONAL GERMAN GOVERNMENT.
DIPLOMATIC OFFICIALS SAID THE BREAK--IN AN ECONOMIC IMPASSE--CAME LAST NIGHT WHEN THE DELEGATES CONCURRED ON BROAD POWERS FOR AN INTERNATIONAL CONTROL BOARD OVER THE MINERAL RESOURCES OF THE RUHR.
THE DEADLOCK, CAUSED BY FRENCH OBJECTION TO THE PLAN FOR RESHAPING

WESTERN GERMANY'S FUTURE, HAD THREATENED TO CAUSE FAILURE OF THE TALKS--INVOLVING THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN, FRANCE, BELGIUM, THE NETHERLANDS AND LUXEMBOURG.
INFORMANTS SAID FRANCE AGREED TO THE RUHR INTERNATIONAL AUTHORITY FOR CONTROL OVER ALLOCATIONS OF IRON ORE, COAL AND COKE AFTER THE UNITED STATES MADE CONCESSIONS ON FRENCH DEMANDS THAT SAFEGUARDS BE SET UP AGAINST THE POSSIBILITY THAT EXPANDED GERMAN PRODUCTION MIGHT BE USED AS A WAR POTENTIAL. THE CHIEF CONCERN OF FRANCE--TWICE RAVAGED BY WAR WITH GERMANY IN 25 YEARS--HAS BEEN FOR HER OWN SECURITY.
LAST NIGHT'S AGREEMENT WAS REACHED AFTER BRITISH SECRETARY ERNEST BEVIN INTERVENED. BEVIN CONFERRED TUESDAY WITH U.S. AMBASSADOR LEWIS W. DOUGLAS, CHIEF OF THE AMERICAN DELEGATION, AND RENE MASSIGLIA, FRENCH AMBASSADOR AND HEAD OF THE FRENCH DELEGATION. THE BRITISH SECRETARY WAS REPORTED TO HAVE ADVISED THE AMERICAN AND FRENCH DELEGATES TO COMPROMISE, ON THE GROUND THAT THE DEADLOCK MIGHT JEOPARDIZE BOTH THE EUROPEAN RECOVERY PROGRAM AND THE FUTURE OF THE WESTERN EUROPEAN ALLIANCE AMONG BRITAIN, FRANCE, BELGIUM, THE NETHERLANDS AND LUXEMBOURG. THEIR OBJECTION TO THE CREATION OF A PROVISIONAL GERMAN GOVERNMENT STARTING WITH A CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY ON OR ABOUT SEPT. 1.
FRANCE HAD CONTENTED GREATER SUPPORT WAS NEEDED FROM THE U.S. FORM OF MILITARY GUARANTEES FOR THE RECENTLY FORMED WESTERN ALLIANCE. THEY ALSO OBJECTED TO GIVING THE UNITED STATES THE AUTHORITY IT ASKED TO SHAPE WITHOUT VETO THE EXTENT OF GERMANY'S INDUSTRIAL EXPANSION. ALSO HAD ARGUED THAT ANY EXPANSION OF WESTERN GERMAN PRODUCTION WOULD CUT INTO THE AMOUNT OF RESOURCES AVAILABLE FOR THE ECONOMIC RECOVERY OF THE 16 MARSHALL PLAN NATIONS. DIPLOMATIC INFORMANTS SAID THE RUHR AGREEMENT WOULD PROBABLY CLEAR THE WAY FOR ENDING THE MONTH-LONG CONFERENCE BY FRIDAY OR SATURDAY. THEY ADDED THAT IT MIGHT BE SOME TIME BEFORE A FORMAL COMMUNIQUE IS ISSUED.

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night lead germany

MAY 1948

london, may 27--(ap)--the six-nation conference on western germany's future is approaching the end of its deliberations. the chief differences now are political issues.

diplomatic sources reported that one major point is: will delegates to the proposed constituent assembly to draft western germany's constitution be elected or appointed from german states?

the french, supported by the benelux countries, have held out for appointment.

the united states is supporting an election. it believes, informed sources say, that there has been a swing to the right within recent months which would prove a dominant factor in the election.

london, may 27 - (ap) - an overwhelming labor majority in the house of commons ~~has~~ overrode tonight a conservative move to investigate the "nemmi telegram."

the house defeated, 221 to 106, a motion by conservative oliver stanley to appoint a committee to inquire into the claim of six laborite members of the house that their signatures on the telegram were unauthorized. the telegram, bearing ~~the~~ names of 37 labor members of the house, was sent to pietro nemmi, leader of italy's pro-communist socialists, just before the italian elections last month. it wished him success in the elections, thereby opposing the official policy of the labor party which supported ~~the~~ italy's right-wing socialists.

one laborite member of the house was expelled from the party as a result of the telegram.

30.24- 18075

LONDON, MAY 27-(AP)-THE OFFICIAL YUGOSLAV NEWS AGENCY, TANJUG, ASSERTED TODAY GREEK GUERRILLAS HAVE TAKEN CUSTODY OF 10,000 GREEK CHILDREN AT THEIR MOTHERS' REQUEST.

THE REPORT SAID MARKOS VAFIADES, GREEK COMMUNIST LEADER, HAD MADE THIS CLAIM AND DENIED THE CHILDREN WERE ABDUCTED, AS THE GREEK GOVERNMENT SAYS IN A REPORT TO UNITED NATIONS SECRETARY, GENERAL TRYGVE LIE. THE GREEK GOVERNMENT HAS SAID MANY OF THE KIDNAPED CHILDREN WERE SENT TO YUGOSLAVIA, ALBANIA AND ROMANIA.

THE AGENCY SAID VAFIADES ACCUSED THE GREEK GOVERNMENT OF HAVING "WILFULLY MISUSED THE U.N. FOR A SLANDEROUS CAMPAIGN AGAINST THE PROVISIONAL DEMOCRATIC (COMMUNIST) GREEK GOVERNMENT." HE ASSERTED THE SOLE AIM OF THE REBELS WAS TO SAVE THE CHILDREN FROM "THE HORRORS OF WAR AND THE MONARCHO-FASCIST TERROR."

N1112AED

LONDON, MAY 27-(AP)-RESPONSIBLE SOURCES SAID TODAY BRITAIN HAS RETURNED COL. J. D. TASSOJEW TO THE RUSSIANS AT HIS OWN REQUEST.

TASSOJEW LEFT HIS POST AS CHIEF OF THE SOVIET REPARATIONS MISSION IN BREMEN, GERMANY, EARLIER THIS MONTH AND SOUGHT POLITICAL REFUGE IN ENGLAND.

THE FOREIGN OFFICE ANNOUNCED MAY 6 THAT HE REACHED HERE AFTER HANDING HIMSELF OVER TO THE BRITISH IN GERMANY AND REQUESTING ADMISSION TO BRITAIN.

BEFORE LEAVING BREMEN TASSOJEW HAD BEEN NOTIFIED HE WAS TO BE REPLACED AND HAD BEEN ORDERED TO RETURN TO RUSSIA.

N932AED

(ADVANCE) YORK, ENGLAND, MAY 27-(AP)-THE ARCHBISHOP OF YORK, DR. CYRIL GARBETT, IN AN ADDRESS TO A CONVOCATION HERE TODAY ADVISED STRONGLY AGAINST THE WAGING OF "A HOLY WAR OR RELIGIOUS CRUSADE" AGAINST COMMUNISM.

"INDISCRIMINATE EXCOMMUNICATIONS," HE SAID, WOULD ENDANGER CHRISTIAN UNITY AND MIGHT DO GREAT HARM TO MILLIONS OF CHRISTIANS LIVING IN COMMUNIST COUNTRIES.

"WE MIGHT EASILY PREJUDICE THEIR POSITIONS WITH THEIR COMMUNIST RULERS AND WE SHOULD CERTAINLY BE GIVING THE MILITANT ATHEIST AN EXCUSE FOR DEMANDING THE RESUMPTION OF PERSECUTION ON THE GROUND THAT CHRISTIANITY WAS A DANGER TO THE STATE," THE ARCHBISHOP CONTINUED.

HE ADDED THAT MANY ROMAN CATHOLICS IN POLAND, AND CATHOLICS AND PROTESTANTS IN HUNGARY AND CZECHOSLOVAKIA SUPPORT COMMUNIST POLITICAL REGIMES BUT AT THE SAME TIME HOLD FAST TO THE CHRISTIAN FAITH.

"POSITIVE PRESENTATION OF CHRISTIANITY WOULD DO MORE TO CHECK THE SPREAD OF COMMUNISM THAN ANY AMOUNT OF ANGRY DENUNCIATION AND EXCOMMUNICATION," HE SAID.

(END ADVANCE FOR USE AT 10 A.M., EST TODAY, THURSDAY, MAY 27)

JT754AED

DAVIS SAID HE ABHORS COMMUNISM, ADDING: *Paris add to this.* "I LOVE THE UNITED STATES. I DON'T WANT TO SEE IT DESTROYED." HIS RENUNCIATION, HE SAID, WAS TO HIM A DEMONSTRATION OF HIS LOYALTY TO AMERICAN DEMOCRACY, WHOSE PRINCIPLES HE WANTS TO SEE EXTENDED TO THE ENTIRE WORLD.

DAVIS SAID HE DID NOT KNOW EXACTLY WHAT KIND OF PAPERS THE FRENCH WERE GOING TO GIVE HIM.

"MY CASE IS UNIQUE TO THEM," HE SAID, "AND THEY DON'T QUITE KNOW THEMSELVES, BUT THE PREFECTURE OF POLICE SAID THEY WOULD FIX IT WITH THE INTERIOR MINISTRY FOR ME TO STAY AT LEAST THREE MONTHS."

N1106AED

DUESSELDORF, GERMANY, MAY 27-(AP)-BRITISH AND AMERICAN OFFICIALS MET GERMAN TRADE UNION LEADERS HERE TODAY IN HOPES OF AVERTING A RUHR-WIDE STRIKE OF 600,000 METAL WORKERS.

BALLOTING IN THE PLANTS, UNION LEADERS SAID, SHOWED ALL BUT A FEW OF THE WORKERS WANTED TO STRIKE JUNE 1 AND 2 IN PROTEST AGAINST APPOINTMENT OF HERMANN REUSCH, ONE OF GERMANY'S BIGGEST PREVAR STEEL MANUFACTURERS, TO HEAD A NEW STEEL INDUSTRY STEERING COMMITTEE. BRITISH OFFICIALS SUGGESTED THAT THE AGITATION WAS GROUNDLESS, SINCE THE COMMITTEE IS PURELY TECHNICAL AND HAS ONLY ADVISORY POWERS.

IN FRANKFURT, GEN. LUCIUS D. CLAY SAID THE PROPOSED WALKOUT WOULD "COME CLOSE TO BEING A STRIKE AGAINST THE MILITARY GOVERNMENT."

HE DECLINED AT A NEWS CONFERENCE TO SAY WHAT ACTION THE MILITARY GOVERNMENT MIGHT TAKE, BUT SAID THE OCCUPATION AUTHORITIES HAD "ALL THE POWER OF A GOVERNMENT."

CLAY WENT TO FRANKFURT FROM THE LONDON CONFERENCE ON WESTERN GERMANY. ASKED WHETHER THERE WAS ANY SIGNIFICANCE TO CURRENT FIRST INFANTRY DIVISION "EXERCISE DELAY" MANEUVERS, IN WHICH THE AMERICANS ARE ENGAGED AGAINST AN ANONYMOUS AGGRESSOR, CLAY SAID THEY WERE ROUTINE.

"NEXT WEEK," HE SAID SMILINGLY, "WE MAY HAVE 'OPERATION ATTACK.'"

CH1229PED

FRANKFURT, GERMANY, MAY 27-(AP)-THE OLD QUESTION OF WHETHER ADOLF HITLER MIGHT STILL BE ALIVE CROPPED UP AGAIN TODAY AT A NEWS CONFERENCE OF U.S. GEN. LUCIUS D. CLAY.

CLAY'S REPLY:

"EVEN IF HE WERE ALIVE, HE COULDN'T BE ANY MORE DEAD THAN HE IS."

N1114AED

30.24- 18077

Frankfurt, Germany, May 27-(AP)-Gen. Lucius D. Clay said today the two German saboteurs, accused of landing in the U.S. from a submarine and later deported, are free men as far as his military government is concerned.

The men are Ernst Burger and Georg Dasch. Clay said the U.S. government had reprieved them as the military government will treat them as anyone else who has been reprieved.

Answering a reporter, he said he believed German authorities have a right to try them under denazification laws. He said this would not be double jeopardy because they were tried on another charge in the U.S.

MAY 1948

BERLIN, MAY 27-(AP)-AMERICAN PUBLIC SAFETY OFFICIALS REPORTED TODAY 17 GERMANS HAD BEEN ARRESTED IN THE U.S. SECTOR OF BERLIN FOR ILLEGAL PROMOTION OF THE COMMUNIST-INSPIRED "PEOPLE'S PLEBISCITE" FOR UNIFYING GERMANY.

ALL ARRESTS WERE MADE BY GERMAN POLICE. FOUR OF THOSE SEIZED, INCLUDING THREE YOUNG AND AN AGED MAN, WERE RELEASED. THE REMAINDER ARE HELD FOR TRIAL ON CHARGES RANGING FROM VIOLATION OF A MILITARY GOVERNMENT ORDER TO DEFACING OF PROPERTY WITH PAINTED SLOGANS.

THE RUSSIAN-CONTROLLED PRESS DECLARED THAT COMMUNIST ADHERENTS OF THE PLEBISCITE WERE BEING PERSECUTED IN THE AMERICAN SECTOR. THESE

NEWSPAPERS RAN HEADLINES ABOUT "HUNTING IN U.S. SECTOR."

AN AMERICAN OFFICIAL COMMENTED: "THE COMMUNISTS ARE TRYING TO STEAM UP THIS ISSUE WITH GROSSLY FALSE EXAGGERATIONS IN ORDER TO PROMOTE INTEREST IN THEIR PLEBISCITE, WHICH SO FAR HAS BEEN PRETTY MUCH A FLOP" IN BERLIN. TO DISGUISE THIS FLOP, THEY ARE NOW TRYING TO MAKE THEMSELVES APPEAR AS MARTYRS."

CIRCULATION OF PLEBISCITE PETITIONS IS FORBIDDEN IN THE U.S. AND FRENCH SECTORS OF BERLIN AND IN WESTERN GERMANY AS A COMMUNIST FRONT MANEUVER.

NIGHT LEAD CZECH (340)
BY A. I. GOLDBERG

PRAGUE, MAY 27-(AP)-THE OLOMOUC PROCLAMATION BY THE CATHOLIC BISHOPS OF CZECHOSLOVAKIA BARRING PRIESTS FROM POLITICS WAS POSTED ON THE DOORS OF 600-YEAR-OLD EHAUSI CHURCH TODAY. THOUSANDS OF CORPUS CHRISTI DAY WORSHIPPERS, MANY WEARING THE BUTTONS OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY, COULD INTERPRET IT AS OPEN CHURCH OPPOSITION TO THE COMMUNIST PARTY AND ITS SINGLE TICKET ELECTION NEXT SUNDAY.

DR. BOUKAL, SECRETARY TO ARCHBISHOP JOSEF BERAN OF PRAGUE, EXPRESSED SURPRISE OVER THE POSTING OF THE PROCLAMATION, HOWEVER. HE SAID "THERE IS NO CAMPAIGN OF THE CHURCH AGAINST THE NATIONAL FRONT AND ITS ELECTION." THE PROCLAMATION IS A DIRECT SLAP AT FATHER JOSEF PLOJHAR, A PRIEST FROM CESKE BUDEJOVICE, WHO HAS BEEN MINISTER OF HEALTH IN THE

COMMUNIST-DOMINATED GOVERNMENT SINCE FEBRUARY.

COMMENTING ON THE PROCLAMATION, DR. BOUKAL SAID: "NOTHING WILL BE SAID IN ANY SERMONS OR IN ANY OTHER RELIGIOUS STATEMENT SINCE THERE IS A STATE LAW WHICH PROHIBITS POLITICAL CAMPAIGNING IN CHURCHES."

THE ACTION AT EMAUSI CHURCH HAS BEEN THE ONLY OPEN SIGN OF A CATHOLIC STAND SINCE THE NEWS FROM THE VATICAN EARLIER THIS WEEK THAT ARCHBISHOP BERAN HAD ADVISED VATICAN AUTHORITIES HE OPPOSED THE CANDIDACY OF FATHER PLOJHAR. THAT NEWS FROM THE VATICAN WAS CAREFULLY SUPPRESSED BY THE CZECH GOVERNMENT'S PRESS AND RADIO. 1948

THE ARCHBISHOP HAS REFUSED TO COMMENT FURTHER AND FATHER PLOJHAR HAS MADE NO STATEMENT. ASSOCIATES OF THE PRIEST, HOWEVER, SAID HE FELT THE RULING WAS AN INVASION OF HIS PERSONAL RIGHTS. HE ENTERED THE GOVERNMENT AS A REPRESENTATIVE OF THE CATHOLIC PEOPLE'S PARTY, ALTHOUGH HE ONCE WAS READ OUT OF THE PARTY.

A SINGLE LIST OF CANDIDATES, AGREED UPON BEFOREHAND, WILL BE PRESENTED TO THE 8,000,000 VOTERS SUNDAY. BY THAT DEVICE THE COMMUNISTS ARE ASSURED OF GETTING AT LEAST 210 OF THE 300 SEATS.

TWENTY-FIVE MORE SEATS ARE ALLOTTED TO SOCIAL DEMOCRATS WHO WILL BE MERGED WITH THE COMMUNISTS IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE ELECTIONS.

THE COMMUNIST PAPER, RUDE PRAVO, PRINTED A SYMPOSIUM OF THE VIEWS OF 12 CATHOLIC PRIESTS, ALL OF WHOM WERE QUOTED AS FAVORING THE SINGLE LIST.

THE PRESS AND RADIO REMAINED SILENT ON THE CONDITION OF PRESIDENT EDUARD BENES. A CZECH DIPLOMATIC SOURCE IN LONDON SAID YESTERDAY THAT BENES WAS SERIOUSLY ILL AND WAS NOT EXPECTED TO RECOVER. THIS WAS DISPUTED BY A MINISTRY OF INFORMATION SPOKESMAN IN PRAGUE.

RUDE PRAVO TONIGHT ASKED FOR "GOD'S BLESSINGS" ON THE PRESIDENT WHO WILL BE 64 TOMORROW.

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A77

CORRECTION

PRAGUE--BENES (A26) NINTH GRAF BEGINNING "THE INFORMANT X X X AND ENDING X X X IN MARCH, READ IT X X X HAS NOT BEEN SEEN IN PUBLIC SINCE HE ATTENDED CEREMONIES MARKING THE 600TH ANNIVERSARY OF CHARLES UNIVERSITY IN PRAGUE EARLY LAST MONTH. PRIOR TO THAT HE ATTENDED THE STATE FUNERAL FOR HIS FRIEND AND FOREIGN MINISTER, JAN MASARYK, WHO DIED IN A PLUNGE FROM A WINDOW IN MARCH. (INSERTING LATER APPEARANCE)

THE AP

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MAY

1948

WARSAW, MAY 27-(AP)-MILLIONS OF POLES ATTENDED ROMAN CATHOLIC MASSES AND MARCHED TODAY IN COLORFUL CORPUS CHRISTI PROCESSIONS. AUGUST CARDINAL HLOND, PRIMATE OF POLAND, LED A PROCESSION BETWEEN WARSAW'S TWO MAIN CHURCHES. THOUSANDS OF WORSHIPERS LINED THE STREET. CORPUS CHRISTI PROCESSIONS WERE HELD IN NEARLY EVERY CITY AND TOWN OF POLAND.

TENS OF THOUSANDS WENT TO CZESTOCHOWA, THE "LOURDES OF POLAND," AND OTHER SHRINES.

THE LEFTIST PRESS RENEVED CHARGES THE VATICAN IS DISPLAYING AN "ANTI-POLISH ATTITUDE." EDITORIALS SAID THE ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH IS "SYNCHRONIZING ITS POLICIES WITH THE POLITICS OF THE (U.S.) STATE DEPARTMENT."

THE CONTROLLED PRESS SAID POLAND ALWAYS WILL KEEP HER FRONTIERS ON THE ODER AND NEISSE RIVERS AND THE BALTIC, DESPITE THE POPE'S EXPRESSED SYMPATH FOR GERMANS EXPELLED FROM EASTERN LANDS.

FD1155AED

RUSSIAN (330)

BY THOMAS P. WHITNEY

MOSCOW, MAY 27-(AP)-RUSSIA HAS PUBLISHED NEW DOCUMENTS CLAIMING THAT IN AUGUST, 1939, BRITAIN OFFERED ADOLF HITLER FREE REIN IN EUROPE IN RETURN FOR A BRITISH-GERMAN ALLIANCE.

NEW TIMES PUBLISHED EXCERPTS YESTERDAY FROM THE DOCUMENTS, SAID TO HAVE BEEN TAKEN FROM THE PERSONAL ARCHIVES OF HERBERT VON DIRKSEN, FORMER GERMAN AMBASSADOR TO LONDON. SIMILAR "CAPTURED" DOCUMENTS WERE PUBLISHED HERE IN APRIL.

NEW TIMES QUOTED DIRKSEN AS SAYING THE BRITISH FOREIGN OFFICE TOLD THE GERMANS IN 1939 THEY WOULD SCRAP GUARANTEES TO POLAND, TURKEY AND OTHER NATIONS IF A COMPREHENSIVE BRITISH-GERMAN TREATY WAS ACHIEVED.

DIRKSEN IS SAID TO HAVE TOLD HIS GOVERNMENT HE CONFERRED WITH PRIME MINISTER NEVILLE CHAMBERLAIN'S CONFIDENTIAL ADVISER, SIR HORACE WILSON, AUG. 3, 1939. HE IS SAID TO HAVE STATED THAT WILSON PROMISED WITH THE CONCLUSION OF A BRITISH-GERMAN ENTENTE, BRITISH POLICY GUARANTEES WOULD BE "FACTUALLY LIQUIDATED" AND BRITAIN WOULD BACK OUT OF HER GUARANTEES.

WILSON IS SAID TO HAVE INSISTED THAT FURTHER TALKS ON A BRITISH-GERMAN NON-AGGRESSION PACT BE HELD SECRETLY "IN SWITZERLAND OR ELSEWHERE."

DIRKSEN SAID HE ALSO TALKED WITH THE BRITISH FOREIGN MINISTER, LORD HALIFAX, WHO, HE SAID, TOLD HIM "THE ENGLISH SIDE WILL GO VERY FAR IN ORDER TO OBTAIN AN AGREEMENT WITH GERMANY."

AT THE TIME OF THE TALKS, NEW TIMES SAID, A BRITISH MILITARY MISSION

THE INFORMANT ADDED THAT WHILE COMMUNIST PREMIER KLEMENT GOTTWALD VISITS THE PRESIDENT, RATHER FREQUENTLY HE AVOIDS DISCUSSION OF POLITICAL AFFAIRS. BENES HAS NOT BEEN SEEN IN PUBLIC SINCE THE STATE FUNERAL FOR JAN MASARYK, HIS FRIEND AND FOREIGN MINISTER, WHO DIED IN A PLUNGE FROM A WINDOW IN MARCH. See Cyn

CZECHOSLOVAKIA ELECTS A PARLIAMENT SUNDAY AND GOVERNMENT SUPPORTERS ARE HAMMERING THE THEME THAT CASTING A BLANK BALLOT--THE ONLY MEANS OF VOTING AGAINST THE SINGLE TICKET PRESENTED BY THE GOVERNMENT--IS TREASON.

(CZECH SOURCES IN LONDON SAY THE COMMUNISTS ARE ASSURED OF AT LEAST 210 OF THE 300 SEATS IN PARLIAMENT.)

M409AED

30.24-18079

WAS IN MOSCOW CONFERRING WITH SOVIET AUTHORITIES. NEW TIMES SAID DIRKSEN REPORTED SECRETLY TO THE GERMAN FOREIGN OFFICE THAT THE BRITISH MISSION TO MOSCOW "RATHER HAS AS ITS PROBLEM THE ESTABLISHMENT OF THE FIGHTING ABILITY OF THE SOVIET ARMY THAN THE CONCLUSION OF AN OPERATIVE AGREEMENT."

AFTER GERMANY INVADDED POLAND, NEW TIMES SAID, DIRKSEN WROTE IN A MEMORANDUM THAT THE BRITISH OFFERS WERE TAKEN BY THE GERMAN GOVERNMENT "AS FURTHER EVIDENCE OF ENGLISH WEAKNESS."

-DASH- IN LONDON, WILSON, PRE-WAR CHIEF OF BRITAIN'S CIVIL SERVICE, DENIED LAST NIGHT THAT BRITAIN PROPOSED AN ALLIANCE TO GERMANY IN AUGUST, 1939. HE TERMED "SHEER NONSENSE" ALLEGATIONS THAT BRITAIN OFFERED TO SCRAP HER SECURITY GUARANTEES TO EASTERN EUROPEAN COUNTRIES IN RETURN FOR SUCH AN ALLIANCE.

"CERTAINLY IT WAS THE GOVERNMENT'S POLICY TO FIND OUT IF WE COULD ARRIVE AT AN UNDERSTANDING WITH GERMANY--IF GERMANY WAS PREPARED TO ACT AS A GOOD NEIGHBOR," HE SAID. "WE THOUGHT THEN AND WE KNOW NOW THAT THIS WAS NOT POSSIBLE."

JA642ADD

TOKYO, MAY 27 (AP)--LAWRENCE W. "CHIP" ROBERT, FORMER ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF TREASURY, HAS ARRIVED FROM THE UNITED STATES ON A SPECIAL MISSION WHICH WILL KEEP HIM HERE ABOUT A WEEK.

HE SAID HE PLANS TO SEE GENERAL MACARTHUR. ROBERT DECLINED TO SAY WHETHER HE IS ACTING IN A PRIVATE OR OFFICIAL CAPACITY. HE IS AN ARCHITECTURAL ENGINEER AND A COTTON TEXTILE MANUFACTURER FROM GEORGIA.

ROBERT SAID HE WOULD RETURN HOME VIA SHANGHAI, BERLIN AND LONDON.

(IN WASHINGTON LAST WEEK, THE ARMY ANNOUNCED ROBERT IS NOT ON A GOVERNMENT MISSION. HE WAS ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF TREASURY FROM 1933 TO 1936, AND WAS SECRETARY-TREASURER OF THE DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL COMMITTEE FROM 1936-41.)

GG224ACS

TOKYO, MAY 27-(AP)--JAPAN'S LARGEST POSTWAR BUDGET, 398,000,000,000 (B) YEN (\$796,000,000 (M)) WILL BE PRESENTED TO THE DIET SHORTLY. MUCH OPPOSITION IS EXPECTED FROM MEMBERS. THE CABINET HAS APPROVED THE BUDGET, WHICH IS 184,000,000,000 (B) YEN (\$360,000,000 (M)) MORE THAN LAST YEAR.

THE LARGEST EXPENDITURE WILL BE THE COST OF ALLIED OCCUPATION WHICH RUNS 25 PERCENT OF THE TOTAL BUDGET.

TO MEET THE INCREASED BUDGET HIGHER TAXES AND A FOURFOLD INCREASE IN POSTAL AND COMMUNICATION RATES HAS BEEN PROPOSED.

X432APD NM

HE THEN WENT INTO HIS OFFICE. *Today's Adm. office* HIS AIDES HAD TOLD NEWSMEN EARLIER THAT THEY HAD NOT HAD A CHANCE TO DISCUSS THE INVITATION WITH THE GENERAL.

MACARTHUR, WHO HAS NOT BEEN IN THE UNITED STATES SINCE BEFORE PEARL HARBOR, HAS BEEN INVITED ON PREVIOUS OCCASIONS TO RETURN AND APPEAR BEFORE CONGRESS. HE DECLINED.

THE MOST RECENT WAS A REQUEST OF THE HOUSE FOREIGN AFFAIRS COMMITTEE FOR HIS TESTIMONY ON AID TO CHINA. HE DECLINED LAST MARCH 2.

THE SENATE COMMITTEE INVITATION, HOWEVER, IS SOMEWHAT DIFFERENT. HE HAS BEEN INVITED TO GIVE HIS VIEWS ON THE ORIENTAL SITUATION AS A WHOLE.

A DISCUSSION BEFORE THE SENATE COMMITTEE OF THE ORIENTAL SITUATION DOUBTLESS WOULD INCLUDE THREE MAJOR POINTS---JAPAN, CHINA AND KOREA. JAPAN AND KOREA ARE THE DIRECT CONCERN OF MACARTHUR.

MACARTHUR MIGHT ELABORATE ON HIS VIEW OF JAPAN AS THE AMERICAN-BACKED ECONOMIC PRIMER FOR ASIA. THIS CONCEPTION HAS ALREADY BEEN INCORPORATED IN AMERICAN POLICY AND CONGRESS IS CONSIDERING FUNDS TO PUT IT INTO OPERATION.

SECONDLY, HE MIGHT ELABORATE ON AID TO CHINA. IN DECLINING THE HOUSE COMMITTEE'S INVITATION, MACARTHUR CABLED THAT MILITARY AID SHOULD BE EXTENDED TO CHINA IF IT DID NOT WEAKEN THE UNITED STATES ECONOMY OR INTERFERE WITH COMMITMENTS ELSEWHERE.

THIRDLY IS THE DEMANDING QUESTION OF FUTURE POLICY IN KOREA, WHICH ALSO IS UNDER MACARTHUR'S COMMAND. MOST PRESSING IS WHETHER TO CONTINUE THE OCCUPATION OF SOUTH KOREA IN VIEW OF THE RECENT UNITED NATIONS-SPONSORED ELECTION THERE.

A128KX

THE SENATE INVITATION ALSO PROBABLY WOULD INTRIGUE HIM BECAUSE IT MIGHT REPRESENT HIS LAST CHANCE TO RETURN TO THE UNITED STATES IN AN OFFICIAL CAPACITY BEFORE THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL CONVENTION. THERE IS NO INDICATION HERE WHETHER HE STILL HARBORS HOPE OF NOMINATION.

ON THE OTHER HAND, MACARTHUR HAS NOT YET RECEIVED THE KIND OF INVITATION IT IS BELIEVED HE WANTS. THAT IS AN OPEN PRESIDENTIAL REQUEST OR ORDER TO RETURN HOME.

AS THE NEWS OF THE SENATE COMMITTEE'S ACTION GOT ABOUT TOKYO, CORRESPONDENTS ASKED FOR A PRESS CONFERENCE. THERE WAS NO REPLY AT ONCE TO THEIR REQUEST.

ARMY SECRETARY ROYALL'S CABLE TO MACARTHUR MENTIONING JUNE 2 OR 3 AS THE DATE FOR HIS RETURN WOULD NECESSITATE FLYING. MACARTHUR HAS NOT BEEN KNOWN TO HAVE DONE ANY FLYING SINCE HE WENT TO MANILA FOR THE FILIPINO INDEPENDENCE DAY IN JULY OF 1946.

FJ956PCS

TOKYO, MAY 27-(AP)--A FORMER AMERICAN WHO BECAME A JAPANESE WILL VISIT HIS HOMETOWN SHORTLY AFTER AN ABSENCE OF 44 YEARS.

HE IS HERBIV HITSUYANAGI, FORMERLY HERREL VORIES, A MISSIONARY AND FOUNDER OF AN OINTMENT COMPANY. HE CAME TO JAPAN IN 1905 AND ESTABLISHED THE ONI MISSION NEAR LAKE BIWA.

HE MARRIED A JAPANESE WOMAN IN 1911 AND BECAME A NATURALIZED JAPANESE IN 1941.

ALLIED HEADQUARTERS GAVE HIM SPECIAL PERMISSION TO RETURN TO THE UNITED STATES FOR MEDICAL TREATMENT AT WOODLAWN HOSPITAL IN CHICAGO FOR MALNUTRITION AND OVERWORK.

JW1003ACS

MANILA, MAY 27 (AP)--FIGHTING BETWEEN THE CONSTABULARY AND THE OUTLAWED HUKBALAHAP BROKE OUT AGAIN TODAY -- THE FIRST CLASHES SINCE THE RECENT, UNSUCCESSFUL SURRENDER NEGOTIATIONS.

CONSTABULARY HEADQUARTERS SAID THE FIGHTING OCCURRED WITHIN THE PAST 24 HOURS IN THE CAGAYAN VALLEY, NORTHERN LUZON; NUEVA ECIJA PROVINCE IN CENTRAL LUZON AND IN BATANGAS PROVINCE, SOUTH OF MANILA. NEGOTIATIONS FOR AMNESTY FOR THE FURTIVE PEASANT ARMY -- CONTINGENT UPON THE SURRENDER OF THE HUK'S COMMUNIST LEADER, LUIS TARUC -- ENDED ABRUPTLY WHEN TARUC REJECTED THE GOVERNMENT'S OFFER, IN A LETTER TO THE ASSOCIATED PRESS MONDAY. HE PROPOSED AN "ARMED TRUCE" INSTEAD.

THE GOVERNMENT HAD NO OFFICIAL COMMENT ON TARUC'S LETTER. THE AMNESTY OFFER EXPIRED MAY 20, WITH ADJOURNMENT OF THE PHILIPPINE CONGRESS. TARUC SUBSEQUENTLY WAS REPORTED SERIOUSLY ILL -- OF BLOOD POISONING FROM AN ABCESSSED TOOTH.

GG234ACS

Cairo, May 27--(ap)--The Egyptian Government has notified the United Nations that two Zionists admitted infecting wells east of Gaza with microbes of typhoid and dysentery.

In a note sent to U.N. secretary general Trygve Lie and ~~the president of the United Nations~~ Alexander Parodi, president of the security council, the Egyptian foreign ministry said the two Zionists admitted this in a written statement yesterday.

The Egyptian note said: "This proves once more than Arab forces in Palestine are not fighting regular troops respectful of law, but terrorist gangs with no faith or honesty."

The foreign ministry said the Zionists admitted they had

carried out an order of the commander of the Dorot Jewish settlement to infect the Egyptian army's water supplies in Gaza with microbes of typhoid and dysentery and that they actually had infected wells east of Gaza.

"After this announcement made to the world's conscience," the note continued. "the Egyptian government has no doubt that the nations that are signatories of the Geneva protocol of warfare will share Egypt's resentment at such methods which are considered a violation of

the international law and criminal acts against peoples and rules observed by nations."

It was reported that similar notes were handed to diplomatic representatives in Cairo.

30.24- 18081

CAIRO, MAY 27-(AP)-FOUR ZIONIST FLIERS WHO WERE FORCED DOWN IN PALESTINE YESTERDAY TURNED OUT TO BE TWO AMERICANS, ONE ENGLISHMAN AND ONE DUTCH NATIONAL, AN EGYPTIAN DEFENSE MINISTRY COMMUNIQUE SAID TONIGHT. ALL WERE JEWS.

THE COMMUNIQUE GAVE THEIR NAMES AS: LEWIS GRUBB AND GAYAN ROBERT DANSELM, AMERICANS; HUBERT KIRNESS, BRITISH, AND VICIN BERG, DUTCH. THEY WERE FORCED DOWN NEAR THE DEIR HAYM SETTLEMENT.

PS806PED

an Egyptian public relations officer said Empress

Fawzia of Iran, sister of King Farouk, had accepted the presidency

over volunteer nurses working in military hospitals.

He also announced that a number of Sudanese volunteer

officers arrived in Cairo en route to Palestine.

THIS HAD BEEN LARGELY ACCOMPLISHED BY A SERIES OF FIVE RAIDS DEEP BEHIND ARAB LINES WHICH DESTROYED SYRIAN BASES AND BLEW UP COMMUNICATION ROUTES.

TRAINED BOYS AND GIRLS IN PALMACH, THE JEWISH EQUIVALENT OF THE COMMANDOS, HAVE DRIVEN THE SYRIANS BACK UNTIL THEY OCCUPY A STRIP OF JEWISH TERRITORY BUT TWO MILES LONG AND A FEW HUNDRED YARDS WIDE SOUTH OF THE SEA OF GALILEE SAID JAMES M. LONG WHO VISITED THAT FRONT.

ALONG THE NORTHERN FRONTIERS WITH LEBANON AND SYRIA, ALL WAS PEACEFUL. JEWISH AND LEBANESE FORCES FACED EACH OTHER A FEW HUNDRED YARDS APART WITHOUT FIRING A SHOT.

FARTHER EAST SYRIAN THRUSTS INTO A THUMB OF PALESTINE NORTH OF LAKE HULA HAD BEEN BLUNTED AND TURNED BACK AT MALIKYA AND QADAS IN THE FIRST WEEK OF FIGHTING. THE FRONT DISPATCHES SAID. THE SYRIANS THERE WERE QUIESCENT AFTER JEWS CARRIED OUT A RAID EIGHT MILES BEHIND THE SYRIAN BORDER AND BLEW UP THE MAIN ARAB SUPPLY ROUTE BRIDGE. THE SYRIANS WERE LEAVING THE ISRAELIS IN COMMAND OF ALL WESTERN GALILEE, ALLOTTED TO THE ARABS UNDER THE U.N. PARTITION PLAN.

SOUTH OF THE SEA OF GALILEE SAMAKH, OCCUPIED BY THE SYRIANS IN THE FIRST THRUST, WAS AGAIN IN JEWISH HANDS BUT A RUIN. THE TOWN OF 3,000 POPULATION ABOUT A MILE INSIDE THE PALESTINE BORDER, STILL WAS WITHIN RANGE OF ARAB MACHINEGUNS POSTED ON SLOPES IN THE TRANS-JORDAN HILLS.

THE HIGH TIDE OF THE SYRIAN ADVANCE WAS A LINE OF JEWISH TRENCHES BETWEEN THE SETTLEMENTS OF DEGANIA A AND DEGANIA B, ABOUT A MILE WEST OF SAMAKH. A BURNED-OUT SYRIAN TANK, SNARLED IN BARBED

WIRE AND CAUGHT BY A MOLOTOV COCKTAIL, MARKED THE END OF THE SYRIAN OFFENSIVE.

THE THEATER WAS REPORTED MOSTLY QUIET NOW, EXCEPT FOR OCCASIONAL SHELLINGS AND BOMBINGS.

A JEWISH COMMUNIQUE SAID SAMAKH AND SHAAR HAGOLAN, JUST SOUTH OF SAMAKH WERE SHELLED BRIEFLY LAST NIGHT WITHOUT CASUALTIES. FROM BEISAN, 15 MILES BELOW SAMAKH, TO THE DEAD SEA, HOWEVER, THE REMAINDER OF THE JORDAN RIVER VALLEY WAS REPORTED FIRMLY IN THE HANDS OF THE ARAB LEGION AND IRAQI FORCES. THE MAIN ARAB COMMUNICATIONS TO CENTRAL PALESTINE WERE THROUGH THIS GAP OF ABOUT 60 MILES, WITH THE ALLENBY BRIDGE ACROSS THE JORDAN THE MAIN THOROUGHFARE.

IN THIS THEATER IRAQI FORCES REPORTED A SLIGHT ADVANCE IN THE AREA OF NABLUS, ABOUT 28 MILES NORTH OF JERUSALEM AND 40 MILES SOUTHEAST OF HAIFA.

A218

AN ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH FROM CYPRUS, BRITISH RULED ISLAND IN THE EASTERN MEDITERRANEAN, SAID 15 AMERICAN DAKOTA TRANSPORTS, SOME FITTED WITH GLIDER TOWING TACKLE AND PARACHUTISTS' SIGNAL LAMPS, WERE REFUELLING AT THE AIRPORT. THE PLANES WERE ALL OR A PART OF THE FLEET OF TRANSPORTS WASHINGTON HAS ANNOUNCED WERE IN READINESS FOR EVACUATING AMERICANS FROM THE MIDDLE EAST IF NECESSARY.

DISPATCHES FROM KARACHI, CAPITAL OF MOSLEM PAKISTAN, SAID A REFUGEE ORGANIZATION HAD STARTED TRAINING VOLUNTEER CRUSADERS FOR PALESTINE SERVICE.

GH355PED

THE EGYPTIANS SAID ALSO THAT TWO JEWS ARRESTED NEAR GAZA HAD CONFESSED TO THROWING TYPHOID AND DYSENTERY GERMS INTO THE WATER SUPPLY OF EGYPTIAN TROOPS THERE.

ASSOCIATED PRESS CORRESPONDENT EDWARD CURTIS, WITH JEWISH FORCES IN SAMAKH, ON THE SOUTHERN TIP OF THE SEA OF GALILEE, REPORTED COMPARATIVE QUIET IN THAT AREA. HE SAID SAMAKH, ORIGINALLY A TOWN OF ABOUT 5,000 ARAB POPULATION, WAS IN RUINS. IT IS NOW HELD BY THE JEWS, BUT ITS EASTERN OUTSKIRTS ARE WITHIN RANGE OF ARAB HEAVY MACHINE GUNS SCATTERED ON THE SLOPES OF TRANS-JORDAN HILLS.

A DISPATCH FROM NICOSIA, CYPRUS, SAID 15 U. S. C-47S WERE COUNTED AT THE AIRFIELD THERE THIS MORNING. THEY WERE APPARENTLY WITHOUT ARMAMENT AND THE CREWS WITH THEM WERE NOT ARMED.

JT802AED

IN THE OLD CITY OF JERUSALEM--THIRD ADD ABDULLAH (A143) XXX OUT THERE.

ABDULLAH PRAYED WITHIN THE HEARING OF ONLY MOSLEM AND CHRISTIAN PRIESTS. HIS SMALL BODYGUARD DROPPED BACK. THE KING ASKED BLESSINGS ON THE ARAB CAUSE, DEFEAT OF THE "INVADERS" AND A RETURN OF PEACE TO HOLY PLACES.

HE GAVE NO HEED TO CONTINUAL ARTILLERY FIRE, THE RACKET OF SMALL ARMS AND FREQUENT MORTAR EXPLOSIONS IN THE JEWISH QUARTER. THERE THE GARRISON FAILED AGAIN EARLY TODAY TO RECEIVE URGENTLY NEEDED AMMUNITION FROM A SMALL PLANE CIRCLING IN THE MOONLIGHT.

THE KING DROVE TO OLD JERUSALEM ALONG JERICHO ROAD, PASSING WITHIN 50 YARDS OF THE SLOPE OF THE MOUNT OF OLIVES, WHICH PREVIOUSLY HAD BEEN UNDER JEWISH MACHINEGUN FIRE. WHEN HE REACHED THE HIGH BATTLEMENTS OF ST. STEPHEN'S GATE, 40 ARAB VOLUNTEERS PRESENTED ARMS.

THE ROYAL PARTY PROCEEDED UP THE WAY OF SORROWS TO THE ENTRANCE OF THE MOSQUE OF OMAR.

THE KING WORE A WHITE SILK ARAB HEAD DRESS AND SMART KHAKI UNIFORM WITH ROWS OF MILITARY DECORATIONS.

FROM THE CENTER OF THE MOSQUE OF OMAR, ABDULLAH AND MOSLEM NOTABLES WENT TO THE CHAPEL IN THE COURTYARD WALLS WHERE HIS FATHER, FORMER KING HUSSEIN, IS BURIED.

HE LEFT THE MOSQUE BY A GATE LESS THAN 200 YARDS FROM THE JEWISH WALLING WALL, WHICH FORMS PART OF THE OUTER FACE OF THE MOSQUE. ARAB GUARDS, AS ALWAYS DURING THE BATTLE OF JERUSALEM, WERE ON DUTY THERE TO PROTECT THE WALLING WALL AGAINST DESECRATION.

A THOUSAND CIVILIANS QUICKLY ASSEMBLED AND FOLLOWED THE KING UP THE ANCIENT

WERE ON DUTY THERE TO PROTECT THE WALLING WALL AGAINST DESECRATION.

A THOUSAND CIVILIANS QUICKLY ASSEMBLED AND FOLLOWED THE KING UP THE ANCIENT NARROW PASSAGEWAY MARKED BY STATIONS OF THE CROSS TO THE HOLY SEPULCHRE.

THE MONARCH OF TRANS-JORDAN MADE HIS DEVOTIONS AT THE HOLY SEPULCHRE, CALVARY AND THE MOSQUE OF OMAR, THE HOLIEST SHRINES OF CHRISTENDOM AND ISLAM.

THE KING, CHEERED BY 25,000 ARABS, TOURS THE OLD CITY. LESS THAN 300 YARDS AWAY FROM HIM IN THE JEWISH QUARTER, SHELLS OF HIS ARAB LEGION'S GUNS CRASHED INTO THE LAST HOLDOUT ROW OF JEWISH ARMY MACHINEGUN POSTS ALONG THE SOUTHERN WALL.

CLOSE TO THE BIG KURVA SYNAGOGUE, DEMOLITIONS SET OFF BY ARAB SQUADS SPOKE SMOKE AND DUST INTO THE BLAZING MAY SKY.

WINDOWS WERE JAMMED WITH ARAB SPECTATORS AS ABDULLAH PASSED BY. "LONG LIVE ABDULLAH!" THE SPECTATORS SHOUTED. "LONG MAY YOU BE KING OF YOUR PEOPLE, YOU ARE KING OF JERUSALEM."

AT THE ENTRANCE TO THE CHURCH OF THE HOLY SEPULCHRE ARAB VOLUNTEERS KEPT BACK CROWS WHILE THE KING, CROWDED BY ORTHODOX AND ROMAN CATHOLIC PRIESTS, ENTERED. HE WAS PASSED THROUGH THE ENTRANCE BY A MOSLEM CIVILIAN WHO, BY TRADITION AND AGREEMENT WITH THE CHRISTIANS, IS THE KEEPER OF THE KEYS OF THE CHURCH.

WITHIN THE MARBLE CHAPEL, UNDER A CANOPY OF VARI-COLORED CANDLELIGHT ABDULLAH BENT HIS HEAD AT THE SITE REGARDED AS THE PLACE OF JESUS' ENTOMBMENT.

FROM THERE, ABDULLAH MOUNTED THE VORN STONE STEPS TO THE SUMMIT OF CALVARY, SCENE OF THE CRUCIFIXION. ALL WITHIN THE CHURCH REMAINED HUSHED UNTIL THE KING LEFT.

IN THE COURTYARD, BLACK-BEARDED MOSKS MADE THE ARAB MONARCH

UNDESPED. ON HIS WAY BACK TO ST. STEPHEN'S GATE, ABDULLAH PAUSED TO CONFER WITH A LEGION FIELD OFFICER DIRECTING THE ASSAULT ON THE OLD JEWISH QUARTER. THE OFFICER YESTERDAY REJECTED A JEWISH APPEAL TO ALLOW THE EVACUATION OF 300 WOMEN AND CHILDREN. THE OFFICER HAD SAID THIS MERELY WOULD HEIGHTEN THE RESISTANCE OF HAGANAH TROOPS HOLDING OUT THERE.

W1147AKD

Inside the Old City of Jerusalem, May 27--(ap)--Arab

Legion infantrymen climbing to the battlefield along the narrow, stone-stepped streets of the ancient Holy City have plenty of help.

Eager small boys trudge in their wake carrying boxes of ammunition, grenades and explosives to within a few yards of the actual fighting.

"WE UNANIMOUSLY FEEL," THE PROTEST CONTINUED, "THAT WE HAVE DURING THE PAST 12 DAYS BEEN PERMITTED TO SEE SO LITTLE THAT NONE OF US POSSESSES INFORMATION WHICH, IF INADVERTENTLY REVEALED, WOULD BE OF THE LEAST USE TO THE OTHER SIDE."

THE CORRESPONDENTS PROPOSED THAT THEY GO OUT UNDER PROTECTION OF THE INTERNATIONAL RED CROSS AND "ANYWAY OUR PERSONAL SECURITY IS ALWAYS OUR OWN RESPONSIBILITY."

THEY SAID COPIES OF THE PROTEST WERE BEING SENT TO THEIR HOME OFFICES FOR RELAY TO THEIR RESPECTIVE GOVERNMENTS.

EIGHT OTHER CORRESPONDENTS HAVE ELECTED TO REMAIN IN JERUSALEM.

THE SIGNERS OF THE PROTEST WERE:

DANA ADAMS SCHMIDT, NEW YORK TIMES; KENNETH BILBY, NEW YORK HERALD

DANA ADAMS SCHMIDT, NEW YORK TIMES; KENNETH BILBY, NEW YORK HERALD TRIBUNE; CORNELL ACHESON, INDIANAPOLIS NEWS; ROBERT HECOX, PARAMOUNT NEWSREELS; ROBERT P. MARTIN, OVERSEAS NEWS AGENCY; TOM FITZSIMMONS, ASSOCIATED PRESS PHOTOGRAPHER; FARNSWORTH FOWLE, COLUMBIA BROADCASTING SYSTEM; LUCIEN FRANC, FRENCH NEWS AGENCY; CLAIRE HOLLINGSWORTH, LONDON OBSERVER; GEOFFREY HOARE, LONDON NEWS CHRONICLE; ERIC DOWNTON, LONDON DAILY TELEGRAPH; JAMES HAYS, KEMSLEY NEWSPAPERS.

WV1044PED

Tel Aviv, Israel, May 27-(ap)-A Jewish military communiqué

Jordan valleys:

Samakh and Shear H. Holan were shelled by the enemy last night. there were no casualties.

in a counterattack near Geshar, an important key point was occupied by our forces.

Jerusalem front:

planes of our air force last night attacked enemy concentrations and artillery emplacements in the area of Kfar Biddu, off the Tel Aviv-Jerusalem road, from which shelling had been directed at Maaleh Hahamisha settlement.

Other planes last night bombed enemy concentrations in ^{the} Ramallah and Jerusalem areas. All our planes returned safely.

Southern front:

an advance position of the Egyptian army at Beit Hanoun, northeast

of Gaza was completely destroyed in an attack carried out by one of our units yesterday. about 30 Egyptian soldiers were killed. three heavy guns of Egyptian artillery were seized and destroyed by high explosives. a large great number of light arms was captured.

Damascus, Syria, May 27--(ap)--Syrian artillerymen shelled and scored direct hits on a Jewish convoy ^{at} Kinneret on the southwestern tip of the Sea of Galilee, a Syrian army communiqué said tonight.

it added that the Arab gunners also set fire to a car which was believed to have been loaded with ammunition.

The communiqué said one Syrian post in the northern sector clashed with Jewish ^{units} ~~which~~ which were forced to flee, leaving behind arms, bombs and transport. bloodstains found at the scene indicated there were

Jewish casualties, the communique said.

In the southern sector of the northern front Jewish forces were repelled with heavy losses, the ~~Syrian~~ communique said.

It added that the ~~Syrian~~ ^{Arab} air forces had undertaken a large reconnaissance flight. #

Baghdad, May 27--(ap)--A ministry of defense communique issued for May 26 said Iraq's air forces played a successful part in the battle of Latrun on May 25.

(Latrun, on the Jerusalem-Tel Aviv highway, was reported today to be the scene of a raging battle between Arab and Jewish forces.)

The Iraqi communique said "our planes bombed enemy columns advancing in the direction of Latrun to relieve Jewish troops besieged in Jerusalem. Heavy losses were caused to the enemy."

Iraqi planes also bombed Jewish positions in the Khuld area inflicting heavy damage, the communique added. #

Beirut, Lebanon, May 27-(AP)-Bechara el ~~M~~ Khoury was reelected president of Lebanon today for another six years. His term does not expire until October 1949. Parliament extended it, however, "in recognition of his services to the country." #

A129 KARACHI, PAKISTAN, MAY 27-(AP)--THE PAKISTAN REFUGEE ORGANIZATION HAS STARTED TRAINING A CRUSADER FORCE FOR THE PALESTINE FRONT. THE HOSTILITIES ARE BEING AND HAVING FIELD MANEUVERS. THEY WILL BE SENT IN BATTLES, ACCORDING TO ARAB REINFORCEMENTS AT THE FRONT. #

Batavia Cid vs Juteh.
"TO JOIN THE FEDERAL COMPANY IS STILL LOOKED UPON IN JOGJAKARTA (REPUBLICAN CAPITAL) AS A KIND OF DEFEAT," VAN MOOK DECLARED, "AND THE VICTORY X X X FEDERALISM AND COOPERATION WOULD MEAN TO ALL OF US IS STILL NOT REALIZED."

"THIS WORKING TOGETHER WOULD NOT MEAN A COMPLETE PULLING DOWN OF THE REPUBLICAN ORGANIZATION," HE SAID. "ON THE CONTRARY, EVERYTHING WHICH IS ALIVE AND EFFICIENT IN IT WILL BE GRATEFULLY ACCEPTED AS STRENGTHENING THE WHOLE." *more*

RETHAN AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE NETHERLANDS AND THE REPUBLIC IS NOT ENOUGH. AGREEMENT WITH TERRITORIES REPRESENTED IN THE PRE-CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY CONFERENCE IS EQUALLY IMPORTANT, HE SAID.

THE GOVERNOR STRESSED THAT THE BANDOENG MEETING, WHICH IS EXPECTED TO LAST SEVERAL MONTHS, IS NOT A CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY FOR THE PROJECTED UNITED STATES OF INDONESIA. HOWEVER, HE SAID, POINTS AGREED UPON REGARDING THE STRUCTURE OF THE PROJECTED UNITED STATES OF INDONESIA AND ITS RELATIONS TO THE NEI "MAY BE DIRECTIVES FOR SUCH A CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY."

VAN HOOK DENIED THAT THE BANDOENG MEETING WAS AN ATTEMPT TO BY-PASS FURTHER NEGOTIATIONS WITH THE REPUBLIC. REPUBLICAN CIRCLES HAVE CHARGED THE MEETING WAS A DUTCH PLAN TO AVOID SETTLEMENT VIA THE UNITED NATIONS GOOD OFFICES COMMITTEE AND CONFRONT THE REPUBLIC WITH THE FAIT ACCOMPLI ESTABLISHMENT OF A UNITED STATES OF INDONESIA.

THE DUTCH GOVERNMENT HAS PROHIBITED A COUNTER MEETING PLANNED IN BATAVIA THIS WEEK BY REPUBLICAN SYMPATHIZERS.

THE REPUBLICAN MINISTRY OF INFORMATION ISSUED A STATEMENT AT KALIOERANG THAT THE BANDOENG CONFERENCE IS AGAINST THE LETTER AND SPIRIT OF THE RENVILLE AGREEMENT, WHICH ENDED THE REPUBLIC'S CONFLICT WITH THE DUTCH, AND THAT IT JEOPARDIZES NEGOTIATIONS SPONSORED BY THE UNITED NATIONS GOOD OFFICES COMMITTEE. THE STATEMENT WAS DIRECTED TO THE GOOD OFFICES COMMITTEE AND THE U.N. SECURITY COUNCIL.

NJ1032AED

CALGARY, ALTA., MAY 27-(AP)-DONALD ROBINS, A 10-YEAR-OLD ENGLISH BOY, HAS FOUND A "REAL LIVE COUVOY" FOR A STEP-FATHER. SEVERAL MONTHS AGO DONALD WROTE THE CALGARY POSTMASTER ON BEHALF OF THE "FIVE LITTLE ROBINS--DONALD, RODNEY, BARRY, RAYMOND AND JEANNE." "WE WANT TO GROW UP TO BE COUVOYS," HE SAID. "WE ARE WRITING BECAUSE OUR DADDY FELL 60 FEET OFF A ROOF AND WAS KILLED SIX MONTHS AGO." "WE WOULD LIKE TO HAVE LETTERS FROM REAL LIVE COUVOYS...AND HAVE YOU GOT ONE TO WRITE TO MUMMY, AS SHE GETS LONELY WITHOUT DADDY?"

I KNOW SHE WOULD WRITE BACK, BUT DON'T TELL HER I ASKED YOU." THE STORY WAS PUBLISHED IN THE CALGARY HERALD. NEXT MONTH MRS. PEGGY ROBINS WILL SET OUT FROM ENGLAND FOR MIDWAY, B.C., WHERE SHE WILL MARRY JACK LEE, 44-YEAR-OLD RANCHER, AND ONE OF DOZENS TO REPLY TO THE REQUEST. LEE OFFERED THE FAMILY A HOME ON HIS RANCH. THE OFFER WAS ACCEPTED AND FOLLOWING CORRESPONDENCE BROUGHT ON A ROMANCE BY MAIL AND AN ENGAGEMENT.

VS828PED

RUSSIA

BY EDWARD E. BOMAR WASHINGTON, MAY 27-(AP)-THE UNITED STATES PINNED A DELAYED BUT OFFICIAL "PROPAGANDA" LABEL TODAY ON SOVIET RUSSIA'S SPRING PEACE OFFENSIVE.

CHARLES E. BOHLEN, STATE DEPARTMENT COUNSELOR AND SECRETARY MARSHALL'S PRINCIPAL ADVISER ON DEALINGS WITH MOSCOW, CHARGED FLATLY THAT:

1. FOREIGN MINISTER MOLOTOV "MUTILATED" AMBASSADOR WALTER BEDELL SMITH'S RE-STATEMENT OF UNITED STATES POLICY TO MAKE IT SOUND LIKE A PROPOSAL FOR DIRECT NEGOTIATION OF SOVIET-AMERICAN DIFFERENCES.
2. THE WAY IN WHICH MOSCOW PUBLISHED THE SMITH-MOLOTOV EXCHANGE--AND PREMIER STALIN'S RESPONSE TO HENRY A. WALLACE'S OPEN LETTER--SHOWED RUSSIA "WAS ACTING IN THE PROPAGANDA FIELD AND NOT IN THE REALM OF SERIOUS POLICY."

BOHLEN FURTHERMORE PREDICTED IN A COMMENCEMENT ADDRESS AT THE UNIVERSITY OF ARIZONA LAST NIGHT THAT RUSSIA WILL RESORT AGAIN TO THE SAME TACTICS OF "DISTORTION" IN AN EFFORT TO CONFUSE PEOPLE OF THE UNITED STATES AND THE WESTERN DEMOCRACIES.

BOHLEN THUS WENT BEYOND PRESIDENT TRUMAN AND SECRETARY MARSHALL IN DECLARING THAT THE UNITED STATES NEVER INTENDED TO TRY TO SETTLE DIFFERENCES WITH RUSSIA BY MEANS OF A BIG POWER DEAL.

WITH SPARKS FROM THE MOLOTOV-SMITH EXCHANGE STILL FLYING, DIPLOMATIC AUTHORITIES SAID RUSSIA APPARENTLY IS PLANNING A NEW FISHING EXPEDITION INTO OTHER TROUBLED INTERNATIONAL WATERS.

MOSCOW ANNOUNCED YESTERDAY THAT THE SOVIET UNION HAS AGREED TO EXCHANGE CONSULS WITH THE INDONESIAN REPUBLIC, DISREGARDING TERMS OF A TRUCE WHICH A UNITED NATIONS GOOD OFFICES COMMISSION ARRANGED IN JANUARY BETWEEN THE INDONESIANS AND THE NETHERLANDS.

THIS PROVIDED THAT THE DUTCH SHOULD HANDLE INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS FOR THE NEW EAST INDIES REPUBLIC. NETHERLANDS OFFICIALS HERE SAID RUSSIA NEVER BEFORE HAD A CONSUL IN THE EAST INDIES. THEY ADDED THAT IF A SOVIET CONSUL GOES TO JOGJAKARTA, THE INDONESIAN CAPITAL, THE NETHERLANDS WILL FILE A VIGOROUS PROTEST.

IT WAS NOT IMMEDIATELY CLEAR WHY THE KREMLIN WANTS A LISTENING POST IN THE NEW NATION SET UP AFTER BLOODY CIVIL WARFARE LAST YEAR.

BUT BOHLEN'S SPEECH AT TUCSON LEFT NO SUCH UNCERTAINTY AS TO THE STATE DEPARTMENT'S FINAL AND OFFICIAL VIEW OF THE SHORT-LIVED SOVIET PEACE OFFENSIVE.

WHEN MOSCOW UNEXPECTEDLY DISCLOSED THE MAY 4 APPROACH SMITH MADE TO MOLOTOV, MR. TRUMAN HASTENED TO EXPLAIN THAT SMITH'S PURPOSE WAS TWO-FOLD: TO STRESS (A) THAT THE UNITED STATES IS DETERMINED TO PRESS ITS POLICIES WITHOUT CHANGE AND (B) THAT THIS COUNTRY HAS NO AGGRESSIVE DESIGNS TOWARD RUSSIA.

more

MARSHALL WENT ONE STEP FURTHER IN STATING THAT MOSCOW SHOULD PROVE ITS EXPRESSED DESIRE FOR BETTER RELATIONS WITH THE UNITED STATES BY AGREEING TO PRESS FOR SETTLEMENTS IN THE UNITED NATIONS AND OTHER INTERNATIONAL AGENCIES.

THE ADMINISTRATION THUS LEFT IT TO BOHLEN--SPEAKING WITH THE FULL AUTHORITY OF THE STATE DEPARTMENT--TO WRITE OFF THE WHOLE SOVIET MANEUVERING AS A PROPAGANDA OFFENSIVE.

THE DEPARTMENT HAD CALLED ATTENTION TO OMISSIONS IN THE MOSCOW RADIO'S VERSION OF SMITH'S CONVERSATION WITH MOLOTOV.

BUT IT USED NO SUCH LANGUAGE AS BOHLEN DID LAST NIGHT IN SAYING THE KREMLIN HAD "MUTILATED" THE FINAL PARAGRAPH OF SMITH'S STATEMENT "IN ORDER TO CONVEY TO THE WORLD A THOROUGHLY MISLEADING IMPRESSION."

BOHLEN NOTED THAT SMITH, IN REFERRING TO MEMBERS OF THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT, HAD TOLD MOLOTOV:

"THEY HAVE IT IN THEIR POWER TO ALLEVIATE MANY OF THE SITUATIONS WHICH TODAY WEIGH SO HEAVILY ON ALL INTERNATIONAL LIFE. IT IS OUR EARNEST HOPE THAT THEY WILL TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THESE POSSIBILITIES."

BY THIS OMISSION, BOHLEN SAID, "IT WAS POSSIBLE MOMENTARILY FOR THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT TO CREATE THE IMPRESSION THROUGHOUT THE WORLD THAT THE UNITED STATES HAD PROPOSED DIRECT NEGOTIATIONS WHEN THE FULL TEXT WAS NOT SUSCEPTIBLE OF ANY SUCH INTERPRETATION."

BOHLEN WENT ON:

"TO NEGOTIATE BILATERALLY ON MATTERS OF VITAL INTEREST TO OTHER COUNTRIES WITHOUT THEIR BEING PRESENT IS NOT THE TYPE OF NEGOTIATION WHICH THIS COUNTRY WOULD BE PREPARED TO UNDERTAKE. IT WOULD NOT BARTER TERRITORY OR PEOPLES IN ANY GAME OF GREAT POWER POLITICS. X X X

"THE INTEGRITY OF OUR ACTIONS AND OF THE REPUTATION OF THIS GOVERNMENT FOR HONEST DEALING IS ONE OF THE MOST PRICELESS ASSETS WHICH THE UNITED STATES POSSESSES. IT CANNOT BE BARTERED AWAY FOR TEMPORARY PROPAGANDA ADVANTAGE OR EVEN TO OFFSET TEMPORARY PROPAGANDA DISADVANTAGE."

MD311AED

FOREIGN AID (320)

WASHINGTON, MAY 27-(AP)-CONGRESSMEN SCRUTINIZED BRITISH AID TO ARAB FORCES AS THEY HEADED A \$6,500,000,000 (B) FOREIGN AID BILL THROUGH THE LEGISLATIVE MONEY MILL.

A NEW INVESTIGATION WAS DISCLOSED TODAY INTO REPORTS THAT THE BRITISH ARE DIVERTING AMERICAN FUNDS TO ARAB NATIONS FIGHTING JEWISH FORCES IN PALESTINE.

THE HOUSE APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE, WHICH IS DRAFTING THE HUGE AID MEASURE, HAS ASKED THE STATE DEPARTMENT TO CHECK INTO THE REPORTS. AND REP. SABATH (D-ILL) URGED THE COMMITTEE TO BAN USE OF ANY NEW FUNDS TO SUCH PURPOSES.

ANOTHER INQUIRY INTO THESE REPORTS IS BEING MADE BY PAUL G. HOFFMAN, HEAD OF THE ECONOMIC COOPERATION ADMINISTRATION, AT THE REQUEST OF THE SENATE APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE.

DISCLOSURE OF THE HOUSE COMMITTEE'S INVESTIGATION WAS MADE BY REP. STEFAN (R-NEB) AND CHAIRMAN TABER (R-NY).

STEFAN TOLD NEWSMEN THE COMMITTEE DISCUSSED REPORTS THAT AMERICAN AID MONEY WAS PERMITTING THE BRITISH TO ADVANCE KING ABDULLAH OF TRANS-JORDAN AN \$8,000,000 SUBSIDY TO HELP TRAIN ARAB ARMIES.

COMMITTEE MEMBERS SAID THEY HOPE TO RECEIVE THE STATE DEPARTMENT'S FINDINGS BEFORE SENDING THE BIG FOREIGN-AID BILL TO THE HOUSE FLOOR

LATE NEXT WEEK.

THAT MEASURE INCLUDES THESE ITEMS:

EUROPEAN RECOVERY PLAN, \$4,245,000,000 (B); ARMY GOVERNMENT AND RELIEF IN OCCUPIED TERRITORIES, \$1,400,000,000 (B); AID TO CHINA, \$463,000,000 (M); AID TO GREECE AND TURKEY, \$275,000,000 (M); UNITED STATES EXPENSES IN THE INTERNATIONAL RELIEF ORGANIZATION, \$70,710,228 (M); UNITED NATIONS CHILDREN'S FUND, \$60,000,000 (M); AID FOR THE FREE CITY OF TRIESTE, \$20,000,000 (M).

PRESENT PLANS ARE TO LUMP ALL THE ITEMS INTO A SINGLE BILL--THE BIGGEST MONEY MEASURE CONSIDERED BY CONGRESS THIS SESSION. REP. JAVITS (R-NY) INTRODUCED A BILL YESTERDAY TO LEND \$100,000,000 (M) TO THE NEW JEWISH STATE OF ISRAEL FOR MILITARY PURPOSES. HE MAY TRY TO TACK IT INTO THE THE GENERAL FOREIGN AID BILL WHEN IT REACHES THE HOUSE FLOOR.

MD329AED

WASHINGTON, MAY 27-(AP)-VICE ADMIRAL CHARLES E. ROSENDAHL URGED CONGRESS TODAY TO BUILD A FLEET OF SIX GIANT DIRIGIBLE AIRSHIPS.

THE RETIRED NAVY AIRSHIP EXPERT, WHO SURVIVED THE CRASH OF THE DIRIGIBLE SHERMANS in 1925 AND LATER COMMANDED THE ILL-FATED AIRSHIP AKRON, TOLD THE HOUSE MERCHANT MARINE COMMITTEE:

"THE UNITED STATES AND RUSSIA ARE THE ONLY TWO COUNTRIES IN THE WORLD KNOWN TO HAVE SUPPLIES OF HELIUM, WHICH IS THE KEY TO SAFETY IN AIRSHIP OPERATION.

"WE KNOW THE RUSSIANS ARE INTERESTED IN BUILDING AIRSHIPS. FOR OUR PART, DIRIGIBLE CONSTRUCTION HAS BEEN WRITTEN INTO OUR NAVY POLICY FOR 30 YEARS, BUT WE'RE NOT DOING ANYTHING ABOUT IT."

ROSENDAHL SAID THAT WHEN HE WAS COMMANDER OF THE U.S. NAVAL AIR STATION AT LAKEHURST, N.J., A RUSSIAN DELEGATION VISITED HIM AND "TRIED TO FIND OUT EVERYTHING" ABOUT AIRSHIP CONSTRUCTION.

"THEY EVEN WANTED

"TRIED TO FIND OUT EVERYTHING" ABOUT AIRSHIP CONSTRUCTION.

NY222PED

FINLAND (300)

WASHINGTON, MAY 27-(AP)-NEW U.S. MOVES TO BOOST TRADE BETWEEN EASTERN AND WESTERN EUROPE APPEARED LIKELY TODAY, FOLLOWING THE PARTIAL REOPENING OF AMERICAN MARKETS TO FINLAND.

OFFICIALS SAID SUCH ACTIONS WOULD BE DESIGNED TO SPEED RECOVERY OF THE NON-COMMUNIST COUNTRIES AND EASE THE STRAIN ON OUR OWN ECONOMY.

THAT WAS THEIR INTERPRETATION OF SECRETARY OF COMMERCE SAWYR'S UNEXPLAINED ORDER YESTERDAY ALLOWING FINLAND TO BUY \$3,890,000 WORTH OF GENERATOR PARTS, MACHINE TOOLS, AND STEEL PRODUCTS.

FINLAND, WHICH STAYED OUT OF THE U.S.-FINANCED EUROPEAN RECOVERY PROGRAM UNDER RUSSIAN PRESSURE, IS A PRIME POTENTIAL SOURCE OF TIMBER WHICH SOME ERP COUNTRIES NOW RATE THEIR NO. 1 NEED.

BY LETTING FINLAND GET EQUIPMENT HERE TO INCREASE HER PRODUCTION OF TIMBER AND OTHER GOODS, THE U.S. WILL ENABLE THE FINNS TO EXPORT MORE TO WESTERN EUROPE AND THUS EASE THE STRAIN ON OUR LUMBER SUPPLIES.

THESE OFFICIALS SAID THE NEXT LOGICAL STEP MIGHT BE RENEWED SHIPMENTS OF EQUIPMENT TO INCREASE COAL PRODUCTION IN RUSSIAN-DOMINATED POLAND.

THEY POINTED OUT THAT ECONOMIC COOPERATION ADMINISTRATOR PAUL

G. HOFFMAN HAS ADVANCED MONEY TO AUSTRIA TO BUY COAL FROM POLAND, AND THAT ECA'S ROVING AMBASSADOR, W. AVERELL HARRIMAN, FAVORS MORE TRADE IN NON-WAR GOODS BETWEEN EASTERN AND WESTERN EUROPE.

HARRIMAN TOLD A SENATE COMMITTEE YESTERDAY THAT RUSSIA AND HER SATELLITES HAVE TIMBER, COAL AND GRAIN WHICH ARE VITAL TO WESTERN EUROPE'S RECOVERY AND THAT TRADE IN THESE GOODS SHOULD BE ENCOURAGED.

POLAND WAS GETTING COAL MINING EQUIPMENT IN THIS COUNTRY BEFORE THE U.S. CLAMPED A VIRTUAL BAN MARCH 1 ON SHIPMENTS OF INDUSTRIAL GOODS TO SOVIET-DOMINATED EASTERN EUROPE.

THE BAN, WHICH ALSO STOPPED SHIPMENTS TO FINLAND UP TO YESTERDAY, GAVE THE POLES \$12,000,000 LESS THAN THE \$40,000,000 WORTH OF EQUIPMENT THEY HAD ON ORDER HERE.

MD/SUZ14AFD

WASHINGTON, MAY 27-(AP)-GREAT BRITAIN IS USING AN EXPORT TAX ON MALAYAN TIN ORE TO "HAMSTRING" OPERATION OF THE TEXAS CITY, TEXAS, TIN SMELTER, JOHN CROSTON, OF THE NATIONAL SECURITIES RESOURCES BOARD, SAID TODAY.

CROSTON, A METALS EXPERT, ELABORATED ON VIEWS HE GAVE A SENATE ARMED SERVICES SUBCOMMITTEE YESTERDAY.

THE EXPORT TAX IS SO PROHIBITIVE AS TO COMPLETELY BAR THIS COUNTRY FROM OBTAINING THE HIGH GRADE MALAYAN ORE, CROSTON TOLD A REPORTER.

HE SAID THE ONLY CONDITION UNDER WHICH THE BRITISH WILL AGREE TO REMOVE THE TAX IS THAT THIS COUNTRY STOP SUBSIDIZING THE TEXAS CITY PRODUCTION.

CROSTON TERMED THE CONDITION IMPRACTICAL AND SAID IT WOULD RESULT IN ABANDONMENT OF THE AMERICAN SMELTING OPERATION. "THAT, NATURALLY, IS WHAT THEY WOULD LIKE TO SEE HAPPEN," HE ADDED.

THE COMMITTEE IS CONSIDERING A PROPOSAL TO CONTINUE GOVERNMENT OPERATION OF THE SMELTER BEYOND JUNE 30, 1949, WHEN RECONSTRUCTION FINANCE CORPORATION AUTHORITY TO OPERATE IT EXPIRES.

"EVENTUALLY, THE AMERICAN PLANT PROBABLY WILL BE ABLE TO OPERATE ON A COMPLETELY SELF-SUPPORTING BASIS, BUT AS AN INFANT INDUSTRY, THAT IS NOT POSSIBLE NOW," CROSTON SAID.

"ACTUALLY, THE PLANT IS PAYING ITS OWN WAY. THE LOSS COMES IN EXPENSE OF BRINGING ORE UP FROM BOLIVIA."

CROSTON'S TESTIMONY BEFORE THE COMMITTEE ON THE PROPOSED CONDITIONS FOR THE EXPORT TAX REMOVAL CAUSED SENATOR MORSE (R-ORE) TO COMMENT THAT ENGLAND SHOULD NOT TRY TO STEP IN AND TELL THIS COUNTRY HOW TO RUN ITS BUSINESS.

MORSE SAID THAT UNLESS THE BRITISH COOPERATED MORE CLOSELY IN MOVES BY THIS COUNTRY TO OBTAIN STRATEGIC MINERALS, THERE MIGHT BE OPPOSITION TO EXTENDING THE MARSHALL PLAN BEYOND THE FIRST YEAR.

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WASH 1ST ADD FOREIGN X X X ACCORDION. Council.

THE REPORT ALSO EMPHASIZED THAT THE RESOLUTION:

1. - WOULD NOT "EMPOWER THE PRESIDENT TO FINANCE SHIPMENTS OF ARMS TO EUROPE" OR "UNDERWRITE A GENERAL EUROPEAN DEFENSE PACT WITHOUT CONGRESSIONAL APPROVAL."

2. - SHOULD NOT BE INTERPRETED AS A COMMITMENT ON THE PART OF THE UNITED STATES TO EXTEND ASSISTANCE TO ANY STATE OR GROUP OF STATES.

"ANY STEPS WHICH MAY BE TAKEN IN THE FUTURE TO IMPLEMENT THE

RESOLUTION" THE REPORT SAID, "WILL HAVE TO BE CONSIDERED ON THEIR MERITS AT THAT TIME IN ORDER TO DETERMINE WHETHER SUCH STEPS ARE CONSISTENT WITH THE (UNITED NATIONS) CHARTER AND OUR NATIONAL SECURITY INTERESTS."

3. - HAS BEEN DESIGNED TO "AVOID OPEN-ENDED OR UNLIMITED COMMITMENTS AND TO REQUIRE RECIPROCITY OF AID."

THE REPORT CALLED SPECIFIC ATTENTION TO PROVISIONS REQUIRING THAT ANY DEFENSE PACTS TO WHICH THE UNITED STATES IS TO BECOME A PARTY (A) MUST BE MADE BY CONSTITUTIONAL PROCESSES; (B) SHALL BE BASED ON CONTINUOUS AND EFFECTIVE SELF-HELP AND MUTUAL AID AND (C) SHALL BE FOR NATIONAL SECURITY.

THE REPORT SAID:

"THE COMMITTEE IS CONVINCED THAT THE HORRORS OF ANOTHER WORLD WAR CAN BE AVOIDED WITH CERTAINTY ONLY BY PREVENTING WAR FROM STARTING.

"THE EXPERIENCE OF WORLD WAR I AND WORLD WAR II SUGGESTS THAT THE BEST DETERENT TO AGGRESSION IS THE CERTAINTY THAT IMMEDIATE AND EFFECTIVE COUNTER MEASURES WILL BE TAKEN AGAINST THOSE WHO VIOLATE THE PEACE."

THE RESOLUTION, IN EFFECT, WOULD ADVISE THE PRESIDENT THAT IT IS THE BELIEF OF THE SENATE THAT THE UN OFFERS THE BEST HOPE FOR PEACE IN THE WORLD BUT MUST BE "STRENGTHENED AND USED MORE EFFECTIVELY."

(REGIONAL DEFENSE PACTS WOULD BE UNDER THE UN CHARTER.)

VANDENBERG'S RESOLUTION, ENDORSED UNANIMOUSLY BY THE COMMITTEE, ALSO CALLS FOR AN EFFORT TO REACH A VOLUNTARY AGREEMENT TO RESTRICT THE USE OF THE VETO WITHIN THE UN SECURITY COUNCIL.

IT SUGGESTS THAT THE VETO BE REMOVED FROM QUESTIONS INVOLVING THE SETTLEMENT OF INTERNATIONAL DISPUTES AND THE ADMISSION OF NEW MEMBERS. ELEVEN OF THE 23 SOVIET VETOS HAVE BEEN USED TO BLOCK THE ADMISSION OF NEW MEMBERS.

PF1227PED

NIGHT LEAD TRUMAN-PALESTINE (375)

BY JOHN M. HIGHTOWER

WASHINGTON, MAY 27-(AP)-PRESIDENT TRUMAN INDICATED TODAY THAT THE FUTURE OF THE AMERICAN EMBARGO ON ARMS SHIPMENTS TO THE MIDDLE EAST WILL BE DETERMINED ON THE BASIS OF UNITED NATIONS POLICY TOWARD PALESTINE.

AT A NEWS CONFERENCE, THE PRESIDENT SAID THAT THE WHOLE ISSUE OF THE ARMS EMBARGO IS UNDER CONSIDERATION BY THE U. N. AND HE HAD NO COMMENT ON IT.

TWO WEEKS AGO THE WHITE HOUSE HAD SAID THAT THE STATUS OF THE ARMS EMBARGO--LIFTING OF WHICH HAS BEEN DEMANDED BY THE JEWS AS AN AID TO THEIR FORCES IN PALESTINE--WAS UNDER CONSIDERATION.

THE SIGNIFICANCE OF HIS COMMENT TODAY APPEARED TO BE THAT THE AMERICAN GOVERNMENT WOULD NOT TAKE ANY ACTION EXCEPT ONE WHICH WAS IN LINE WITH UNITED NATIONS POLICY AS LAID DOWN BY THE SECURITY COUNCIL.

AND THE SUBJECT OF ARMS SHIPMENTS CAME UP IN THE SECURITY COUNCIL ONLY A FEW HOURS LATER. THE BRITISH, IN CALLING FOR A FOUR WEEKS' ARMISTICE AND PEACEFUL SETTLEMENT OF THE WAR, SAID THEY WOULD JOIN A WORLD-WIDE ARMS EMBARGO AFFECTING JEWS AND ARABS ALIKE IF THE COUNCIL FOUND SUCH A STEP NECESSARY.

THEY ALSO DEMANDED THAT BOTH SIDES STOP INTRODUCING FIGHTING MEN AND MATERIALS INTO PALESTINE DURING THE PROPOSED TRUCE.

STATE DEPARTMENT OFFICIALS SAID PRESIDENT TRUMAN ISSUED HIS ARMS EMBARGO UNDER LEGAL AUTHORITY HE HAS TO CONTROL ARMS SHIPMENTS. THUS

HE COULD LIFT IT WITHOUT REFERENCE TO WHAT THE U.N. DOES, BUT HE APPARENTLY HAS DECIDED TO TAKE U. N. POLICY INTO CONSIDERATION. THE QUESTION OF A LOAN TO ISRAEL ALSO CAME UP AT THE TRUMAN NEWS CONFERENCE. MR. TRUMAN REPORTED THAT WHEN DR. CHAIM WEIZMANN, ISRAELI PRESIDENT, VISITED THE WHITE HOUSE TUESDAY, HE SAID THAT HE WOULD LIKE TO HAVE A LOAN.

THE PRESIDENT ADDED AMID LAUGHTER THAT IF THE REPORTERS KNEW OF ANY COUNTRY THAT WOULD NOT LIKE TO HAVE A LOAN HE WISHED THEY WOULD NAME IT IN A MORE SERIOUS VEIN. MR. TRUMAN SAID THAT DR. WEIZMANN DID NOT DISCUSS DETAILS OF THE LOAN. THE PRESIDENT SAID THAT SOURCES OF SUCH MONEY IN WASHINGTON INCLUDED THE EXPORT-IMPORT BANK AND THE WORLD BANK IN ADDITION TO THE UNITED STATES TREASURY. HE SAID THAT HE TOLD DR. WEIZMANN THAT IN FILING AN APPLICATION THE GOVERNMENT OF ISRAEL WOULD HAVE TO GO THROUGH THE USUAL CHANNELS.

WEIZMANN HAD INDICATED THAT HE HOPED TO OBTAIN A LOAN OF \$90,000,000 TO \$100,000,000 FROM THE UNITED STATES.

HY825PED

CHINA (200)

WASHINGTON, MAY 27-(AP)-A UNITED STATES ARMY PUBLICATION SAYS CHINA IS THE "ONLY MAJOR OBSTACLE BLOCKING COMPLETE COMMUNIST DOMINATION OF THE EASTERN HALF OF ASIA."

THE PUBLICATION "ARMED FORCES TALK," IS USED TO FAMILIARIZE TROOPS WITH VARIOUS NATIONAL AND INTERNATIONAL PROBLEMS.

TODAY'S ISSUE ON CHINA EMPHASIZED THAT COUNTRY'S STRATEGIC POSITION ON THE SOUTHERN BORDER OF EASTERN RUSSIA. IT SAID CHINA'S FUTURE IS "A MATTER OF VITAL IMPORTANCE TO THE UNITED STATES AND TO THE WORLD."

THE PUBLICATION SAID CHINA'S "MILITARY MACHINE CAN DRAW ON GREAT RESERVES FOR DEFENSE. X X X

"BUT BECAUSE OF NUMBERS, THE CHINESE POPULATION ALSO CONSTITUTES AN INVALUABLE PRIZE TO AN AGGRESSOR NATION. AS A SOURCE OF SLAVE LABOR OR MILITARY RESERVE, THE 450,000,000 CHINESE PEOPLE COULD STRENGTHEN A CONQUERING NATION IMMEASURABLY."

WITH A PERMANENT SEAT ON THE SECURITY COUNCIL OF THE UNITED NATIONS.

CHINA HAS ATTAINED AN IMPORTANT PLACE IN WORLD AFFAIRS AND, POLITICALLY, IS CONSIDERED ONE OF THE FIVE MAJOR POWERS, THE ARMY ARTICLE SAID.

"IN NATIONAL STRENGTH, HOWEVER, CHINA FALLS FAR SHORT OF BEING A FIRST RATE WORLD POWER," IT CONTINUED. "AT PRESENT HER SOIL AND HER PEOPLE ARE DIVIDED. POLITICAL DIFFERENCES AND ECONOMIC DISORDER HAVE WEAKENED AND IMPOVERISHED HER. WHETHER SHE CAN OVERCOME THESE OBSTACLES AND ATTAIN THE POSITION OF A TRULY GREAT NATION IS ONE OF THE QUESTIONS THAT PUZZLES THE WORLD TODAY. X X X

"AT PRESENT THERE IS NO GUARANTEE THAT THE NATIONALIST FORCES WILL BE ABLE TO STOP THE SPREAD OF THE COMMUNISTS AND PUT AN END TO THE (CIVIL) WAR."

MB334AFB

(300) WASHINGTON, MAY 27-(AP)-THE STATE DEPARTMENT ISSUED THE FOLLOWING STATEMENT TODAY IN ANNOUNCING REJECTION OF RUSSIAN PROTESTS THAT AMERICANS ARE INTERFERING WITH SOVIET SHIPPING NEAR JAPAN: (300)

ON MAY 25 THE AMERICAN EMBASSY IN MOSCOW REPLIED TO VARIOUS SOVIET NOTES OF PROTEST CONCERNING THE ACTIVITIES OF AMERICAN AIRCRAFT OVER WATERS ADJOINING JAPAN.

THE EMBASSY'S NOTE INFORMED THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT THAT A THOROUGH INVESTIGATION HAD BEEN CONDUCTED OF THE INSTANCES CITED IN THE SOVIET NOTES AND THAT CAREFUL STUDY HAD BEEN GIVEN TO THE ALLEGATIONS OF THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT THAT THE ACTIVITIES OF UNITED STATES AIRCRAFT IN THESE WATERS VIOLATED THE FREEDOM OF COMMERCIAL NAVIGATION.

IN NO SINGLE ONE OF THE MORE THAN 50 CASES TO WHICH OBJECTION HAD BEEN MADE BY THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT, HOWEVER, WAS THERE EVIDENCE EITHER IN THE SOVIET NOTES OR FROM THE INVESTIGATION UNDERTAKEN BY THE U.S. AUTHORITIES, THAT THE AIRCRAFT IN QUESTION WERE IN SUCH AN ATTITUDE OR POSITION, REGARDLESS OF THEIR ALTITUDE, THAT THEY CONSTITUTED ANY INTERFERENCE WITH COMMERCIAL NAVIGATION.

THE NOTE CONTINUED THAT THE GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED STATES DESIRED TO POINT OUT THAT UNDER THE MOSCOW AGREEMENT THE SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS ISSUES ALL ORDERS FOR THE OCCUPATION AND CONTROL OF JAPAN. IN CARRYING OUT THIS RESPONSIBILITY THE SUPREME COMMANDER HAS USED THE AIR, ARMY AND NAVAL FORCES AT HIS DISPOSAL TO PREVENT SMUGGLING AND ILLEGAL ENTRY INTO JAPAN.

EFFECTIVE MEASURES TO ACCOMPLISH THIS MISSION MUST INCLUDE SURFACE AND AERIAL SURVEILLANCE OF SHIPPING IN OFF-SHORE WATERS OF THE AREAS

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CONCERNED AS WELL AS GROUND ACTION ON PERIPHERIAL SHORES. LOW FLYING WITHIN THE LIMITS OF SAFETY IN CONDUCTING THIS OFF-SHORE PATROL IS ABSOLUTELY NECESSARY FOR RECOGNITION PURPOSES. THESE ACTIVITIES SERVE THE INTERESTS OF THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT AS WELL AS OF OTHER NATIONS CONCERNED WITH THE OCCUPATION AND CONTROL OF JAPAN.

THE NOTE POINTS OUT THAT THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT CONSIDERS THESE ACTIVITIES LEGITIMATE AND IS UNABLE TO ACCEPT THE SOVIET CONTENTION THAT THEY CONSTITUTE IN ANY WAY A VIOLATION OF THE FREEDOM OF COMMERCIAL SHIPPING.

IN CONCLUSION THE NOTE INFORMS THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT THAT AMERICAN PILOTS HAVE BEEN INSTRUCTED TO AVOID THE CREATION OF ANY HAZARD IN CARRYING OUT THEIR RESPONSIBILITIES UNDER ORDERS FROM THE SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS.

(END TEXT)

PF218PED

WASHINGTON, MAY 27-(AP)-WYOMING WAS DESCRIBED AS "THE BOLIVIA OF THE UNITED STATES" IN A KNOW NORTH AMERICA PROGRAM BEAMED TO LATIN AMERICA IN SPANISH BY THE NATIONAL BROADCASTING CO.

THE NBC LATIN-AMERICAN PROGRAMS, BROADCAST FOR THE STATE DEPARTMENT'S VOICE OF AMERICA, HAVE DRAWN SHARP CRITICISM IN BOTH THE HOUSE AND SENATE IN THE LAST TWO DAYS.

THE STATE DEPARTMENT TODAY RELEASED THE WYOMING SCRIPT, BUT IT BORE NO DATE OF BROADCAST.

EXCERPTS FROM THE IMAGINARY TRAVELOGUE SCRIPT, FEATURING THREE SPEAKERS, FOLLOW:

"NARRATOR: WYOMING IS THE BOLIVIA OF THE UNITED STATES. HIGH, NAKED LANDS, EXPOSED TO THE SNOW AND THE SLEET!

"IN TERRITORY, IT IS ONE OF THE VASTEST STATES OF THE UNION, AND NEVERTHELESS IT HAS ONLY TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTY THOUSAND INHABITANTS, THAT IS TO SAY, ONE TENTH OF THE POPULATION OF BROOKLYN. X X X

"WYOMING IS A COLONIZABLE STATE. IT IS A LAND OF THE FUTURE. X X X WYOMING IS AN ENDLESS PASTURE, FULL OF COWS, SHEEP AND HORSES. TWO-THIRDS OF ITS INHABITANTS ARE RANCHERS."

"VOICE ONE: THAT IS TO SAY, IN WYOMING THE IMPORTANT THING ISN'T THE PEOPLE, BUT THE CATTLE."

"NARRATOR: IN ADDITION TO MEAT AND WOOL THERE ARE GREAT OIL WELLS, THERE IS GOLD AND SILVER, AND THE PRODUCTION OF BEET SUGAR IS GREATER THAN THAT OF UTAH AND COLORADO. X X X"

"VOICE TWO: IT SEEMS IMPOSSIBLE THAT THESE TOWNS, SO WELL ORDERED AND SO LAW ABIDING, WERE SEMI BARBAROUS REGIONS FIFTY YEARS AGO."

"VOICE ONE: "WHAT DO YOU MEAN? LOOK AT THOSE COWBOYS, EVERYONE OF THEM CARRIES TWO GUNS?" X X X

"NARRATOR: IN WYOMING ALL CITIZENS ARE ALLOWED TO CARRY FIREARMS IF THEY KEEP THEM IN PLAIN VIEW, LIKE THOSE COWBOYS. X X X"

"NARRATOR: ANOTHER PECULIARITY ABOUT WYOMING IS THAT HERE NOBODY NEEDS A DRIVER'S LICENSE."

"VOICE ONE: THAT'S THE WAY IT OUGHT TO BE EVERYWHERE."

"NARRATOR: THIS STATE X X X HAS THE HONOR OF BEING THE FIRST ONE TO GIVE THE VOTE TO THE WOMEN. X X X AND THAT'S NOT ALL: IN 1929, MRS. NELLIE T. ROSS WAS ELECTED GOVERNOR. X X X

"THE LONGEST AND MOST BITTERLY FOUGHT WAR IN THE HISTORY OF WYOMING WAS NOT BETWEEN THE INDIAN AND THE WHITE MAN BUT BETWEEN THE EARLY COW MEN AND THE UPSTARTS WHO FILLED THE STATE WITH SHEEP. X X X"

"VOICE ONE: WE CERTAINLY ARE HAVING WONDERFUL LUCK."

"VOICE TWO: TO HAPPEN TO BE IN CHEYENNE AT THIS MOMENT. X X X"

"NARRATOR: THE FRONTIER DAY CELEBRATION IS THE MOST EXTRAORDINARY FESTIVAL OF THE WEST. PEOPLE COME FROM EVERYWHERE FROM CALIFORNIA TO THE CANADIAN BORDER."

"VOICE TWO: LOOK! WHAT MAGNIFICENT INDIAN GIRLS!"

"VOICE ONE: FEATHERED AND NAKED."

"VOICE TWO: WHAT ARE THEY GOING TO DO?"

"NARRATOR: LET ME SEE THE PROGRAM. IT'S THE 100 METER RACE. X X X
"SO WE SAY GOODBYE TO WYOMING, THE MOST CORDIAL STATE OF THE UNION, THE MOST FERTILE AND THE MOST PRIMITIVE -- WITH ITS INNUMERABLE HILLS COVERED WITH SEEP X X X ITS MOUNTAINS FULL OF MINES AND ITS VAST PLATEAUS TREMBLING UNDER THE HOOFS OF WILD HORSES."

VH830PED

WHITE SANDS, N.M., MAY 27-(AP)-THE ARMY'S 35TH V-2 ROCKET WAS SHOT 57 MILES INTO THE SKY TODAY. IT BROUGHT BACK SAMPLES OF THE ATMOSPHERE AND PHOTOGRAPHS OF THE EARTH AND SUN.

MAJ. J. B. DICKEY, PUBLIC INFORMATION OFFICER, SAID "IT IS THE MOST SUCCESSFUL FLIGHT OF A V-2 EVER MADE AT THE WHITE SANDS PROVING GROUNDS."

HE SAID SPECIAL BOTTLES WERE INSIDE THE ROCKET DESIGNED TO TAKE SAMPLES OF THE ATMOSPHERE AT HIGH ALTITUDES. DURING THE FLIGHT TWO CAMERAS PHOTOGRAPHED THE SUN AND THE EARTH.

THE SHOOT WAS UNDER THE DIRECTION OF THE APPLIED PHYSICS LABORATORY OF JOHN HOPKINS UNIVERSITY. THE ROCKET CARRIED INSTRUMENTS TO OBTAIN DATA ON COSMIC RAYS AND THE SUN'S SPECTRUM.

DP547PCS

SUB SICILIAN SAILORS ELIMINATED (A32KX)

SAN RAFAEL, CALIF., MAY 27-(AP)-CIVIC GROUPS WERE HARD AT WORK TODAY GATHERING A SHIPMENT OF CLOTHING AND RELIEF SUPPLIES FOR THE FAMILIES OF 40 SICILIAN SAILORS VISITING HERE.

THE SAILORS ARRIVED TWO WEEKS AGO TO TAKE OVER FOUR MINESWEEPERS BEING RECONVERTED FOR FISHING CRAFT.

LOCAL FIREMEN BECAME INTERESTED IN THE MEN BECAUSE THE FIRE DEPARTMENT WAS SUPPLYING THEM WATER. THE DIFFERENCE IN LIVING STANDARDS BETWEEN THE SICILIANS AND THE TOWNSPEOPLE SEEMED SO GREAT THAT RUMORS THE MEN WERE "DESTITUTE" BECAME WIDESPREAD.

HOWEVER, THE SAILORS REPORTED THEIR FOOD WAS GOOD AND THAT THEIR CLOTHING, WHILE WORN FROM THE LONG TRIP TO CALIFORNIA, WAS ADEQUATE. THE MEN RECEIVE THE EQUIVALENT OF \$80 A MONTH U.S., OF WHICH ALL BUT \$7 GOES FOR ROOM AND BOARD.

SOME OF THE SAILORS ARE VISITING NEARBY SAN FRANCISCO ON DAYS OFF, THOUGH \$7 POCKET MONEY DOESN'T TAKE THEM FAR.

CIVIC GROUPS ARE DETERMINED THE SICILIANS WILL TAKE HOME AN EXPRESSION OF THE COMMUNITY'S GOODWILL. CITIZENS HAVE BEEN ASKED TO DONATE FOOD AND CLOTHING TO FILL ONE OF THE MINESWEEPERS.

JV1129ACS

(NY) (ADVANCE) MT. PLEASANT, IOWA, MAY 27-(AP)-WARREN R. AUSTIN SAID TONIGHT AN AMERICAN WEAPON OF EXPOSURE IS BETTER THAN SOVIET SUPPRESSION OF INFORMATION IN THE FIGHT AGAINST FASCISM.

THE U.S. CHIEF DELEGATE TO THE UNITED NATIONS DREW THE COMPARISON IN A SPEECH ATTRIBUTED TO HIM AND PREPARED FOR DELIVERY BY HIS DEPUTY, JOHN C. ROSS, AT IOWA WESLEYAN COLLEGE. AUSTIN WAS KEPT AT LAKE SUCCESS BY THE U.N. EFFORTS IN THE PALESTINE CRISIS.

HE SAID ONE OF THE GREATEST DIFFERENCES BETWEEN AMERICAN AND SOVIET LIFE LIES IN THE SPHERE OF FREEDOM, AND ADDED:

"IN EVERY DISCUSSION OF THE FREEDOM OF INFORMATION ISSUE WITH THE RUSSIANS, THEY HAVE INSISTED, FOR INSTANCE, ON IMPOSING ON THE INDIVIDUAL AND ON THE PRESS THE LEGAL OBLIGATION TO SUPPRESS FASCISM AND NAZIISM.

"THE UNITED STATES OPPOSES FASCIST AND NAZI IDEOLOGIES AS FIRMLY AND BITTERLY AS THE SOVIETS, YET WE WILL NOT FIGHT WITH THE WEAPONS OF ENFORCED SUPPRESSION, NOR BY DENYING LIBERTY OF EXPRESSION TO PERSONS WHO HOLD THOSE OPINIONS. WE HAVE A BETTER WAY OF FIGHTING THEM.

"WE EXPOSE THEM. WE TURN THE SPOTLIGHT OF TRUTH ON THEM. I AM PERSUADED THAT BY THIS METHOD WE HAVE REDUCED TO IMPOTENCE THE MANIFESTATIONS OF TOTALITARIANISM THAT GREW UP IN OUR COUNTRY IN THE EARLY PART OF THE SECOND WORLD WAR."

THE AUSTIN SPEECH URGED THAT ATTEMPTS BE MADE TO UNDERSTAND THE SOVIET UNION, THE RUSSIAN PEOPLE AND THEIR POLITICAL SYSTEM.

"WE WILL NEVER GET ALONG WITH THEM UNLESS WE LEARN TO UNDERSTAND THEM AND -- MORE IMPORTANT -- PERSUADE THEM TO UNDERSTAND US," HE SAID. "WE HAVE MUCH IN COMMON WITH THEM.

"AMERICAN LIFE HAS BEEN GREATLY ENRICHED BY THE MAGNIFICENT WORK OF RUSSIANS IN SCIENCE, MUSIC AND LITERATURE. WE ARE BOUND BY SIMILAR CULTURAL TIES TO THE ITALIANS AND TO THE GERMANS. EVEN CLOSER, BECAUSE OF OUR COMMON HISTORY OF GOVERNMENT, ARE OUR CONNECTIONS WITH ENGLAND AND FRANCE.

"THIS PROCESS OF INTERCHANGE OF THOUGHT, OF INTERDEPENDENCE OF CULTURE, OF INTER-ENJOYMENT OF LIFE, NOT ONLY WILL CONTINUE, BUT WILL BE ON AN EVER-WIDENING SCALE. EDUCATION IS BRINGING PEOPLES TOGETHER MORE INTIMATELY AND MORE FREQUENTLY, AND OUR PURPOSE IS TO SPEED THE PROCESS. WITH TOLERANCE, WITH UNDERSTANDING, WE SHALL ADVANCE TOWARD A MORE PERFECT UNION IN THE UNITED NATIONS, AND TO INCREASINGLY RELIABLE GUARANTEES OF PEACE."

(END ADVANCE FOR USE AT 9 P.M., EASTERN STANDARD TIME, TONIGHT, THURSDAY, MAY 27).

NQ625PED

NEW YORK, MAY 27-(AP)-DR. CHAIM WEIZMANN WAS EN ROUTE TO EUROPE TODAY, READY TO ASSUME HIS ROLE AS PRESIDENT OF THE NEW STATE OF ISRAEL.

THE 73-YEAR-OLD PROVISIONAL HEAD OF THE JEWISH REPUBLIC SAID YESTERDAY BEFORE SAILING ABOARD THE MAURETANIA THAT HE HOPED HIS COUNTRY SOON WOULD LIVE IN FRIENDSHIP WITH THE ARABS AND GREAT BRITAIN.

DR. WEIZMANN SAID HE AND HIS WIFE, WHO SAILED WITH HIM, WOULD SPEND SEVERAL WEEKS IN PARIS BEFORE PROCEEDING TO PALESTINE.

MRS. WEIZMANN TOLD NEWSMEN THE COUPLE DECIDED AGAINST A

STOP-OVER IN LONDON BECAUSE OF BRITAIN'S STAND ON THE PALESTINE ISSUE. "IT IS A SENSE OF CHAGRIN FOR US THAT THE COUNTRY WE OWE SO MUCH TO AND TO WHICH WE HAVE GIVEN THE BEST WE HAD HAS FAILED TO RECOGNIZE ISRAEL," SHE SAID. "WE DON'T WISH TO COME TO ENGLAND ON SUFFERANCE." DR. AND MRS. WEIZMANN STILL ARE BRITISH CITIZENS. THEY WILL BECOME ISRAELI CITIZENS ON REACHING THE HOLY LAND.

JA556AED

NEW YORK, MAY 27-(AP)-THE ADMINISTRATION HAS THREE BASIC ANSWERS TO A "TRIPLE THREAT" OF WORLD COMMUNISM AGAINST THE UNITED STATES, ARTHUR M. HILL, CHAIRMAN OF THE NATIONAL SECURITY RESOURCES BOARD, SAID LAST NIGHT.

ADDRESSING THE 32ND ANNUAL MEETING OF THE NATIONAL INDUSTRIAL CONFERENCE BOARD, HILL GAVE THESE ANSWERS TO COMMUNISM:

1. FULL SUPPORT OF THE UNITED NATIONS AND THE EUROPEAN RECOVERY PROGRAM.

2. THE CURRENT MILITARY AND ECONOMIC PREPAREDNESS PLANNING OF THE UNITED STATES.

3. CONTINUED PROGRESS OF OUR POLITICAL AND ECONOMIC SYSTEM AS A BULWARK OF DEMOCRACY AT HOME AND AS A WORLD EXAMPLE.

HILL SAID THESE THREE THINGS ARE ESSENTIAL IN VIEW OF COMMUNIST EFFORTS TO DOMINATE THE WORLD BY ARMED AGGRESSION OR THREATS, BY FIFTH COLUMN AND COUP D'ETAT METHODS, AND BY PROPAGANDA CREATING AND EXPLOITING CAUSES OF DISCONTENT.

HILL SAID THE NATIONAL SECURITY RESOURCES BOARD INTENDS TO STRENGTHEN THE WAR PRODUCTION ABILITY OF THE UNITED STATES TO A POINT WHERE IT WOULD BE SUPERIOR TO THAT OF ANY POSSIBLE ENEMY.

CONGRESS CREATED THE BOARD LAST YEAR TO ADVISE THE PRESIDENT ON THE COORDINATION OF MILITARY, INDUSTRIAL AND CIVILIAN MOBILIZATION OF MATERIAL AND HUMAN RESOURCES.

JT725AED

NEW YORK, MAY 27-(AP)-SUMNER WELLES SAID TONIGHT THAT EXPULSION OF RUSSIA FROM THE UNITED NATIONS WOULD LEAD TO WAR.

THE FORMER UNDERSECRETARY OF STATE MADE THIS DECLARATION IN AN ADDRESS AT A DINNER GIVEN BY THE AMERICAN ASSOCIATION FOR THE UNITED NATIONS.

HE VIGOROUSLY OPPOSED PROPOSALS NOW BEFORE CONGRESS TO REVISE THE U.N. CHARTER OR REORGANIZE THE U.N.

"THE REAL OBJECTIVE OF A MAJORITY OF ALL OF THESE PROPOSALS," WELLES SAID, "IS THE EXPULSION OF THE SOVIET UNION AND ITS PRESENT SATELLITES FROM THE UNITED NATIONS."

WELLES SAID IF THE AMERICAN GOVERNMENT LENT ITSELF TO SUCH A PURPOSE IT WOULD "HELP TO DESTROY FOR MANY GENERATIONS TO COME WHATEVER CHANCES THERE MAY STILL BE FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A UNIVERSAL WORLD ORDER, AND INEVITABLY DIVIDE THE WORLD INTO TWO ARMED AND HOSTILE CAMPS BETWEEN WHICH WAR MUST SOONER OR LATER BREAK OUT."

HE BLAMED BOTH THE UNITED STATES AND RUSSIA FOR WHAT HE CALLED THE TRAGIC FAILURE OF THE U.N.

BOTH ARE GUILTY, HE SAID, OF TRYING TO MAKE THE WORLD ORGANIZATION AN INSTRUMENT TO ADVANCE THEIR OWN INDIVIDUAL AND SELFISH INTERESTS.

WV1142PED

30.24-18091

NEW YORK, MAY 27-(AP)-AMERICAN IMPORTERS SAY JAPAN'S SILK INDUSTRY, WHICH EXPORTED 300,000 BALES ANNUALLY TO AMERICA BEFORE THE WAR, CAN'T SELL THIS COUNTRY OVER 60,000 BALES A YEAR FROM NOW ON.

AT THE FIRST POSTWAR MEETING HERE OF AMERICAN AND JAPANESE SILK TRADERS, THE NIPPONESE SILKMEN HEARD THIS GLOOMY PROSPECT PICTURED FOR THEIR NATION'S CHIEF EXPORT.

"JAPAN CAN NEVER HOPE TO RECOVER ITS PRE-WAR SILK MARKETS IN THE UNITED STATES. NYLON PRODUCTS HAVE BECOME POPULAR. AMERICAN WOMEN ARE FAR TOO FOND OF NYLON HOSE TO EVER RETURN TO SILK STOCKINGS."

THESE WERE OPINIONS VOICED AT THE MEETING YESTERDAY BY GEORGE ELBOGEN, PRESIDENT OF THE AMERICAN SILK COUNCIL; AND ALEXANDER D. WALKER, FRANK KUNZE AND PAULINO GERLI, LEADING AMERICAN IMPORTERS OF RAW SILK.

THE AMERICAN SPOKESMEN SAID THERE IS NO PROSPECT THAT FUTURE IMPORTS OF JAPANESE RAW SILK WOULD EXCEED PRESENT PURCHASES OF SLIGHTLY UNDER 5,000 BALES A MONTH. AND BECAUSE NYLON HAS REPLACED SILK, THESE PURCHASES WILL BE CONFINED LARGELY TO RAW SILK SUITABLE FOR FABRIC MATERIAL, THEY ADDED.

CONTINUATION OF PRESENT METHODS OF SKEIN PACKAGING IS PREFERRED TO CONE PACKAGING, THE JAPANESE WERE TOLD. IMPORTS OF RAW SILK IN CONES IS SUBJECT TO CUSTOMS DUTY WHEREAS SKEIN PACKAGES ARE DUTY FREE.

FURTHER CONFERENCES WERE DEFERRED UNTIL THE INTERNATIONAL SILK CONFERENCE STARTING AT LYON, FRANCE, JUNE 14 (CORRECT) AND CONTINUING AT PARIS JUNE 16 FOR TWO MORE DAYS.

THE JAPANESE SILK TRADERS PLAN TO LEAVE FOR FRANCE SATURDAY, MAY 29.

REPRESENTATIVES OF 42 NATIONS WILL ATTEND THE CONFERENCE.
MQ750PED

PALESTINE
BY MAX HARRELSON

LAKE SUCCESS, MAY 27-(AP)-THE BRITISH SAID LATE TODAY THEY HAD A NEW AND IMPORTANT PROPOSAL TO OFFER ON PALESTINE.

A BRITISH SPOKESMAN TOLD REPORTERS SIR ALEXANDER CADOGAN HAD RECEIVED NEW INSTRUCTIONS THIS AFTERNOON. HE DESCRIBED THE INSTRUCTIONS AS IMPORTANT AND SAID THEY CONTAINED A FORMAL PROPOSAL. THERE WAS NO IMMEDIATE INDICATION OF WHAT THE PLAN WAS.

THE INSTRUCTIONS WERE DISPATCHED TO LAKE SUCCESS AFTER A FORENOON SPECIAL CABINET MEETING IN LONDON.

IT WAS NOT CERTAIN THAT THE BRITISH PROPOSAL WOULD BE LAID BEFORE THE SECURITY COUNCIL TODAY.

THE SPOKESMAN SAID BRITAIN MIGHT ASK FOR AN ADJOURNMENT UNTIL TOMORROW TO GIVE CADOGAN TIME TO PREPARE HIS SPEECH ON THE NEW PROPOSAL.

TU430PED

LAKE SUCCESS--SECOND ADD PALESTINE (A15) WHICH MAKE LEAD DAY) XXX PROPOSAL.

DISCLOSURE OF THE BRITISH PLAN CAME AS THE COUNCIL'S PALESTINE DEBATE WAS IN PROGRESS. INFORMED QUARTERS SAID THE U.S. DELEGATION HAD BEEN INSTRUCTED TO REMAIN SILENT ON ANY NEW PALESTINE MOVE UNTIL AFTER CADOGAN SPOKE.

THE SESSION OPENED WITH A SHARP EXCHANGE BETWEEN ARAB AND JEWISH REPRESENTATIVES. FARIS EL KHOURY OF SYRIA TOUCHED OFF THE FIGHT BY CHARGING THE JEWS WERE USING BACTERIA AS A WEAPON IN PALESTINE. AUBREY S. EBAN, ISRAEL'S REPRESENTATIVE, CALLED THE CHARGES "MIDIEVAL ANTI-SEMITISM."

A SOVIET REPRESENTATIVE CHARGED THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN WERE DELIBERATELY TRYING TO DELAY EFFORTS IN THE UNITED NATIONS TO STOP THE PALESTINE WAR.

VASSILY A. TARASENKO, DELEGATE FOR THE SOVIET UNION, TOLD THE SECURITY COUNCIL THE TWO WESTERN POWERS WERE PLAYING A POLITICAL GAME WHILE THE JEWS AND ARABS SLAUGHTER EACH OTHER.

TARASENKO SAID THE BRITISH WERE SUPPLYING THE ARABS WITH ARMS AND TRYING TO DELAY ANY U.N. DECISION THAT MIGHT STOP THEM. HE ALSO CHARGED THAT U.S. ARMS WERE GOING TO THE ARABS THROUGH BRITISH HANDS.

"THE SECURITY COUNCIL CANNOT WAIT," HE SAID. "IT MUST ADOPT MEASURES AND PUT AN END TO THE MILITARY ACTIVITIES IN PALESTINE."

ARAB REJECTION XXX AT START PMS BUDGET (A18)
RQ501PED

LEAD DAY UNITED NATIONS
BY MAX HARRELSON

LAKE SUCCESS, MAY 27-(AP)-RUSSIA DEMANDED LATE TODAY THAT THE UNITED NATIONS SECURITY COUNCIL ADOPT AN ENFORCEABLE CEASE-FIRE ORDER TO STOP THE PALESTINE WAR.

THE SOVIET MOVE CAME AS THE BRITISH PREPARED TO SUBMIT WHAT THEY CALLED A NEW AND IMPORTANT PALESTINE PROPOSAL.

THE SOVIET PROPOSAL IN EFFECT WAS THE SAME AS AN AMERICAN RESOLUTION REJECTED BY THE COUNCIL LAST WEEK.

IT WOULD DECLARE A BREACH OF PEACE EXISTS UNDER ARTICLE 39 OF THE U.N. CHARTER AND ORDER THE JEWS AND ARABS TO CEASE FIRE WITHIN 36 HOURS AFTER THE COUNCIL ACTS.

ACTION UNDER THIS ARTICLE MAY BE BACKED UP BY INTERNATIONAL MILITARY FORCE, IF NECESSARY.

A BRITISH SPOKESMAN X X X SECOND GRAF (A13UN)

TU530PED

PALESTINE

LAKE SUCCESS, MAY 27-(AP)-BRITAIN OFFERED A NEW PROPOSAL IN THE UNITED NATIONS TONIGHT TO OBTAIN PEACEFUL MEDIATION OF THE PALESTINE WAR.

IF THAT MOVE FAILS, SIR ALEXANDER CADOGAN TOLD THE SECURITY COUNCIL THE BRITISH FEEL IT WILL BE NECESSARY TO INVOKE THE STRONGEST MEASURES AGAINST FIGHTING ARABS AND JEWS.

BRITAIN THUS FAR HAS HELD OUT FOR PEACEFUL MEDIATION.

CADOGAN TOLD THE COUNCIL ALSO THAT BRITAIN WOULD JOIN A WORLD-WIDE ARMS EMBARGO ON ARABS AND JEWS ALIKE IF THE COUNCIL DECIDES UPON THAT STEP.

620PED

LAKE SUCCESS, MAY 27-(AP)-THE ARABS TOLD THE UNITED NATIONS TODAY THAT JEWS WERE RESORTING TO BACTERIOLOGICAL WARFARE IN PALESTINE.

A JEWISH REPRESENTATIVE DENIED THE CHARGE.

SYRIAN DELEGATE FARIS EL KHOURY READ TO THE SECURITY COUNCIL AN EGYPTIAN NOTE SAYING TWO ZIONISTS HAD BEEN ARRESTED IN PALESTINE AND CONFESSED THEY HAD ORDERS TO THROW GERMS INTO DRINKING WATER.

EL KHOURY ALSO READ A LETTER HE SAID HE HAD RECEIVED SOME DAYS AGO FROM A JEW SAYING THE JEWS WOULD DECIMATE THE EGYPTIANS BY BACTERIOLOGICAL WARFARE.

AUBREY S. EBAN, REPRESENTATIVE OF ISRAEL, DESCRIBED THE CHARGES AS A "MOST DEPRAVED BIT OF MEDIEVAL ANTI-SEMITISM."

WW915PED

UNITED NATIONS (450)

BY LARRY HAUCK

LAKE SUCCESS, MAY 27-(AP)-ARAB REJECTION OF A CEASE FIRE IN PALESTINE CREATED A GRAVE CRISIS TODAY IN THE UNITED NATIONS.

SECURITY COUNCIL DELEGATES GENERALLY ANTICIPATED TURNDOWN OF THE U.N. APPEAL, BUT WHEN IT CAME THEY SEEMED STUNNED.

NOT ONE DELEGATE SPOKE AFTER THE ARAB REPLY WAS RECEIVED LAST NIGHT. WARREN R. AUSTIN OF THE UNITED STATES APPEARED TO SUM UP THE SENTIMENT. HE SAID THE SITUATION IS SO SERIOUS THAT IT REQUIRES CAREFUL CONSIDERATION OF THE AMERICAN GOVERNMENT.

THE JEWS HAD ACCEPTED THE CEASE FIRE. THEIR COMMENT WAS: "IF THE ARAB STATES WANT PEACE WITH ISRAEL THEY CAN HAVE IT--IF THEY WANT WAR THEY CAN HAVE IT."

THE FIGHTING WENT ON IN PALESTINE.

THE ARAB ANSWER WAS RELAYED TO THE COUNCIL FROM A MEETING OF THE ARAB LEAGUE IN AMMAN, TRANS-JORDAN. THE LEAGUE AGREED ONLY TO BARGAIN WITH THE COUNCIL OVER TERMS. A 48-HOUR TIME LIMIT WAS SET ON COUNCIL SUGGESTIONS FOR SOLVING THE HOLY LAND PROBLEM.

THE COUNCIL'S NEXT STEP MAY HINGE ON OUTCOME OF CONTINUING AMERICAN-BRITISH TALKS IN LONDON. THE UNITED STATES HAS BEEN PRESSING FOR STRONGER U.N. MEASURES SUCH AS A STOP-THE-WAR ORDER BACKED UP WITH THE THREAT OF DIPLOMATIC AND ECONOMIC SANCTIONS AND EVEN INTERNATIONAL FORCE.

SO FAR BRITAIN HAS REFUSED TO SEVER ITS TIES WITH THE ARABS AND GO ALONG WITH SUCH A PROGRAM. RUSSIA AND FRANCE FAVOR THE VIGOROUS POLICY.

A SPOKESMAN FOR A BIG POWER DELEGATION PREDICTED THERE WOULD BE EXTENDED DEBATE AT LAKE SUCCESS OVER THE ARAB MOVE BUT THAT THE COUNCIL EVENTUALLY WOULD TAKE STRONG ACTION. HE HELD THE VIEW THAT THE U.N. HAD GONE TOO FAR IN ITS EFFORTS TO STOP THE FIGHTING TO BACK DOWN NOW.

IN ANOTHER STATEMENT TO THE COUNCIL, MAHMOUD BEY FAWZI OF EGYPT WAS MORE OUTSPOKEN THAN THE LEAGUE.

"THE EGYPTIAN GOVERNMENT REGRET THAT THEY CANNOT ABIDE BY A RECOMMENDATION OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL TO CEASE FIRE IN PALESTINE," HE SAID. EGYPTIAN TROOPS ARE FIGHTING IN THE HOLY LAND.

FAWZI SAID EGYPT AND THE OTHER ARAB NATIONS WOULD BE WILLING TO CONSIDER A CEASE-FIRE IF THE COUNCIL WOULD "PROHIBIT THE IMPORTATION OF ARMS BY ZIONIST TERRORISTS IN PALESTINE, THE INFUX OF REINFORCEMENTS FROM ABROAD, AND THE SUPPORT OF ZIONIST TERRORISTS FROM OTHER COUNTRIES."

THE ARAB LEAGUE STATEMENT WAS READ TO THE COUNCIL BY DR. NAJI AL-ASIL OF IRAQ. IT CONCLUDED:

"THE CEASE-FIRE AT THE PRESENT DOES NOT GUARANTEE NEITHER TO THE ARABS OF PALESTINE NOR TO THE NEIGHBORING ARAB STATES THE SAFETY THEY ARE SEEKING. AND YET, BEING ANXIOUS TO REALIZE THE PURPOSE OF THE EFFORTS OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL, NAMELY, THE ARRIVAL AT A JUST SOLUTION AND A LASTING PEACE, I AM AUTHORIZED TO INFORM YOU THAT THE POLITICAL COMMITTEE OF THE ARAB LEAGUE IS READY TO STUDY WITHIN A TIME LIMIT OF 48 HOURS ANY SUGGESTION WHICH THE SECURITY COUNCIL MAY MAKE TO THEM ALONG THE LINE OF A SOLUTION OF THE PALESTINE PROBLEM."

THE CEASE-FIRE DEADLINE, EXTENDED 48 HOURS AT THE REQUEST OF THE ARABS, HAD BEEN SET FOR NOON (EST) YESTERDAY. THE COUNCIL IDLY DEBATED THE CZECHOSLOVAK AND KASHMIR CASES FOR FIVE HOURS PAST THE DEADLINE BEFORE GETTING THE ARAB STATEMENT.

THE ARAB NOTE ARRIVED IN CODE AT THE IRAQI CONSULATE IN NEW YORK SHORTLY BEFORE NOON. IT THEN HAD TO BE DECODED, TRANSLATED AND PREPARED FOR THE DELEGATES.

M344AED

End MAY 27, 1948

Old Jerusalem Falls To Arab Forces After Bitter 11-Day Siege

By JOSEPH C. GOODWIN

Inside Jerusalem's Old City, May 28 (AP)—Exhausted Jews in the Old City surrendered today to Trans-Jordan's Arab Legion after a last-chance attack by Israeli forces outside the walls failed to dent Arab lines.

With the surrender Jerusalem's mile-square walled area sacred to three religions will be without any Jewish population for the first time in 2,000 years.

The end came at 2.30 P.M., after eleven days of bitter close-quarter fighting through the Old City's catacombs and buildings and around its walls. The forlorn final stand of the Jews was made in three ancient houses in the shadow of the south wall.

300 Women And Children

Jewish negotiators said their people numbered between 1,500 and 1,600, but these included many dead and wounded. Under the surrender terms the women and children, estimated at 300, and the old men will be turned over to the International Red Cross. Younger men will be placed in a concentration camp "outside Palestine."

The surrender of the Jews in the Old City did not end the battle for Jerusalem. In the newer portions of Jerusalem Arab Legion artillery and Israeli mortars continued firing. The 80,000 to 90,000 Jews in modern Jerusalem are cut off at present from the main sources of Jewish strength along the coast.

Jews Without Food

The last Jewish attack to relieve the Jews in the Old City came from the Mount of Olives toward the Legion's Jericho road route. It was beaten back at the eastern suburb of Bethany.

During the night Legion loudspeakers broadcast a final warning to the Old City Jews to "surrender or expect no mercy." Arab infantry

then was called upon to root out the Jewish defenders penned into the three stone houses following the capture by the Legionnaires of the Hurva Synagogue. The Jews were without food and were short of ammunition.

The Legionnaires' final assault on the three buildings halted at 9.30 A.M. after the surrender overtures began.

Two Rabbis Carry Flags

King Abdullah of Trans-Jordan laid down the conditions. The surrender was negotiated by the Legion's area commander, a major, when two gray-bearded rabbis bearing white flags arrived at the Arab lines.

The conditions were accepted by Mordecai Weingarten, the Jewish Mukhtar (mayor) of the Old City, and two officers of Haganah, the Israeli army. The Haganah officers, Saul Tawil and David Eisen, were brought inside the Arab lines under a white flag.

Gather Up Arms

After the agreement was concluded the Jews returned to their people with Legion troops and medical personnel to care for the wounded and ill. Jewish negotiators said four Jews had died of an "unidentified disease."

Legion guards and armored cars immediately threw a tight cordon around the battered Jewish quarter. The Legionnaires gathered up surrendered Jewish arms and prepared to remove the prisoners.

Alien groups from the Egyptian and Iraq Armies arrived in the afternoon in time to observe the Legionnaires' roundup of the surrendered Jews.

Tired and dejected Jews began filing across piles of debris from explosion-wrecked buildings surrounding their last-stand positions. Many wore bloodstained bandages.

Arab Legionnaires kept them moving past armored cars for a

quick search and identification.

There were many weeping women and children. They and some men appeared to be suffering from shock.

The weapons of the men were tossed in piles for transfer to the Legion's armory, and all were lined up to wait for buses for their trip out of the walled city.

ISRAELIS, FOOD GONE, END BITTER FIGHTING

2 Aged Rabbis Carry White Flags to Arab Lines—1500 Jews Affected—Battle for Modern City Near.

Inside Jerusalem's Old City, May 28 (A. P.).—Jews in the Old City surrendered to the Trans-Jordan Arab Legion at 2:30 P. M. today. (This was 6:30 A. M., Eastern daylight time.)

Under the surrender terms the women and children, estimated to number 300, and the old men will be turned over to the International Red Cross. Younger men will be placed in a concentration camp "outside Palestine."

Jewish negotiators said their people affected by the surrender numbered between 1,500 and 1,600. Of this number the leaders said many were dead or wounded. Four Jews, they said, died of an "unidentified disease."

The Jews had been completely without food and short of ammunition after their eleven-day pounding by Arab guns.

Two Rabbis Carry Flags

The surrender was negotiated by the legion area commander, a major, after the arrival at Arab lines of two gray-bearded rabbis bearing white flags. The Old City is an area less than a mile square behind walls in the heart of modern Jerusalem. With the removal of the Jews from behind the walls, the Old City will be without any Jewish population

der or expect no mercy."

Overtures in Morning

Surrender overtures were made in the morning. The legion demanded the surrender of all the men as prisoners of war, and proposed that women and children remain in their homes temporarily under legion protection.

The final Arab assault on the three remaining buildings in Jewish hands halted this morning after the two rabbis appeared at the legion forward post to surrender in the name of their people.

There was heavy firing all through the night, in which the last synagogue remaining intact in the Old City was destroyed.

In the final hours of the battle Jews from the outside launched an attack from the Mount of Olives toward the legion's Jericho

Road route to the walls. They were beaten back in this attempt to bring relief to the hold-up Jewish soldiers inside.

When the surrender agreement was concluded, the Jews returned to their people with legion troops, who brought along medical personnel to care for the sick and wounded. Before the partition fighting began, there had been 3,500 Jews in the Old City, but many had been evacuated.

Outside the ancient hallowed walls, the Arab Legion's artillery and Jewish mortars continued a duel over modern Jerusalem, where an estimated 80,000 Jews are besieged. Inside the walls, for the first time since last November, it was strangely quiet.

for the first time in nearly 2,000 years.

Conditions laid down by King Abdullah of Trans-Jordan were accepted by the Jewish Mukhtar (Mayor) of the Old City and two officers of Haganah, the Jewish Army, who were brought inside the Arab lines under a white flag.

Legion guards and armored cars immediately threw a cordon around the battered Jewish quarter. The Legionnaires gathered up surrendered Jewish arms and prepared to evacuate the prisoners.

Old City residents and Arab irregulars were ordered to remain in their homes.

During the night legion loudspeakers had blasted out a "final warning" to the Jews to "surrender

HEAVY FIGHTING
RAGES IN DRIVE
FOR MODERN CITY

Outcome Seen Hinging on
Control of Vital Tel
Aviv Highway.

JEW TAKE 2 VILLAGES

EXHAUSTED
BY BATTLE
WITH ARABS

May 28 (AP)
Last Attack By Israelis
Fails—Fight For Modern
Zone Continues

Israeli Men Win 2 Villages As Latrun Battle Develops

Flanking Move Gains Ground in Critical Area—Egyptians Say Fliers Blocked
Another Bid to Force Road Open

By The Associated Press
CAIRO, Egypt, May 28.—Arab Legion and Israeli commanders fed armor and artillery into the mounting battle for Latrun tonight after hungry, outnumbered Israeli fighters in Jerusalem's Old City surrendered to King Abdullah's siege forces.

The victory of the Trans-Jordan troops in the Old City was not a decisive one. The battle for a bigger prize—all of Jerusalem—was being fought out fourteen miles west of the Holy City on the vital highway from Tel Aviv.

Israel's army announced that its troops had captured the Arab villages of Beit Jiz and Beit Susin, immediately south of the highway and a little more than a mile from Latrun.

An Egyptian Defense Ministry communiqué said tonight that Egyptian bombers attacked and dispersed Israeli troop concentrations that were attempting to open the Jerusalem-Tel Aviv road at

Bab el Wad, eleven miles west of the Holy City. Bab el Wad is four miles east of Latrun. The number of planes or troops involved was not given. The communiqué also said that Egyptian planes raided Jewish settlements between Tel Aviv and Gaza.

A Tel Aviv dispatch said there were indications the Latrun engagement might be the decisive one in the Palestine war. The British-controlled Near East Radio quoted a correspondent as describing the battle there as the largest yet fought in the middle east war.

Both sides have been pouring in reinforcements, Jerusalem dispatches said. Thousands of Arabs and Jews now are reported engaged in the struggle.

Even before the battle for Jeru-

alem's old city was decided the Arab Legion was reported to have drawn troops out of the Jerusalem area and rushed them to Bab El Wad gorge in an attempt to stem the Jewish attack.

The Jews began the offensive Monday and met a heavy concentration of Arab forces. Beit Jiz and Beit Susin fell to the Jewish troops after they swept south of the highway in a flanking move last night.

To open communications to the 80,000 to 90,000 Jews besieged in the modern sections of Jerusalem the Jews must not only clear Latrun, the site of a picturesque monastery of monks pledged to silence, but also must gain command of the heights overlooking Bab El Wad gorge. There has been intermittent fighting along the four-mile stretch of highway between Latrun and Bab El Wad since the United Nations voted for partition Nov. 29 but none of the engagements heretofore has been on the scale of the present one.

Both Arabs and Jews threw aircraft into the fighting which is spreading over the hills where Richard the Lion Hearted was turned back from his crusade.

Israeli army headquarters announced that one Iraqi two-engine plane of the Anson type was shot down in the Latrun area yesterday. An Arab communiqué from Baghdad said Iraqi planes bombed a Jewish column advancing toward Latrun and inflicted heavy losses on Israeli troops.

The Jews in Jerusalem's old city gave up after holding out for 11 days against the pounding of Arab Legion guns and dynamite. Their captors found them without food and short of ammunition.

The Jews claimed a victory in northern Palestine. They said Israeli troops captured the Arab town of Zir'in, 6 miles north of Jenin and on one of the boundary lines set up in the United Nations partition scheme. Jenin is the northern pivot of the triangle running through Nablus and Tulkarm where the strength of the Arab irregular volunteer army was concentrated.

Strengthens Flank

Jewish sources in Haifa said Israeli troops encountered little resistance in Zir'in. Capture of the town strengthens the Jewish flank south of Afula, the first all-Jewish town north of Jenin.

On the upper Jordan front, the Jews said they shot down two twin-engine Iraqi planes. The Jewish radio, Voice of Galilee, said Israeli planes raided the El Kuneitra area east of the Sea of Galilee in Syria. An Arab troop concentration center is located there.

Israeli ground forces in night penetrations attacked Baniyas, a mile inside Syria, the broadcast said. Arab residents were reported to have evacuated Baniyas after the Jewish raid.

Negeb Settlement Raided

An Egyptian communiqué said Egyptian patrols had raided a Negeb settlement 16 miles northeast of Gaza.

Jews Surrender To Arab Army In 'Old City'

Cairo, May 28 (AP)—King Abdullah's forces announced the battle for the old city of Jerusalem ended today in the surrender of the last-ditch Jewish fighters.

The fall of the old city, after two weeks of struggle between the Arab Legion and a small force of Jews, may signal the beginning for the greater battle of modern Jerusalem. Israeli forces say they hold most of the modern city.

In the raging battle for Latrun, a key to the Jerusalem-Tel Aviv road, Jewish forces claimed capture of two Arab villages. Advices from Jerusalem indicated fighting there may be a decisive battle of

the Palestine war.

Held Out Bitterly

Fewer than 400 Jewish fighters held out bitterly in the final phases of the battle for the old city, an area less than a mile square in the heart of Jerusalem. They holed up in three stone buildings after the Arabs captured their last great stronghold, the Hurva Synagogue in the Jewish quarter. Arab foot troops were sent in to root them out. The Jews held out in the face of shelling and dynamite charges before the Arab infantry was called up and instructed to "accept unconditional surrender or wipe out the enemy."

The fight in the old city has continued for months, long before the British surrendered their Palestine mandate. The Arabs besieged the Jewish population in the last days of the mandate.

Jewish fighters outside the wall made many desperate rescue attempts.

Time Of Surrender

Associated Press Correspondent Joseph C. Goodwin reported from Jerusalem the surrender took place at 2.30 P.M.

Under the surrender terms the old city's women and children, estimated to number about 300, and the old men of the Jewish quarter will be turned over to the International Red Cross.

The younger men will be placed in a concentration camp outside Palestine, it was announced.

Jewish negotiators said their people in the old city numbered between 1,500 and 1,600.

The battle for Latrun, 15 miles west of Jerusalem, rose in intensity. Thousands of Arabs and Jews were in the struggle to control the key road.

The Jews said they captured Beit Jiz and Beit Sasun, just south of the highway and Latrun.

Arabs Reinforced

The Arab Legion is reported to have drawn troops even out of embattled Jerusalem and rushed them through the Bab el Wad gorge in an attempt to stem a Jewish attack.

To the north, Jewish sources said Haganah troops captured the Arab village of Zir'in, midway between Nazareth and the Arab city of Jenin, pivot of the Jenin-Nablus-Tulkarm triangle.

The village lies on the Arab-Jewish border, as planned by the United Nations. Its capture strengthened the Jewish flank in the north, the informants said.

"One Of Biggest"

The British Near East radio quoted a correspondent as describing the Latrun battle as one of the biggest ever fought in Palestine.

The Arabs—and possibly the

Jews, too—threw air forces into the fight, which spread for miles over the barren hills where Richard the Lion Hearted turned back from his Crusade to Jerusalem.

Jewish headquarters in Tel Aviv announced that one Iraqi two-engine plane of the Anson type was shot down in the Latrun area yesterday.

On the Upper Jordan front, the Jews said they shot down two twin-engine Iraqi planes. The Jewish radio, Voice of Galilee, said Jewish air forces raided the El Kuneitra area in Syria, an Arab troop concentration point east of the Sea of Galilee.

By THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

The old city of Jerusalem fell yesterday to the Arab Legion, but a bigger battle for all of Jerusalem mounted in intensity 14 miles to the west at Latrun.

The exhausted Jews in the old city surrendered under conditions laid down by King Abdullah of Trans-Jordan. Their food was gone and they had little ammunition left.

For 11 days they had withstood the pounding of the Legion's guns. When the end came they had lost their hold on everything but three battled houses in the shadow of the south wall. A last attempt by Israeli troops outside the walls to relieve the pressure on their comrades in the old city failed when the Legionnaires beat back a Jewish attack in the eastern suburb of Bethany.

1,500 Surrender

The Jews who surrendered numbered between 1,500 and 1,600, of whom 300 were women and children. The women, children and old men will be turned over to the International Red Cross. Younger men will be placed in a concentration camp "outside Palestine."

Arab-Jewish fighting continued in the modern sections of Jerusalem as well as at Latrun.

Thousands of troops are reported engaged on both sides in the Latrun battle for control of the vital Jerusalem-Tel Aviv highway. Israel's troops must clear the Arabs from the four-mile stretch of road between Latrun and Bab El Wad gorge if they hope to raise the siege of the 80,000 to 90,000 Jews

in modern Jerusalem.

Jewish troops captured the Arab villages of Beit Jiz and Beit Susin just south of the highway and a mile from Latrun, the Israeli army announced. Egyptian aircraft bombed Israeli troop concentrations at Bab El Wad, a Cairo communiqué said.

In northern Palestine the Jews said their troops captured the Arab town of Zir'in, six miles north of the Arab stronghold of Jenin. The Jewish radio said Israeli ground forces made a night raid on Baniyas, a mile inside Syria.

Mediator Reaches Cairo

Count Folke Bernadotte of Sweden, appointed by the United Nations to mediate the Palestine warfare, arrived in Cairo by plane. He said he had a plan of his own which he did not reveal to newsmen.

While the fighting mounted in Palestine, informed British government sources in London said they believed a Jewish-Arab settlement was possible.

The Economist, influential British weekly, advocated suspension of British military commitments to Arab states as "the only hope of securing a continuance of American neutrality" in Palestine's strife.

Britain recalled 21 British officers from service with the Trans-Jordan Arab Legion in Palestine. The officers will continue to serve with the Legion in Trans-Jordan. The order did not affect a group of British officers under private contract with Trans-Jordan forces.

A Prague dispatch said two plane loads of Czechoslovak officers had

flown to Palestine to serve as instructors to the Israeli army.

Victor Polite to Vanquished

INSIDE THE OLD CITY

Jerusalem, May 28 (AP)—A tough Bedouin fighter of the Trans-Jordan Arab Legion struggled through excited crowds in the Old City to deliver a surrendered Haganah officer to Legion headquarters today. The prisoner asked for a glass of water. Before handing the Jewish soldier the water, the Arab tasted it himself, abiding by an ancient tribal custom which shows a guest the water he is offered is wholesome.

'SECRET' ARMS USED AT JAFFA

Barrel And Fire Extinguisher
Made Bomb And Mortar

By JAMES M. LONG

Tel Aviv, Palestine, May 26 (AP)—Delayed—Now that the border battle between Tel Aviv and Jaffa is ended, a story can be told for the first time.

It's about two secret weapons—homemade just for that fight.

They are the Tel Aviv barrel bomb and the Jaffa fire extinguisher mortar.

In the twin-city battle neither side had artillery. And normal mortars which fire a bomb about the size of a quart milk bottle did not have sufficient power to smash strong points built in concrete houses.

Both sides needed something bigger—and found it.

Fire Extinguishers

The Arabs schemed it out this way: First they took normal large size acetylene containers and cut off one end making a barrel about 6 feet long.

They discovered that big-size commercial fire extinguishers would just fit into the acetylene tank barrel.

They poured in a proper amount of powder to pitch the fire extinguisher a couple of hundred yards and filled the whole extinguisher with dynamite. Then with a long fuse on the fire extinguisher and a short fuse on the powder charge, they fired it by hand.

Four Times Normal Blast

The result was an explosion about four times that of a normal mortar.

The Jews went further. They took regular full-size metal oil barrels ten times as big as fire extinguishers and filled them with explosives. Then the problem was how to hurl the heavy barrel.

Blessings On Israel

Tel Aviv, Palestine, May 28 (AP)—The Jewish state of Israel received "the blessings of Allah and his prophet, Mohamet," today.

The blessings came in a message of good wishes from Ahmeza Arza, spiritual leader of the Pan-Semitic League in Lhasa, Tibet.

ISRAEL OFFERS OIL PLAN

Would Guarantee Flow From
Arab States to Haifa

HAIFA, Israel, May 28 (AP)—Reliable British and Jewish sources said today the Provisional Government of Israel had offered to guarantee the flow of oil products to the Arab states if the Arab states provided oil for the Haifa refinery.

A British source said the Iraqi Petroleum Company pipeline could be operated tomorrow if some agreement could be reached.

An Israeli Government representative said he was prepared to supply the labor to operate the refineries and was also prepared to train Arabs for similar work.

The pipeline operation to Haifa from the rich oil fields of northern Iraq was interrupted by the Jewish-Arab war in Palestine.

Count Bernadotte Reaches Cairo

Cairo, May 28 (A. P.).—Count Folke Bernadotte of Sweden, United Nations mediator for Palestine, arrived at Farouk Airport today from Athens, airport officials announced.

Syrians Attack Colonies

DAMASCUS, Syria, May 28 (AP)—A Syrian army communiqué said tonight the Arab aircraft had attacked two Jewish settlements in northern Palestine and inflicted heavy losses on an enemy supply convoy.

The planes shelled Ashdot Yaakov registering hits, and dispersed enemy gatherings at Degania, the communiqué said. Both points are just south of the Sea of Galilee.

Syria claimed its artillery had inflicted heavy losses on an Israeli convoy between Kinneret and Degania. In the Baniyas area, the communiqué added, Syrian posts inflicted heavy losses on the enemy in various clashes.

Britain Holds Jewish-Arab Settlement Still Possible

A. GAVSTON

London, May 28 (AP)—Informed Government sources said today they believed the military situation in Palestine made a Jewish-Arab settlement possible.

Other officials reported that Britain has new proposals for a settlement under "active consideration." Foreign Office spokesmen would not comment on the report. They said "any new proposals we have to make for a Palestine settlement will be submitted to the United Nations Security Council."

The London Evening News said Ernest Bevin, Foreign Secretary, already had forwarded details of a new partition plan to the United States Government. The Foreign Office spokesman denied the report.

Glubb Pasha Not Included

Earlier, the Foreign Office announced that Britain has recalled 21 British officers from service with the Trans-Jordan Arab Legion in Palestine, but not from service with the Legion in Trans-Jordan.

The order did not affect Brigadier John Glubb Pasha, the Legion commander, who is past retirement age and not subject to active service in the British Army. Neither did the order affect sixteen other British officers who are under private contract with Trans-Jordan forces.

Commenting on the order, the spokesman said Bevin "gave way" on some points during his series of five talks recently with Lewis W. Douglas, United States Ambassador.

"Favorable" Atmosphere

He described American and British viewpoints on Palestine as having been drawn closer together as a result of the talks.

Informed sources could give no indication of the nature of Britain's proposals reported to be under consideration. They said, however, that

if the British plan for a four-week truce in the Holy Land were accepted a "favorable" atmosphere would be created for negotiations.

Some officials said they believed both Egypt and Trans-Jordan would be willing to negotiate a territorial and political settlement with the Jews through the United Nations.

Bevin told a conference of representatives of women's trade-unions today that "even with all the difficulties going on there (in Palestine), underneath there is a sober desire—when all the froth is blown off and you get down to the bed

rock of what people are thinking—to arrive at a solution of the problem."

Canterbury's Message

The Archbishop of Canterbury sent a message to the United Nations today asking "all parties" to do everything possible to end fighting in Jerusalem.

"Many consciences are deeply disturbed," he said, "that Great Britain should even seem to be supplying arms and officers for any fighting in Jerusalem. I use the word 'seem' deliberately."

The Economist, influential British weekly, advocated a suspension of British military commitments to the Arab states as "the only hope of securing a continuance of American neutrality" in Palestine's strife.

Fighting By Proxy

The weekly said if the United States lifted its embargo on arms shipments to Jews and Britain continues to fulfill its Arab contracts the two countries "will, in effect, be fighting each other by proxy in the Middle East."

The paper said "it is obvious that President Truman is irresponsibly playing domestic politics on the issue," but "it is notorious that sections of the (British) Foreign Office are strongly pro-Arab."

BRITAIN ORDERS 21 OFFICERS TO QUIT WAR IN PALESTINE

MAY 1948
But They May Stay in Arab
Legion—London Works
on New Peace Plan.

London, May 28 (A. P.).—Britain today ordered twenty-one officers serving with the Arab Legion to get out of Palestine as informed persons said this country has new proposals for a Jewish-Arab settlement in Palestine under "active consideration."

The officers being withdrawn from the Holy Land are those the British had sent to King Abdullah's forces on loan. Brig. John Glubb Pasha, the legion commander, and other Britons who are under direct contract to Trans-Jordan are not affected by the

withdrawal. The Foreign Office emphasized that the twenty-one need not quit the legion, but must get out of Palestine.

As for the new settlement proposals, a Foreign Office spokesman would say only:

"Any new proposals we have to make for a Palestine settlement will be submitted to the United Nations Security Council."

Informants who reported the planning could give no indication of the nature of the proposals.

Earlier today the Associated Press quoted a Foreign Office spokesman as saying Britain is working out a detailed alternative to the United Nations plan for splitting Palestine, and will submit it to Security Council. The Foreign Office disclaimed this account. An official said the conversation had been misunderstood and that the Foreign Office did not wish to discuss the subject of new plans.

The British decision came as the result of Foreign Secretary

Ernest Bevin's talks with United States Ambassador Lewis W. Douglas. The Foreign Office spokesman said Bevin apparently "gave way" to Douglas's point of view.

Negotiations between Britain and Trans-Jordan on suspension of other British commitments are expected to follow any United Nations decision on a cease fire, the spokesman said.

Bevin Striving for Peace.

Bevin told a Women's Trade Unions conference today he has been trying to promote ideas on peace in Palestine "which I think ultimately will lead to a solution of the problem."

The convocation of Canter-

bury, Church of England body, authorized the Archbishop of Canterbury to send the U. N. a message appealing for an end to warfare in Jerusalem.

"Many consciences are deeply disturbed that Great Britain should even seem to be supplying arms and officers for any fighting in Jerusalem," the Archbishop said.

DELAY SCORED ON PALESTINE

Churchill Charges Laborite
Mismanagement Of Issue

Perth, Scotland, May 28 (AP)—Winston Churchill said tonight the Labor Government's handling of Palestine was "an outstanding case of mismanagement."

"If the Government had laid down the mandate when I first advised them to do so, it would have been a melancholy event," the Conservative former Prime Minister said in an address. "But the results would have been immeasurably less destructive and damaging than what has happened and is happening now."

These three years of mismanagement in Palestine, Churchill said, were "a typical but outstanding example of the maladministration and incapacity which at home and abroad was largely accountable for our present decline and misfortunes."

Influence And Reputation

He said it would have been possible to have made "an equitable partition" of the Holy Land after Britain's World War victory, "using the forces we had and the influence and reputation we had acquired."

Addressing a meeting of Scottish Conservatives, Churchill said British affairs "had been handled with so much clumsiness and lack of mental grip that we might well be involved in a dispute with the United States at a time when good relations are indispensable to us."

He said the Socialists had caused "deep disappointment and anger" among Palestinian Jews by turning their backs on pledges given to the Zionists during the 1945 general election.

Troops Murdered

Churchill recalled he had advised the Government to lay down the Palestine mandate in August, 1946. He said the Government waited nearly eighteen months, during which time British troops were "horribly" murdered and "both Jews and Arabs were preparing for war."

The former Prime Minister said he was glad that British officers in

the Trans-Jordan Arab Legion were being withdrawn from Palestine, and particularly from the attack on Jews. Then he asked: "If this step, which everyone agrees is necessary, is taken now, why was it not taken as part of the preparation for leaving the country?"

Speaking of Britain's troubles since V-E day, Churchill said: "Never was so lamentable a fall so swiftly accomplished. . . . A fall from that triumphant hour to that of a pensioner of a friendly country whose economic system the Socialist system abuses and insults."

Bipartisan U.S. Attitude

He referred frequently to United States economic well-being and the indispensability of Marshal plan aid. "America," he said, "which has not reimposed controls, is now dragging the American wagon and our own up the steep hill as well as helping other countries."

In the foreign policy field, Churchill said Ernest Bevin, Foreign Secretary, would have Conservative support as long as he followed Churchill's lead.

"In this," he added, "we shall only be following the fine example of the United States where . . . they maintain what they call a bipartisan attitude toward the conduct of foreign affairs."

U.S. Supports Russian Demand For U.N. Force To End Clash

F.W. CARPENTER

Lake Success, N.Y., May 28 (AP).—The United States joined today in Russia's demand for United Nations force to stop the Palestine fighting.

United Nations delegates generally conceded, however, that the Security Council is not yet ready to approve the strongest measures possible under the Charter.

Instead, informed sources said, the Council was more likely to adopt some version of Britain's plan for one final try at peaceful mediation before getting tough.

Vote Not Taken

France and Colombia indorsed the Russian resolution during the afternoon session but the Council did not reach a vote tonight. It adjourned at 4:53 P.M. until tomorrow at 9:30 A.M.

The Council received a telegram from its American-Belgian-French truce commission in Jerusalem saying the Holy Sepulcher was in imminent peril from Arab bombardment.

Another telegram from the same

source said the Jewish military commander in Jerusalem had informed the truce commission the Jews would take reprisals on holy places if the Arabs continued to shell the great synagogue.

Ask Time For Study

These communications apparently were sent from Jerusalem before the Arab capture of the Old City today.

The French, deeply concerned about the safety of the holy shrines, proposed a resolution calling on Arabs and Jews to stop hostilities in the Old City by noon tomorrow. That resolution also went over until tomorrow without action when several delegates said they needed time to study it.

Andrei A. Gromyko, Soviet Deputy Foreign Minister, fighting to persuade the Council to take strong action to stop the war, said he wanted to speak tomorrow before a vote is taken.

Almost Identical

Warren R. Austin, chief United States delegate, told the Council "the United States supports the draft resolution proposed by the Soviet Union." The Russian measure was almost identical with a United States proposal ditched by the Council last Saturday.

Cheers and hand-clapping broke out as Austin spoke in the crowded chamber. The noise momentarily drowned out the gavel-banging of

action under Chapter VII of the United Nations Charter to stop the fighting. This would permit the United Nations to invoke sanctions, break relations, and finally to send armed forces to Palestine if necessary.

The second—by Britain—proposes a four-week armistice during which the United Nations will try to solve the problem by peaceful means.

It also calls for an embargo on arms and immigrants to Palestine, a provision which was bitterly assailed today by the Jewish Agency for Palestine.

Six Nations Abstained

Russia's proposal would have the same effect as the United States plan which the Council refused to accept a week ago. The vote then was 5 to 0, with six nations abstaining. The United States, Russia, the Ukraine, France and Colombia voted for force; Britain, Syria, China, Canada, Belgium and Argentina abstained.

The Council a week ago approved a British proposal for a 48-hour cease-fire order, which later was extended until noon Wednesday.

The Arabs answered the cease-fire with conditions which the Jews refused to accept. The Arab League said its political committee would wait in Amman, Trans-Jordan, 48 hours to consider any settlement suggested by the Council.

Lineup Unchanged

The Arabs' 48-hour period expired today without Council action.

Declarations today showed the lineup is almost unchanged on the issue of force. China and Canada said they could not accept the Russian resolution; they would stay with the British plan.

The Ukraine said it could not accept the British proposal; it demanded the Russian resolution be approved now.

U.S. Backs Russ On Palestine Plan

Lake Success, May 28 (AP)—Russia and the United States teamed up again today to demand tough United Nations measures to stop the Palestine war.

It was considered doubtful here, however, that the proposal would be adopted by the Security Council. China and Canada already have opposed it. A similar move was beaten last Sturday.

Before any voting, a decision must be made on whether to ballot first on the Russian-American plan

for a cease-fire within 36 hours or a British proposal for a four-week armistice.

U.S. Stand Cheered

Because of Russian opposition and no immediate American support, it also was doubtful that the British plan could pass.

United States Delegate Warren R. Austin said he had received no instructions from Washington on the British proposal.

Spectators cheered as Austin announced support of the Soviet plan.

Austin said no one could deny now that a treaty to world peace exists in the Holy Land.

He said it was clear that Arab armies are in Palestine for political purposes.

LEBANESE TO FREE SEIZED AMERICANS

MAY 1948
Arab Terms Accepted in
Case of 41 Nationals
Taken from Ship.

WASHINGTON, May 28 — (AP)

The State Department arranged for the release of 41 seized American Jews today on terms laid down by the Arabs.

These terms are that the 41 come back to the United States instead of going to Palestine.

The men were forcibly removed from a United States merchant ship by the Arab State of Lebanon. Lebanon contended they intended to fight against the Arabs in the Holy Land.

U. S. efforts to get them released unconditionally failed. They then were faced with a choice of staying indefinitely in concentration camps or coming back to this country.

Agree to Return

The State Department announced that they had been polled and that all had chosen the latter alternative.

When Michael J. McDermott, State Department press officer, made the announcement to newsmen, one reporter asked whether the arrangement was not a blow to U. S. prestige in the Arab world. He said it was not.

Today's development eased, but

did not settle, a 10-day controversy which led to two formal American protests.

The State Department stuck to its contention that the seizure was illegal under international law. Lowell C. Pinkerton, American minister at Beirut, the Lebanon capital,

was instructed Wednesday to file a second protest, the details of which have not been made public.

Filing claims for damage was one course of action remaining open to the State Department. The 41 have been held in a detention camp since they were taken at pistol point May 19 from a U. S. government-owned steamship when it put into Beirut.

McDermott said the State Department is helping to make arrangements for the Jews return but did not know whether the group would wait for a ship or would be flown from Lebanon in planes.

Secretary Marshall meanwhile has sent a letter expressing good wishes for the new Jewish state. Written Wednesday to Eliahu Epstein, Israel's official representative in Washington, the letter was released today by the State Department.

Will Honor Israel

New York, May 28 (AP)—The Churchman, unofficial Protestant Episcopal publication, will honor the new state of Israel at its annual award dinner despite the provisional state's withdrawal from the affair.

Aubrey S. Eban, Israel's United Nations representative, yesterday announced his Government's withdrawal from participation in the award dinner "to avoid any involvement of the state of Israel in domestic controversial matters."

Dr. Guy Emery Shipler, editor, said a special citation to Israel would be read at the dinner next Thursday "as originally planned."

On Wednesday, Secretary of State Marshall said he declined the Churchman's annual award partly because the magazine engaged in world political discussions.

"Pressure" Charged

The award is given yearly to the person the magazine and its readers believe has promoted good will and understanding among people.

Eban's statement said "a great deal of controversy has been expressed about this function and in the circumstances the representatives of Israel have no alternative but to withdraw from participation."

Taber Is Satisfied

WASHINGTON, May 28 (AP).—Representative John Taber, Republican, of New York, chairman said today the House Appropriations Committee is satisfied the British are not using United State funds to finance Arab nation fighting Jewish forces in Palestine. Some committee members had insisted that the forthcoming multi-billion-dollar bill to finance the foreign aid program contain a bar against Great Britain's using any American money in the Holy Land conflict. "We can't put any amendment in the bill to keep Britain from fulfilling treaty obligations," Mr. Taber told newsmen.

Jet-Engine Developer

Rewarded By Britain

London, May 28 (AP)—The British Government awarded \$400,000 tax free to Air Commodore Frank Whittle last night for his part in developing jet engines.

The sum was recommended by the Royal Commission on awards to inventors and approved by the Treasury and Ministry of supply. Whittle, 41, had refused to claim a penny from the Crown because he was serving in the RAF while he perfected jet propulsion and improved auxiliary gas turbine and air compressor designs.

His award was more than eight times as much as the commission's previous highest award—(\$48,000) to Sir Donald Bailey, inventor of the Bailey Bridge.

U.S. And Russia Held Politically Naive

1948
London, May 28 (AP)—Sir John Boyd Orr, international food authority, said today that "neither America nor Russia has the political maturity" necessary to develop international co-operation for world prosperity and peace.

"Moral and spiritual leadership in a sick world by the (British) commonwealth of free nations is probably man's last chance of averting the greatest catastrophe in history," he declared.

"No nation has cause to fear the commonwealth. This is a valuable asset for leadership in a world of fear and suspicion."

Sir John expressed hope the coming conference of the commonwealth countries will represent all races, colors and creeds.

"The new world must have no color bar," he said.

Czech Exiles Make Plans For Resistance Movement

A. S. STEINROCK

London, May 28 (AP)—Twenty-four members of the pre-Communist Czechoslovak Parliament made a solemn resolution in London today to fight "to restore political freedom" in their homeland.

The fugitive lawmakers, comprising almost a tenth of the 300-member Parliament, laid the foundation for what they hope will become a world-wide Czechoslovak resistance movement. But they made it clear they are not trying now to establish a government in exile.

While an observer from the Czechoslovak Embassy looked on, the "shadow parliament" declared the present Communist-dominated government in Prague illegal, next Sunday's single ticket election in their homeland invalid, and the Communist-drafted constitution void.

Under Dual Chairmanship

It also declared the Czech alliance with Russia no longer valid since that pact bound Russia not to interfere in Czechoslovakia's affairs.

The members of the group may increase tomorrow. About fourteen who had sent word they were coming were unable to attend the first session because of travel difficulties.

The members declared themselves the last freely elected representatives of their people and said they considered it their duty to continue functioning.

The meeting was conducted under the dual chairmanship of Vladimir Kragina, National Socialist party leader, and Blazeg Vilim, general secretary of the Social Democratic party.

Exiles Warmly Greeted

Vilim told a news conference that in his opinion Jan Masaryk, Foreign Minister, did not commit suicide at the proper time. He said documents will be published relating to Masaryk's death and indicating that the Foreign Minister was attempting to escape from the country.

Masaryk's body was found in Prague March 10 under a window of the foreign office. He died a short time after the Communists seized control of Czechoslovakia.

The exiled lawmakers were warmly greeted by spokesmen of the three British political parties—

Labor, Conservative and Liberal. Wickham Steed, Liberal British columnist, urged the refugees to organize Czechoslovak resistance in all parts of the world to the present regime in Prague and not to fritter away their "energies by organizing governments in exile."

Czech Exiles Hit Red Regime As Invalid

London, May 28 (AP)—Fugitive members of the Czechoslovak Parliament declared the present Communist-dominated Government of their country illegal and invalid at a meeting here today.

By a resolution, they expressed the opinion that next Sunday's single-ticket elections in Czechoslovakia will not be binding on their people.

In another declaration, they said the draft of the constitution presented by the Communist leaders of Czechoslovakia will have no legal standing, even if it is approved in the elections.

30 Leaders Attend

The meeting was conducted under the dual chairmanship of Vladimir Kragina, National Socialist leader, and Blazeg Vilim, secretary of the Social Democratic party.

About 30 members of the Parliament and other political leaders attended.

The parliamentarians said in another declaration that they are the last freely elected representatives of the Czechoslovak people and that they will continue to function in this capacity even after next Sunday's elections.

A three-point declaration, approved by the conference, stated:

A Czechoslovak constitution presented for approval by a Communist minority is the proposal of a dictatorship and, therefore, must be invalid.

Masaryk "No Suicide"

Results of Sunday's elections "will not be recognized, neither can the body of deputies proclaimed in consequence of these so-called elections be recognized as a parliament."

Members of Parliament meeting here consider it their duty "to continue functioning as the political representatives of Czechoslovak de-

mocracy."

Vilim caused a mild sensation at a news conference by stating emphatically his opinion that the late Jan Masaryk, Foreign Minister whose body was found under a Foreign Office window in Prague on March 10, did not commit suicide.

Premier Of France Asks Confidence Vote

Paris, May 28 (AP)—Premier Robert Schuman tonight demanded a vote of confidence in his Government on the issue of firing Government employees.

The vote will be taken Tuesday. Political sources regarded it mainly as a disciplinary measure to force restive Socialists to support Schuman's Cabinet. They did not believe, they said, the Government really was in danger.

A Government commission has so far eliminated—mainly on paper—approximately 100,000 civil employees. Schuman, supported by Center and Rightist parties, wants to fire or transfer to more productive employment the full 150,000 marked to go in an economy measure approved sometime ago.

Swiss Air-Raid Shelters O.K.'d

Bern, Switzerland, May 28 (AP)—The Swiss Federal Council recommended today that all new buildings erected in Switzerland be provided with air raid shelters. The Federal Government will help pay for shelters in public buildings.

Krupp, Codefendants Will Not Testify

Nuernberg, Germany, May 28 (AP)—Alfred Krupp and his eleven codefendants announced today that they will not testify in their own defense against war-crimes charges.

Krupp, head of the giant gun-making company, was scheduled to testify today, but his lawyer announced that, since none of the others intended to take the stand, neither would Krupp.

The lawyer hinted, however, that some of the defendants might take the stand for the limited purpose of trying to show that they were put under duress in making the written statements introduced as evidence against them. He did not indicate what form of duress would be charged.

All twelve have been cleared by the United States court of charges that they helped Hitler plot aggressive war. However, they still face charges of using slave labor and of plundering occupied countries.

BERLIN TALKS GROW BITTER

American Officials Predict
Kommandatura's End Soon

Berlin, Saturday, May 29 (AP)—The longest—and probably most bitter—of the meetings of the four-power body governing Berlin wound up early today fifteen hours after its start.

And no major decisions were reached.

American officials who attended the long, fruitless wrangling expressed belief later that the life of the Kommandatura, the last functioning four-power machinery in Berlin, soon would expire.

The Allied commanders will hold another session June 11, but the Russian representative, Maj. Gen. Alexander Kotikov, refused to schedule meetings for a full month ahead as has been the practice. He claimed he had authority only to schedule one meeting at a time.

"Creeping Paralysis"

American and British officials interpreted this as part of what they called the Soviet "creeping paralysis technique" to hamstring functioning of Berlin's allied supervisory body.

"I don't think the Kommandatura will last long now," one American official said. "There was an obvious increased move by the Russians today to close it down."

German Food Beggar Jailed

BERLIN, May 28 (AP)—Heinrich Zerwinski, twenty-three-year-old German who sent 800 letters broad begging for food, was sentenced today to two years in prison for fraud. The American Military Government court suspended one year of the sentence. The youth testified he received ninety food packages from sympathetic people in the United States and elsewhere. The prosecution said he falsely claimed he was on a "starvation diet."

CONDITIONAL U.N. VOTE RULED VOID

Hague Court Decides Against
Russia On Italy, Finland

The Hague, May 28 (AP)—The International Court of Justice ruled today that Russia had no legal right to cast her conditional vote last year for admission of Italy and Finland to the United Nations.

The Soviet Union voted to accept these nations if Hungary, Romania and Bulgaria were admitted at the same time. The United Nations General Assembly voted November 17, 1947, to ask the court for an advisory opinion on the legality of such action.

Court Rules, 9 To 6

The court ruled, 9 to 6, that no condition could be attached to such a vote except those which might be provided for specifically in the United Nations Charter.

[Andrei A. Gromyko, Russian Deputy Foreign Minister who cast the vote, said at Lake Success, N.Y., the court is not authorized to "make an interpretation on membership applications." He said all applications should be considered again, perhaps before the opening of the 1948 United Nations Assembly this September in Paris. He said Russia would express her position whenever the applications come up again.]

Judges of the United States, Egypt, Belgium, Mexico, China, Norway, Chile, Brazil and El Salvador voted for the majority. Dissents were cast by France, Poland, Britain, Canada, Yugoslavia and Russia.

General Assembly Question

The General Assembly had asked "whether a member which is called upon to pronounce itself by its vote, either in the Security Council or the General Assembly, on the admission of a state to membership, is juridically entitled to make its consent dependent on conditions not expressly provided for by the Charter."

"In particular," it was added, "can such a member subject its affirmative vote to the additional condition that other states be admitted together with that state?"

Dutch Protest Red Move on Indonesia

The Hague, May 28 (A. P.).—The Netherlands protested to the Soviet Union today that an exchange of consuls between Moscow and the Indonesian Republic would be incompatible with the Renville Agreement, sponsored by the United Nations Good Offices Committee, ending Dutch-Indonesian hostilities.

The Soviet news agency Tass said earlier this week that consuls would be exchanged under an agreement reached in Prague between Russian and Indonesian officials. A spokesman for the Indonesians yesterday denied official knowledge of such an agreement.

Dutch Elections July 7

THE HAGUE, The Netherlands, May 28 (AP)—Dutch elections for the Lower House of Parliament will be held July 7, it was announced today. The Senate, or first chamber, will be chosen July 8 by provincial councils. The first task of the new Parliament will be to consider the constitutional revision on overseas territories. This will guide relations between the Kingdom and the projected United States of Indonesia.

Belgian Traitor Shot At Dawn

Antwerp, Belgium, May 28 (AP)—Daniel van Muten, a Belgian convicted of betraying about 175 Allied airmen to German police during the war, was shot in the back at dawn today before a large crowd at Antwerp. He was charged with introducing himself into an underground movement and then turning in airmen, including Americans, hidden by Belgian patriots.

Greek Rebels Hit a U. S. Plane

ATHENS, May 28 (AP)—An American Dakota plane was hit and slightly damaged Tuesday by Greek rebel machine-gun fire, it was learned today. No one was hurt. The plane was flying United States military mission personnel from Kozani to Yanina at the time.

GREEKS ROUNDUP REDS

Athens, May 28 (A. P.).—Reliable sources said today police had recently rounded up a group of suspected Communists in Athens and Piræus. Police and harbor authorities searched 350 shops and 600 houses and checked 2,000 persons, it was learned. Vessels in the harbor were searched.

The police detained thirty persons. The number held by harbor authorities could not be ascertained.

Benés Very Ill, His Brother Declares

Prague, May 28 (A. P.).—Jan Benes, elder brother of President Eduard Benes, told friends last night that the President is "a very ill man and I have paid him my last farewells."

Jan Benes said he is returning to his home in Milwaukee, Wis., because of the serious illness of his wife there. The brother returned here from the United States late in 1946 to look after some family properties.

President Benes's sixty-fourth birthday is being celebrated today. Wednesday, the Government denied reports from abroad that Benes is gravely ill and is not expected to recover. Another informant said, however, that Benes's doctors were worried over his condition and were taking precautions to prolong his life.

Misquoted, Jan Says

Jan Benes, who has been a resident of Milwaukee for 59 years, said he planned to leave for the United States in three weeks.

"My sor has been writing me desperate letters to come home because his mother is ill," he said. "What can I do but go home?"

He complained bitterly that he was misquoted by a Prague newspaper which reported he had returned to Czechoslovakia because he was dissatisfied with conditions in the United States.

"How could I be?" he asked. "When I arrived in the United

States I was a poor carpenter. Today I own my own factory."

Benes is almost deaf and it is difficult for him to hear some questions. He did not answer when asked when he saw his brother last but declared: "He has given his life for his country."

Nation Marks Birthday

"You know there is a great difference between us," he said. "I am only a carpenter and have very little education. But my brother is an educated man."

"However, I was able to give him financial assistance, at least, both during this war and last. I helped him most when he was in the United States."

Flags flew throughout the country today marking the President's birthday and the closing phases of the national single-ticket election which will be held Sunday. *ada*

Benes Is Found 'Relatively Well'

Prague, Czechoslovakia, May 28 (A. P.).—Lawrence A. Steinhart, United States Ambassador, talked for an hour with President Eduard Benes at his country home in Sezimovo Usti today and said he found the President "relatively well, considering his age and condition."

"We had an animated conversation for about one hour," the American Ambassador said. "The President seemed in relatively good health and spirits."

The Ambassador, as dean of the diplomatic corps, carried greetings to the President, who was 64 today.

The Ambassador's report ran contrary to stories from London and to some stories in Prague that the President recently had suffered two severe strokes and that his recovery was uncertain.

Denial From Government

The Government has denied the stories.

The President's aged brother, Jan, said last night that his brother was gravely ill and that he had made his last farewells to him. Friends of the President said, however, that the President's brother had not seen very much of the President in the last year and that the state of the President's health compared to a year ago must have furnished a strong contrast that impressed the brother unfavorably.

Heading the visitors throughout the day were Premier Klement Gottwald and Josef David, retiring speaker of Parliament.

A group of factory workers also paid their respects to the executive. An army plane dropped a

military school's wreath on the President's cottage.

After the American Ambassador left, the President and Mrs. Benes took their usual afternoon stroll in the garden.

Austrian Law Aimed At Coups

Vienna, May 28 (A. P.).—The Allied Council voted approval, 3 to 1, today of an Austrian law which in effect makes it almost impossible for "action committees" to seize the Government in a crisis.

The law, opposed in Parliament by the four Communist deputies, was approved over the objection of Col. Gen. Vladimir Kourassov, Russian high commissioner.

The measure provides that if neither the president of Parliament nor his two deputies are available in an emergency, the senior member of Parliament who is a member of one of their parties assumes the presidency.

Until this law was approved, it was possible for insurgents to prevent a meeting of Parliament by seizing the president and his deputies. The present president and one deputy are members of the People's party, and the other deputy is a Socialist.

Bulgar Premier In Warsaw

Warsaw, Poland, May 28 (A. P.).—Bulgarian Premier Georgi Dimitrov and his staff arrived by plane today to begin negotiations with Poland for a friendship and mutual-assistance pact. The pact would be similar to the chain of other treaties linking the countries of Eastern Europe.

Warsaw Parley Put Off

Warsaw, Poland, May 28 (A. P.).—Polish Socialist headquarters said today the conference of European Left-Wing Socialists scheduled to open in Warsaw tomorrow has been postponed. It will open on June 5, the headquarters announcement said.

Russ Reject Greek Reply To Protest

Moscow, May 28 (A. P.).—Russia has informed the Greek Government that its reply to Soviet protests against the execution of rebels in Greece is unsatisfactory.

A new Russian note said the Soviet Government's position remained unchanged by the Greek answer, which said "the punishment of crimes is the exclusive prerogative of every state."

[The Greek Press Minister, Michael Alianos, announced in Athens on May 15 that 1,320 persons convicted by courts-martial for high treason had been executed in Greece since June, 1946.]

The Russian press for days has been publishing denunciations of the execution of "Greek democrats" and letters in the papers from protesting groups have called the executions "political assassinations."

SOVIET SHIFTS FARMERS

Collectives' Staffs Are Sent to Sakhalin and Kuriles

MOSCOW, May 28 (A. P.).—The Government newspaper Izvestia reported today that entire collective farm staffs were being moved from central districts in European Russia to southern Sakhalin and the Kurile islands.

A dispatch from a correspondent in southern Sakhalin said the population there and in the Kurile islands was increasing daily with arrivals including specialists and employees in many professions.

Thirty-four agricultural collective farms and sixty-five fishing collectives have been organized in south Sakhalin, the dispatch said.

Three More Sought In Slaying Of Gandhi

New Delhi, May 28 (A. P.).—A police charge sheet disclosed today that at least three persons still are being sought in connection with Mohandas K. Gandhi's assassination January 30. Nine others were formally accused of the murder in special court yesterday and face trial June 14.

The three still at large were listed as Gangadhar Sakharam Dandwate, Gangadhar Jaddy and Suryadev Sharma. The charge sheet said "others not known" also are being sought in connection with the conspiracy.

This is the first indication that others are being sought in connection with the case.

General Ho Enters Cabinet

Nanking, May 28 (A. P.).—Gen. Ho Ying-chin, who turned down the Premiership of China recently, has agreed to enter the new Cabinet as Defense Minister, it was reported reliably today. Ho was formerly the Chinese Army chief of staff.

Spellman and Party Arrive in Manila

Manila, May 28 (A. P.).—Cardinal Spellman of New York and a party of fourteen other American Catholic dignitaries arrived today from Hongkong.

They will spend three days in this, the only Catholic country in the Far East, before going to North China. Cardinal Spellman will return to Los Angeles about June 12.

MACARTHUR SHUNS RETURN AT PRESENT

Tells Congress He Would Prefer To Wait Until After Next Month

Washington, May 28 (A. P.).—Gen. Douglas MacArthur told Congress today that he doesn't want to come home now. Such a journey, he said, would be misunderstood as "politically inspired."

MacArthur said he would rather postpone his return from Tokyo until after the Republican National Convention, which meets June 21 in Philadelphia. He has said previously he would accept the nomination for President if it is offered.

Committee To Get Message

The General replied today to an invitation by the Senate Appropriations Committee to testify on spending for the Far East. In a cablegram to Chairman Bridges (R., N.H.), MacArthur noted that he already has expressed his views on this subject and that basic poli-

cies have been determined.

Senator Bridges (R., N.H.), chairman of the Appropriations Committee, said he would place the MacArthur message before the committee next Tuesday.

"I don't believe the committee will press for his return," he said. "If anything should happen while he was away, I certainly wouldn't want the responsibility of having him back here."

Discloses He's Homesick

Tied to the Orient since the war by his duties as supreme Allied commander in Japan, the 67-year-old Arkansas native disclosed in his message that he's homesick. He has not been in the United States since 1937. But he added:

"Apart from this, it would be peculiarly repugnant to me to have it felt that I sought to capitalize to political advantage, as many have frankly urged, the public good will which might manifest itself upon my first return to American soil following the Pacific war period. For such good will would find its inspiration in the victory which crowned our Pacific war effort to which countless gallant Americans, living and dead, contributed by unflinching and invincible devotion."

Would Return After June

"Usurpation of such good will by me to serve a political end would be a shameful breach of their faith and a betrayal of the mutual trust on which was erected the cornerstone to the Pacific victory."

"On the other hand, following settlement of the political issues to be resolved next month, I should feel free to place myself fully at your disposal should you still desire clarification of my views on this or any other matter affecting the public interest."

MacArthur thus shattered the hopes of those who felt that the drama of his arrival and public appearance on the eve of the GOP convention might rally delegates to him as a compromise candidate if a deadlock developed in the voting.

Southerners Consider Him

Some southerners, angry because of President Truman's civil rights stand, have even been casting glances at MacArthur as a possible choice on the Democratic ticket.

The General's reply to Congress was in line with his expressed attitude toward the Republican nomination.

He said on March 9 he would run if nominated, but would not campaign for the nomination. At this time he has ten pledged votes on the first ballot.

In making known that he would

Text of MacArthur Message

like to return after the convention. MacArthur apparently has changed his attitude that he would not come back until the job in Japan is done.

Does Not Mention Convention

But if the committee invited him again, the General would have an opportunity to get across personally his ideas for the future in the Orient.

MacArthur did not specifically mention the convention. Neither did he say unqualifiedly that he will not come back ahead of it. He took some pains, however, to give his reasons in detail:

"Following settlement of the political issues to be resolved next month, I should feel free to place myself fully at your disposal should you still desire clarification of my views. . . .

Sees No 'Cause For Concern'

"Nor do I see in passing events such cause for concern as would render the time element one of paramount urgency, and I am therefore hopeful that you will find my appearance at such later date no less satisfactory for your purposes."

As to the present, he said, no matter how sincere the purpose of his return, it would be "misunderstood and condemned by many as politically inspired and much that I might be obligated in good conscience to say would lose its effect under the impeaching process of doubt thereby aroused in the public mind."

Senator Wherry (R., Neb.), whose motion led to the committee's 17-2 vote to invite MacArthur to testify, said he regrets that the General isn't coming home.

Wants Return Commanded

The reply, Wherry said, should be convincing that "there wasn't any politics involved in the invitation."

Ervin Hohensee, executive secretary of MacArthur-for-President headquarters, said in a statement that he had requested President Truman to command MacArthur's return "before Congress adjourns." He urged that other citizens do likewise.

In the light of requests for billions of dollars before Congress for other countries, Hohensee said, "It is of utmost importance that Congress obtain the benefit of his (MacArthur's) invaluable experience."

WASHINGTON, May 28 (AP).—Following is the text of General of the Army Douglas MacArthur's message today to Senator Styles Bridges, Republican, of New Hampshire, chairman of the Senate Appropriations Committee:

No man could fail to appreciate the friendly and generous spirit prompting the invitation of your distinguished committee. It reflects a high order of devotion to the public interest that you ignore much-discussed political implications in order to insure that the views of none which might contribute to the sound orientation of American policy and action go unheeded.

You may be sure that I have wished earnestly ever since the end of the war for the opportunity to return to my native land, but the heavy pressure of my duties here and the paramountcy of the public interest have left me no justification for so doing from motives unofficial or personal in character. In normal circumstances, I should respond at once to your present invitation as a citizen and servant of the Republic and sit in with you frankly to state my views, whether they might parallel or cut across already determined policies or concepts being advanced by others.

But the existing circumstances are not normal and my return at this time, however sincere its purpose, would be misunderstood and condemned by many as politically inspired and much that I might be obligated in good conscience to say would lose its effect under the impeaching process of doubt thereby aroused in the public mind. Furthermore, on the question of appropriations affecting the Far East concerning which my views specifically are requested, the basic policies are already determined and in effect, leaving only the detail of appropriations yet to be resolved. As to this theater, I have already directly and through representatives, expressed my views on such detail and there is little that I could add to what has already been said thereon and is now before the Congress.

Apart from this, it would be peculiarly repugnant to me to have it felt that I sought to capitalize to political advantage as many have frankly urged, the public good will which

might manifest itself upon my first return to American soil following the Pacific war period, for such good will would find its inspiration in the victory which crowned our Pacific war effort to which countless gallant Americans, living and dead, contributed by unflinching and invincible devotion. Usurpation of such good will by me to serve a political end would be a shameful breach of their faith and a betrayal of the mutual trust on which was erected the cornerstone of the Pacific victory. On the other hand, following settlement of the political issues to be resolved next month, I should feel free to place myself fully at your disposal should you still desire clarification of my views on this or any other matter affecting the public interest.

Nor do I see in passing events such cause for concern as would render the time element one of paramount urgency, and I am therefore hopeful that you will find my appearance at such later date no less satisfactory for your purposes.

I have been peculiarly fortunate in recent months to receive on this detached outpost the views of many of our citizens on the contemporary issues which confront American life. They have been thoughtful and intelligent views, frankly and fearlessly expressed, and have left me with a renewed conviction that our country's destiny in the hands of its citizens, when fully informed, is perfectly secure. Indeed, were I permitted to give but one word of advice toward the safeguard of the national interest, I should elect to urge that we reaffirm the basic concepts which safely guided our past, and above all else regain some of Lincoln's faith in the wisdom of the people.

Portland, Ore., May 28 (AP)—Gen. George C. Marshall, Secretary of State, warned the nation tonight against falling into a Russian trap baited with "cynical" peace propaganda.

He declared the Western democracies can win the cold war only if this nation sticks to its firm policy toward Russia.

Marshall took this stand in a speech to the General Federation of Women's Clubs. It was his first important discussion of United States-Soviet relations since the Russians launched their "peace offensive" three weeks ago.

Peace Efforts Summarized

The Secretary accused the Soviet Union of "completely distorting the meaning" of American Ambassador Walter Bedell Smith's statement on American policy to Vyacheslav M. Molotov, Soviet Foreign Minister, early this month.

By striking out two key sentences when Smith's statement was published, Marshall said, the Russians sought to create a false impression that the United States was making overtures for a cold war settlement.

Marshall summarized efforts made thus far by the United States and other nations to create peaceful, stable conditions through the United Nations and the Council of Foreign Ministers. But these efforts thus far have failed, he said.

Firm Course Advocated

Then he went on:

"There is an overwhelming demand for some agreement to wipe out fear of war and to bring about a return to normal conditions, and

therefore strong resentment of any statement or lack of action that appears contrary to the fulfillment of that desire.

"My friends, these great desires are impelled by deep emotions but those emotions must not lead us into ill-advised and trustful actions which hazard the future of this country. . . .

"I feel certain that the continuation of the firm course we have been following will lead to the solution of the worst of our difficulties and will eventually clear the way to a sound basis for peace.

"I am absolutely certain that only such a firm and determined course can save the situation for the democracies."

Marshall Replies To Critics

Marshall said the conduct of American policy must be consistent and reassure the worried people of Europe that they can rely upon it with confidence. And he declared: "The present destructive proposal for the amendment or emasculatation of the reciprocal trade agreement acts is a case in point."

Marshall said also the American Government must not resort to propaganda devices which would gain immediate advantages, yet "reflect on the integrity of our purpose or actions in the future."

He thus replied to critics who have accused the State Department of failing to meet the propaganda challenge of the Soviet peace offensive with effective counter-propaganda.

The Soviet Union, said Marshall, enjoys a short-range advantage in

conducting diplomacy because its Government can maneuver without the complete freedom of expression and debate which exists in the democracies. The Secretary added:

"Such a method enjoys great advantages for the moment. In the end, I think it will defeat itself, if history is a true indication of probabilities. But in the short-term issues, like those of the present period, it does present great difficulties for us.

"For example, we have today a heated public discussion as to what is the proper procedure for this Government in its relations with the Soviet Union—a discussion which largely ignores the fact that we are faced with a deliberate, cynical propaganda campaign to offset a sincere effort on our part to establish a basis for profitable negotiations and agreements leading to a stabilization of the world situation."

By The Associated Press.

PORTLAND, Ore., May 28—Following is the text of a speech by Secretary of State George C. Marshall before the General Federation of Women's Clubs here tonight:

In the present state of the world with almost daily crises of one kind or another you will all understand, I am sure, that not only is a Secretary of State closely occupied with duties in Washington, but he is the recipient of many invitations to appear before various bodies and discuss the international situation and the policies of this Government. It has been necessary for me to decline probably nineteen out of twenty of such invitations though the pressures to accept have been heavy and persistent. I make this comment because my associates have inquired why I chose to travel some 2,700 miles to address your organization at a time when I was declining to appear before large and important audiences much closer at hand.

The reason is that I attach great importance to the full understanding by the women of America of the special position this country now occupies in the world, as well as the character of the complications involved in almost every international situation. This understanding relates not only to the action this country may take in its international dealings but also to the action it may and, I think, should take immediately in its own interior arrangements.

Fighting for Peace

We are fighting for peace in the world and that is, I know, the intense desire of every woman in America, certainly of every mother. We are struggling with the tremendous difficulties inherent in the situation and also with a confusion of statements and of points of view among our own people, many of prominence. All of which is calculated to make it difficult to guide the course of our country with the wisdom that insures its best interests for the long future and those of the world at large.

I always felt during the war years that if I could get the understanding support of the women of America I would be at least half way along the road toward winning the support of the men generally and the political branches of the Government in par-

Stay Firm With Soviet, Marshall Warns Nation

Secretary Of State Says U.S. Must Not Fall Into Russian Trap Baited With 'Cynical' Peace Propaganda

ticular.

I therefore have come to Portland to discuss with you ladies some of the international aspects of the situation. I also must be frank enough to admit that, having been stationed in this vicinity just prior to leaving for duty in Washington in 1938, I found it very pleasant to contemplate a good reason for a return visit. You have already had occasion to learn something of the advantages, beauties and pleasures of these surroundings. This is a glorious country considering the magnificence of its scenery, the wealth of its resources and the energy and character of its people.

It is unnecessary I think for me to re-outline what has taken place recently between the United States and the Soviet Union in particular and the Western European countries and the Soviet and satellite countries in general. However, there are certain aspects of the situation which it might be profitable to discuss. For example, in our intense desire for peace, in our longing for some firm basis of accord between or among the principal nations of the world, we are apt to be confused as to the actual facts and conditions involved in achieving our desires.

Hits Totalitarian Propaganda

The method of modern totalitarian propaganda is to twist, pervert and confuse and to create an impression which may not in any way represent the true situation or the possibilities for successful action. As I have explained in public statements we

have reached a virtual stalemate in a number of courts of action. The Conference of Foreign Ministers has struggled unsuccessfully for months and days on end to find a basis of agreement for a settlement regarding Austria. We have had similar experiences with relation to a peace settlement for Germany, making virtually no progress whatever. As a matter of fact, in London last December it required ten days to reach agreement merely on the agenda for the meeting and the meeting itself was seized upon largely by the Soviet authorities as an opportunity for propaganda statements for wide distribution, particularly in Germany and the satellite states.

You are probably more familiar with the efforts of the Security Council of the United Nations with regard to the problem of atomic energy, and a number of other matters pertaining to the regulation of the peace of the world. The Assembly of the United Nations, not afflicted by the veto power, has been able to dispatch groups of its members to observe conditions in Greece and

Korea, but these groups have been seriously limited or handicapped by the refusal of the Soviet Union and other governments of Eastern Europe to participate, or even to permit the free movement and action of these representatives of the United Nations Assembly on territories under their control.

Endless discussions or negotiations have failed to secure the cooperation which is imperative to the stabilization of the world situation and the development of a sound basis for continuing peace. There is an overwhelming demand for some agreement to wipe out fear of war and bring about a return to normal conditions, and therefore strong resentment of any statement or lack of action that appears contrary to the fulfillment of that desire.

Cautious Against Hazards

My friends, these great desires are impelled by deep emotions but those emotions must not lead us into ill-advised and trustful actions which hazard the future of this country.

I am sure that no one's desire is greater than mine to find a basis for peaceful security and a return of general prosperity to the world. But it is my official duty to see that this country is not misled by its emotions into commitments or actions which would threaten our future.

As a matter of fact, I think excellent progress has been made since the first of the year. It has been history making and will later on be so recognized. I feel certain that the continuation of the firm course we have been following will lead to the solution of the worst of our difficulties and will eventually clear the way to a sound basis for peace. I am absolutely certain that only such a firm and determined course can save the situation for the democracies.

In this connection, it is of the utmost importance that all Americans realize the significance of our position in the world today. Our leadership is recognized the world over but the obligations of such leadership are not completely recognized by us Americans ourselves. We are generous, sometimes to a fault, but it is just as important that we be understanding. By this I mean that we must try our best to realize the situation of other peoples and their point of view and their inevitable reactions to many things that are publicly proclaimed in this country.

We often defeat our own generosity or aims by ignoring the sensitivity of people, their national pride and the utterly different surroundings in which they live compared to ours here in America. This applies not only to the nations of Western Europe, it applies also to those behind the Iron Curtain. There, however, the people are fed on the diet of a controlled press and an astonish-

ing propaganda, astonishing because of its utter indifference to the facts. For this reason it is not easy, even with the best of will, to get across to them the real facts concerning our attitude.

Warns Against Thoughtless Action

One particularly important aspect of our position of acknowledged leadership is the constant fear of the people of Europe that we cannot be depended upon, that we will change our minds, that we will turn from a formally adopted policy like the European Recovery Program without notice and without regard to the devastating effect of such vacillation. This fear is based somewhat on a faulty understanding of the way in which policy is really developed in a democracy such as ours. But we, on the other hand, must be careful not to encourage it by thoughtless or spasmodic action.

It is essential that we debate as we do the "pros" and "cons" of each proposed line of action. But once we have decided upon it, it is even more important that we do not quickly weaken or appear to weaken in our support of that policy and shift to some other point of view. The present destructive proposal for the amendment or emasculatation of the Reciprocal Trade Agreement Act is a case in point.

We are an impatient people. We demand quick action. That has accounted for much of our success in developing this country. But much more of patience and persistence is required in dealing with great international situations.

There is another factor of the present situation which I wish to mention. It is very important to realize that the world today is in a ferment of profound unrest. The great mass of the ill-favored people of the world have come to realize all that they lack in comparison with the advantages enjoyed by others. The tremendous development of communications and of the motion picture have brought to these masses at least a partial understanding of the unfairness of their situation. In any comparison we stand on a pinnacle. Nowhere in the world have the mass of the people enjoyed such a high standard of living and such opportunities as in this country.

In the development of this world movement I have referred to, our situation can win us friends or make us enemies. We must not ignore these two possibilities. But it is even more important to have in mind that there is this great surge of feeling under way, which is a groundswell now, but may become a tidal wave later, unless it is met by some definite hope of

improvement through the action of the governments concerned and through the rehabilitation of the economy of the world, which is the purpose of our present programs. Meanwhile, this unrest presents a fertile field for those who advocate violence as a corrective measure, or action for ulterior purposes.

In dealing with the international situation, particularly with reference to the Soviet Union and its satellite states, the democracies suffer from a certain tactical vulnerability arising from the complete freedom of expression and the generosity of debate within their countries, in contrast to the procedure on the other side of the fence where a carefully agreed upon line of action is set in motion, with no possibility of criticism because a strong hand compels complete support. Such a method enjoys great advantages for the moment. In the end, I think it will defeat itself, if history is a true indication of probabilities. But in the short-term issues, like those of the present period, it does present great difficulties for us.

Fact Cynical Campaigns

For example, we have today a heated public discussion as to what is the proper procedure for this Government in its relations with the Soviet Union, a discus-

sion which largely ignores the fact that we are faced with a deliberate, a cynical propaganda campaign to offset a sincere effort on our part to establish a basis for profitable negotiations and agreements leading to a stabilization of the world situation.

Now that is a very general statement. I will particularize. A diplomatic interchange took place as you all know between our Ambassador in Moscow and the Soviet Foreign Minister. Contrary to diplomatic precedent, the one government chose to release without notice to the other a portion of the discussion. All of its own statements were released to the press but only a portion of the statements of our Ambassador. However, the procedure went much further than that. In the last and the most important paragraph—one of only four sentences, two of the sentences were omitted, completely distorting the meaning so as to form the basis for the Soviet propaganda purpose.

In Ambassador Smith's statement, the closing paragraph contained the following sentences:

"My Government earnestly hopes that the members of the Soviet Government will not take lightly the position of the United States Government, as here expressed. They have it in their power to alleviate many of the

situations which today weigh so heavily on all international life. It is our earnest hope that they will take advantage of these possibilities. If they do, they will not find us lacking in readiness and eagerness to make our own contribution to a stabilization of world conditions entirely compatible with the security of the Soviet peoples."

This statement clearly meant that if the Soviet Government would abandon certain courses of conduct and action which have kept the world in a state of uneasiness and confusion since the close of hostilities, they would thereby produce an entirely new international atmosphere—and that if they did, then they would not find any lack of response from this Government.

Gain Propaganda Advantage

In the version published by the Soviet Government, the second and third sentences I have just read above were omitted, and in the radio broadcast from Moscow the first three words of the last sentence were also omitted.

By this means it was possible momentarily to create the impression that the United States had proposed direct or unilateral negotiation, when the full text was not susceptible of any such interpretation.

What does that mean to you? It meant to me that the officials of the Soviet Government knew we would recognize that the purpose of their release was to gain a propaganda advantage in order to mislead the American public, in fact the world public, as to the sincerity of their desire to reach an understanding.

In dealing with these difficulties in the situation, I feel, and I think all will agree, that it is very important to maintain the reputation for the integrity of action of this Government. We cannot afford to pursue any line of action, however successful it might be for the time being, which would reflect on the integrity of our purpose or actions in the future. We cannot stoop to a propaganda procedure which takes little account of facts and less of the proprieties.

It is because of these many complications that I think it is highly important that the women of this country gain a clear understanding of the situation. Such an understanding on their part will influence the youth in high school. It may temper political asperities of the male in the household. I know it can do a great deal to assist us in finding the wise course of action not only for the good of this country, but, because of our standing position, for the good of the world in general.

WOMEN ENDORSE LIMITED DRAFT

PORTLAND, Ore., May 28—(AP)

A limited draft and world federation were both endorsed by the General Federation of Women's Clubs yesterday.

A resolution asking prompt enactment "of a temporary and limited selective service program" passed over a number of dissenting voices.

The convention, whose theme is "mobilizing for peace," heard the first opposition to the selective service proposal from Miss Jean Fensom, Richmond, Va., delegate and war veteran.

Others joined in. "Law, not more arms, is what we need," said one delegate.

Mrs. Edward C. Magdeburger, Washington, D. C., argued, however, that selective service would provide a definite plan for perplexed youth.

Immediately after the draft approval, delegates endorsed "the principle of world federation," and called upon the United States to transform the United Nations into "a world law-making body with power to prevent war and to enforce justice upon individuals."

The federation protested "frequent and unnecessary drinking scenes which are being presented daily through radio, movies, theatres and magazines, and the glamorization of social drinking through liquor advertisements." The women demanded enforcement of liquor laws, and lessons in the public schools on the effects of alcohol.

The convention's climaxing speech will be made tonight by Secretary of State George Marshall. He landed at Eugene, Ore., last night after being forced by clouds to turn south from a scheduled Portland landing. He will proceed to Portland today.

MAY 1948

IRAN TO GET U.S. ARMS AID

MAY 1948
America Will Help Little Na-
tion Maintain 'Security'

Washington, May 28 (AP)—The United States plans to send tanks, fighter planes and guns to Iran so that little country, a neighbor of the Soviet Union, can maintain its "security," a Senate committee was informed today.

The same group—the Senate Appropriations Committee—was told by another witness that America has saved Greece from communism, but that continuing military aid is needed to establish that nation's security.

John D. Jernegan, chief of the State Department's division of Greek Turkish-Iranian affairs, disclosed the plan to ship military supplies to Iran.

Not On Good Terms With Arabs

All the tanks, fighter and cargo planes, guns and ammunition and other military supplies earmarked for Iran are surplus, he said. Their original cost was around \$60,000,000, but the present depreciated total is closer to \$36,000,000, he added.

Jernegan said the arms will be used "to the maintain international security" of Iran.

Senator Bridges (R., N.H.) asked if there was any chance that the Iranian Army might use them against the Jews in Palestine.

Jernegan said no. He said Iranians are Mohammedans but are not on good terms with the Arabs.

Expected To Repay Some

President Truman on May 24 asked for \$19,155,000 for "care, handling and disposal of surplus property abroad." Of this, Jernegan said, \$15,674,000 will be used for transport and handling of supplies for Iran. However, Iran is expected to repay the transportation costs as well as another \$10,000,000 for the actual material.

Dwight Griswold, chief of the United States mission to aid Greece, told the committee that if American aid had not been given, Greece now would be completely dominated by "countries in the north."

But he said military help is needed because today there are

more "bandits" operating in northern Greece than a year ago. He blamed this on "forcible recruiting."

"Are there any reasonable prospects they can clean out the Communists this year?" Bridges asked.

"Ugly Rumors" Of Graft

Griswold estimated the government will clean out about 75 per cent of the Communists in the hills this year if "there is no greater pressure from the north."

Griswold was testifying on the European Recovery Program.

Bridges said the committee had heard "ugly rumors" of graft in United States aid to Greece and said this might be investigated. Griswold denied knowledge of any such irregularities.

Griswold testified as President Truman sent to the Senate the nomination of Henry F. Grady, of California, to be United States Ambassador to Greece. Grady, now Ambassador to India, would succeed Lincoln MacVeagh, transferred to Portugal.

Grady also is slated to take Griswold's job of supervising American aid to Greece. Griswold is expected to retire soon.

U. S. FREES SPAIN'S ASSETS

Officials Say Action Does Not Mean Softening of Our Policy

WASHINGTON, May 28 (AP)—The Government today lifted a seven-year-old freeze against withdrawal of about \$60,000,000 in Spanish-owned assets in this country.

It also did away with requirements that licenses must be obtained to send money to Spain on current transactions. That left Portugal the only country bound by those requirements.

The action was announced by the Treasury, which handles controls over foreign funds.

State Department officials said it did not mean any softening of United States policy toward Dictator Franco.

The unblocking followed an agreement by Spain May 8 to return to American war Allies all gold in Spain which could be determined to be Nazi loot. There was no estimate of the amount.

Spain also has agreed to close Nazi schools in Spain, send Nazi agents back to Germany and to sell German property in Spain and pay the proceeds over to the

Allies.

Those proceeds and the gold will be distributed among allied countries from which the Germans looted gold during the war.

France is the chief beneficiary. The United States takes no part of this money.

Soviet Lend-Lease Accord Seen 1948

Washington, May 28 (AP)—A new Soviet move to settle Russia's multibillion-dollar lend-lease debt with the United States heartened American negotiators today.

State Department officials said they expect the forthcoming trip to Moscow by Soviet Ambassador Alexander S. Panyushkin to produce another Russian counterproposal aimed at writing off the \$11,296,000,000 account.

The year-old talks have been stalled for three months by the refusal of the Russian delegation to accept the American formula for paying off the Kremlin's wartime obligation.

Have 87 U.S. Ships

The United States has insisted Russia must pay a percentage of the cost of all lend-lease supplies with a peacetime value. Britain and France agreed to this principle in settling their accounts. No repayment is asked for guns, planes, tanks and ammunition used up or destroyed in the war.

One of the major disagreements has been over the 87 American ships Russia still has. Moscow has returned eight vessels but continues to use the remainder for trading purposes.

In addition, the American Government has asked for the return of certain small naval craft the Soviets used during the war.

Panyushkin announced his planned departure for Moscow after conferring with Under Secretary of State Lovett yesterday. The Ambassador said his visit would be brief because he is going only to get "new instructions" from the Kremlin.

Six Loans Made by World Bank In Two Years Total 513 Millions

ATLANTIC CITY, May 28 (AP)—Morton M. Mendels, of Washington, secretary of the International Bank, said today the bank has made six loans totaling \$513,000,000 in the last two years and has \$470,000,000 available for additional grants.

In an address to the closing session of the fifty-second annual convention of the Maryland Bankers Association, Mr. Mendels said the European Recovery Program complements rather than interferes with the bank's operations.

"Under its articles of agreement, the bank can make loans only for productive purposes and cannot make political or relief loans," Mr. Mendels said.

The six loans made so far are \$250,000,000 to France, \$195,000,000 to the Netherlands, \$40,000,000 to Denmark, \$12,000,000 to Luxembourg and two loans totaling \$16,000,000 to Chile, Mr. Mendels said.

Mr. Mendels said the bank has observers who see to it that "money is to be used for the specific purposes for which the loan was made."

"In practice, there has been an extraordinary unity of viewpoint on the major questions of policy facing the bank, and the executive directors of all nationalities have given fine support to the management and staff," Mr. Mendels said.

The needs of western European

countries "are so great, and political and economic conditions are so uncertain that private investors hesitate to take the risks involved," he added.

The International Bank, however, has as its objective encouragement of a revival of private foreign investment, Mr. Mendels said.

"In fact, where private financing is available on reasonable terms, the bank is forbidden from lending," he said. "In the absence of private capital, the bank makes production loans on reasonable terms, thereby strengthening the economy and credit standing of the borrowing nation, which in turn will promote world trade."

Norman B. Boyle, of Westminster, was elected today president

of the Maryland Bankers' Association at the close of its fifty-second annual convention. He succeeds T. Howard Duckett, of Hyattsville.

Other officers elected are W. Robert Huey, of Chestertown, vice-president, and Pierre N. Le Brun, of Port Deposit, treasurer. Matthias F. Reese, of Baltimore, was renamed secretary.

Air, Arms Plans Cut Into E.R.P. Forecast

Washington, May 28 (AP)—The air force expansion and other new arms programs will cut into recovery shipments to Europe, an Economic Co-operation Administration official predicted today.

Glenn H. Craig, acting director of ECA's industry division, said Europe's request for aluminum, steel, copper and industrial materials "all down the line" may have to be curtailed, in view of national defense drains on United States production.

"We don't yet know how much adjustment will be necessary, but I don't see how we can avoid some," said Craig, a State Department official on loan to the ECA.

Industrial Items Included

Although foreign aid now consists mostly of food and fuel, Craig said this quarter's program, ending June 30, also would cover the shipment of a long list of industrial items.

These include machinery, oil, cotton, iron and steel, trucks, some freight cars, coal mining, timber and oil equipment, aluminum and other metals, leather and some minor textile items.

"There is no question but that the armament program will cut into our aluminum plans to some extent," Craig said. "However, we'll obtain some aluminum from Canada."

WASHINGTON, May 28 (AP)—The House voted today for United States membership in the world health organization.

A unanimous voice vote approved legislation permitting the President to accept membership in the organization set up to promote healthy standards and combat disease.

It limits the annual cost to the United States to \$1,920,000.

The measure has passed the Senate but goes back there for action on House changes.

URGES U. S. ORE FLEET PREPARE FOR DEFENSE

WASHINGTON, May 28 (AP)—Nearly 50 per cent of the ships in the Great Lakes ore-carrying fleet are more than forty years old and should be replaced, Chairman Alvin F. Weichel, Republican, Ohio, of the House Merchant Marine Committee said today.

Mr. Weichel told the House that Russia is "bending every effort" to push its steel expansion program, while the United States "stands by with an obsolete ore fleet."

He urged immediate steps to modernize the carriers for national security reasons.

He said 154 of the 312 ore ships are more than forty years old, ninety-three more than thirty and thirty-five more than twenty years old.

The Great Lakes Fleet, Mr. Weichel said, is the "security line" of the nation's steel supply, carrying millions of tons of ore, limestone and coal annually to steel-making centers along the lakes.

Railroads, he said, could not handle the job.

30.24- 18101

Communists Would Ignore 'Mundt Law', Foster Says

WASHINGTON, May 28 — (AP) William C. Foster, leader of the American Communist Party, today attacked a bill designed to curb communist activities and told Senators his party would not comply if it becomes law.

His blast came in the second day of hearings before the Senate Judiciary Committee on the Mundt-Nixon Bill which already has received a thumping endorsement from the house. Henry A. Wallace, third party presidential candidate, is the headline witness tomorrow.

Foster declared the bill would create a "fascist police state" and set up a "caste of political untouchables."

Foster Assails Bill

"If the Mundt-Nixon Bill were to pass, the Communist Party would not perjure itself by admitting any resemblance to the monstrous caricature of its nature and purposes drawn in this bill," he said.

The measure would establish heavy fines and jail sentences for trying to set up a foreign-controlled totalitarian dictatorship in this country. The Communist Party would be required to register annually with the Justice Department and furnish the names and addresses of its members. Failure to register, or false registration, would be punishable by up to five years imprisonment and \$5,000 fine.

Communist fronts likewise would have to register but they would not have to file membership lists. Communists would be barred from non-elective government position, and couldn't be granted passports. Their propaganda would have to be labeled as such.

Foster said the Communist Party has no intention of exposing its members to "persecution, ostracism and blacklisting in employment" by registering their names. He said that all provisions of the measure "are based on the premise that Hitler's big lie has become the gospel truth by which America must light its way."

Foster's statement was read to the committee by John Gates, who accompanied him, but Foster himself was questioned.

To Back Third Party

Committee Chairman Wiley (R-Wis) wanted to know whether the

communists would support Henry Wallace for president.

"The Communist Party will support the third party," Foster answered.

Senator Ferguson (R-Mich) asked the size of Foster's income. Foster said \$65 a week. Then Ferguson wanted to know whether he gets anything from Russian sources.

Foster said the question was "ridiculous." But he replied: "Not a cent."

He also told the committee that there hadn't been any Russian aggression in Poland, Czechoslovakia, and other countries, but that "the United States is out to dominate the world."

Rep. Vito Marcantonio, American-Labor congressman from New York, also urged defeat of the bill. Ferguson tied into him, too, suggesting that Marcantonio was following the communist party line.

Marcantonio denied that. He said he was just saying "what every liberal American says." Responding to another question by Ferguson Marcantonio said he does not believe communism a menace to America.

Others Add Protests

Osmond K. Fraenkel of the American Civil Liberties Union also opposed the bill, calling it "obnoxious and, in important respects, unconstitutional." Lewis G. Hines opposed the bill on behalf of the American Federation of Labor.

The National Farmers Union made public a telegram to Wiley saying the bill violates the Bill of Rights. The Farmers Union also expressed fear that the measure might have an adverse effect on such organizations as farmers co-operatives.

Chairman Wiley meanwhile solicited cooperation of the House Committee on un-American Activities in tracing the origin of a deluge of telegrams to congressmen in opposition to the bill. Wiley said he feels sure that many of them are "communist inspired."

In a development independent of the senate hearing, the federal loyalty board announced that 32 additional organizations have been put on the "subversive" list by Attorney General Clark. He named some 90 such organizations last November.

'Sabotage' Charge Is Hurlled At Voice Broadcast Probe

Halt Is Proposed in Airings; State Department Under Criticism.

WASHINGTON, May 28. — (AP)

A congressional investigator charged today that Voice of America "smear" broadcasts have "the earmarks of deliberate sabotage" but a radio official said no evidence of sabotage had been found.

The accusation was hurled by Rep. Chenoweth (R-Colo) during an investigation of broadcasts which, many legislators said, slandered American states and customs.

The National Broadcasting Company, through Vice President Charles R. Denny, took a share of the blame for the broadcasts.

No Sabotage Evidence, Is Claim
"We are not ducking responsibility," he said, and then declared that his company has no evidence of any sabotage attempt.

State department officials also accepted partial blame for the broadcasts. "In the future, we must have prior supervision over every one of these scripts," said George

Chenoweth told Allen sternly: "Congress never intended for the State department to turn over all responsibility to the NBC or any other private broadcasting company."

Earlier an official of the State department, which is in overall charge of the "Voice," said the broadcasts resulted from a "slip-up" in NBC.

"It was a blunder—a bad blunder," said the official, Charles W. Thayer, acting chief of the State department's international broadcasting division in New York, "but it amounted to only one-tenth of one per cent of our entire foreign program."

"Yes," snapped Chenoweth, "and one drop of water can poison a whole well. Have you ever heard of that? It seems to me this thing has the earmarks of deliberate sabotage."

The house expenditures subcommittee headed by Chenoweth is the first to hold public hearings into a travelogue series broadcast by

NBC last winter for the State department. Separate inquiries have been launched by the White House and two senate committees.

It also was disclosed at today's hearing that the State department itself is investigating "quite extensively" to determine whether certain unnamed writers deliberately tried to sabotage the voice of America programs.

Halt Is Proposed

Chenoweth proposed at one point that Voice of America programs be called off or at least given a "breather." George V. Allen, assistant secretary of state in charge of the "Voice," said this would be a tragic mistake.

Short wave radio is our only means of getting through the "iron curtain," Allen said, and the state department even now is getting appeals from persons in the Soviet bloc "who hope the spirit of America will some day lift the iron curtain."

The onus for the offending broadcasts was put on NBC by the author of the scripts, Venezuelan-born Rene Borgia, in a letter read to the house committee by Allen. Borgia, who has been fired by the network for his part in the broadcasts, said flatly: "NBC is to blame for everything."

The script writer said he was ordered to write the programs in a light vein. He said he protested, for fear of offending the state department. But he said NBC officials, whom he did not name, told him:

"Don't worry about the state department. You are not writing for the state department. You're writing for a commercial program."

The broadcasts in question, all in Spanish and beamed to Latin America last winter, were prepared by NBC under terms of a contract with the State department. NBC has announced that besides firing Borgia it transferred his supervisor, Cuban-born Alberto Gandero, and Gandero later resigned.

Commotion Astonishes Him, Says Ex-Chief Of 'Voice' Scripts

Havana, Cuba, May 28 (AP)—The man who handled the United States State Department's Voice of America programs to Latin America says he is "astonished" that they caused such a commotion in the United States Senate.

Alberto Gandero, a Cuban-born United States citizen, formerly was head of the Voice of America program division of the National Broadcasting Company in New York. He is here visiting relatives. Gandero said he resigned from NBC last April, effective May 15.

"I can say that the people who are doing those Voice of America programs at NBC feel in their hearts a very deep devotion to the value of the programs," Gandero said. "To reflect in any way on our country was the thing farthest from our minds."

Criticizes Use Of Excerpts

"It is not fair to take from a script an isolated sentence here or there, and construe that to represent what the whole story tells. The complete story in each case was a fine piece of propaganda for the United States."

"All this was started by Representative John Taber, of New York, who, for reasons I cannot imagine, has been attacking these Voice of America broadcasts. I recall some time ago he found a phrase in a script about an annu^{er} pageant

in Wyoming where Indian girls run a foot race. He found a phrase in Spanish which, translated literally, says they ran in the race "feathered and naked."

"But if the sense of the context is considered, and the Spanish fully understood, it means that they ran, possibly with bare arms and no stockings—or, to follow the literal language, with some skin showing—and wore a feathered costume. The program . . . was not offensive in any way, either to the listeners, or to Wyoming itself."

Gandero said NBC was "given very little by Congress with which to put on the programs" and "we could not hire the necessary personnel."

Low Paid, He Says

"The people at NBC doing those shows are doing so at very low salaries," he said. "People who wrote scripts, did other work, and put programs on the air, got \$300 to \$400 monthly. In radio, that is peanuts."

"In my own situation, I was in

charge of the programs, but it was physically impossible for me to review every script that went on the air. I think it is self-evident that, taking the scripts in their entirety and not picking out an isolated sentence here or there, they were favorable to the United States."

Clark Tags 32 Organizations 'Subversive'

Washington, May 28 (AP)—Thirty-two organizations were tagged "subversive" today by Attorney General Clark.

The 32 are in addition to approximately 90 groups so designated by Clark last November.

The new names were announced by the Federal Loyalty Review Board.

The board has the job of checking on loyalty of Federal employees. President Truman ordered the check. The President has said that membership in an organization designated as "subversive" should be considered as one basis for investigation of a Government worker's loyalty.

Supplementary Group

Prominent on the original list were the Communist party and numerous alleged Communist-front organizations, as well as many defunct groups like the German American Bund.

Today's supplemental lists, made public by Board Chairman Seth W. Richardson, named the following organizations:

American Association for Reconstruction in Yugoslavia, Inc.

American Committee for Protection of Foreign Born.

American Committee for Yugoslav Relief, Inc.

The American Council for a

Democratic Greece, formerly known as the Greek-American Council or as the Greek-American Committee for National Unity.

American Croatian Congress.
American League for Peace and Democracy, successor to American League Against War and Fascism and predecessor of American Peace Mobilization, both included on last November's list.

American-Russian Institute.
American-Slav Congress.
Ausland-Organization der Nsdap, overseas branch of the Nazi party.
California Labor School, Inc., of San Francisco.

Central Council of American Women of Croatian Descent, also known as Central Council of American Croatian Women or as National Council of Croatian Women.

Civil Rights Congress
The Citizens Protective League.
Civil Rights Congress of Michigan.

Civil Rights Congress, Milwaukee chapter.
Congress of American Women.
Council for Pan-American Democracy.

Friends of the Soviet Union and its successor, American Council on Soviet Relations, both predecessors of the National Council of American Soviet Friendship, included in the November list.

The German-American Republican League.
International Labor Defense.
Jewish Peoples Committee.
League of American Writers.

Negro Victory Group
National Council of Americans of Croatian descent.

Negro Labor Victory Committee.
The Peace Movement of Ethiopia.
Peoples Educational Association (incorporated under name, Los Angeles Educational Association, Inc.), also known as Peoples Educational Center, Peoples University, People's School.

People's Institute of Applied Religion.
Serbian Vidovdan Council.
Slovenian - American National Council.

United Committee of South Slavic Americans.
United Harlem Tenants and Consumers Organization.
Wisconsin Conference on Social Legislation.

Young Communist League.
Locations Not Given

As in the case of the original list, the supplemental list, except in the case of California Labor School, did not announce specific headquarters locations.

The Attorney General noted in supplying the new list to the Loyalty Review Board that the previous listings include the Michigan Federation for Constitutional

Liberties.

"The correct name of the organization designated was the Michigan Civil Rights Federation, which has been succeeded by and now operates as the Michigan Chapter of the Civil Rights Congress," Clark said.

"The Civil Rights Congress, which was designated by me in my letter of November 24, has chapters in several states and localities. Illustrative of these are the Civil Rights Congress of Michigan and the Civil Rights Congress, Milwaukee chapter listed above. Inasmuch as these various state and local subdivisions of the Civil Rights Congress are integral parts of the national organization, the designation of the parent body is intended to include all its branches."

Clark said the investigation of organizations suspected of being totalitarian, Fascist, Communist, or subversive, is a continuing one and that additional organizations and groups will continue to be listed from time to time.

WOMEN CALLED 'SUBVERSIVE' WANT APOLOGY

Group Demands Clark Act; Asks, 'How Can You Stigmatize Thousands?'

New York, May 28 (AP)—The Congress of American Women today demanded a public apology from Tom C. Clark, Attorney General, for listing the organization as "subversive."

A telegram, signed by Dr. Gene Weltfish, national president, said the congress was outraged at the Attorney General's action earlier today. The congress was among 32 organizations Clark labeled as subversive.

"How can you stigmatize thousands of women whose sons and husbands fought and died just to defeat such arbitrary practices?" the telegram asked.

Aims Of Group Listed

"Your action increases our determination to fight as women and

mothers for freedom for ourselves and our children to think and act without fear and hysteria.

"You owe these thousands of women a public apology."

Mrs. Stella Allen, executive secretary of the congress, said, "The aims of our organization are equal status for women, the extension of child-care facilities, the maintenance of peace, and the preservation of our democratic way of life."

In Detroit, Jack Raskin, Executive Secretary of the Michigan Civil Rights Congress, challenged Clark "to produce one piece of evidence to indicate that any action of our organization has done anything except strengthen our democracy."

"This Is Fascism"

"It is a disgrace when a man like Mr. Clark is in a position to judge other people's Americanism," Raskin went on. "The Civil Rights-Congress will match its thirteen-year record of fighting for civil rights against Mr. Clark's ineptitude."

In Milwaukee, Mrs. Josephine Nordstrand, executive director of the Wisconsin Civil Rights Congress, of which the Milwaukee branch listed by Clark is a part, said, "Mr. Clark is setting himself up as the supreme arbiter over the thoughts and opinions of the American people. . . . This move was evidently intended to steam-roller the Mundt-Nixon bill through the Senate. . . . This is fascism. . . ."

Mrs. Nordstrand said he Wisconsin Conference on Social Legislation, also on the Clark list, "now is inactive." She identified herself as secretary of the conference.

"Proud Of Our Record"

A spokesman for the People's Educational Association, named as subversive by Clark, said at Los Angeles, "We are proud of our record."

"We challenge any of our critics to find anything wrong with our record," said Sidney Davison, director. "We were a school, teaching a liberal, progressive interpretation of what is going on in the world. Unfortunately, we are living in times when, unless one agrees with the powers that be, he is ipso facto subversive."

The school has been suspended for the summer.

In San Francisco the director of a school listed as "subversive" by Clark urged resistance to "this gangster attack on academic freedom."

Dave Jenkins, director of the California Labor School, declared the action "is an example of the subversion of democracy by one-man Gestapo rule."

JUNE 19 IS SET FOR CONGRESS TO ADJOURN

GOP Leaders May Find It Necessary To Resume After Conventions

Washington, May 28 (AP)—A June 19 target was set officially today for adjournment of Congress by Republican leaders who asked lawmakers to work overtime—even at night—to attain it.

Senate committees were asked to abandon all except emergency meetings so senators could give more time to legislation already on the calendar.

Chairman Taft (R., Ohio) announced the GOP Policy Committee's decision and listed the order for top bills.

A dozen or more important measures, plus the regular Government money bills, are on tap. And time is short—three weeks until the Republican National Convention in Philadelphia.

Displaced Persons Bill First

First on the Republican list of legislation to be cleaned up is the displaced-persons bill. Second is the draft. Third is a resolution by Senator Vandenberg (R., Mich.) favoring western European or other regional defense alliances that may be formed under the United Nations.

No date was set for consideration of civil-rights legislation or the bill passed by the House to extend the Reciprocal Trade Act that expires June 12.

The backlog also includes a House-passed bill aimed at controlling the Communist party, and a proposal to extend terms of Atomic Commission members until 1950.

To Map Program Tuesday

Taft said Senate and House leaders will meet Tuesday to map the full program.

Civil-rights legislation and the trade-act extension both promise to cause trouble and delay.

Southern Senators are ready to filibuster on the civil-rights program.

On the trade act, a split in the Republican leadership itself may

hold up progress. The Administration wants to extend the reciprocal-trade program for three years as is. This means the President has the right to put into effect trade agreements without Congress' approval.

Vandenberg Favors Power

Vandenberg said the President should have such power "in the national interest."

A bill pushed through the House by Republican leaders not only would cut the extension to one year, but would give Congress veto power if a trade agreement goes beyond recommendations of the Tariff Commission.

Vandenberg says this veto power is not necessary and, in fact, could be harmful. Taft believes that the veto is not absolutely necessary, but insists that some standards ought to be set for Tariff Commission findings beyond which the President could not go.

May Meet After Conventions

Taft said the Senate would hold seven-hour daily sessions, and would meet next Wednesday night and possibly on other nights the following week.

If appropriations are not approved on time, Taft said, Congress may have to meet between the Republican and Democratic conventions.

And, he added, if other important measures remain, Congress may resume work after the two conventions.

Urged F.D.R. Pledge, Says Sherwood

Washington, May 28 (AP)—Robert E. Sherwood assumes partial responsibility for the late President Roosevelt's 1940 campaign promise that American boys "are not going to be sent into any foreign wars."

In a second Collier's magazine article based on the secret papers of the late Harry L. Hopkins, another Roosevelt associate, Sherwood, author, playwright and Roosevelt speech-writer, relates how he and others sat in on a speech the President was preparing for Boston.

Party leaders were sending telegrams to the Roosevelt train, urg-

ing him to make an absolute guarantee to American mothers that their sons would not be sent abroad to fight.

Roosevelt Hesitant

"But how often do they expect me to say that?" Roosevelt asked. "It's in the Democratic platform and I've repeated it a hundred times."

Whereupon, Sherwood remarked: "I know it, Mr. President, but they don't seem to have heard you the first time. Evidently you've got to say it again—and again—and again."

So it was put in as follows: "I have said this before, but I shall say it again and again and again: Your boys are not going to be sent into any foreign wars."

Postelection Conclusion

Judge Samuel I. Rosenman, another speech consultant, recalled that the platform had added the words, "except in case of attack." Roosevelt saw no need for tacking on that phrase, declaring:

"Of course, we'll fight if we're attacked. If somebody attacks us, then it isn't a foreign war."

Sherwood's article today said: "After the election had been won, it seemed to me the President made a mistake in yielding to the hysterical demands for sweeping reassurance, but, unfortunately for my own conscience, I happened at the time to be one of those who urged him to go the limit on this, feeling as I did that any risk of future embarrassment was negligible as compared with the risk of losing the election."

Then, Sherwood added: "I burn inwardly whenever I think of those words 'again—and again—and again.'"

Action On 'West Point Of Air' Forecast Soon

San Antonio, Texas, May 28 (AP). Secretary for Air W. Stuart Symington predicted congressional action within a month on the question of creating a "West Point of the Air." Symington said here yesterday that Randolph Air Base, near here, is "a favorable place" for an academy of the air.

He stressed the importance of air power as the "decisive element" of national defense.

Symington and a party of Texas Congressmen are scheduled to visit Longview today.

PLANE BUYING APPROVED

Forrestal Splits \$1,998,800,000
Fund for Air Force and Navy

WASHINGTON, May 28 (AP)—The Air Force and the Navy got a go-ahead from Defense Secretary James Forrestal today to start buying \$1,998,800,000 worth of new planes. He authorized this beginning of United States air expansion under provisions of the \$3,198,100,000 measure approved by Congress recently to build a 70-group Air Force.

Today's authorization gives \$1,345,165,000 to the Air Force and \$653,635,000 to the Navy. In general, the aim of air leaders is to acquire 2,727 new Air Force and 1,525 new Navy planes.

The Air Force wants 1,575 jet fighters, 243 bombers, 909 transports and other type planes. The Navy says it needs 807 fighters, 515 attack planes, 103 patrol planes, twenty transports and eighty helicopters.

Youth Created

Own War Record

CHICAGO, May 28. — (AP) The glorious war record of John Andrew Keller, Jr., burst today like a bubble gum balloon.

Robert C. Eardley, assistant U. S. attorney, said Keller, a 21-year-old Peotone, Ill., sales man, had created the brilliant record and commissioned himself an army second lieutenant by dint of a little extra paper work while employed as a clerk in the Pentagon Building, Washington, D. C.

Keller was charged with falsifying government records. Conviction of the charge carries a maximum penalty of 10 years' imprisonment and a \$5,000 fine.

Eardley gave the following account of the charge: Keller, while employed in the casualty and reserve branch of the War department, entered his own name in the file of an infantry officer candidate who had not completed his course at Ft. Benning, Ga.

He then selected a serial number from a block which had not been used, and filled out a commission

form naming himself as a second lieutenant.

The record adopted by Keller showed that he had engaged in exploits in four campaigns in Europe, sabotage behind enemy lines, and was wounded twice in action.

The Peotone man's bogus record listed awards of the bronze star, the Belgian fourragere and the purple heart with cluster.

Eardley said Keller's wife, a former WAVE, did not know that his commission was a fake.

Insisted He Be Promoted

It was Keller's insistence that he be promoted to first lieutenant, Eardley said, which led to his arrest. A routine checkup showed that the commission bore a coast artillery officers' serial number although the commission designated branch of service as infantry. Further investigation established that the officer who purportedly signed the commission had never been to Ft. Benning.

Keller's arraignment was set before Federal Judge William J. Campbell next week.

TRUMAN SETS HOUR OF PRAYER SUNDAY

Washington, May 28 (A. P.).—President Truman called on American citizens today to make Memorial Day of 1948 the inspiration for "a mighty striving for peace."

Since the holiday falls on Sunday, Mr. Truman said, its observance should be one of prayer throughout the country that permanent peace may prevail among men.

The President said in a proclamation:

"Although the months and years after the end of hostilities in the world's most tragic war are steadily passing, mankind has not yet found the long-sought basis of an unbreakable, righteous peace.

"In all humility we wish to acknowledge our need for divine guidance. . . .

"I designate the hour beginning at 8 o'clock in the evening (Eastern standard time Sunday) as a period in which all the people in the United States may unite in prayer for a permanent peace."

Mr. Truman issued the proclamation in signing a joint congressional resolution asking the President to designate Memorial Day as a time of prayer for peace.

Congress Fired Blanks At Home Problem: O'Neil

Washington, May 28 (AP)—American Legion Commander James F. O'Neil said today Congress has "fired a volley of blanks" on the nation's housing and defense problems.

O'Neil said "public patience and time are running out." He added: "Members of Congress will feel the full force of public indignation if they fail to respond accordingly."

President Truman said yesterday he planned no further appeals to Congress for action on housing legislation. He said he had stressed the need on four different occasions

and the reasons he advanced are still good.

A long-range housing measure has passed the Senate but is being held up by the House Banking Committee which has made no move to send it to the House floor. The chief dispute revolves around a public-housing provision.

British Housewife To Get Food Treat

Montgomery, Ala., May 28 (AP)—A British housewife who became hungry reading grocery ads in an American newspaper soon will find out just how the goodies taste.

A group of Montgomery grocers is sending her a 100-pound box of food so she can "give my family a treat." The shipment is due to leave next week, said R. W. Edwards, secretary-treasurer of the Grocers Co-op.

The housewife is Mrs. G. Coleman of Great Yarmouth, Norfolk, England. She saw the grocery ads in a copy of the Montgomery Advertiser left there by an American soldier during the war.

The delicacies looked so good she wrote the Grocers Co-op asking "if there is any way to have something sent." She offered a one-pound note in payment.

NEW BRITISH ENVOY ARRIVES AT CAPITAL

WASHINGTON, May 28—(AP) Sir Oliver Franks, the new British ambassador, arrived today to take up his new duties—minus "Lulu" the family's cherished cat.

Sir Oliver, who succeeds Lord Inverchapel, told reporters that the cat, pet of his two daughters, Caroline, 9, and Alison, 3, is "lost" somewhere aboard the liner Queen Elizabeth.

The tall, lanky Sir Oliver was accompanied by his wife and children. He told questioners that the Marshall Plan already has made a "real and significant" contribution in Europe's recovery.

Prentice Cooper Quits As Ambassador To Peru

Washington, May 28 (AP)—President Truman today accepted the resignation of Prentice Cooper, of Tennessee, as Ambassador to Peru.

The White House made public Cooper's letter of resignation. Asking to be relieved of his duties on July 15, the Ambassador said he had intended to spend only one year away from his home.

"It is now two years that I have been away and I feel that my work in Peru has been completed," Cooper said. It was dated April 13.

United Nations Kashmir Unit To Meet In Geneva

Lake Success, N.Y., May 28 (AP)—The United Nations Kashmir Commission decided today to hold its first formal meeting in Geneva June 15.

The group then will leave as soon as possible for the Indian subcontinent. Members are Argentina, Belgium, Colombia, Czechoslovakia and the United States.

The Security Council set up the body in an effort to settle differences between India and Pakistan over the princely state of Kashmir.

Chilean-Russ Stalemate

Lake Success, N.Y., May 28 (AP)—

Chile complained to the United Nations tonight against Russia's refusal to release Russian wives of foreigners from the Soviet Union.

The Chilean Government formally demanded that the United Nations discuss the situation at the General Assembly opening in Paris September 21.

The Chilean complaint contains two counts:

1. That Russia has violated human rights by preventing Russian wives of foreigners from leaving the country with their husbands.

2. That Russia violated traditional diplomatic practices by refusing to allow a member of the family of the former Chilean Ambassador to Russia to leave the country accompanied by the Ambassador.

Stalemate Since October

Hernan Santa Cruz, Chilean delegate, said the Chilean involved is Alvaro Ocampo, the son of Luis D. Cruz Ocampo, who was Ambassador to Russia. The Soviet Government has barred the departure of the son's wife, Lidia Lesina, and their son, from Russia.

As a result, Santa Cruz said, the entire Chilean group associated with the Ambassador still is in Moscow and some 50 Russians, including the Russian Ambassador, still are in Chile.

The stalemate has existed since last October, when Chile broke diplomatic relations with Russia.

Santa Cruz said Chile first tried direct negotiations with the Russians. These failed and Chile then tried negotiations through Argentina. When these did not succeed, the head of the Chilean delegation to the 1947 United Nations Assembly talked personally with Andrei V. Vishinsky, Soviet Deputy Foreign Minister, but again the attempt failed.

Other Countries Complain

Santa Cruz said Russia has refused to put the case before the International Court of Justice at the Hague.

Barred on all sides, he said, Chile has decided to put it before the United Nations.

Thus he asked Trygve Lie, United Nations Secretary General, to put the case before the Assembly. The Russians were expected to fight it from the start.

Other countries have complained

in United Nations committee sessions that Russia would not permit the wives of their citizens to leave the Soviet Union but this is the first formal complaint to be lodged with the General Assembly.

Involved In Another Case

Chile is involved in another case with Russia in the Security Council. There the Chilean Government sponsored charges against Russia made by Dr. Jan Papanek, former Czechoslovak delegate to the United Nations. Papanek charged that Russia aided the Communist coop in Czechoslovakia last February.

The Security Council still is considering the case but Russia has vetoed one proposal to set up a commission to look into the case.

Santa Cruz charged in his letter to Lie that the Russians have violated fundamental human rights by preventing the Russian wives of foreign citizens to leave the country in the company of their husbands or to be reunited with them. He said his action may impair the friendly relations among nations and violates the principles of the United Nations charter.

30.24- 18105

ARAB LEADERS SAID THESE LAST-DITCH FIGHTERS--NUMBERING LESS THAN 400--TOOK COVER IN THE BUILDINGS YESTERDAY, AFTER LEGIONNAIRES CAPTURED AND OCCUPIED THE GREAT HURVA SYNAGOGUE IN THE JEWISH QUARTER. *add - Inside Jerusalem - (Day) - xxx of [unclear]*
HURVA WAS THE LAST OF THE OLD CITY'S FIVE SYNAGOGUES TO BE EVACUATED BY HAGANAH AND IRGUN ZVAI LEUMI FORCES. THEY THEN RAN TO THE GROUP OF THREE-STORIED HOUSES IN THE HADOW OF THE OLD CITY'S SOUTH WALL. THE STRUCTURES ARE OF HEAVY STONE, WITH ONE STORY BELOW GROUND.

SHELLING AND DYNAMITE CHARGES HAVE FAILED TO ROUTE OUT THE DESPERATE DEFENDERS. NOW THE ARAB INFANTRY HAS BEEN CALLED IN. ARAB OFFICERS SAID THEIR JOB IS TO "ACCEPT UNCONDITIONAL SURRENDER OR WIPE OUT THE ENEMY."

THE AREA THE JEWS ARE DEFENDING IS NO LARGER THAN A CITY BLOCK. THE ARAB LEGION'S AREA COMMANDER SAID "THE SUCCESSFUL TERMINATION OF THE OLD CITY CAMPAIGN X X X IS ONE-THIRD OF TOTAL VICTORY IN THE PALESTINE CAMPAIGN."

IF THE ARABS SUCCEED IN THEIR MISSION, IT WILL BE THE FIRST TIME IN 2,000 YEARS THERE HAVE BEEN NO JEWS IN THE OLD CITY.

THE ARAB COMMANDER SAID HURVA WOULD NOT BE DEMOLISHED AS THE OLD CITY'S OTHER FOUR SYNAGOGUES WERE BECAUSE IT CONTAINED NO PREPARED GUN POSITIONS. IN A FEW PLACES THE WALLS OF THE SYNAGOGUE WERE POCK-MARKED BY RIFLE FIRE, BUT THE EXTERIOR APPEARED GENERALLY UNDAMAGED. INSIDE THE HUGE DOMED STRUCTURE, ALSO KNOWN AS BEIT YAACOV (HOUSE OF JACOB) WAS A SCENE OF DEVASTATION.

THE REST OF THE JEWISH QUARTER IS A SMASHED RUIN. MUCH OF IT HAS BEEN LEVELLED BY ARAB ARTILLERY AND DEMOLITION BLASTS.

I ACCOMPANIED ADVANCED UNITS OF BEDQUIN AND SUDANESE RIFLEMEN WHO OCCUPIED HURVA. CAPTURE OF THIS RELIGIOUS LANDMARK WAS THE TOUGHEST OBJECTIVE OF THE LEGION'S 10-DAY PUSH THROUGH THE WINDING STREETS OF THE JEWISH QUARTER.

FROM THEIR STONE BUILDINGS JEWISH SNIPERS CONTINUED TO HARASS THE ADVANCING ARABS. FOUR MEN OF THE ADVANCE PARTY WERE WOUNDED.

A15 FROM THE ANCIENT STREET OF DAVID WE FOLLOWED A TRAIL OF STILL WET BLOOD SPOTS OVER PILES OF DEBRIS WHICH WERE ONCE JEWISH HOMES, SHOPS AND SYNAGOGUES. BULLETS WHINED AS WE DUCKED ACROSS OPEN SPACES.

WEARY LEGIONNAIRES LAY PANTING IN THE OPEN COURTYARD AT THE DOOR TO HURVA SYNAGOGUE. THEIR COMRADES CLAMBERED TO THE TOP OF THE GREAT DOME AND RAN UP THE FLAG OF THE ARAB LEGION.

AS THE ARABS CLOSED IN ON THE BELEAGUERED JEWS, A FEW HUNDRED FEET AWAY ARAB WOMEN WENT ABOUT THEIR CHORES AND CHILDREN PLAYED AS IF THE BATTLE WERE A CONTINENT AWAY.

LIFE WENT ON AS USUAL IN THE ROCK-WALLED STREET OF DAVID AND ALONG THE UNSCATHED VIA DOLOROSA (WAY OF SORROWS). MEN BARGAINED IN THE SHOPS AND DONKEYS PASSED CARRYING FRESH PRODUCE AND MEAT TO THE ALREADY WELL STOCKED SHOPS.

OCCASIONALLY A WOUNDED SOLDIER WAS CARRIED BY ON A STRETCHER OR A FILE OF INFANTRYMEN MARCHED PAST TO REMIND ONE A BLOODY CONFLICT WAS GOING ON.

COUNT FOLKE BERNADOTTE OF SWEDEN, APPOINTED BY THE UNITED NATIONS TO TRY TO MEDIATE THE PALESTINE WARFARE, ARRIVED IN CAIRO BY PLANE. HE SAID HE HAD A PLAN OF HIS OWN WHICH HE DECLINED TO DISCLOSE TO NEWS MEN.

"I FULLY REALIZE THE DIFFICULTY OF MY MISSION," HE SAID, "BUT IF I DID NOT HAVE A CHANCE I WOULD NOT BE HERE." A PRAGUE DISPATCH QUOTED AN INFORMANT ANYHF

add - Cairo - (Night) - xxx of [unclear]
"I FULLY REALIZE THE DIFFICULTY OF MY MISSION," HE SAID, "BUT IF I DID NOT HAVE A CHANCE I WOULD NOT BE HERE."

A PRAGUE DISPATCH QUOTED AN INFORMANT AS SAYING TWO PLANE LOADS OF CZECHOSLOVAK ARMY OFFICERS WERE FLOWN TO PALESTINE YESTERDAY TO SERVE AS INSTRKCTOCS TO THE ISRAELI ARMY.

AS INSTRUCTORS TO THE ISRAELI ARMY. ANOTHER GROUP WAS SCHEDULED TO LEAVE TODAY.

WW455PED

THE BRITISH FOREIGN OFFICE ANNOUNCED IN LONDON THAT THE 21 BRITISH OFFICERS ON LOAN TO ABDULLAH'S LEGION HAVE BEEN INSTRUCTED TO WITHDRAW FROM PALESTINE, BUT NOT FROM THE LEGION. THERE ARE 16 OTHER BRITISH OFFICERS WITH THE LEGION, BUT THESE WERE EMPLOYED DIRECTLY BY TRANS-JORDAN AND ARE NOT SUBJECT TO BRITISH INSTRUCTIONS, BRITAIN TOLD THE UNITED NATIONS LAST NIGHT.

INSIDE THE OLD WALLED CITY OF JERUSALEM INFANTRYMEN OF THE TRANS-JORDAN ARAB LEGION TRIED TO DIG OUT OF THREE STONE HOUSES THE LAST DESPERATE DEFENDERS OF THE JEWISH QUARTER. HURVA SYNAGOGUE, WHERE IRGUN FIGHTERS HELD OUT FOR 11 DAYS, WAS IN ARAB HANDS.

AT LAKE SUCCESS, THE BRITISH CALLED FOR A FOUR WEEKS' ARMISTICE IN THE HOLY LAND DURING WHICH NO ARMS OR FIGHTING MEN WOULD BE PERMITTED ENTRY. IN THAT PERIOD A LAST TRY WOULD BE MADE TO RESTORE PEACE TO PALESTINE.

THE JEWS ASSAILED THE PROPOSAL AS AN ALLIANCE BETWEEN THE BRITISH AND THE ARABS. THUS IT APPEARED HEADED FOR FAILURE. AN ARAB SPOKESMAN COMMENTED THAT THE PLAN HAD "AN ETHICAL APPROACH."

JUST BEFORE THE BRITISH PROPOSAL WAS MADE THE RUSSIANS RESUBMITTED AN AMERICAN PLAN UNDER WHICH THE JEWS AND ARABS WOULD BE GIVEN 36 HOURS TO STOP FIGHTING OR FACE STRONG U.N. MEASURES FOR ENDING THE WARFARE. THE JEWS FAVORED THE RUSSIAN PLAN BUT THE ARABS DID NOT.

THE BRITISH PROPOSAL CALLS FOR FORCEFUL U.N. MEASURES IN EVENT OF ITS REJECTION.

THE VOICE OF JERUSALEM, A HAGANAH STATION INSIEOHTLZNITT, *add - Cairo - (Day) - xxx of [unclear]*
OF ITS REJECTION.

THE VOICE OF JERUSALEM, A HAGANAH STATION INSIDE THE HOLY CITY, SAID THOUSANDS OF SOLDIERS ON BOTH SIDES HAD BEEN THROWN INTO THE BATTLE FOR THE JERUSALEM-TEL AVIV HIGHWAY.

THE FIGHTING RAGED OVER A FOUR-MILE STRETCH BETWEEN LATRUN, WHICH IS 21 MILES SOUTHEAST OF TEL AVIV, AND BAB EL WAD, THE EMBATTLED GORGE THROUGH WHICH THE HIGHWAY WINDS, THE BROADCAST SAID. THE ARABS CLAIMED YESTERDAY THAT 800 JEWS HAD BEEN KILLED IN THE BATTLE

UP TO THEN.

JEWISH MILITARY HEADQUARTERS IN TEL AVIV SAID THEIR PLANES BOMBED ARAB ARTILLERY EMPLACEMENTS SHELLING THE HIGHWAY. THE PLANES HIT ENEMY CONCENTRATIONS AT RAMALLAH, NINE MILES NORTH OF JERUSALEM, THE BULLETIN ADDED.

A20

ARAB SOURCES IN CAIRO SAID THE EGYPTIAN ARMY, AIDED BY UNITS OF THE TRANS-JORDAN ARAB LEGION AND IRREGULARS, ATTACKED JERUSALEM ITSELF FROM THE SOUTH YESTERDAY MORNING. THEIR ATTACK WAS AIMED AT THE JEWISH FORTRESS SETTLEMENT OF TALPIYOT, THE RESIDENTIAL SUBURBS OF MEKOR HAIM, UPPER BAQAA, KATAMON AND THE GERMAN AND GREEK DISTRICTS. AN ISRAELI COMMUNIQUE CLAIMED THE RECAPTURE OF RAMAT REHEL, THE MUCH FOUGHT OVER SETTLEMENT BETWEEN BETHLEHEM AND JERUSALEM, AND SAID THE ARABS HAD BEEN DRIVEN OUT OF MAR ELIAS MONASTARY ON THE BETHLEHEM ROAD.

THE BULLETIN SAID ALSO THAT THE JEWS DESTROYED AN EGYPTIAN ARMY POSITION AT BEIT HANUN, FIVE MILES NORTHEAST OF GAZA--A MAIN POSITION OF THE EGYPTIANS COMING UP THE COASTAL HIGHWAY FROM THE EGYPTIAN-PALESTINE FRONTIER. THE JEWS SAID 30 EGYPTIANS WERE KILLED. GAZA ITSELF WAS BOMBED, THE COMMUNIQUE SAID.

STILL OTHER JEWISH FORCES ENTERED MAJDAL, NINE MILES NORTH OF BEIT HANUN AND 27 MILES SOUTH OF TEL AVIV, AND BLEW UP STORES AND BUILDINGS, THE ISRAELI BULLETIN SAID.

THE EGYPTIAN GOVERNMENT CHARGED IN A NOTE TO THE UNITED NATIONS THAT TWO ZIONISTS ADMITTED INFECTING WELLS EAST OF GAZA WITH TYPHOID AND DYSENTERY GERMS. AUBREY S. EBAN, REPRESENTATIVE OF ISRAEL, SAID THE CHARGES WERE "A MOST DEPRAVED BIT OF MEDIEVAL ANTI-SEMITISM."

AN EGYPTIAN DEFENSE MINISTRY COMMUNIQUE LISTED THE NAMES OF FOUR ZIONIST FLIERS FORCED DOWN IN PALESTINE WEDNESDAY. TWO WERE AMERICANS--LEWIS GRUBB AND GAYAN ROBERT DANSELM. THE OTHER TWO WERE HUBERT KIRNESS, BRITISH, AND VIGIN BERG, DUTCH.

IN LONDON AMERICAN AND BRITISH DIPLOMATS CONTINUED THEIR TALKS ON PALESTINE. DEPUTY FOREIGN MINISTER HERBERT MORRISON SAID FOREIGN SECRETARY ERNEST BEVIN WOULD MAKE A STATEMENT IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS EITHER TODAY OR MONDAY ON PALESTINE.

M330AED

BULLETIN

AMMAN--TRANS-JORDAN, MAY 28-(AP)--IT WAS ANNOUNCED OFFICIALLY HERE TODAY THAT THE JEWISH QUARTER OF THE OLD CITY OF JERUSALEM HAS SURRENDERED TO KING ABDULLAH'S ARAB LEGION.

FEWER THAN 400 JEWISH FIGHTERS HAD BEEN HOLDING A LAST THIN LINE AGAINST THE ARAB ONSLAUGHT BEHIND THE WALLS OF THE OLD CITY.

A156

THE JEWISH FIGHTERS TOOK COVER YESTERDAY IN THREE STONE HOUSES BENEATH THE SOUTH WALL. ARAB FOOT TROOPS WERE SENT IN TO ROOT THEM OUT, AFTER THE LEGIONNAIRES HAD CAPTURED AND OCCUPIED THE GREAT HURVA SYNAGOGUE, LONG A STRONGHOLD OF THE JEWS.

A157

(THE ISRAELI FORCES SAY THEY STILL HOLD MOST OF THE MODERN CITY OF JERUSALEM, OUTSIDE THE WALLS.)

PO1235PED

CAIRO, MAY 28-(AP)--EGYPTIAN BOMBERS ATTACKED AND DISPERSED ZIONIST TROOP CONCENTRATIONS ATTEMPTING TO OPEN THE JERUSALEM-TEL AVIV ROAD AT BAB EL WAD, 11 MILES WEST OF THE HOLY CITY, AN EGYPTIAN DEFENSE MINISTRY COMMUNIQUE SAID TONIGHT. THE COMMUNIQUE ALSO SAID EGYPTIAN PLANES MADE SEVERAL SORTIES AGAINST JEWISH SETTLEMENTS BETWEEN TEL AVIV AND GAZA.

THE COMMUNIQUE SAID EGYPTIAN RECONNAISSANCE PLANES OBSERVED A "LARGE" FORMATION OF JEWISH TROOPS CONCENTRATED WEST OF BAB EL WAD. IT ADDED THAT EGYPTIAN PLANES KEPT THE ENEMY FORCES "UNDER CONTINUOUS ATTACK."

THE EGYPTIANS ALSO CLAIMED HIGH EXPLOSIVE AND INCENDIARY BOMBS WERE DROPPED ON THE SETTLEMENTS OF HULDA, 18 MILES SOUTHEAST OF TEL AVIV, AND ABU SHUSHA, 17 MILES SOUTHEAST OF TEL AVIV. DIRECT HITS WERE SCORED AND FIRES WERE STARTED THAT COULD BE SEEN AT A HIGH ALTITUDE FROM GAZA AND MAJDAL, THE COMMUNIQUE SAID.

WITHOUT IDENTIFYING ANY PARTICULAR AREA, THE EGYPTIAN COMMUNIQUE SAID: "OUR LAND FORCES MADE WIDE-SCALE MOPPING UP OPERATIONS FORCING THE ENEMY OUT OF RESISTANCE POCKETS AND INFLECTING CONSIDERABLE CASUALTIES."

EGYPTIAN PLANES ALSO ATTACKED THE SETTLEMENT OF KHALDA, INFLECTING DAMAGES, THE COMMUNIQUE SAID, AND SUCCESSFULLY STRAFED SIX ARMORED CARS AND TWO OTHER VEHICLES NEAR KHALDA.

SN646PED

A102 (150)

BY CARTER L. DAVIDSON

JERUSALEM, MAY 28-(AP)--WITH JERUSALEM'S MOVIES CLOSED BY A COMBINED POWER FAILURE AND DANGER OF SHELL FIRE, JEWISH JERUSALEMITES HAVE ONLY ARAB RADIO BROADCASTS TO AMUSE THEM.

THE ENGLISH-LANGUAGE PALESTINE POST REPRINTS THE BROADCASTS DAILY AS RECEIVED FROM DIRECT RECORDING AND FROM NEWS AGENCIES.

TODAY'S EDITION, FOR INSTANCE, CARRIED A DISPATCH FROM CAIRO QUOTING THE ARAB HIGHER COMMITTEE AS SAYING:

"WITH THE HELP OF THE TRANS-JORDAN LEGION AND ARAB VOLUNTEERS, THE EGYPTIAN ARMY ATTACKED (JERUSALEM'S SOUTHERN SUBURBS) FROM THE CAPTURED JEWISH SETTLEMENT OF RACHEL'S TOMB."

THE TOMB OF RACHEL IS A TWO-ROOM SHRINE NORTH OF BETHLEHEM. THE NEAREST SETTLEMENT IS RAMAT REHEL, WHICH I VISITED AT 3 A.M. TODAY AND FOUND STILL IN JEWISH HANDS.

KATAMON, THE GERMAN COLONY OF TALPIOTH AND BAKAA, WHICH THE ARAB COMMITTEE SAID WERE UNDER ATTACK, HAVE NOT BEEN HIT BY ANYTHING FOR TWO DAYS.

SN934PED

by carter l. davidson

Jerusalem, Tuesday May 25-(ap)-~~THE~~ shell-pocked and bullet-riddled, a pilgrims' hostel once operated by the sisters of notre dame now serves as the forward position of the army of israel in the fight for northern ~~the~~ jerusalem.

MAY 1948

With a haganah officer as a guide, i toured the notre dame hospice today, often within 15 yards of arab gun ~~muzzles~~ muzzles ~~at~~ atop the old city wall just across narrow sullivan street.

in the street between, among granite rocks which crashed down under artillery fire, lies the skeleton of an arab legion armored car, burned out in last night's fighting.

The arabs overran notre dame when the british army evacuated it after using it several months as a billet. ~~The~~ The jews, claiming the roof of the building was used as a snipers' nest for all of northern jerusalem, attacked may 15, with stern group fighters forming the spearhead. They got in but the arabs routed them in a counterattack.

Haganah joined the fight two days later and drove out the arabs in a bloody ten hours of attack and counterattack. During the fighting arab artillery rained holes in the pink and gold chapel and riddled the priceless ancient stained glass windows.

Hunks of ~~plaster~~ plaster litter the altar and the floor of the chapel. back of the altar is a great gaping hole through which one can see down the road all the way to the damascus gate.

~~Through~~ through a side window, shattered by a mortar bomb, one could see the new gate just 15 yards ~~ag~~ away. The jews have put sandbags in the chapel windows to serve as pillboxes ~~and~~ for marksmen keeping ~~the~~ the arabs ducking behind the old city walls.

as we peered out, arab snipers behind ~~sandbagged~~ sandbagged emplacements atop the walls kept ~~pot-shots~~ ^{our} ~~away~~ in the general direction, but

none of them came close. We chatted in whispers as we walked through the church, because the haganah officer told us to. down in the cellar of the hostel a museum was badly ~~xxx~~ damaged by shelling, but a young haganah commander, a 22-year-old veteran named itzhak, told us jewish experts already have been called in to restore it. so far, he said, there has been no looting of ~~xxx~~ ancient relics.

MAY 1948

second 1900apr 1113a

Tel Aviv, Israel, May 27--(Delayed)--(ap)--Following is the text of tonight's Haganah communique:

~~Southern~~ Northern front ~~the~~ enemy concentrations at Banafas village just across the Syrian border were attacked and dispersed last night by our forces. Planes of our air force last night bombed enemy concentrations at El Hama on the Yarmuk River across the frontier east of the Sea of Galilee, and ~~the~~ Lubiya and Zaarin, Palestine villages in

Lower Galilee.

Jerusalem front -- The Jerusalem front was relatively quiet today. Last night there was sporadic artillery fire ~~in~~ in the direction of the Yamen Moshe quarter, Mea Shearim and ~~Notre Dame~~ Mount Zion.

Our forces last night attacked enemy concentrations at the former radar station at Kfar Biddu inflicting heavy losses. Heavy artillery fire was directed throughout the day at the settlements of Maaleh Ha Hamisha and Kiryat Hanavim, and Castel Hill overlooking the

Jerusalem Road.

Our planes last night ~~attacked~~ bombed enemy concentrations near Biddu and Ramallah. A main phase in the battlefront of Jerusalem is developing in the Latrun area where large forces ~~are~~ ^{have been} concentrating on both sides during the last 24 hours.

There have been only minor skirmishes in this sector with

30.24- 18109

the notable exception of the occupation by our forces of the village of Beit Jiz.

Southern front -- The Negba settlement was shelled last night by heavy enemy artillery. Our mobile forces last night raided an advanced position of the Egyptian army south of Beit Hamun and completely destroyed a strong point. Thirty Egyptian soldiers were killed and a complete battery of heavy guns was blown up.

MAY 1948

A103 TEL AVIV, ISRAEL, MAY 28-(AP)-JEWISH MILITARY HEADQUARTERS SAID TONIGHT THAT THE JEWISH DEFENSE OF THE OLD CITY OF JERUSALEM WAS OVERPOWERED TODAY.

AN ANNOUNCEMENT SAID THE DEFENDERS RAN OUT OF FOOD AND AMMUNITION BEFORE THE END OF THEIR BATTLE.

THE JEWISH ARMY ESTIMATED THERE WERE PERHAPS LESS THAN 1,500 JEWS IN THE OLD CITY WHEN THE DEFENDERS SURRENDERED.
RW934PED

BY JAMES M. LONG

TEL AVIV, ISRAEL, MAY 28-(AP)-ADVICES REACHING HERE TODAY FROM JERUSALEM INDICATED THE FLAMING BATTLE FOR LATRUN AND THE TEL AVIV-JERUSALEM HIGHWAY MIGHT BE THE DECISIVE ONE IN THE PALESTINE WAR.

THOUSANDS OF HAGANAH (JEWISH ARMY) AND TRANS-JORDAN ARAB LEGION TROOPS HAVE BEEN THROWN INTO THE BATTLE, WHICH IS GROWING IN INTENSITY.

THE JEWISH ARMY ANNOUNCED ITS FORCES CAPTURED TWO ARAB VILLAGES, BEIT JIZ AND BEIT SASUN, JUST SOUTH OF LATRUN AND THE HIGHWAY. BUT MILITARY SECURITY HERE CLOUDED THE DETAILS.

THE ARAB LEGION IS REPORTED TO HAVE DRAWN TROOPS EVEN OUT OF EMBATTLED JERUSALEM AND TO HAVE RUSHED THEM THROUGH THE BLOODY BAB EL WAD GORGE IN AN ATTEMPT TO STEM A JEWISH ATTACK IN THE AREA OF LATRUN, KEY TO THE JERUSALEM-TEL AVIV ROAD WHICH LIES 15 MILES WEST OF THE HOLY CITY.

THE ARABS -- AND PERHAPS THE JEWS AS WELL -- THREW AIRCRAFT INTO

THE FIGHT, WHICH SPREAD FOR MILES OVER THE AREA WHERE RICHARD THE LION-HEARTED HALTED AND TURNED BACK IN HIS CRUSADE, SHORT OF JERUSALEM.

JEWISH ARMY HEADQUARTERS ANNOUNCED AN IRAQI TWO-ENGINED PLANE OF THE ANSON TYPE WAS SHOT DOWN IN THE LATRUN AREA YESTERDAY. TWO OTHER TWIN-ENGINED IRAQI PLANES WERE REPORTED SHOT DOWN ON THE UPPER JORDAN FRONT.

THE VOICE OF GALILEE, JEWISH RADIO IN THE NORTH, SAID JEWISH AIRCRAFT RAIDED EL KUNEITRA IN SYRIA, EAST OF THE SEA OF GALILEE. IT IS AN ARAB TROOP CONCENTRATION POINT.

A SECOND MAJOR ARAB CONCENTRATION CENTER IN SYRIA, BANIYAS, WAS ATTACKED BY JEWISH GROUND FORCES IN NIGHT PENETRATIONS, THE BROADCAST SAID. IT ADDED THAT ARAB VILLAGERS EVACUATED THE SURROUNDING AREA AFTER THE RAID.

THE RADIO SAID AN ARAB PLANE RAIDED THE JEWISH SETTLEMENT OF DAN, NORTHERNMOST LIMIT OF THE HOLY LAND OF BIBLE DAYS, BUT THAT NONE OF THE BOMBS EXPLODED.

EZ945AED

A161

TEL AVIV, ISRAEL, MAY 28-(AP)-FIGHTER BOMBERS ATTACKED THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF TEL AVIV AT DUSK TODAY. AN UNIDENTIFIED PLANE DROPPED TWO BOMBS ON NATANYA, COASTAL CITY 18 MILES NORTH OF TEL AVIV, BUT THEY FAILED TO EXPLODE.

FH1240AED

MAY 1948

A136

TEL AVIV, ISRAEL, MAY 28-(AP)-JAMES M. LONG OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS RECEIVED HAGANAH ACCREDITATION CARD NO. 1 TODAY.

LONG WAS THE FIRST AMERICAN AND FIRST NON-JEWISH CORRESPONDENT ASSIGNED TO COVER THE JEWISH ARMY.

HIS FIELD UNIFORM IS THE REGULAR HAGANAH MIXTURE OF BUSH JACKET AND KHAKI SLACKS. HE WEARS A NEW INSIGNE: A BLUE AND WHITE CIRCLE WITH THE WORDS "WAR CORRESPONDENT" LETTERED IN ENGLISH AND HEBREW.

DURING MOST OF THE LAST WORLD WAR, HE WAS ASSIGNED TO GEN. EISENHOWER'S SUPREME HEADQUARTERS.

SN1052PED

HAIFA, ISRAEL, MAY 28-(AP)-FIVE BRITONS WERE FORCED TO RETURN TO HAIFA BY AIR TODAY WHEN LEBANON REFUSED TO RECOGNIZE THE ISRAELI EXIT STAMPS ON THEIR BRITISH PASSPORTS.

THE FIVE WERE ABOARD AN ARAB AIRWAYS PLANE WHICH HAD BEEN CHARTERED BY THE BRITISH CONSOLIDATED REFINERIES, LTD., OF HAIFA. THE PASSENGERS WERE DETAINED FOR AN HOUR AND A HALF AT BEIRUT AIRPORT UNTIL A BRITISH PILOT COULD BE FOUND AND INSTRUCTED TO FLY THE PLANE BACK TO HAIFA.

SN1116PED

HAIFA, ISRAEL, MAY 28-(AP)-THE BRITISH ARMY REPORTED TODAY ONE OF ITS SENTRIES STATIONED NEAR THE RESIDENCE OF THE BRITISH COMMANDING OFFICER FIRED TWO BURSTS OF HIS GUN TO DISPERSE A SQUAD OF 10 JEWISH SOLDIERS.

JEWISH OFFICIALS SAID THE TROOPS APPARENTLY WERE IN TRAINING ON THE RUGGED SLOPES NEAR THE DEFENSE PERIMETER OF HISTORIC MOUNT CARMEL. THEY SAID THE SOLDIERS MUST HAVE PROCEEDED TOO CLOSE TO THE RESIDENCE OF LT.GEN.G.H.A.MACMILLAN.

SN1054PED

A48
HAIFA, ISRAEL, MAY 28-(AP)-JEWISH SOURCES SAID TODAY HAGANAH FORCES HAVE CAPTURED THE ARAB VILLAGE OF ZIR'IN, MIDWAY BETWEEN NAZARETH AND THE KEY ARAB CITY OF JENIN.

THE INFORMANTS SAID HAGANAH ENCOUNTERED LITTLE RESISTANCE IN THE VILLAGE, WHICH LIES ON THE ARAB-JEWISH BORDER AS SET UP IN THE UNITED NATIONS PARTITION PLAN.

CAPTURE OF ZIR'IN STRENGTHENS THE JEWISH FLANK SOUTH OF AFULA. AFULA IS THE FIRST ALL-JEWISH TOWN NORTH OF THE ARAB TRIANGLE OF JENIN-TULKARM-NABLUS, USED BY FAWZI BEY AL KAUJJI AS A BASE FOR THE ARAB YARMUK ARMY, WHICH IS MADE UP MOSTLY OF VOLUNTEER SOLDIERS FROM THE SURROUNDING ARAB STATES.

JP548AED

MAY 1948

A99 (140)

AMMAN, TRANS-JORDAN, MAY 28-(AP)-THIS ARAB WAR CAPITAL WAS THE SCENE OF WILD JUBILATION TONIGHT AS THE NEWS SPREAD OF THE SURRENDER OF 1,600 JEWS IN THE OLD CITY OF JERUSALEM TO THE TRANS-JORDAN ARAB LEGION.

CROWDS LINED THE NARROW STREETS TO CHEER EACH TRUCKLOAD OF DEPARTING GUARDS BOUND FOR THE ALLENBY BRIDGE TO INTERCEPT BUSLOADS OF JEWISH PRISONERS OF WAR. THE BRIDGE, OVER THE JORDAN RIVER, CONNECTS TRANS-JORDAN WITH PALESTINE.

EVERY AMMAN STREET CORNER WAS JAMMED WITH SHOUTING AND HAND-WAVING CROWDS THAT HAD GATHERED AROUND RADIO RECEIVERS. GROUPS OF ARABS SANG SONGS AND FIRED THEIR WEAPONS INTO THE AIR.

THE VOICES OF CHILDREN JOINED IN THE REJOICING. ONE GRINNING EGYPTIAN NEWSMAN REMARKED: "IT'S ONLY THE BEGINNING. NEW JERUSALEM IS NEXT AND WE'LL TAKE THOUSANDS MORE."

AN OFFICIAL COMMUNIQUE RAISED THE ESTIMATE OF THE TOTAL WHO SURRENDERED TO 2,000. IT ADDED THAT 350 ALREADY HAD BEEN DISARMED AND STARTED ON THEIR WAY TO A TRANS-JORDAN CONCENTRATION CAMP.

SN922PED

A41

JERUSALEM, THURSDAY, MAY 27-(AP)-AN ISRAELI SPOKESMAN SAID TODAY THE FAILURE OF THE UNITED NATIONS CEASE FIRE EFFORTS MEANS THE HOLY PLACES IN JERUSALEM UNDOUBTEDLY WILL BE REDUCED TO RUBBLE.

JP516AED

HAIFA, ISRAEL--FIRST ADD OIL PRODUCTS X X X PALESTINE. THE HAIFA REFINERY IS OWNED BY THE BRITISH ADMIRALTY AND CONTROLLED BY THE CONSOLIDATED REFINERIES, LTD. IT NORMALLY PROCESSES MORE THAN 100,000 BARRELS OF OIL DAILY.

THE PIPELINE, WHICH TERMINATES ON THE SHORES OF HAIFA BAY, ORIGINATES NEAR KIRKUK IN THE MOSUL OIL FIELDS OF IRAQ. IT RUNS FOR MORE THAN 600 MILES THROUGH IRAQ, TRANS-JORDAN AND PALESTINE. ABOUT 160 MILES WEST OF KIRKUK ANOTHER PIPELINE BRANCHES OFF THE MAIN LINE AND EXTENDS SOME 375 MILES THROUGH IRAQ, SYRIA AND LEBANON. THAT LINE TERMINATES IN THE LEBANESE SEAPORT OF TRIPOLI.

EACH LEG OF THE PIPELINE CARRIED ABOUT 14,000,000 BARRELS OF OIL ANNUALLY.

AFTER JEWISH ARMED FORCES CONQUERED HAIFA LAST MONTH OPERATIONS CEASED ON THE SOUTHERN LEG. THE NORTHERN LEG INTO TRIPOLI WAS REPORTED OPERATING NORMALLY.

LABOR AT THE HAIFA REFINERY HAS BEEN MIXED JEWISH AND ARAB. IN THE PAST THE MANAGEMENT REFUSED TO OPERATE THE PLANT UNLESS BOTH ARABS AND JEWS WERE AMONG THE EMPLOYEES.

WHEN THE ARAB POPULATION EVACUATED HAIFA DURING THE SUDDEN JEWISH ATTACK ON THE CITY, AN AUTHORITATIVE SOURCE SAID: "IF THE REFINERY IS OPERATED BY JEWS, THE NATURAL THING WOULD BE FOR THE ARABS TO CUT THE CRUDE OIL LINE."

ONE ESTIMATE WAS THAT BEFORE THE CURRENT PALESTINE WAR THE HUGE HAIFA PLANT FURNISHED ABOUT 90 PER CENT OF THE PETROLEUM NEEDS OF THE EASTERN MEDITERRANEAN, INCLUDING NEARBY ARAB COUNTRIES.

SN1013PED

Baghdad, May 28--(ap)--A communique issued by the Iraqi ministry of defense for May 27 said Arab planes had bombed Nahariya port, north of Haifa, leaving installations aflame and inflicting heavy damage.

and destroyed

Arab aircraft also raided Jewish columns concentrated at Ashdot Yaakov and Kenaranvil, the communique said. It added that and destroyed ammunition dumps at other planes bombed Deir Muhaisin and Khulda on the main highway leading to Jaffa, destroying ammunition dumps.

The Iraqi communique claimed Arab armored patrols occupied

several important positions in an advance from Nablus to Deir Yusu
several important positions after a thrust into Jewish areas from
The arab base at Nablus.

Prague, May 28-(AP)-A reliable informant said two planes of
Czechoslovak army officers were flown to Palestine yesterday to instruct
Jewish troops. Another group was to leave today.

Goldberg 01952 apr rm 1450

MAY 1948

FIRST LEAD DATED PALESTINE
BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

THE TRANS-JORDAN ARAB LEGION CAPTURED THE OLD WALLED CITY OF
JERUSALEM TODAY AFTER A LAST DITCH DEFENSE BY ABOUT 300 JEWISH TROOPS.
THE JEWS HAD BEEN PRESSED INTO THREE STONE BUILDINGS FOR THEIR LAST
STAND AFTER WEEKS OF SIEGE.

A GREATER BATTLE BY FAR WAS REPORTED JOINED BY JEWS AND ARABS ON
THE TEL AVIV-JERUSALEM HIGHWAY BETWEEN LATRUN AND BAB EL WAD.
THE JEWS SAID BOTH SIDES COMMITTED THOUSANDS OF TROOPS; THE NEAR
EAST RADIO CALLED IT ONE OF THE BIGGEST BATTLES EVER FOUGHT IN THE
HOLY LAND.

THE ARAB VICTORY AT JERUSALEM WAS THE LAST IN WHICH BRITISH OFFICERS
AS SUCH, WERE LIKELY TO PARTICIPATE DURING THE PALESTINE CAMPAIGN.
THE BRITISH FOREIGN OFFICE SAID IT HAD ORDERED THE 21 OFFICERS LENT
TO THE LEGION TO LEAVE PALESTINE, THOUGH NOT THE LEGION ITSELF.
BRIG. JOHN GLUBB PASHA, THE BRITON WHO COMMANDS THE LEGION, WAS NOT
AFFECTED. HE IS A MAJOR OF THE BRITISH ARMY RESERVES, BUT OVERAGE AND
THUS NOT SUBJECT TO WAR OFFICE ORDERS.

THE TOPPLED AND HEAVILY DAMAGED OLD CITY IS BUT A FRACTION OF JERU-
SALEM. THE JEWS CLAIMED CONTROL OF MOST OF THE MODERN CITY, WHICH
CONTROLS THE MAIN EAST-WEST AND NORTH-SOUTH ROADS IN PALESTINE.
A LARGE JEWISH ARMED FORCE AND 90,000 JEWISH CIVILIANS ARE IN THE
MODERN CITY.

THE TIRED, RAGGED JEWS IN THE OLD CITY SURRENDERED AT 2:30 P.M.
(5:30 A.M. EASTERN STANDARD TIME). THOSE OF FIGHTING AGE WERE
ORDERED TO A CONCENTRATION CAMP OUTSIDE THE CITY. OLD MEN AND
CHILDREN WERE TURNED OVER TO THE INTERNATIONAL RED CROSS. JEWISH
NEGOTIATORS SAID 1,500 TO 1,600 OF THEIR PEOPLE WERE IN THE OLD CITY,
WHERE THE JEWISH QUARTER HAS BEEN SHELLED TO RUINS. THE ARAB

VICTORY MEANT JEWS WOULD BE EVICTED FROM THE OLD CITY, SACRED TO THREE
GREAT RELIGIONS, FOR THE FIRST TIME IN 2,000 YEARS.

THE RESULT HAD BEEN CERTAIN FOR A WEEK OR MORE. ARAB ARMOR,
ARTILLERY AND MANPOWER WAS SIMPLY STIFLING TO THE OUTNUMBERED JEWS
—HUNGRY, PARCHED AND DESPERATELY SHORT OF AMMUNITION.

THE BATTLE FOR LATRUN AND BAB EL WAD LOOMED AS A POSSIBLE DECISIVE
COMBAT. IT GREW IN INTENSITY. ON ITS OUTCOME DEPENDED THE SUPPLY FOR
THE JEWS IN JERUSALEM. THE JEWS TOOK TWO VILLAGES SOUTH OF LATRUN
AND THE ARABS WERE REPORTED DRAWING TROOPS FROM JERUSALEM TO THE FRAY.

JEWISH PLANES WERE REPORTED TO HAVE ATTACKED EL KUNEITRA AND BANIYAS
IN SYRIA, BOTH ARAB CONCENTRATION POINTS.

THE STATE DEPARTMENT SAID THE 41 AMERICANS FORCIBLY REMOVED
FROM THE AMERICAN SHIP MARINE CARP AT BEIRUT, LEBANON HAVE AGREED TO
RETURN DIRECTLY TO THE U.S.

THE U.S. JOINED RUSSIA IN ANOTHER DEMAND BEFORE THE UNITED NATIONS
FOR FORCEFUL MEASURES TO STOP THE PALESTINE WAR. U.S. DELEGATE WARREN
AUSTIN SAID ARAB ARMIES CLEARLY ARE IN PALESTINE FOR POLITICAL REASONS.

A BRITISH PROPOSAL FOR A FOUR-WEEK ARMISTICE APPEARED DOOMED. THE
JEWS OPPOSED IT, BUT CHINA ANNOUNCED HER SUPPORT.
INFORM

JEWS OPPOSED IT, BUT CHINA ANNOUNCED HER SUPPORT.

INFORMED BRITISH GOVERNMENT SOURCES SAID THE BRITISH HAVE EVEN NEW
PROPOSALS FOR A JEWISH-ARAB SETTLEMENT. A FOREIGN OFFICE SPOKESMAN SAID
ANY NEW PLAN WOULD BE SUBMITTED TO THE U.N.

AMERICAN OFFICIALS IN WASHINGTON SAID THE LATEST BRITISH PROPOSALS
ON PALESTINE PROVIDED THE BASE FOR A GREAT IMPROVEMENT IN AMERICAN-

ON PALESTINE PROVIDED THE BASE FOR A GREAT IMPROVEMENT IN AMERICAN-
BRITISH RELATIONS. THE BRITISH WERE REPORTED ALARMED OVER MOUNTING
CRITICISM IN THE U.S. AND OVER THEIR NEAR EAST INTERESTS IF THE
FIGHTING GOES ON UNCHECKED.

THE BATTLE FOR LATRUN WAS IN ARAB TERRITORY.

ARTILLERY AND AIR POWER WERE COMING MORE AND MORE INTO PLAY.
THE BATTLE GROUND IS IN ARAB TERRITORY ABOUT 15 MILES WEST OF
JERUSALEM AND 21 SOUTHEAST OF TEL AVIV.

THE JEWS SAID THEY CAPTURED BEIT JIZ AND BEIT SASUN, JUST SOUTH
OF LATRUN. THE ARAB LEGION WAS REPORTED DRAWING OFF TROOPS FROM
JERUSALEM FOR THE LATRUN BATTLE TO MEET THE GROWING JEWISH ATTACK.
TO THE NORTH, HAGANAH FORCES SAID THEY TOOK ZIR'IN, MIDWAY BETWEEN
NAZARETH AND JENIN AND ON THE BORDER OF JEWISH AND ARAB PALESTINE.
THE VICTORY STRENGTHENED THE NORTHERN JEWISH FLANK, THEY SAID.

THE BRITISH FOREIGN OFFICE SAID 21 BRITISH OFFICERS LENT TO THE
TRANS-JORDAN ARAB LEGION HAVE BEEN ORDERED TO WITHDRAW FROM PALESTINE
BUT NOT FROM THE LEGION ITSELF. THE BRITISH APPARENTLY ACTED ON
INSISTENCE OF U.S. AMBASSADOR LEWIS DOUGLAS. SIXTEEN OTHER
BRITONS, EMPLOYED DIRECTLY BY TRANS-JORDAN, WERE NOT AFFECTED BY
THE ORDER.

more

THE ARABS COMPRESSED THE JEWS IN THE OLD WALLED CITY OF JERUSALEM INTO THREE THICK STONE BUILDINGS. HURVA SYNAGOGUE, INTACT OUTSIDE BUT RUINED WITHIN, FELL TO THE ARAB LEGION. THE LAST 400 OR FEWER JEWS IN THE OLD CITY WERE IN AN AREA SMALLER THAN A CITY BLOCK. THE REST OF THE JEWISH QUARTER IS A SMASHED RUIN, POWDERED BY DEMOLITIONS AND SELLS.

THE OLD CITY IS BUT A SMALL PART OF JERUSALEM. THE JEWS CLAIMED THEIR STRONG ARMED FORCES AND THE 90,000 JEWISH RESIDENTS HELD MOST OF THE MODERN CITY. THE ARABS, ENCIRCLING ALL JERUSALEM, ATTACKED THE SOUTHERN PART.

FUTILE PEACE TALK WENT ON IN THE UNITED NATIONS. NEITHER THE BIG POWERS NOR THE COMBATANTS COULD AGREE.

BRITAIN PROPOSED A FOUR WEEKS ARMISTICE WITH AN ARMS AND IMMIGRATION EMBARGO. IF PEACE WERE NOT MADE IN THAT TIME, THE BRITISH WANT STRONG MEASURES. THE JEWS DENOUNCED THE IDEA AS A PRODUCT OF THE BRITISH-ARAB ALLIANCES.

RUSSIA REINTRODUCED A U.S. PROPOSAL DEMANDING PEACE WITHIN 36 HOURS, OR U.N. SANCTIONS AND AN INTERNATIONAL FORCE. THE JEWS LIKED THAT ONE; THE ARABS DIDN'T.

PRESIDENT TRUMAN INDICATED U.S. ACTION ON LIFTING HER ARMS EMBARGO TO THE MIDDLE EAST WOULD DEPEND ON THE U.N.

THE BRITISH TOLD THE U.N. SHE IS MAKING PLANS TO INSURE THAT BRITISH OFFICERS WILL NOT SERVE WITH THE TRANS-JORDAN LEGION IN PALESTINE; THAT SHE WILL REVIEW IN THE LIGHT OF U.N. DECISIONS THE NEXT \$8,000,000 SUBSIDY DUE TRANS-JORDAN JULY 12; AND THAT IF AN ARMS EMBARGO IS DECLARED, SHE WILL STOP TREATY DELIVERIES TO EGYPT, TRANS-JORDAN AND IRAQ.

MAY 1948

A81

THE AMERICAN-BRITISH TALKS CONTINUED IN LONDON IN AN EFFORT TO STOP THE FIGHTING. A JEWISH SPOKESMAN SAID UNLESS PEACE COMES, HOLY PLACES IN JERUSALEM DOUBTLESS WILL BE DESTROYED.

THE EGYPTIANS SAID THEY CAPTURED TWO AMERICAN AND TWO OTHERS FLIERS FIGHTING FOR THE ZIONISTS. THE CAIRO GOVERNMENT CHARGED FORMALLY THAT TWO JEWS ACKNOWLEDGED INFECTING WELLS NEAR GAZA WITH TYPHOID AND DYSENTERY GERMS. JEWS RETORTED THAT THIS TALK WAS "ANTI-SEMITISM."

--DASH--

JAN CHRISTIAAN SMUTS, ELDER STATESMAN OF THE BRITISH EMPIRE, RESIGNED AS PRIME MINISTER OF SOUTH AFRICA. THE 78-YEAR-OLD FIELD MARSHAL, FIRST PRIME MINISTER IN THE BRITISH COMMONWEALTH TO RECOGNIZE ISRAEL, LOST HIS SEAT IN PARLIAMENT IN TUESDAY'S ELECTION WHEN HIS PARTY LOST ITS MAJORITY.

DR. DANIEL FRANCOIS MALAN, ISOLATIONIST AND ADVOCATE OF NATIVE SEGREGATION, WAS ASKED TO FORM A NEW GOVERNMENT.

JAN BENES, ELDER BROTHER OF THE PRESIDENT EDUARD BENES OF CZECHOSLOVAKIA, SAID THE EXECUTIVE IS VERY ILL AND "I HAVE PAID HIM MY LAST FAREWELL." THE RED GOVERNMENT SAID EARLIER THAT BENES, 64 TODAY, WAS NOT IN DANGER.

ARNULFO ARIAS MADRID APPEARED WINNER OF THE MAY 9 PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION IN PANAMA. THE SUPREME COURT, HOWEVER, MUST RULE WHETHER THE ARDENT NATIONALIST IS ELIGIBLE. HE WAS FORGED FROM THE OFFICE IN A COUP IN 1941 AND TWO GERMS HAVE NOT ELAPSED SINCE HE LAST WAS PRESIDENT, AS THE CONSTITUTION PROVIDES. THERE WAS TALK IN MEXICO THAT ARIAS MIGHT LEAD A REVOLT IF DEPRIVED OF HIS VICTORY.

M820AED

CANADA ANNOUNCED SHE WOULD OPPOSE THE RUSSIAN PROPOSAL. THIS MADE IT UNLIKELY THAT THE PLAN WOULD GET THE NECESSARY 7 OF THE 11 COUNCIL VOTES. *and - 2nd. success - (Dag) - xxy purpose*

AUSTIN SAID HE HAD NO INSTRUCTIONS ON THE AMERICAN ATTITUDE TOWARD A BRITISH DEMAND FOR A FOUR-WEEKS ARMISTICE. THE BRITISH PLAN APPEARED TO BE DOOMED BY JEWISH REJECTION.

AUBREY EBAN, REPRESENTATIVE OF ISRAEL, ATTACKED THE BRITISH. HE CHARGED THE BRITISH PLAN WAS A POORLY CAMOUFLAGED EFFORT TO HELP THE ARABS.

"WE HAVE A RESOLUTION TO PARALYZE THE MILITARY STRENGTH OF ISRAEL, GIVE FREE REIN TO THE REINFORCEMENT OF SURROUNDING ARAB ARMIES AND SUBMIT THE WHOLE PALESTINE PROBLEM ONCE MORE TO THE PROCESSES OF ARBITRARY REVISION," EBAN TOLD THE COUNCIL.

CHINA SUPPORTED THE BRITISH PROPOSAL AND TURNED THUMBS DOWN ON THE RUSSIAN PLAN.

DELEGATES SHOWED INTEREST IN DISPATCHES FROM LONDON SAYING THAT BRITAIN IS WORKING OUT A DETAILED ALTERNATIVE TO THE U.N. PLAN FOR SPLITTING THE HOLY LAND.

VASSILY A. TARASENKO OF THE SOVIET UKRAINE ASSAILED THE BRITISH MOVE AS AN ATTEMPT TO SUFFOCATE ISRAEL.

LONDON'S SUDDEN NEW PROPOSAL CALLS FOR AN ARMS EMBARGO AND A BAN ON ENTRY OF FIGHTING PERSONNEL INTO THE HOLY LAND FOR THE MONTH. IN THAT PERIOD A FINAL EFFORT WOULD BE MADE TO END THE WAR.

BRITAIN'S RESOLUTION, PRESENTED TO THE SECURITY COUNCIL LAST NIGHT STIPULATED THAT REJECTION OF THE PLAN BY THE JEWS OR ARABS WOULD MEAN THAT THE UNITED NATIONS WOULD HAVE TO TURN TO FORCEFUL MEASURES TO BRING PEACE TO PALESTINE. AN AMERICAN PROPOSAL TO DO THIS ALREADY HAS BEEN REJECTED BY THE COUNCIL BUT RUSSIA RE-INTRODUCED IT LAST NIGHT. THE COUNCIL MEETS AGAIN TODAY (9:30 A.M. EST.)

AN ARAB SPOKESMAN SAID THE BRITISH PLAN SHOWED "AN ETHICAL APPROACH." A SPOKESMAN FOR ISRAEL SCORED THE BRITISH AND THEIR PLAN, DECLARING:

"THE ALLIANCE BETWEEN THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT AND THE ARAB AGGRESSORS IS NOW COMPLETE BOTH IN THE POLITICAL AND MILITARY SPHERE. IT IS NOWHERE BETTER EXPRESSED THAN IN THE SUGGESTION FOR A WORLD-WIDE ARMS EMBARGO."

IN WASHINGTON, PRESIDENT TRUMAN INDICATED AT A NEWS CONFERENCE YESTERDAY THAT THE FUTURE OF AMERICA'S EMBARGO ON ARMS SHIPMENTS TO THE MIDDLE EAST WOULD DEPEND ON WHAT THE U.N. DECIDES TO DO.

THE FACT THAT THE PRESIDENT DECLINED COMMENT ON THE WHOLE ISSUE BY SAYING THAT IT WAS UNDER CONSIDERATION OF THE U.N. WAS ACCEPTED HERE AS MEANING THAT THE UNITED STATES WOULD FOLLOW THE UNITED NATIONS LINE ON ANY EMBARGO.

THE WHITE HOUSE ANNOUNCED TWO WEEKS AGO THAT THE STATUS OF THE U.S. ARMS EMBARGO--REMOVAL OF WHICH HAS BEEN DEMANDED BY THE JEWS--WAS UNDER CONSIDERATION.

COUNCIL DELEGATES GENERALLY RESERVED COMMENT ON THE BRITISH PLAN. THE UNITED STATES ASKED WASHINGTON FOR INSTRUCTIONS.

SHORTLY BEFORE SIR ALEXANDER CADOGAN TOOK THE FLOOR, RUSSIA REINTRODUCED THE ONCE-BEATEN AMERICAN PLAN FOR STRONG U.N. MEASURES TO END THE WAR. THIS PROPOSAL WOULD GIVE THE JEWS AND ARABS 36 HOURS TO STOP FIGHTING. FAILURE TO COMPLY WOULD OPEN THE WAY FOR ECONOMIC SANCTIONS AND EMPLOYMENT OF INTERNATIONAL FORCE.

A18

A LONG FLOOR BATTLE IS EXPECTED OVER WHICH PLAN THE COUNCIL TAKES

UP FIRST.

THE SITUATION APPEARED REVERSED ON THE RUSSIAN RESOLUTION. THE JEWS LIKE IT AND THE ARABS DON'T.

IN HIS SPEECH INTRODUCING THE RESOLUTION, CADOGAN SAID HE HAD BEEN INSTRUCTED TO MAKE THESE POINTS:

1. BRITAIN IS MAKING IMMEDIATE ARRANGEMENTS TO INSURE THAT 21 BRITISH OFFICERS WILL NOT SERVE WITH THE ARAB LEGION IN PALESTINE.
2. BRITAIN WILL REVIEW IN THE LIGHT OF U.N. DECISIONS THE PAYMENT OF THE NEXT INSTALLMENT OF THE \$8,000,000 ANNUAL SUBSIDY TO TRANS-JORDAN. IT IS DUE JULY 12.

3. IF THE COUNCIL DECIDES ON A GENERAL ARMS EMBARGO, BRITAIN WILL SUSPEND DELIVERIES BEING MADE TO EGYPT, TRANS-JORDAN AND IRAQ UNDER PRESENT TREATIES.

THE RESOLUTION CONTAINED 10 CLAUSES. THE BAN ON ENTRY OF FIGHTERS INTO THE HOLY LAND READ "FIGHTING MEN OR MEN OF MILITARY AGE." THIS WOULD SNUFF OFF MUCH JEWISH IMMIGRATION.

THE BRITISH RESOLUTION APPARENTLY WAS DRAFTED BY FOREIGN SECRETARY BEVIN IN LONDON AFTER CONFERENCES WITH THE UNITED STATES AMBASSADOR. FIVE U.N. CEASE-FIRE APPEALS HAVE BEEN INEFFECTIVE SO FAR.

(450) PALESTINE

BY JOHN M. HIGHTOWER

WASHINGTON, MAY 28-(AP)-BRITAIN'S LATEST PROPOSALS TO THE UNITED NATIONS ON PALESTINE WERE DESCRIBED BY AMERICAN OFFICIALS TODAY AS PROVIDING THE FOUNDATION FOR A GREAT IMPROVEMENT IN BRITISH-AMERICAN RELATIONS.

WHILE THE STATE DEPARTMENT WAS FORMALLY SILENT ON THE SITUATION, RESPONSIBLE AUTHORITIES SAID THAT A BRITISH PROMISE TO ACCEPT A GENERAL ARMS EMBARGO IF THE NEWEST TRUCE PLAN FAILS IS DIRECTLY IN LINE WITH WHAT AMERICAN GOVERNMENT LEADERS HAVE BEEN HOPING FOR.

SIR ALEXANDER CADOGAN PROPOSED TO THE U.N. SECURITY COUNCIL YESTERDAY A FOUR-WEEK CEASE-FIRE AGREEMENT BETWEEN JEWS AND ARABS WITH SANCTIONS AS AN ALTERNATIVE IF THIS PLAN FAILS. THIS PROPOSAL APPARENTLY IS THE RESULT OF BRITISH-AMERICAN CONVERSATIONS HELD IN WASHINGTON AND LONDON FOR THE PAST 10 DAYS.

IT WAS UNDERSTOOD HERE THAT THE BRITISH WERE BECOMING ALARMED AT MOUNTING CRITICISM IN THE UNITED STATES, BOTH PUBLICLY IN CONGRESS AND PRIVATELY BY GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS, AGAINST BRITAIN'S EXPRESSED DETERMINATION TO CONTINUE SELLING ARMS TO THE ARABS AT A TIME WHEN THE U.S. WAS MAINTAINING A FIRM EMBARGO ON ARMS SHIPMENTS TO BOTH ARABS AND JEWS.

BRITISH OFFICIALS WERE ALSO DESCRIBED BY DIPLOMATIC INFORMANTS AS BECOMING DEEPLY CONCERNED OVER THE ULTIMATE EFFECTS ON THEIR MAJOR INTERESTS IN THE NEAR EAST IF THE FIGHTING THERE CONTINUED UNCHECKED.

ONE HINDRANCE TO EFFECTIVE ACTION FOR STOPPING THE PALESTINE WARFARE HAS BEEN THE GULF BETWEEN BRITISH AND AMERICAN POLICY. THE UNITED STATES FREQUENTLY HAS BEEN IN THE POSITION OF BACKING JEWISH CLAIMS AND INTERESTS, WITH BRITAIN SUPPORTING THE ARAB CAUSE. EVIDENTLY THE BRITISH HAVE RECENTLY BECOME CONVINCED THAT UNLESS THEY REVISED THEIR POLICIES SHARPLY PRESIDENT TRUMAN MIGHT REMOVE THE AMERICAN ARMS EMBARGO. THUS JEWISH ARMED FORCES WOULD HAVE UNRESTRICTED ACCESS TO AMERICAN ARMS WITH PROBABLY AN ULTIMATE INCREASE IN ARAB-JEWISH FIGHTING AS ONE RESULT.

AS A RESULT OF MANEUVERS NOW UNDER WAY IN THE U.N. SECURITY COUNCIL, AUTHORITIES HERE PREDICTED THAT THE AMERICAN ARMS EMBARGO WILL VERY LIKELY BE KEPT IN FORCE. WHAT SEEMS CERTAIN TO HAPPEN,

IS THIS:

1.-RUSSIA HAS PROPOSED FORCIBLE ACTION BY THE U.N. SECURITY COUNCIL TO END THE PALESTINE WAR. THIS CLOSELY PARALLELS AN AMERICAN PROPOSAL DEFEATED LAST WEEK AND APPEARS CERTAIN OF AMERICAN SUPPORT IN THE COUNCIL. HOWEVER, IT SEEMS UNLIKELY TO GET ENOUGH VOTES FOR PASSAGE.

2.- ASSUMING FAILURE OF THE RUSSIAN MOVE, THE U.S. WOULD VOTE FOR BRITAIN'S PROPOSAL, SCHEDULED TO COME UP IN THE COUNCIL FOLLOWING THE RUSSIAN RESOLUTION.

3.- IF EITHER JEWS OR ARABS REJECT THE TRUCE PROVISIONS ADVOCATED BY BRITAIN--AS JEWISH SPOKESMEN HAVE ALREADY INDICATED THEY WILL DO--BRITAIN AS WELL AS THE U.S. THEN WILL BE MORE OR LESS COMMITTED TO AN ENFORCABLE U.N. ORDER FOR A WORLD-WIDE ARMS EMBARGO. PRESUMABLY RUSSIA ALSO WOULD AGREE TO THIS. SUCH AN ORDER WOULD KEEP THE AMERICAN EMBARGO IN EFFECT AND CAUSE THE BRITISH TO IMPOSE A BAN ON THEIR OWN SHIPMENTS TO ARAB COUNTRIES.

CC (AP) 12/4/48

NEW YORK, MAY 28-(AP)-CHARGES AGAINST TWO MEN ALLEGED TO HAVE CACHED 200 RIFLES AND AMMUNITION IN BALES OF FOOD AND CLOTHING CONSIGNED TO PALESTINE WERE DISMISSED TODAY.

THE DEFENDANTS WERE JOSEPH UNTERMAYER, 19-YEAR-OLD ADOPTED SON OF THE POET, LOUIS UNTERMAYER, AND ISAIAH WARSAW, 30, WHO WERE ARRESTED APRIL 27. THEY WERE CHARGED WITH ILLEGAL POSSESSION OF FIREARMS.

IN DISMISSING THE CHARGE AGAINST UNTERMAYER, MAGISTRATE FREDERICK L. STRONG SAID "THERE IS NO EVIDENCE THAT HE HANDLED THE GUNS AND AMMUNITION OR HAD ANY KNOWLEDGE OF THEM." THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY DID NOT OPPOSE THE DISMISSAL. THE CHARGES AGAINST WARSAW ALSO WERE DISMISSED, DESPITE THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OBJECTION.

IN ASKING DISMISSAL, PAUL O'DWYER, COUNSEL FOR UNTERMAYER AND BROTHER OF MAYOR WILLIAM O'DWYER, SAID THE SULLIVAN ANTI-WEAPONS LAW WAS ENACTED TO "PREVENT CRIME" AND WAS NOT INTENDED TO APPLY TO PERSONS "TRYING TO PROTECT HOMES AND HILLSIDES."

UNTERMAYER SAID AFTER THE TRIAL THAT HE HAD NOT "MADE UP MY MIND" ABOUT GOING TO PALESTINE. BOTH MEN HAD SAID AT AN EARLIER COURT APPEARANCE THAT THEY INTENDED TO GO TO THE HOLY LAND.

N417PED

THE CZECHOSLOVAKS WERE GREETED BY SPOKESMEN OF THREE BRITISH POLITICAL PARTIES--CONSERVATIVE, LABOR AND LIBERAL.

WICKHAM STEED, LIBERAL BRITISH COLUMNIST, TOLD THE GROUP IN AN ADDRESS OF WELCOME THAT THEIR FOREMOST DUTY IS TO ORGANIZE CZECHOSLOVAK RESISTANCE IN ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

"YOU WILL NEED MONEY, AND LOTS OF IT," HE SAID. "WHEN YOUR GREAT PATRIOT T.G. MASARYK NEEDED FINANCIAL SUPPORT IN SIMILAR CIRCUMSTANCES HE RECEIVED IT IN A GREAT FLOOD FROM AMERICA AND OTHER LANDS. THIS WILL TO HELP DOWNTRODDEN CZECHOSLOVAKIA STILL EXISTS IN THE WORLD, AND YOU MUST ORGANIZE IT. FIGHT, STRIVE, DO NOT AT THIS TIME FRITTER AWAY YOUR ENERGIES BY ORGANIZING GOVERNMENTS IN EXILE."

more

THE FUGITIVE LAW MAKERS WERE ENCOURAGED TO FIGHT FOR RESTORATION OF POLITICAL FREEDOM IN THEIR COUNTRY BY MAJ.T.V.H.BEAMISH, CONSERVATIVE MEMBER OF THE BRITISH PARLIAMENT; STANLEY EVANS, BRITISH LABOR PARTY MEMBER OF COMMONS, AND PETER CADOGAN, MEMBER OF THE BRITISH LIBERAL PARTY'S FOREIGN AFFAIRS COMMITTEE.

HE DID NOT ENLARGE ON THE DECLARATION, BUT SAID THERE WOULD BE PUBLISHED "AT THE PROPER TIME" DOCUMENTS RELATING TO MASARYK'S DEATH AND INDICATING HE WAS ATTEMPTING TO ESCAPE FROM THE COUNTRY.

JS1047AED

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LONDON, MAY 28-(AP)-THE MOSCOW RADIO SAID TONIGHT THAT THE PRESENCE OF A RUSSIAN SCIENTIFIC STATION AT THE NORTH POLE IS IGNORED BY AMERICAN MAPS.

IN A BROADCAST HEARD IN LONDON, THE RUSSIAN RADIO SAID THE EXISTENCE OF THE STATION WAS OMITTED "BY A STRANGE OVERSIGHT" IN THE NATIONAL GEOGRAPHIC SOCIETY'S MAPS OF CANADA, ALASKA AND GREENLAND.

THE MOSCOW COMMENTATOR SAID HE WAS QUOTING FROM AN ARTICLE WRITTEN BY THE SOVIET ARCTIC AUTHORITY, N.ZUBOV IN MOSCOW'S "LITERATURNAYA GAZETA."

THE ARTICLE SAID, ACCORDING TO THE BROADCAST, THAT "THE ORGANIZATION OF THE SOVIET POLAR STATION ON MAY 21, 1937 WAS AN EVENT OF TREMENDOUS SCIENTIFIC IMPORTANCE."

IT ADDED THAT "THE VERY FACT THAT SUCH A STATION WAS SET UP WITH THE ASSISTANCE OF FOUR HEAVY AIRCRAFT WAS OF GREAT SIGNIFICANCE, IF ONLY BECAUSE IT PROVED HOW CONSIDERABLE AND COMPLETE WAS THE KNOWLEDGE OF SOVIET POLAR WORKERS ABOUT THE ICE OF THE CENTRAL ARCTIC, AND HOW EXPERIENCED SOVIET POLAR FLIERS HAD BECOME."

THE BROADCAST QUOTED ZUBOV AS SAYING OBSERVATIONS OF A STATION AT THE NORTH POLE "ARE VALUABLE ONLY IF THEY ARE BACKED BY OBSERVATIONS OF A RAMIFIED NETWORK OF STATIONS NEAR THE POLE AND PROPER SEA AND AIR EXPEDITIONS."

"AS SOON AS SOVIET POWER WAS ESTABLISHED A PLANNED OFFENSIVE ON THE ARCTIC WAS LAUNCHED ALONG THE WHOLE NORTHERN BOUNDARY OF THE SOVIET UNION." THE ZUBOV ARTICLE CONTINUED. "THIS OFFENSIVE HAD BEEN CONDUCTED WITH THE MOST MODERN TECHNICAL MEANS. GEOGRAPHICAL STATIONS HAVE BEEN ESTABLISHED FARTHER AND FARTHER NORTH, AND SEA AND AIR EXPEDITIONS HAVE PENETRATED CLOSER AND CLOSER TO THE POLE." THE RUSSIAN WRITER SAID SETTING UP THE POLE STATION "WAS THE NATURAL CULMINATION OF A DEFINITE STAGE IN SOVIET MASTERY OF THE ARCTIC."

SN1127PED

DOVER, ENG., MAY 28-(AP)-A PARTY OF 29 LATVIANS WHO SAY THEY ARE REFUGEES FROM DEPORTATION TO RUSSIA ARRIVED HERE TODAY ON THEIR WAY TO THE UNITED STATES.

THE GROUP CALLED AT DOVER IN THE SMALL AUXILIARY KETCH GUNDEL TO PERMIT THEIR SKIPPER, 62-YEAR OLD JOHN W.ROSEBURG TO CONTACT THE LATVIAN MINISTER IN LONDON TO PUT THEIR PAPERS IN ORDER. THEY LEFT GOETEBORG, SWEDEN, THIS WEEK. THE GROUP INCLUDES SEVEN CHILDREN.

ROSEBURG SAID THAT, DESPITE PUBLIC PROTESTS, SWEDEN HAD AGREED

TO RUSSIAN DEMANDS THAT ALL REFUGEES BE RETURNED TO THE BALTIC STATES OR TO RUSSIA.

"WE HEARD," HE SAID "THAT 156 MEN WHO WERE PUT ABOARD A RUSSIAN SHIP WERE ALL HANGED WHEN THEY GOT BACK TO LATVIA. NOW IT HAS BEEN ANNOUNCED THAT ALL LATVIANS AND ESTONIANS ARE CONSIDERED RUSSIAN CITIZENS. SO WE ARE TRYING TO GET TO AMERICA TO START LIFE AFRESH."

ROSEBURG SAID HE WILL MAKE FOR FLORIDA TO TAKE ADVANTAGE OF TRADE WINDS AND USE SAILS, ALTHOUGH THE KETCH HAS AN AUXILIARY MOTOR. THE GROUP HOPES EVENTUALLY TO SETTLE IN CANADA.

KA520PED

ANOTHER OFFICIAL SAID, "THERE WAS NO HOPE OF GETTING ANY AGREEMENTS TODAY. THE ENTIRE MEETING WAS DOMINATED BY A SPIRIT OF DELIBERATE BLOCKING OF PROGRESS BY THE RUSSIANS."

THE MEETING CLOSED WITH GEN.KOTIKOV READING A LONG STATEMENT IN WHICH HE ACCUSED THE AMERICANS AND BRITISH OF "TRYING TO DIVIDE BERLIN" AS THE MAJOR ZONES OF GERMANY HAVE BEEN SPLIT.

HE CLIMAXED THIS BY ANNOUNCING THAT THE RUSSIAN DELEGATION WAS CHANGING ITS SEATING ARRANGEMENTS AT THE KOMMANDATURA TABLE. HEREAFTER, KOTIKOV NO LONGER WILL SIT NEXT TO AMERICAN COMMANDER, COL.FRANK HOWLEY, BUT WILL PLACE A RUSSIAN DEPUTY BETWEEN THEM.

AT ONE JUNCTURE IN THE MEETING THE BRITISH REPRESENTATIVE, MAJ. GEN.E.O.HERBERT, SAID:

"I WOULD LIKE TO WARN THE SOVIET COMMANDANT THAT HE IS NOT THE DICTATOR OF BERLIN. HE IS MERELY ONE OF FOUR COMMANDANTS."

THIS STATEMENT WAS MADE WHILE THE KOMMANDATURA WAS DISCUSSING RUSSIAN ACTION IN SETTING UP NEW REGULATIONS FOR SHIPPING PARCEL POST FROM BERLIN TO WESTERN GERMANY.

BOTH HERBERT AND HOWLEY TOLD KOTIKOV THEY INTENDED TO REPORT "GROSS INTERFERENCES BY SOVIET ZONAL AUTHORITIES IN THE AFFAIRS OF BERLIN" TO THEIR COMMANDERS IN CHIEF.

AN AMERICAN SPOKESMAN SAID U.S. REPRESENTATIVES TOOK A SERIOUS VIEW OF THE RUSSIAN ACTION "BECAUSE IT WAS THE FIRST TIME SOVIET ZONAL AUTHORITIES WERE STEPPING INTO BERLIN AND OBVIOUSLY CONSIDERING BERLIN PART OF THE SOVIET ZONE."

AT ANOTHER POINT IN THE MEETING KOTIKOV REFUSED TO RETURN SOVIET REPRESENTATIVES TO THE KOMMANDATURA'S PUBLIC SAFETY COMMITTEE FROM WHICH THEY WALKED OUT RECENTLY.

HE DEMANDED THAT THE BRITISH COMMANDER MUST FIRST REPRIMAND HIS REPRESENTATIVE "FOR POUNDING THE TABLE" DURING EFFORTS BY THE WESTERN POWERS TO GET AT THE REASONS FOR REMOVAL OF A SOVIET SECTOR POLICE CHIEF WITHOUT PRIOR APPROVAL OF THE KOMMANDATURA.

"WITH THE CRIME RATE AS HIGH AS IT IS IN BERLIN, THE SOVIET WALKOUT FROM THE PUBLIC SAFETY COMMITTEE IS A VERY SERIOUS MATTER," AN AMERICAN SPOKESMAN SAID.

HOWLEY READ THE NAMES OF FOUR SOVIET SECTOR POLICE OFFICIALS WHO HE SAID HAD CRIMINAL RECORDS. HE ALSO LISTED NINE INSTANCES SINCE LAST AUGUST IN WHICH HE CHARGED POLICEMEN FROM THE RUSSIAN SECTOR OF BERLIN AND THE RUSSIAN ZONE COMMITTED ILLEGAL ARRESTS OR KIDNAPINGS IN THE AMERICAN SECTOR.

SN1115PED

30.44-18115

BERLIN, MAY 28-(AP)-THE U.S. TOLD RUSSIA TODAY IT WOULD LIFT ITS BAN ON SOVIET PUBLICATIONS IN THE AMERICAN ZONE IF THE RUSSIANS DO LIKEWISE FOR AMERICAN PUBLICATIONS IN THE SOVIET ZONE.

MAJ. GEN. GEORGE HAYS, DEPUTY AMERICAN MILITARY GOVERNOR, WROTE THIS IN ANSWER TO RUSSIAN LT. GEN. M. DRATWIN'S LETTER SAYING "RUSSIA HOPES IN THE NEAR FUTURE TO CORRECT THE SITUATION."

THE AMERICANS EMBARGOED SOVIET-LICENSED PUBLICATIONS LAST WEEK BECAUSE THE DISTRIBUTION OF AMERICAN-LICENSED PAPERS IN EASTERN GERMANY WAS BEING "SYSTEMATICALLY INTERFERRED WITH."

THE U.S., BRITAIN AND FRANCE JOINED IN ACCUSING RUSSIA OF USING THE ALLIED KOMMANDATURA IN BERLIN AS A PROPAGANDA SOUNDING BOARD.

MAJ. GEN. E.O. HERBERT, BRITISH REPRESENTATIVE, SAID THE SOVIETS USED THE FOUR-POWER AGENCY AS AN "E. . 915.;

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MAJ. GEN. E.O. HERBERT, BRITISH REPRESENTATIVE, SAID THE SOVIETS USED THE FOUR-POWER AGENCY AS AN "INGENIOUS FORM OF ADVERTISEMENT" FOR SOVIET PROPAGANDA.

COL. FRANK HOWLEY, U.S. REPRESENTATIVE, CALLED FOR RUSSIAN COOPERATION AND ASKED THE SOVIETS "NOT TO ACT AS A BRAKE ON PROGRESS."

THE CHARGES CAME IN A THREE-HOUR DISCUSSION AT A KOMMANDATURA MEETING OF A RUSSIAN PLAN FOR SOCIALIZATION AND LABOR REFORM IN BERLIN. THE PLAN WAS DROPPED. THE BRITISH PROPOSED IMMEDIATELY A 15 PER CENT OVERALL WAGE INCREASE FOR BERLIN WORKERS.

HOWLEY SAID IN THE DEBATE THAT FOUR-FIFTHS OF THE ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT MADE BY EIGHT BIG SOVIET MONOPOLIES IN THE RUSSIAN SECTION OF BERLIN WAS BEING TAKEN TO RUSSIA. HE SAID ANOTHER 350 IMPORTANT BUSINESSES IN THE RUSSIAN SECTOR ARE WORKING FOR THE SOVIET UNION. HOWLEY SAID THE UNITED STATES, BY COMPARISON, HAS SHIPPED \$97,000,000 WORTH OF FOOD AND OTHER PRODUCTS INTO BERLIN.

BERLIN, MAY 28-(AP)-THE SOVIET-LICENSED NACHT EXPRESS SAID TODAY THE WASHINGTON LIST OF 506 LEADERS OF THE COMMUNIST OFFENSIVE IN EUROPE AND THE ORIENT IS THE SAME ONE USED IN ADOLF HITLER'S PROPAGANDA.

THE HOUSE FOREIGN AFFAIRS SUBCOMMITTEE PUBLISHED THE LIST TUESDAY, BUT EXCLUDED LEADERS IN RUSSIA. THE NAZI LIST WAS COMPILED BY JOSEPH GOEBBELS IN 1933 IN CONNECTION WITH THE REICHSTAG FIRE.

NACHT EXPRESS WAS THE FIRST RUSSIAN-CONTROLLED NEWSPAPER TO COMMENT.

IT ASSERTED THE AMERICAN LIST IS "SO MECHANICALLY COPIED THAT NO COMMUNIST WHO BECAME KNOWN AFTER 1933 IS MENTIONED."

"WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF THIS BLACK LIST?" THE PAPER ASKED. "IS IT INTENDED TO BRAND 500 PERSONS WITH A TYPE OF JEWISH STAR OF DAVID SO THAT THE OLD REACTIONARIES WILL KNOW AGAINST WHOM THEY ARE TO CONDUCT THEIR CAMPAIGNS? WE WOULD LIKE TO HEAR THE HOWL IF THE PARLIAMENT OF ANOTHER STATE WOULD PUBLISH A LIST OF 500 BUSINESS MEN (IN THE WEST) WHO ARE READY TO DISTURB WORLD PEACE FOR PROFITEERING PURPOSES."

KA518PED

NUERNBERG, GERMANY, MAY 28-(AP)-A RETIRED BRITISH NAVAL OFFICER TODAY CHALLENGED THE WHOLE LEGAL BASIS OF THE U.S. WAR CRIMES TRIALS IN NUERNBERG.

THE BRITON, CAPT. RUSSELL GRENFELL, TESTIFIED IN DEFENSE OF FORMER ADM. OTTO SCHNIEWIND OF THE GERMAN NAVY.

GRENFELL SAID "I MOST EMPHATICALLY DO NOT AGREE" WITH THE RULING OF THE INTERNATIONAL WAR CRIMES TRIBUNAL THAT MILITARY OFFICERS CAN BE HELD CRIMINALLY RESPONSIBLE FOR CARRYING OUT ORDERS IN VIOLATION OF INTERNATIONAL LAW.

HE ALSO MAINTAINED THAT IT IS THE DUTY OF OFFICERS TO PLAN OFFENSIVE MILITARY AND NAVAL CAMPAIGNS EVEN IN PEACE TIME, TO BE READY FOR ANY OUTBREAK OF WAR.

THE BRITISH NAVAL STAFF DREW UP SUCH PLANS IN ADVANCE OF BOTH WORLD WARS, HE SAID. HE SAID HE HAD READ PRESS REPORTS INDICATING THE UNITED STATES DID THE SAME.

SCHNIEWIND IS ACCUSED OF PLANNING AGGRESSIVE WAR AS A MEMBER OF THE GERMAN NAVAL STAFF, AND OF HELPING PREPARE THE SURPRISE ATTACK ON NEUTRAL NORWAY.

THE INTERNATIONAL MILITARY TRIBUNAL, WHICH CONVICTED HERMANN GOERING AND OTHER NAZI LEADERS, RULED THAT IT WAS AN INTERNATIONAL CRIME TO PLOT WARS OF AGGRESSION AND THAT MILITARY OFFICERS COULD NOT PLEAD "SUPERIOR ORDERS" IN DEFENSE FOR VIOLATIONS OF RULES OF WAR.

GRENFELL WAS ASKED BY A GERMAN DEFENSE LAWYER: "WOULD THE MILITARY LEADERY OF YOUR COUNTRY BE JUSTIFIED IN REFUSING TO COOPERATE BECAUSE OF MISGIVINGS ABOUT THE POLITICAL OBJECTIVES OF A CAMPAIGN?"

"NO," HE ANSWERED CRISPLY.

SW040AED

PORTRAITS OF THE PRESIDENT OCCUPIED HONORED SPOTS IN DECORATED STORE WINDOWS AND IN PRIVATE HOMES. NEWSPAPERS CARRIED PHOTOGRAPHS OF MR. BENES AND LAUDATORY ARTICLES.

ONE NEWSPAPER SAID A FARMER, WHOSE LAND ADJOINS THE COTTAGE OF THE PRESIDENT AT SEZIMOVO USTI, HAS BEEN HIRING OUT BOATS TO PRAGUE VISITORS WHO HOPE TO CATCH A GLIMPSE OF THE PRESIDENT IN HIS GARDEN FROM THE RIVER WHICH FLOWS BY THE HOME.

PRESIDENTIAL BODYGUARDS FROM HRADCANY CASTLE IN PRAGUE PATROL THE AREA AND FORBID AUTOMOBILES FROM STOPPING ON A BRIDGE NEAR THE PRESIDENT'S HOME, THE NEWSPAPER SAID.

044-Prague-Benes Ill - M701AED MAY 1948 Sunday

A133

VATICAN CITY, MAY 28-(AP)-BRIG. GEN. GEOFFREY P. BALDWIN, RETIRED U.S. ARMY OFFICER, RECEIVED TODAY THE PAPAL HONOR OF KNIGHT COMMANDER, MILITARY CLASS, OF THE ORDER OF ST. GREGORY. HE HAS BEEN ENGAGED IN RELIEF WORK IN ITALY FOR THE PAST TWO YEARS.

THE PRESENTATION WAS MADE IN BEHALF OF POPE PIUS XII BY THE ACTING PAPAL SECRETARY OF STATE, MONSIGNOR GIOVANNI BATTISTA MONTINI. SN1048PED

A134

WARSAW, MAY 28-(AP)-THE AMERICAN EMBASSY ANNOUNCED TODAY IT HAD RECEIVED INSTRUCTIONS TO ISSUE A U.S. VISA TO MIECZYSLAW WIONCZEK, POLISH PRESS AGENCY REPRESENTATIVE IN NEW YORK.

WIONCZEK, NOW VACATIONING IN POLAND, APPLIED FOR HIS VISA ON APRIL 23. THE POLISH GOVERNMENT ANNOUNCED RECENTLY IT WOULD RECONSIDER ITS ATTITUDE TOWARD AMERICAN CORRESPONDENTS IN POLAND IF WIONCZEK'S VISA WAS NOT GRANTED WITHIN A REASONABLE LENGTH OF TIME.

SN1049PED

MOSCOW, MAY 28-(AP)-OSOVIAKHIM, A VOLUNTARY DEFENSE ORGANIZATION GENERALLY KNOWN AS THE AIR AND CHEMICAL DEFENSE LEAGUE, HAS BEEN DIVIDED INTO THREE INDEPENDENT SOCIETIES, THE MOSCOW PRESS ANNOUNCED TODAY.

THE LEAGUE, WITH BRANCHES IN ALMOST EVERY BIG OFFICE, SCHOOL, FARM AND FACTORY, HAS CONDUCTED DRILLS IN THE USE OF GAS MASKS, BOMB CELLARS AND THE LIKE AND HAS ORGANIZED REHEARSALS AGAINST AIR RAIDS.

THE THREE SOCIETIES UNDER THE DIVISION ARE: DOSAV, THE ALL-UNION VOLUNTARY SOCIETY FOR ASSISTANCE TO AVIATION; DOSARM, THE ALL-UNION VOLUNTARY SOCIETY FOR ASSISTANCE TO THE ARMY; AND DOSFLOT, THE ALL-UNION VOLUNTARY SOCIETY FOR ASSISTANCE TO THE NAVY.

EACH OF THE THREE SOCIETIES HAS ESTABLISHED ORGANIZATION BUREAUS. N.P.KAMANIN IS CHAIRMAN OF DOSAV, V.I.KUZNETSOV, OF DOSARM, AND A.A.NIKOLAEV, OF DOSFLOT.

OSOVIAKHIM IS DESCRIBED BY THE SOVIET ENCYCLOPEDIA AS "A MASS VOLUNTARY ORGANIZATION OF WORKERS OF THE SOVIET UNION WITH THE OBJECT OF PUBLIC ASSISTANCE AND DEFENSE OF THE NATION, AND TO AVIATION AND CHEMICAL CONSTRUCTION OF THE U.S.S.R., UNITING IN ITS RANKS ENTHUSIASTS AND SHOCK WORKERS OF DEFENSE WHO ARE CONVINCED, DEVOTED, DISCIPLINED DEFENDERS OF THE SOCIALIST FATHERLAND."

THE ORGANIZATION ORIGINATED AS THE V.N.O. (MILITARY SCIENTIFIC SOCIETY) IN 1920. THE NAME OSOVIAKHIM, ADOPTED LATER, WAS A COMBINATION OF O.S.O. (SOCIETY FOR ASSISTANCE IN DEFENSE) AND AVIAKHIM, A GROUP CREATED IN 1925 OUT OF THE VOLUNTARY CHEMICAL LEAGUE AND THE SOCIETY OF FRIENDS OF AIR.

THE CHAIRMAN OF OSOVIAKHIM WILL SUPERVISE ORGANIZATION WORK FOR THE NEW SOCIETIES.

THE PARENT ORGANIZATION PLAYED AN IMPORTANT ROLE IN DEFENSES AGAINST GERMAN INVASION AND AIR ATTACKS, AND WAS PARTICULARLY IMPORTANT IN PROVIDING AIR RAID WORKERS.

OSOVIAKHIM ORGANIZED GROUPS IN ALL FACTORIES FOR SPECIAL DUTIES IN CASE OF GERMAN ATTACK OR OCCUPATION. IT ALSO PLAYED A PART IN STIMULATING INTEREST IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF AVIATION BY ERECTING PARACHUTE TOWERS AND MAINTAINING AVIATION CLUBS. IT WAS FINANCED FROM MEMBERS' DUES AND RECEIPTS FROM LOTTERIES.

JS1117AFD

A131

KARACHI, PAKISTAN, MAY 28-(AP)-ARMY HEADQUARTERS SAID TODAY PAKISTAN HAD PROTESTED TO INDIA'S COMMANDER IN CHIEF AGAINST THE RECENT BOMBING OF A VILLAGE IN PAKISTANI TERRITORY.

THE PROTEST CLAIMED INDIAN AIRCRAFT RAIDED A NORTHWEST FRONTIER PROVINCE VILLAGE LAST WEEK DESTROYING MOSQUES, A HOSPITAL, AND KILLING 23 PERSONS, INCLUDING 17 CHILDREN.

THE PAKISTANI NOTE SAID A SIMILAR AIR RAID WAS MADE BY INDIAN PLANES LAST NOVEMBER.

SN1046PED

MAY 1948

HONG KONG, MAY 28-(AP)-LT.GEN.NGUYEN VAN XUAN, PRESIDENT OF THE PROVISIONAL GOVERNMENT OF COCHIN-CHINA, SAID TODAY HE BELIEVES A SETTLEMENT IS NEAR BETWEEN OPPOSING FACTIONS IN FRENCH INDOCHINA.

XUAN IS PROSPECTIVE PREMIER OF A PROPOSED DOMINION UNDER THE FRENCH, WITH BAO DAI, FORMER EMPEROR OF ANNAM, ON THE THRONE. HE IS HERE TO DISCUSS THE MATTER WITH BAO DAI.

IT WAS LEARNED THAT HO CHI MINH, PRESIDENT OF THE VIET-NAM REPUBLIC WHICH HAS BEEN FIGHTING THE FRENCH IN INDOCHINA FOR TWO YEARS, HAS SENT REPRESENTATIVES TO HONG KONG AND CANTON TO MARSHAL OPPOSITION TO BAO DAI, WHOM THE VIET-NAMESE CALL A FRENCH PUPPET.

IT IS REPORTED THAT XUAN ALREADY HAS PRESENTED BAO DAI A LIST OF MINISTERS FOR HIS APPROVAL. IT IS UNDERSTOOD THAT THE FRENCH, UNDER THE ARRANGEMENT, WOULD ADMINISTER FOREIGN, MILITARY AND ECONOMIC AFFAIRS. BAO DAI PREVIOUSLY HAD HELD OUT FOR INDEPENDENCE.

XUAN CAME HERE BY PLANE FROM SAIGON WITH A POLITICAL ADVISER TO EMILE BOLLAERT, FRENCH HIGH COMMISSIONER FOR INDOCHINA. HE SAID BAO DAI WOULD HOLD A PRELIMINARY CONFERENCE WITH BOLLAERT JUNE 4 AND, IF THESE TALKS WERE SUCCESSFUL, BOLLAERT AND BAO DAI WOULD FLY TO EUROPE FOR THE FINAL SIGNING.

"THE PRESENT TIME IS BETTER THAN EVER FOR AGREEMENT," XUAN TOLD REPORTERS. "WE WANT TO BE A DOMINION WITHIN THE FRENCH GOVERNMENT AND WE HOPE FOR THE FORMATION OF A MONARCHY."

SW1011AFD

TSINGTAO, CHINA, MAY 28-(AP)-THE 75-TON (CORRECT) COASTAL STEAMER CHENGCHANG DISAPPEARED 11 DAYS AGO ON A VOYAGE FROM TSINGTAO TO THE KIANGSU PORT OF HSINPU.

TODAY A LONE PASSENGER RETURNED TO TSINGTAO AND REPORTED THE SMALL VESSEL HAD CAUGHT FIRE AND BEEN BEACHED IN COMMUNIST TERRITORY. HE SAID THERE WERE NO CASUALTIES AMONG THE 27 PASSENGERS BUT ALL WERE BEING HELD. HE ESCAPED AND REACHED SAFETY BY POSING AS A REFUGEE PEASANT.

FJ806PCS

30.24- 18117

NIGHT LEAD CHINESE
BY HAROLD K. MILKS

NANKING, MAY 28-(AP)-MOVEMENTS OF CHINESE COMMUNIST ARMIES ON WIDESPREAD FRONTS LED TO THE BELIEF TODAY THAT THEY WERE LAUNCHING A GENERAL OFFENSIVE FROM CENTRAL MANCHURIA TO THE YANGTZE RIVER.

IT STILL IS NOT CLEAR WHETHER THEY INTEND TO RISK BIG-SCALE FRONTAL BATTLES OR TO CONTINUE THEIR FAMILIAR TACTICS OF HITTING GOVERNMENT WEAK SPOTS WHILE AVOIDING IRREVOCABLE INVOLVEMENT.

WHATEVER THEIR OBJECTIVES, FIGHTING IS GROWING IN INTENSITY AT A TIME WHEN THE GOVERNMENT IS GOING THROUGH THE THROES OF REORGANIZATION.

THE COMMUNIST RADIO HAS SAID MERELY THAT STAFF CONFERENCES RECENTLY ADOPTED MEASURES AIMED AT DESTROYING THE GOVERNMENT FORCES IN MANCHURIA.

PRO-GOVERNMENT REPORTS, HOWEVER, SAY AT LEAST 100,000 OF COMMUNIST GEN. CHEN YI'S WIDELY-SCATTERED COMMAND HAVE MOVED AGAINST KEY POSITIONS ON THE TSINAN-PUKOW RAILWAY IN CENTRAL AND NORTH-CENTRAL CHINA. THIS IS A CLEAR MOVE TO DISRUPT THE ONLY COMMUNICATION BETWEEN NANKING AND THE CAPITAL OF SHANTUNG PROVINCE.

OTHER RED FORCES OF CHEN YI AND GEN. LIU PO-CHENG HAVE DRIVEN TO THE YANGTZE FARTHER WEST AROUND SHASHIH AND ARE REPORTED HAMPERING NAVIGATION ABOVE HANKOW.

IN NORTH CHINA, COMMUNIST RAIDS AND FEINTS ARE CAUSING EXPENSIVE AND TIRESOME GOVERNMENT TROOPS SHIFTS.

IN MANCHURIA, GEN. LIN PAO HAS CONCENTRATED FORCES ESTIMATED AT UP TO A HALF MILLION NORTH TO MUKDEN AND SOUTH OF CHANGCHUN.

FALL OF CHANGCHUN'S SOUTH AIRFIELD TO THE COMMUNISTS WAS REPORTED IN PRO-GOVERNMENT PRESS DISPATCHES TODAY. ONLY ONE FIELD, ON THE NORTH, REMAINS FOR AIR SUPPLY OF THE LONG-ISOLATED CITY.

NEUTRAL OBSERVERS SAY THE COMMUNIST BLOWS ARE COMING AT A TIME WHEN GOVERNMENT TROOPS ARE SHOWING GRAVE SIGNS OF WEAKENED SPIRIT. THEY POINT TO SEVERAL RECENT SURRENDERS IN WIDELY-SEPARATED PLACES.

GOVERNMENT COMMANDERS WHO ARE WILLING TO TALK CONCEDE THAT THEIR ARMIES FACE A CRITICAL TEST IN THE NEXT FEW WEEKS.

ET6PCS

MAY

1948

NIGHT LEAD MACARTHUR (220)

BY FRANK L. WHITE

TOKYO, SATURDAY, MAY 29-(AP)-SOME HIGH SOURCES SPECULATED TODAY THAT THE LATEST CHAPTER IN THE GENERAL MACARTHUR STORY CLOSED THE BOOK ON A STATESIDE BOOM FOR THE REPUBLICAN PRESIDENTIAL NOMINATION.

THESE OFFICIALS, ALL IN THE OCCUPATION FORCE, WERE DISCUSSING THE GENERAL'S DECISION TO TURN DOWN AN INVITATION TO APPEAR BEFORE THE SENATE APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE.

THE COURCES, WHO NATURALLY WON'T LET THEIR NAMES BE USED, SAID THEY THOUGHT NOTHING BUT A DRAFT FROM THE FLOOR OF THE REPUBLICAN CONVENTION COULD REVIVE THE BOOM.

OTHER SUBORDINATES OF MACARTHUR, HOWEVER, SAID THEY STILL WERE HOPEFUL THE COMMITTEE WOULD ISSUE A STRONGER INVITATION--SOMETHING AMOUNTING TO A SUBPOENA.

THAT, THEY FELT, WOULD SEND THE GENERAL HOME FOR A PERSONAL APPEARANCE WHICH--WHETHER HE WANTS IT OR NOT---WOULD KEEP THE CAMPAIGN ALIVE.

TWO OFFICIALS WHO ARE CONSIDERED VERY CLOSE TO MACARTHUR SAID THEY WEREN'T SURPRISED BY HIS STATEMENT THAT IT WOULD BE "REPUGNANT" TO RETURN BECAUSE THE TRIP MIGHT BE CONSIDERED "POLITICALLY INSPIRED."

"THE STATEMENT IS ENTIRELY CONSISTENT WITH MACARTHUR'S STAND ALL ALONG," ONE SAID. (MACARTHUR NEVER SAID HE WAS A CANDIDATE. HIS

STATEMENT LAST MARCH WAS THAT HE WOULD ACCEPT A NOMINATION IF OFFERED.)

"A READING," THIS OFFICIAL CONTINUED, "DISCLOSES FRANK LANGUAGE WHICH CAN HARDLY BE MISCONSTRUED.

"THE GENERAL FEELS HE HAS A DUTY TO PERFORM IN CARRYING OUT THE OBJECTIVE OF THE OCCUPATION. HE DOES NOT WANT ANYONE TO ATTRIBUTE PERSONAL POLITICAL MOTIVES TO ANY OFFICIAL ACT OF HIS."

FJ931PCS

FIRST LEAD MACARTHUR (250)

BY RUSSELL BRINES

TOKYO, SATURDAY, MAY 29-(AP)-IN DECLINING AN INVITATION TO RETURN HOME AT THIS TIME, GENERAL MACARTHUR HAS INDICATED RELUCTANCE TO SEEK PERSONALLY THE REPUBLICAN PRESIDENTIAL NOMINATION ANY MORE ACTIVELY THAN HERETOFORE.

THE GENERAL SAID ON MARCH 9 HE WOULD RUN IF NOMINATED, BUT WOULD NOT CAMPAIGN FOR THE NOMINATION.

EVEN AMONG MACARTHUR'S ARDENT SUPPORTERS AT SUPREME OCCUPATION HEADQUARTERS, IT HAS BEEN GENERALLY BELIEVED THAT HIS ONLY CHANCE OF GETTING ANYWHERE POLITICALLY WOULD BE A TRIUMPHANT RETURN TO THE UNITED STATES AHEAD OF THE NATIONAL REPUBLICAN CONVENTION JUNE 21.

HIS QUALIFIED REJECTION OF THE OPPORTUNITY TO RETURN IMMEDIATELY AT THE BEHEST OF THE SENATE APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE WAS AGAINST THE ADVICE OF MANY WELL-WISHERS.

MAY

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A172KX

ON THE OTHER HAND, IN HIS MESSAGE TO THE SENATE APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE, RELEASED IN WASHINGTON, MACARTHUR VIRTUALLY ACCEPTED ITS INVITATION TO RETURN HOME--AT SOME DATE AFTER THE REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

THIS CONTRASTS WITH PREVIOUS CONTENTIONS THAT HE WOULD NOT RETURN UNTIL THE JOB IN JAPAN WAS FINISHED.

THAT JOB OBVIOUSLY WILL NOT BE FINISHED IN A SHORT TIME.

OBSERVERS IN TOKYO, HOWEVER, BELIEVE THE INVITATION WILL BE ISSUED AGAIN IN CONFORMANCE WITH MACARTHUR'S INTIMATION.

IF SO, THIS WOULD GIVE HIM AN OPPORTUNITY TO ADVANCE HIS PLANS FOR JAPANESE AND ORIENTAL REHABILITATION.

OBSERVERS HERE FEEL THAT HIS RECOMMENDATIONS, AFTER THE PRESIDENTIAL NOMINATION QUESTION HAS BEEN DISPOSED OF, WOULD GET CAREFUL AND PERHAPS STRONGLY FAVORABLE ATTENTION.

(NO PICKUP)

DJ1116ACSNM

WITH MACARTHUR POLITICS

ALTON, ILL., MAY 28-(AP)-GEN. JONATHAN WAINWRIGHT SAID TODAY IN AN INTERVIEW THAT HE HAD BEEN OF THE OPINION GENERAL MACARTHUR WOULD NOT COME TO THE UNITED STATES THIS YEAR.

THE GENERAL, HERE TO ADDRESS THE GRADUATING CLASS AT WESTERN MILITARY ACADEMY ON MONDAY, SAID MACARTHUR'S ANSWER TO HIS INVITATIONAL CABLE WAS "COURTEOUS AND POLITE BUT DID NOT SAY EITHER YES OR NO. I THOUGHT AFTER I READ IT THAT HE WOULD NOT RETURN TO THIS COUNTRY."

WAINWRIGHT SAID HE OFFERED TO GO TO JAPAN AND ESCORT MACARTHUR TO THE UNITED STATES.

VB127PCD NM

KOREAN (150)
SEOUL, MAY 28-(AP)-SOUTH KOREANS HAVE TAKEN THE INITIATIVE IN SELF GOVERNMENT AND, WITHOUT PRODDING FROM THE AMERICANS, HAVE NAMED DR. SYNGHAM RHEE TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN OF THEIR NEW NATIONAL ASSEMBLY.

THE ACTION WAS TAKEN YESTERDAY AT AN UNHERALDED CAUCUS OF 140 OF THE 200 ELECTED MEMBERS. THE ASSEMBLY OPENS MONDAY.

RHEE, VETERAN RIGHTIST FIGHTER FOR KOREAN INDEPENDENCE, RECEIVED 109 VOTES, SAID AN OFFICIAL AMERICAN OBSERVER. THE CAUCUS HAD NOT BEEN PUBLICLY ANNOUNCED BEFOREHAND.

THE FORMER CHAIRMAN OF THE OLD INTERIM LEGISLATURE CALLED THE CAUCUS.

IT WAS THE FIRST INDEPENDENT ACT OF SELF-RULE BY KOREANS SINCE THE JAPANESE TOOK OVER THE COUNTRY IN 1904.

THE CAUCUS ALSO INVITED LT. GEN. JOHN R. HODGE, U.S. COMMANDER IN SOUTH KOREA, TO ADDRESS THE ASSEMBLY.

MEANWHILE, MAJ. GEN. WILLIAM F. DEAN, MILITARY GOVERNOR, ORDERED A NEW ELECTION JUNE 23 IN TWO DISTRICTS ON CHEJU ISLAND BECAUSE COMMUNIST TERRORISTS PREVENTED MORE THAN 50 PERCENT OF THE REGISTERED VOTERS FROM BALLOTING.

CY--HF158APD

MAY 1948

SEOUL, MAY 28-(AP)-DR. SYNGMAN RHEE, ADVOCATE OF A WELL-ARMED SOUTH KOREA, HAS BEEN SELECTED TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN OF THE NEW NATIONAL ASSEMBLY WHICH WILL MEET MONDAY.

THE DECISION WAS TAKEN YESTERDAY AT A PREPARATORY MEETING ATTENDED BY 141 OF THE 200 CHOSEN FOR THE ASSEMBLY AT THE RECENT ELECTION IN SOUTH KOREA.

RHEE, RIGHTIST AND VETERAN CAMPAIGNER FOR KOREAN INDEPENDENCE, RECEIVED 129 OF THE 141 VOTES CAST, SAID DR. R. S. WATTS, MILITARY GOVERNMENT LIAISON MAN WITH THE OLD APPOINTIVE KOREAN LEGISLATURE. THE LATTER WAS DISSOLVED MAY 20 TO MAKE WAY FOR THE ASSEMBLY, WHICH WILL DRAFT A NEW CONSTITUTION FOR KOREA.

KK706ACS NM

SEOUL, KOREA, MAY 28-(AP)-A KOREAN WHO WON AMERICAN CITIZENSHIP THE HARD WAY---BY THREE AND ONE-HALF YEARS OF WAR SERVICE---IS SACRIFICING IT TO BECOME A MEMBER OF THE NEW NATIONAL ASSEMBLY OF SOUTH KOREA.

HE IS CHANG KEE YOUNG, WHO HANDILY BEAT SEVERAL OPPONENTS IN THE MAY 10 ELECTION.

NOTIFIED TODAY BY THE U. S. CONSULATE THAT TO ACCEPT THE OFFICE WOULD MEAN RENUNCIATION OF HIS CITIZENSHIP, CHANG SAID HE KNEW IT AND WAS AGREEABLE.

"I ENLISTED BECAUSE THE AMERICANS WERE FIGHTING THE ENEMY---THE JAPANESE," HE SAID IN AN INTERVIEW.

"NOW I CAN WORK FOR KOREA. PERHAPS IN SOME FUTURE EMERGENCY I MIGHT FIND MYSELF AGAIN SERVING BOTH COUNTRIES."

HE LIVED IN THE UNITED STATES FROM 1928 UNTIL HIS WARTIME RETURN TO THE PACIFIC. A GRADUATE OF BUTLER UNIVERSITY AND AN ALUMNUS OF THE UNIVERSITIES OF INDIANA AND VIRGINIA, HE WORKED FOR THE KOREAN COMMISSION IN WASHINGTON BEFORE THE WAR.

HE SAID HIS WIFE AND DAUGHTER STILL WERE IN WASHINGTON (405 TENTH AVE N.E.) BUT HE PLANNED TO BRING THEM TO KOREA SOON.

FJ518PCS

REFUGEES (220)

WASHINGTON, MAY 28-(AP)-A BILL TO LET EUROPEAN REFUGEES INTO THIS COUNTRY GOT PAST A MAJOR SENATE HURDLE YESTERDAY WITH A DECISION TO PUT THE TOP LIMIT AT 200,000 FOR THE NEXT TWO YEARS.

BUT HAVING DOUBLED THE FIGURE SET IN THE ORIGINAL BILL, THE SENATE PUT THE MEASURE ASIDE TODAY WHILE IT TOOK UP OTHER MATTERS.

THE AMENDMENT PLACING THE NEW LIMIT ON REFUGEE IMMIGRATION PASSED BY A VOTE OF 40 TO 33. THERE STILL ARE OTHER PROPOSED CHANGES WHICH MUST BE ACTED ON BEFORE THERE CAN BE A FINAL VOTE.

SENATOR TYDINGS (D-MD) SUGGESTED A CLAUSE DIRECTING THE PRESIDENT AND STATE DEPARTMENT TO LAY THE GROUNDWORK FOR AN INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE TO CONSIDER THE WHOLE DISPLACED PERSONS PROBLEM.

AND SENATOR SALTONSTALL (R-MASS) ASKED CHANGES IN PROVISIONS OF THE MEASURE WHICH SAY THAT (A) HALF THE REFUGEE IMMIGRANTS MUST BE FARMERS AND (B) HALF MUST COME FROM PART OF POLAND AND THE BALTIC STATES OF LATVIA, LITHUANIA AND ESTHONIA.

SINCE FEW JEWS ARE FARMERS, SAID SALTONSTALL, AND FEW BALTS ARE CATHOLICS, THOSE PROVISIONS WOULD RESULT IN PROTESTANT IMMIGRATION OUT OF PROPORTION TO THE NUMBER OF PROTESTANT REFUGEES.

INSTEAD, HE OFFERED A FORMULA WHICH WOULD BASE IMMIGRATION ON THE RELATIVE SIZE OF GROUPS IN THE EUROPEAN DISPLACED PERSONS CAMPS.

WHATEVER OPPOSITION THE BILL FACES, SAID SENATOR MCGRATH (D-RI), IS IN THE FORM OF "WHISPERINGS", "PREJUDICE" AND "UNFAIR AND UNWARRANTED ATTACKS"--SUCH AS STATEMENTS THAT THE REFUGEES ARE "ALL COMMUNISTS, ALL BELONG TO ONE RELIGIOUS GROUP X X X AND ARE ALL THIEVES AND CRICKET

MD348AED

WASHINGTON, MAY 28-(AP)-PRESIDENT TRUMAN RECEIVED TODAY THE FIRST SHEET OF SPECIAL THREE-CENT STAMPS MEMORIALIZING THE HEROISM OF FOUR CHAPLAINS WHO DIED WHEN THE S.S. DORCHESTER WAS TORPEDOED IN 1943.

POSTMASTER GENERAL JESSE DONALDSON PRESENTED THE STAMPS TO MR. TRUMAN AT A CEREMONY ATTENDED BY 400 PERSONS IN THE WHITE HOUSE ROSE GARDENS. THE ISSUE WENT ON SALE IN WASHINGTON TODAY AND WILL BE AVAILABLE AT POSTOFFICES ACROSS THE NATION TOMORROW.

THE FOUR CHAPLAINS WHO LOST THEIR LIVES WHEN THE DORCHESTER WENT DOWN REPRESENTED THREE FAITHS. THEY WERE: GEORGE L. FOX AND CLARK V. POLING, PROTESTANTS; JOHN P. WASHINGTON, CATHOLIC; AND ALEXANDER D. GOODE, JEWISH.

WHEN THE SHIP WAS HIT IN FEBRUARY, 1943, EACH GAVE HIS LIFEBELT TO A MAN NEARBY. THE CHAPLAINS THEN JOINED HANDS AND PRAYED AS THE VESSEL WENT DOWN.

"THE GREATEST SERMON THAT EVER WAS PREACHED IS RIGHT HERE ON THIS STAMP," MR. TRUMAN SAID. HE ADDED THAT HE DOES NOT THINK "IN THE HISTORY OF THE WORLD THERE IS ANYTHING IN HEROISM THE EQUAL OF THIS."

DONALDSON HAD SAID THE STAMPS WILL PAY "SMALL BUT NEVERTHELESS SINCERE AND HUMBLE TRIBUTES TO THESE SERVANTS OF THE LORD OF WHOM IT CAN WELL BE SAID 'GREATER LOVE HATH NO MAN THAN THIS, THAT A MAN LAY DOWN HIS LIFE FOR HIS FRIENDS.'"

A MEDAL WAS PRESENTED TO MR. TRUMAN AT THE CEREMONY IN RECOGNITION OF HIS EFFORTS FOSTERING "INTER-FAITH AND INTER-RACIAL UNDERSTANDING THROUGHOUT THE WORLD."

30.24-18119

WASHINGTON, MAY 28-(AP)-THE ACCIDENTAL DEATH IN KOREA OF PFC. KENNETH R. WOLF OF HARVARD, ILL., WAS REPORTED TODAY BY THE ARMY.

A REPORT SAID WOLF WAS WOUNDED IN THE ABDOMEN BY A GUNSHOT MAY 12 AND DIED THE FOLLOWING DAY. THE ACCIDENT OCCURRED AT ASCOM CITY, KOREA. NO FURTHER DETAILS WERE CONTAINED IN THE REPORT FORWARDED FROM ARMY HEADQUARTERS IN JAPAN.

AB234PED

MAY 1948

WASHINGTON, MAY 28-(AP)-FINLAND PAID THE UNITED STATES ANOTHER \$163,172.24 INSTALLMENT TODAY ON AN \$8,400,000 (M) DEBT CONTRACTED FOR RELIEF SUPPLIES FURNISHED AFTER THE FIRST WORLD WAR ARMISTICE IN 1918. THUS FINLAND KEPT ITS RECORD OF BEING THE ONLY COUNTRY THAT HAS NEVER DEFAULTED ON DEBTS OF THAT PERIOD.

RZ945PED

NEW YORK, MAY 28-(AP)-COMMUNISM IS INFILTRATING THE POLITICAL, ECONOMIC AND EDUCATIONAL LIFE OF THE PHILIPPINES, SAYS DR. MANUEL V. GALLEGU, SECRETARY OF EDUCATION FOR THAT COUNTRY.

"OUR GOVERNMENT IS NOT WEAK, CONTRARY TO MANY REPORTS," GALLEGU SAID LAST NIGHT IN AN INTERVIEW. "THE ROOT OF THE TROUBLE LIES IN COMMUNISTS SOWING DISSENSION."

"IN THE PHILIPPINES WE DO NOT CALL THEM COMMUNIST GROUPS," HE SAID. "THEY ARE KNOWN AS 'ILLEGAL ASSOCIATIONS'."

"COMMUNISTS ARE IN LABOR, GOVERNMENT AND TEACHING. OUT OF 98 CONGRESSMEN, IT IS TRUE, ONLY THREE WERE ELECTED UNDER THE RUSSIAN-INSPIRED DEMOCRATIC ALLIANCE. THIS NUMBER MAY SEEM INSIGNIFICANT-- BUT IT IS A BEGINNING."

GALLEGU SAID HE BELIEVES THE REMAINING GUERRILLA GROUPS DEFYING THE PRESENT GOVERNMENT ARE COMMUNIST-LED.

"THE CHAOS OF WAR AND THE FREE DISTRIBUTION OF ARMS AND MUNITIONS, OFTEN TO THE WRONG PEOPLE, CAUSED A MORAL LET-DOWN AMONG OUR PEOPLE," HE ADDED. "PEOPLE DRIFTING AROUND DURING THE WAR, ESCAPING THE JAPANESE, WENT IN FOR BANDITRY AND FORAGING AS A MEANS OF EXISTING."

"THE REMAINING GUERRILLA BANDS TODAY HAVE THE MORAL AND MATERIAL SUPPORT OF REPRESENTATIVES OF RUSSIA."

GALLEGU SAYS HE IS IN THE UNITED STATES "TO INVESTIGATE HOW YOU FINANCE YOUR EDUCATIONAL FACILITIES AND SEE IF WE CAN ADOPT SOME OF THE SAME PRINCIPLES."

THE SECRETARY OF EDUCATION SAID THE FOOD SITUATION IN THE PHILIPPINES "IS NOT BAD." THE GOVERNMENT, HE EXPLAINED, IS "CLEARING THOUSANDS OF ACRES OF PUBLIC LANDS FOR THE PEOPLE--GIVING ABOUT 20 ACRES PER PERSONS."

GALLEGU IS A GRADUATE OF NORTHWESTERN UNIVERSITY LAW SCHOOL AT EVANSTON, ILL.

HJ539AFD

NEW YORK, MAY 28-(AP)-SUMNER WELLES SAYS WAR EVENTUALLY WOULD BREAK OUT IF RUSSIA WAS EXPELLED FROM THE UNITED NATIONS.

THE FORMER UNDERSECRETARY OF STATE BLAMES BOTH THE UNITED STATES AND RUSSIA FOR WHAT HE CALLS THE FAILURE OF THE U.N.

WELLES, HONORARY PRESIDENT OF THE AMERICAN ASSOCIATION FOR THE UNITED NATIONS, SPOKE LAST NIGHT AT AN ASSOCIATION DINNER AND EARLIER AT A CONFERENCE CALLED BY THE ASSOCIATION. HE DECLARED:

"SHOULD THIS GOVERNMENT EVER LEND ITSELF TO SUCH A (EXPULSION) PROPOSAL, IT IS MY PROFOUND CONVICTION THAT IT WOULD THEREBY HELP DESTROY FOR MANY GENERATIONS TO COME WHATEVER CHANCES THERE MAY STILL BE FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF UNIVERSAL ORDER, AND INEVITABLY DIVIDE THE WORLD INTO TWO ARMED AND HOSTILE CAMPS BETWEEN WHICH WAR MUST SOONER OR LATER BREAK OUT."

THE UNITED STATES AND THE SOVIET UNION, HE SAID, "HAVE SO FAR ATTEMPTED TO MAKE OF THE U.N. AN INSTRUMENT TO ADVANCE THEIR OWN INDIVIDUAL AND SELFISH INTERESTS."

WELLES SAID EXPULSION OF RUSSIA AND HER SATELLITES FROM THE U.N. WAS THE "REAL OBJECTIVE" OF MOST OF THE PROPOSALS TO CHANGE THE ORGANIZATION'S CHARTER.

THE SOVIET UNION, HE DECLARED, "HAS ALL BUT CRIPPLED THE SECURITY COUNCIL" BY REPEATED EXERCISE OF THE VETO POWER.

THE UNITED STATES, HE SAID, FOR THE PAST TWO YEARS HAS BEEN "IN UTTER DISREGARD OF THE VITAL INTERESTS OF THE UNITED NATIONS."

HJ544AFD

NEW YORK, MAY 28-(AP)-BRIDGET WATERS, IRISH WAR BRIDE WHO SERVED A PRISON TERM IN NEVADA FOR KILLING HER HUSBAND, FRANK, PROBABLY WILL BE DEPORTED NEXT WEEK, IMMIGRATION AUTHORITIES SAID TODAY.

MRS. WATERS AND HER SON, FRANK, JR., 5, HAVE BEEN AT ELLIS ISLAND SINCE THEY ARRIVED LAST WEEK FROM CALIFORNIA.

AN IMMIGRATION SPOKESMAN SAID A MORE DEFINITE ANNOUNCEMENT ON THE DEPORTATION TIME IS EXPECTED TUESDAY.

HP6PED

MT. PLEASANT, IOWA, MAY 28-(AP)-WARREN R. AUSTIN SAYS THE UNITED STATES WAY OF FIGHTING FASCISM IS BETTER THAN SOVIET RUSSIA'S.

HOWEVER, THE CHIEF U.S. DELEGATE TO THE UNITED NATIONS SAID IN A SPEECH DELIVERED ON HIS BEHALF LAST NIGHT AT IOWA WESLEYAN COLLEGE BY HIS DEPUTY JOHN C. ROSS THAT ATTEMPTS BE MADE TO UNDERSTAND THE RUSSIAN PEOPLE AND THEIR POLITICAL SYSTEM. "AND MORE IMPORTANT PERSUADE THEM TO UNDERSTAND US," SAID AUSTIN, WHO WAS UNABLE TO COME HERE FROM LAKE SUCCESS.

HE DECLARED RUSSIANS "IN EVERY DISCUSSION OF THE FREEDOM OF INFORMATION HAVE INSISTED, FOR INSTANCE, ON IMPOSING ON THE INDIVIDUAL AND ON THE PRESS THE LEGAL OBLIGATION TO SUPPRESS FASCISM AND NAZISM."

"THE UNITED STATES OPPOSES FASCIST AND NAZI IDEOLOGIES AS FIRMLY AND BITTERLY AS THE SOVIETS. YET WE WILL NOT FIGHT WITH THE WEAPONS OF ENFORCED SUPPRESSION, NOR BY DENYING LIBERTY OF EXPRESSION

TO PERSONS WHO HOLD THOSE OPINIONS."

"WE EXPOSE THEM. WE TURN THE SPOTLIGHT OF TRUTH ON THEM. I AM PERSUADED BY THIS METHOD WE HAVE REDUCED TO IMPOTENCE THE MANIFESTATIONS OF TOTALITARIANISM THAT GREW UP IN OUR COUNTRY IN THE EARLY PART OF THE SECOND WORLD WAR."

AMERICAN LIFE, AUSTIN SAID, HAS BEEN GREATLY ENRICHED BY THE "MAGNIFICENT WORK OF RUSSIANS IN SCIENCE, MUSIC AND LITERATURE."

"THIS PROCESS OF INTERCHANGE OF THOUGHT, OF INTERDEPENDENCE OF CULTURE, OF INTER-ENJOYMENT OF LIFE, NOT ONLY WILL CONTINUE, BUT WILL BE ON AN EVER WIDENING SCALE."

"EDUCATION IS BRINGING PEOPLES TOGETHER MORE INTIMATELY AND MORE FREQUENTLY, AND OUR PURPOSE IS TO SPEED THE PROCESS. WITH TOLERANCE, WITH UNDERSTANDING, WE SHALL ADVANCE TOWARD A MORE PERFECT UNION IN THE UNITED NATIONS AND TO INCREASINGLY RELIABLE GUARANTEES OF PEACE."

MS540ACD

ROYALL (1. (ADVANCE FOR USE AT 10:30 A.M., EASTERN STANDARD TIME, FRIDAY, MAY 28 (ADVANCE)... K)... OAK RIDGE, N.C., MAY 28-(AP)-ARMY SECRETARY ROYALL SAID TODAY THAT AMERICAN SOLDIERS ARE GUARDING "THE OUTPOSTS OF DEMOCRACY" ALONG THE BORDERS OF COMMUNIST AREAS IN EUROPE AND KOREA. "THEY ARE STANDING FIRM WITHOUT PROVOKING FIGHTS, BUT WHEN SOMEONE SEEKS TO IMPOSE UPON THEM--AS HAS BEEN THE CASE--THEY CAN BE AND THEY ARE, AS HARD AS NAILS AND FIRM AS GRANITE," HE ADDED IN A COMMENCEMENT ADDRESS PREPARED FOR THE OAK RIDGE MILITARY INSTITUTE

ROYALL NOTED THERE ARE 100,000 TROOPS IN GERMANY, AUSTRIA AND AT TRIESTE, 136,000 MORE IN JAPAN, KOREA AND ELSEWHERE IN THE PACIFIC.

IN DISCUSSING THE NEED FOR FORCES TO DEFEND THE UNITED STATES, ROYALL SAID "I DO NOT WANT TO GIVE THE IMPRESSION THAT I THINK A CONFLICT IS SURELY COMING. X X X I DO NOT BELIEVE WAR IS IMMINENT SO LONG AS THE WORLD KNOWS WE ARE PREPARED TO MEET IT, BUT THAT ON THE OTHER HAND, IF AGGRESSIVELY INCLINED NATIONS THINK US MILITARILY WEAK AND INEFFECTIVE, THEN WAR BECOMES A REAL POSSIBILITY."

(END ADVANCE FOR USE AT 10:30 A.M., EASTERN STANDARD TIME FRIDAY MAY 28)

FR&SU918AED

SAN FRANCISCO, MAY 28-(AP)-PURCHASE BY THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT OF 12,801 AIRPLANE BATTERIES FOR \$45,000 AT A WAR SURPLUS AUCTION HERE WAS PROTESTED TODAY BY AN AMERICAN WHO ALSO SOUGHT THE BATTERIES.

REPRESENTATIVES OF AUSTRIA TOPPED THE AMERICAN'S BID BY \$1,000 IN THE SALE YESTERDAY. THE ORIGINAL COST OF THE BATTERIES WAS SET BY THE WAR ASSETS ADMINISTRATION AT \$262,000.

"THIS GOVERNMENT SHOULD NOT DO BUSINESS WITH THE AUSTRIANS," PROTESTED R.H. GRACE, REPRESENTING THE UNITED STATES TRADING CORP., CHICAGO. "THE PEACE TREATY HAS NOT BEEN SIGNED."

HE ASKED AUCTIONEER MORRIS ELLISON TO STOP THE SALE BUT K.F. KOENIG OF THE LOCAL WAA OFFICE REPLIED THAT WAA IN WASHINGTON HAD APPROVED A CREDIT FOR THE AUSTRIANS.

GRACE AND HIS PARTNER, WILLIAM J. VIGNOLA, SENT TELEGRAMS OF PROTEST TO REP. RICHARD J. WELCH OF CALIFORNIA, WHO RECENTLY ASKED CONGRESS TO ELIMINATE FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS AT WAA AUCTIONS.

ROBERT B. KNIGHT OF WASHINGTON, D.C., REPRESENTING AUSTRIA, SAID

THAT COUNTRY MAY USE THE AIRPLANE BATTERIES FOR HEAVY TRUCKS.

"THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT IS OPERATING ON A CREDIT OR GRANT GIVEN IT BY THIS COUNTRY AS PART OF ITS INTERIM AID PROGRAM, WHICH WILL FUNCTION UNTIL ERP GETS STARTED," KNIGHT EXPLAINED.

THE PROTEST WAS THE SECOND IN RECENT WEEKS HERE. EARLIER, AMERICAN BUYERS OBJECTED TO CREDIT SALES OF MACHINERY TO NORWAY.

KK7ACS NM

VWARREN (225)

SACRAMENTO, CALIF., MAY 28-(AP)-GOVERNOR WARREN SAID IN A SPEECH LAST NIGHT THAT THE UNITED STATES MUST BE KEPT MILITARILY STRONG, THAT THE EUROPEAN RECOVERY PLAN MUST BE SUPPORTED, AND THAT THERE MUST BE ALL-OUT PRODUCTION.

"IF WE KEEP OURSELVES MILITARILY STRONG, AND IF WE WORK FOR THE RECONSTRUCTION OF FRIENDLY NATIONS, HOWEVER PAINFUL AND EXPENSIVE THESE PROGRAMS MAY BE, OUR COMPENSATION WILL BE A STEADY IMPROVEMENT IN THE EFFECTIVENESS OF OUR FOREIGN POLICY," HE SAID.

"FURTHERMORE, THE ECONOMIC HEALTH OF OUR OWN NATION AND THE WORLD REQUIRES THAT WE, AS A GREAT CREDITOR NATION, REALIZE THAT WORLD TRADE IS A TWO-WAY STREET."

HE SAID THAT REGULAR AND SUBSTANTIAL PAYMENTS SHOULD BE MADE ON THE NATIONAL DEBT AND THAT FURTHER DEFICIT SPENDING MUST BE AVOIDED.

WARREN CONTINUED, "THERE IS NO MAGIC FORMULA TO AVOID ECONOMIC DISASTER EXCEPT PERHAPS THE ONE MAGIC WORD -- PRODUCTION -- ALL OUT, UNINTERRUPTED, USEFUL PRODUCTION FOR OURSELVES, AND, AS FAR AS POSSIBLE FOR THE WORLD."

"I AM ONE WHO BELIEVES THAT A UNITED AMERICA CAN WORK OUT A STRATEGY FOR WORLD PEACE JUST AS SUCCESSFULLY AS WE WORKED OUT A STRATEGY FOR VICTORY IN WAR."

"WE MUST BE STRONG TO KEEP THE COMMITMENTS WE HAVE MADE TO OURSELVES AND TO A WORLD THAT LOOKS TO US FOR LEADERSHIP. OUR MEMBERSHIP ON THE UNITED NATIONS CONTEMPLATES AND REQUIRES THAT WE DO THIS UNTIL THAT AGENCY IS STRONG ENOUGH TO ASSERT AND ENFORCE THE SANCTIONS NECESSARY TO PREVENT AGGRESSIONS IN ANY FORM."

"WE CANNOT IN SAFETY OR IN CONSCIENCE, LET THE UNITED NATIONS DOWN."

PORTLAND, ORE., MAY 28-(AP)-ERIC JOHNSTON, FILM EXECUTIVE, TONIGHT CALLED FOR MILITARY ALLIANCES BETWEEN THIS NATION AND WESTERN EUROPE TO GUARANTEE THE SURVIVAL OF DEMOCRACY.

JOHNSTON, PRESIDENT OF THE MOTION PICTURE ASSOCIATION OF AMERICA, URGED THE COMMITMENTS IN A SPEECH PREPARED FOR DELIVERY TO THE GENERAL FEDERATION OF WOMEN'S CLUBS. HIS SPEECH WAS TO BE FOLLOWED BY AN ADDRESS BY SECRETARY OF STATE GEORGE C. MARSHALL.

"WE KNOW IN OUR HEARTS THAT IF ANY WESTERN EUROPEAN NATION IS ATTACKED, WE SHALL RALLY TO ITS DEFENSE, IF ONLY TO SAVE OUR OWN SKINS," JOHNSTON SAID. "THERE IS NO POINT IN HESITATING TO OFFER A FIRM MILITARY GUARANTEE IN ADVANCE. THERE IS AMPLE REASON TO BELIEVE THAT HAD AMERICA MADE SUCH A COMMITMENT BEFORE THE TWO WORLD WARS, THEY MIGHT HAVE BEEN STOPPED BEFORE THEY HAPPENED."

THE FORMER SPOKANE, WASH., BUSINESSMAN ALSO RECOMMENDED A RESUMPTION OF PRIORITIES AND ALLOCATIONS OF ESSENTIAL MATERIALS.

JOHNSTON CITED THE MARSHALL PLAN AS THE KEYNOTE OF ECONOMIC IMPROVEMENT, AND FOLLOWED IT UP WITH A DEMAND FOR "ECONOMIC DEMOCRACY" IN NATIONS RECEIVING AID.

THE FILM EXECUTIVE CALLED FOR A HARDER FIGHT AGAINST RUSSIA IN THE BATTLE OF IDEAS. "WE WILL HAVE ENORMOUS SUMS OF FOREIGN EXCHANGE IN 16 EUROPEAN COUNTRIES," HE SAID. "A LARGE PORTION OF THIS SHOULD BE RELEASED AS AMMUNITION FOR DEMOCRATIC PROPAGANDA."

FJ940PCS NM

END MAY 28, 1948

Arabs Besiege 80,000 Jews

MAY 1948

Israelis Try To Blast Roads Open

W. BOYD

CAIRO, Egypt, May 29 (AP).—Arab troops began a battle for all of Jerusalem today, and Jewish troops continued determined attempts to break a blockade of the four highways leading to the Holy City.

A Tel Aviv dispatch said Egyptian forces made a sudden march of about 10 miles up the coast from Majdal to Isdud, a village only 20 miles south of Jaffa, the Jewish capital's twin.

NIGHT SUPPORTED BY AIRCRAFT

A Defense Ministry communique issued here tonight said the Egyptian troops, supported by aircraft and artillery, reached Isdud this morning after overcoming strong Jewish resistance.

The communique said one of two Jewish planes which attacked Egyptian troops in Isdud was shot down by anti-aircraft fire. The second plane was hit and probably did not return to its base, the communique added.

ARMORED UNITS IN CLASH

Other Egyptian units clashed with a Jewish armored car column in Beerot Yitzhak, four miles southeast of Gaza, inflicting considerable damage on a number of the vehicles, the communique said.

It added that the main Egyptian air force attack today was made on coastal defenses in Tel Aviv.

Isdud is only two and a half miles from the limits of Israel as outlined by the U.N. partition plan, and probably close to where real Jewish resistance on the south might be encountered. The village is in a five-mile wide Arab coastal strip that is flanked for 40 miles by Jewish-assigned territory.

THREE CITIES RAIDED

The Jewish air force struck Jenin,

Nablus and Ramallah, three Arab cities which form a triangle in central Palestine, the Tel Aviv dispatch said.

The French Consul General at Jerusalem sent a telegram to the United Nations saying the Arabs had fired on his consulate with steel bullets which penetrated sandbags.

Field guns of King Abdullah's Legionnaires hammered Israeli positions in modern Jerusalem, where 80,000 to 90,000 Jews are under a tight siege, front line dispatches said.

Jewish troops are sandwiched between Trans-Jordan Legionnaires operating from the newly won Walled City and other Arab units ringing all of Jerusalem.

Fires swept the ancient Jewish ghetto in the Old City which Israeli remnants surrendered to the Arab Legion yesterday. More than 1500

Jewish civilians were quickly removed from the area and the task of transporting 293 Jewish military prisoners were begun.

During the bitter fighting in the Old City a mortar shell struck the Holy Sepulchre, the holiest shrine in Christendom, but did not explode, a delayed dispatch revealed. It was not known whether the shell was from Jewish or Arab territory.

CRASHES ATOP CHAPEL

The missile crashed atop Saint Helena's Chapel, named for the Byzantine queen mother who built the first church over the sacred place of Christ's burial and resurrection.

The dud mortar shell was the first direct hit on the Holy Sepulchre. Windows were shattered by bullets, however, and a number of artillery and mortar shells landed nearby during the fighting. Churchmen said two priests and a monk had been killed.

Several bombs hit Saint Saviour's Monastery, near the New Gate, and various other churches were damaged.

'POSITION HOPELESS'

The surrender of the Jews in the Old City came after a siege topped off by an 11-day pounding by the guns of the Arab Legion. Telling of the fighting, a captured Jewish liaison officer said.

"Our fighting men were too few, our arms were too few; finally our position was hopeless. Casualties

were very heavy."

A communique issued by the Israeli Army in Tel Aviv said: "The battle for the defense of New Jerusalem and for the liberation of the Old City continues."

ISRAELIS ARE TRAPPED

Israeli troops in the newer portion of Jerusalem are cut off from new food sources and their main water supplies. The chief Jewish effort to relieve them is being made in the Latrun-Bab el Wad sector 10 to 14 miles west of Jerusalem.

Accounts from Tel Aviv said thousands of troops had been committed on both sides in the developing battle there for control of the vital Jerusalem-Tel Aviv highway and the lesser tracks leading through the Judean Hills.

PLANES SCATTER 10,000

Arab League headquarters said last night that Egyptian and Iraqi planes attacked and scattered 10,000 Jewish soldiers assembled in the fight for the Bab el Wad Gorge, four miles east of Latrun.

The battle, which may be a decisive one, is being fought in hilly country around the Latrun Monastery with its famous statue of peace.

There were many conflicting accounts concerning operations immediately south of Jerusalem. According to the Arab League, Arab troops were attacking the suburbs of Baqaa, Talpiot and Katamon and were expected to capture those towns.

However, Carter L. Davidson, Associated Press correspondent, reported yesterday he had visited those suburbs and none had been hit by anything for two days.

TOWN LIES IN RUINS

Davidson also said that Ramat Rehel, a road control point on the southern edge of Jerusalem, still was in Jewish hands. The town has been heavily shelled and now is in ruins.

Daniel de Luce, AP correspondent, who told of the shelling of modern Jerusalem by the Arab Legion's artillery, said the stamping out of the last Jewish resistance in the Old City had given the Legionnaires a chance to engage in a wider offensive.

The Jerusalem correspondent of the Cairo newspaper Akhbar el Yom said Egyptians and Iraqis were fighting along with Trans-Jordan troops inside Jerusalem.

Count Folke Bernadotte, the United Nations mediator for Palestine, conferred in Cairo with Egyptian Premier Mahoud Fahmy Nokrashy Pasha. He said they discussed only the general situation.

All Jerusalem Under Siege By Arabs

CAIRO, May 29 (AP)—Arabs began an attack in modern Jerusalem today and the Israeli army reported Egyptian troops had driven up the Palestine coast to a point within 20 miles of Jaffa, Tel Aviv's neighbor city. (AP) BOYD

CAIRO, May 29 (AP)—Arab troops began an attack today in modern Jerusalem. Jews, short of water and food, tried desperately to break a blockade of all four highways entering the city.

Legion guns pounded Jewish concentrations in New Jerusalem, even as raging fires swept the ancient Jewish Ghetto in the Old City. There Israeli remnants, with food and ammunition gone, surrendered yesterday after a five-month siege topped off by an eleven-day pounding from the guns of King Abdullah's Arab Legion.

Now the Jews in all Jerusalem are under a throttling state of siege that can be ended only by the opening of supply routes to the Mediterranean coast.

Haganah Communique

"The battle for the defense of New Jerusalem and for the liberation of the Old City continues," a Haganah (Jewish Army) communique declared.

Thousands of Israelis and Arabs were locked in a battle west of Jerusalem for the highway from Tel Aviv which could supply the Holy City's 80,000 Jews. The Arabs threw armor, artillery, planes and all the manpower they could spare into the fight, Tel Aviv reports said.

Jews fighting to break the Arab ring around Jerusalem could see smoke and flames belching from the rubble-strewn Old City. Arab forces, commanding the Zion Gate, led the last group of Jewish civilians—women and children, young and old—from the Old City.

Battle At Latrun

To the west, in the Latrun area, the big battle which may be a decisive one grew hourly in intensity. Thousands of both sides were committed to the struggle for the lifeline road which links Tel Aviv with Jerusalem. Egyptian planes were reported taking part in the fight.

Arab League headquarters here said last night Egyptian and Iraqi planes attacked and scattered 10,000 Jewish soldiers assembled yesterday in the fight for the Bab el Wad Gorge east of Latrun. The Tel Aviv-Jerusalem road winds through the gorge.

Attack Continued

The Arabs claimed to be continuing an attack in the southern suburb of Jerusalem—Baqaa, Talpiot and Katamon. The league said their fall was expected. But Associated Press Correspondent Carter L. Davidson reported yesterday he visited those suburbs and none had been hit by anything for two days.

The Jerusalem correspondent of the Cairo newspaper, Akhbar el Yom, said Trans-Jordan Legionnaires, Egyptians and Iraqis, supported by planes, opened an attack inside Jerusalem against the Haganah forces who are trying to break the Arab siege.

Ramat Rehel Shelled

Arab guns shelled Ramat Rehel. The Jewish settlement once the home of 300, is now in ruins, except for the main dining hall. That is shell-riddled but still standing.

The smell of death is heavy over Ramat Rehel's ruins. Grim-faced Israeli warriors move silently about their work.

To the south of Ramat Rehel is the two-room shrine of Rachel's Tomb, whence the Arabs claimed they had jumped off in an attack on the southern Jerusalem suburbs.

Besides Ramat Rehel, the Jews still hold Katamon, the German colony of Talpiot and Baqaa, which the Arabs said they attacked. These places showed no sign of

having been hit by anything for two days.

Bernadotte Confers

Count Folke Bernadotte, the United Nations mediator for Palestine, conferred here with Egyptian Premier Nokrashy Pasha. He said they discussed only the general situation in Palestine and that he found the Premier "very nice and charming."

A Baghdad dispatch said Iraqi Foreign Minister Nasrat Alfarsi left for Amman to attend a conference of the Arab League's Political

Committee considering the United Nations Security Council's Palestine discussions. Baghdad's Christian churches tolled their bells at the news of the surrender of the Jews in Jerusalem's old city.

Need For Oil

An indication that Israel's war machine needs oil was seen in a report from Haifa that the Government of Israel had offered to guarantee the flow of oil products to the Arab states if they provide oil for the Haifa refinery.

A British informant said the Iraqi Petroleum Company pipeline which supplied the refinery could be operated at once, if an agreement could be reached.

A Jewish Government representative said he was prepared to supply the labor to operate the refinery and also to train Arabs for similar work.

Output Of Plant

Before the Jewish-Arab war, oil was piped to Haifa from the rich northern Iraqi oil fields. It was estimated the huge Haifa plant furnished about 90 per cent of the petroleum needs for the eastern Mediterranean, including near-by Arab states.

The refinery is owned by the British Admiralty and controlled by the Consolidated Refineries, Ltd. It normally processes more than 100,000 barrels of oil daily.

An Egyptian communique said high explosive and incendiary bombs were dropped on the settlements of Hulda and Abu Shusha, 17 to 18 miles southeast of Tel Aviv. Air attacks were also reported on the settlement of Khalda.

Tel Aviv Bombed

Fighter bombers attacked the northern district of Tel Aviv again last night. An unidentified plane dropped two bombs on Natanya, coastal city 18 miles north of Tel Aviv, but they failed to explode.

A Syrian Army communique in Damascus said last night that Arab aircraft had attacked the Jewish settlements of Ashdot Yaakov and Deganya in northern Palestine and inflicted heavy losses on an enemy supply convoy.

The communique said aircraft also dropped Arab League leaflets on settlements in Acre, Tiberias and Hula, all in the northern sector.

Five Britons were forced to return to Haifa by air yesterday when Lebanon refused to recognize the Israeli exit stamps on their British passports. They said the matter had been taken up with the British Legation in Beirut.

Winston Churchill told a meeting of Conservatives in Perth, Scotland, last night that the British Labor Government's handling of Palestine was "an outstanding case of mismanagement." (AM)

ARABS SHELL NEWER CITY

Legion In Position For Wider Jerusalem Offensive

Inside the Old City of Jerusalem, May 29 (AP)—Arab Legionnaires turned their field guns on modern Jerusalem today in preparation for an almost certain drive against Jewish positions beyond the walls of the Old City.

By crushing the last Jewish resistance in the burning ghetto of the Old City the Legionnaires from Trans-Jordan placed themselves in a position to launch a wider offensive.

The bitter fight put up by the Jews in the Old City ended yesterday. While it lasted the Jewish resistance served for eleven days to handcuff Legion thrusts into new Jerusalem.

Arabs Shift to New Task
There are 80,000 to 90,000 Jews in modern sections of the city. They are cut off at present from the main sources of Jewish strength along the Palestine coast.

The Arabs went quickly about the task of removing the Jews from the Old City. More than 1,500 Jewish civilians—women, children and old men—left the walled area early today. Many carried bundles containing their few worldly possessions.

For more than six hours the shabby, frightened group trudged through the shell-scarred Church of Dormition—reputed scene of the Virgin Mary's death—and crossed over to the lines of the Israeli Army. They left their wrecked homes by way of Arab-controlled Zion Gate, which had been a focal point in the battle.

Arab Wounded During Exodus

While the exodus was in progress an Arab soldier fell wounded at Zion Gate. Sniping suddenly broke out there coincident with Jewish attacks against the Damascus and Jaffa gates. The attacks lasted nearly 90 minutes and then dwindled to scattered small-arms fire.

Dr. Pablo de Azcarte y Florez, representing the United Nations in Palestine, was standing with the Arab Legion field commander when news of the Arab casualty

was received.

"It's only a provocation," he said. "Please keep pushing the civilians right along."

The Arab commander complied. The Legion commander reported that "not a single Jew has been harmed since the surrender."

Fires Rage In Old City

Legionnaires helped move 150 Jewish wounded to the safety of an Armenian quarter school from the Jewish military hospital in the flaming ghetto. A Swiss official of the International Red Cross com-

mended the conduct of King Abdullah's soldiers and said "they carried old women in their arms to the Zion Gate."

Busses were brought in by the Legion to transport 293 Jewish men of military age to an internment camp in Amman, Trans-Jordan. These men were held temporarily behind bars in the city's police barracks. According to the surrender terms, seriously wounded Jews are to be delivered to Jewish lines in Jerusalem. Others, if of military age, may be kept prisoner.

Fires raged through the night in the Old City. Legionnaires said they were caused by Jewish time mines which exploded after the surrender. Some Arab troops also claimed the Jews purposely kindled fires just before the evacuation of the Jewish quarter.

An Account Of Battle

Eric J. Mayer, a Jewish agricultural expert in Britain before he became an Israeli liaison officer, gave this account of the Old City battle which made him a prisoner:

"Our fighting men were too few—our arms were too few—finally our position was hopeless and casualties were very heavy.

"We kept hoping for a linkup with our people outside Zion Gate. You see, we had this linkup the evening of May 17 and got in new fighters and ammunition. But when the Trans-Jordan Legion came into the Old City on May 18 the linkup was broken and it was never restored. We surrendered yesterday because we were at the end of our resources. We were finished. . . .

American Jew Wounded

"We counted on help to the very last. We believed that not only would we be released, but Jerusalem itself would be opened up to communication with Tel Aviv. Now the Arabs keep telling us Jerusalem is still cut off. Can that be true?"

Mayer said one American Jew had been wounded in the fighting and was in the hospital when the surrender came. The American, he said, had served in the United States Navy and has a family in

San Francisco.

Albert Britten, 23, a private in the British Suffolk Regiment, was captured by the Legionnaires when the Old City fell. He said he got separated from his outfit when he went out for a drink May 13, two days before the British left.

Jerusalem's Old Ghetto Is Ruined And Deserted

Inside the Old City of Jerusalem, May 29 (AP)—Jerusalem's ancient Ghetto lay a burning hulk today, its people all departed.

The last of the pathetic group of Jewish civilians—women and children—young and old—filed through Zion Gate, now held by the Arab Legion, shortly after midnight. They trudged through the shell-scarred Church of Dormition—reputed scene of the Virgin Mary's death—and crossed over to Haganah's line.

It required more than six hours for the shabby, frightened group, estimated at more than 1,500, to leave the walls of the Old City and return to Jewish hands. Many carried bundles containing their few worldly possessions.

Sniping At Arab Gate

An Arab soldier fell wounded early this morning at Zion Gate when sniping suddenly broke out there, coincident with attacks against Jaffa and Damascus gates.

Dr. Pablo de Azcarte y Florez, representing the United Nations in Palestine, was standing with the Arab Legion field commander when news of the Arab casualty was received.

"It's only a provocation," he said. "Please keep hustling the civilians right along."

The Arab commander complied. In the Old City's police barracks 294 Jewish men of military age were temporarily behind bars, while the Legion brought more than a dozen busses to take them to an internment camp in Amman, Trans-Jordan.

Care For Wounded

From the Jewish military hospital in the burning Ghetto, Legionnaires helped carry 150 Jewish wounded to the safety of the Armenian Quarter School.

Seriously wounded Jews, according to the surrender terms, are to be delivered to Jewish lines in Jerusalem. Others, if of military age, may be kept prisoner.

A Swiss official of the International Red Cross who remained

with the Jewish wounded overnight commended the Arab Legion on its conduct.

"They carried old women in their arms to Zion Gate," he said. "They slaved for hours carrying the wounded from that burning hell out there to this school."

The Arab Legion commander in Jerusalem reported early today that "not a single Jew has been harmed since the surrender."

Fires Explained

The Legion blamed fires which raged through the night on Jewish mines which exploded from time fuses after the surrender was concluded at 2.30 P.M. yesterday. Some troops also claimed the Jews purposely kindled fires just before the evacuation of the rubble-strewn quarter adjoining the Southern Wall.

The Ghetto looked like a chunk of Stalingrad or Berlin. Roofless walls teetered crazily. Alleys were waist high with debris. The stench of death was thick. Some Jewish bodies were still unburied. Others had been covered hastily with a thin layer of rubble.

The Legion said at least 86 Jews died in the 11-day battle with Trans-Jordan forces.

Jewish attacks against Jaffa and Damascus Gates into the Old City at 8.30 P.M. lasted nearly 90 minutes, then dwindled to scattered small-arms fire with the approach of midnight. Flares fizzled in the sky. Legion field guns pounded modern Jerusalem.

Liquidation of the Ghetto garrison

was regarded as certain to increase the intensity of Legion thrusts into Jewish quarters. These thrusts have been figuratively handcuffed by the bitter-end resistance of the Ghetto to the Legion's back.

In a shadowy prison near Jaffa Gate an Arab policeman chatted pleasantly with a Haganah commander—blood enemies but observing the ancient amenities after the surrender of the Old City Ghetto.

A few feet away Eric J. Mayer, a Jewish agricultural expert in England before he became a Haganah

liaison officer, leaned wearily against the steel bars and tried to reconstruct the history of the battle which made him a captive.

"Our fighting men were too few—our arms were too few—finally our position was hopeless and casualties were very heavy," Mayer said.

"We Were Finished"

"We kept hoping for a linkup with our people outside Zion Gate. You see we had this linkup the evening of May 17 and got in new fighters and ammunition. But when the Trans-Jordan Legion came into the Old City the May 18 linkup was broken and it was never restored. We surrendered yesterday because we were at the end of our resources. We were finished."

Mayer would not discuss the ratio of Haganah forces to Irgun Zvai Leumi and Stern Gang members in the Old City garrison. Nor would he talk of casualties suffered or the total Jewish force employed.

"Our greatest shortage was weapons and ammunition," he said. "We had three physicians from Hadasah Hospital and rather large stocks of medical supplies, although we ran short of some drugs toward the end."

"The biggest burden was the civilians, 1,500 to 1,700. They kept below the ground most of the time. Their casualties were low, but they were a heavy weight on us."

Still Cut Off?

"We counted on help to the very last. We believed that not only would we be released, but Jerusalem itself would be opened up to communication with Tel Aviv. Now the Arabs keep telling us Jerusalem is still cut off. Can that be true?"

"What are the chances of a political settlement for Palestine?" Mayer asked. "Isn't there any truce at hand? We've been cooped up without news from the outside. It doesn't seem possible that the leaders have not found some way to stop this war."

Mayer said the Jewish garrison had learned how to spot all types of shells, which the Arabs hurled into the siege zone. He said demolitions were the most feared "because you never knew when your house would tumble down around you."

Mayer said he knew of only one British soldier in the old Jewish quarter during the battle. He said one American Jew, who had served with the United States Navy and had a family in San Francisco, had been wounded in the fighting and was in the hospital when the surrender came.

Ironical Sign

Jerusalem, May 29 (AP)—In blockaded Jerusalem, short of food, water and light, a marquee advertises the last movie to be shown before the power failed.

It is "Within These Walls."

Arab-Seized Tommy Blames Plight On Party

Inside Old Jerusalem, May 29 (AP)—A young British Tommy, captured by the Arab Legion in its conquest of the old Jewish quarter, today blamed a party for his plight.

Albert Britten, 23, private in the Suffolk Regiment, said he got lost from his outfit when he went out for a drink May 13, two days before the British left. He said:

"My mates pulled out from headquarters in an Armenian church in the Old City, and I couldn't join them because I was inside the Jewish lines, and the Jews would have shot me if I'd tried."

The Englishman was interviewed at the Old City police barracks, where he is held with 293 other prisoners of the Arabs. He said he had done no fighting for the Jews but had helped tend the wounded at a Jewish hospital.

The British Consul at Amman likely will intercede with the Arabs in Britten's behalf.

Holy Sepulcher Hit By A Dud Mortar Shell

Jerusalem, Thursday, May 27 (AP).

The Holy Sepulcher was hit today by a mortar shell which did not explode, a Roman Catholic priest living in the shrine reported by telephone.

It was not known whether the shell was from Jewish or Arab held territory. The missile crashed atop the Saint Helena Chapel, named for the Byzantine queen mother who built the first church over the sacred place of Christ's burial and resurrection.

The Sepulcher is in the old walled city about halfway between the Jewish quarter and the center of the attacking Arab forces.

[Jews in the old city have surrendered since this dispatch was written.]

The dud mortar shell was the first direct hit on the holiest shrine in Christendom. Windows have been shattered by bullets and a number of artillery and mortar shells have landed near by in the past twelve days, however.

Churchmen said two priests and one monk have been killed. Several bombs hit Saint Saviour's Monastery near the New Gate and various other churches were damaged.

Armies Of Israel Reported Holding Nearly All Frontiers

By JAMES M. LONG

MAY 1948

Tel Aviv, Palestine, May 29 (AP)—Two weeks after the newly proclaimed state of Israel went to war in earnest its armies are holding the frontiers almost unbroken and are locked in a terrific battle deep in Arab territory in an effort to raise the siege of Jerusalem.

Almost complete censorship here blacks out details of the battle around Latrun with the British-trained Arab Legion and remnants of the broken Yarmuk army which Fawzi Pasha al Kaukji led into Palestine three months ago.

But available reports are that thousands of troops on both sides are engaged in combat from Latrun, where stands the Monastery of Silent Monks, 14 miles west of Jerusalem, through the death trap known as Bab el Wad Gorge, 4 miles farther east, to the Judean hills surrounding the Holy City.

Seen As Battle Of Expendables

The outcome probably will determine the fate of Jerusalem—the home of 100,000 Jews and 60,000 Arabs—unless by some unforeseen miracle the city can be restored to peace by international agreement acceptable to the warring sides.

The battle in the Old City, now surrendered to the Arab Legion, was probably a battle of a few hundred Jewish expendables. For nearly two weeks they tied up a huge share of the force of the Arab Legion, which may number no more than 6,000 men in all the Holy Land.

Now the Legion, as well as the Egyptian forces which Cairo communiqués say have come up from the south, are free to press their attack on the rest of Jerusalem which outside reports say is defended by 8,000 armed men of Israel.

The view taken in this Jewish capital is that the Arabs want to take Jerusalem to balance their failure thus far to break off any part of the Hebrew state as delineated by the United Nations partition plan.

Legion Diverts Man

The fall of the entire city would strengthen their position in any future bargaining.

On the other hand, correspondents with the Arab forces report that King Abdullah's commanders regard the city as a huge road block in the center of Arab-allotted territory. Under the United Nations

plan the city was to be under international control.

Should Jewish resistance there be liquidated, the Arabs will be free to push toward more decisive campaigns against the Jewish coastal strip.

Into the battle for Jerusalem the Arabs have poured artillery and light armor, which Israel lacks but is beginning to receive. The Legion has diverted men from the bout in Jerusalem itself to the critical fight along the Jerusalem-Tel Aviv highway.

During the first two weeks the Jews are known to have broken through 40 miles from their frontiers to the Jewish part of Jerusalem with reinforcements. It is not known how large the reinforcements were. Obviously they were fewer than desired. The Arabs are determined to prevent any further breakthroughs, and to subject Jerusalem to a strangle hold which would snuff out Jewish resistance for lack of food, water and ammunition.

Some Arab political strategists have indicated they hope to hold down their losses, by careful strategy which avoids full-tilt assault on strong-points. They have commented that the Jewish soldier does not come out to battle in open-field maneuver. Instead, he fights from embattled stone walls and citadels.

The outcome is yet to be told. Jewish military leaders have said the Jerusalem situation is serious, but not critical—yet. They have not lost hope.

First Round To Jews

Elsewhere for the moment, the decision hangs less imminently in the balance.

In the north the Jews have won the first round. They captured Acre, which for ages stood as a symbol of strength against any conqueror. They seized West Galilee which United Nations partition gave to the Arabs.

They cleared North Galilee five times striking out on their own in raids and counterthrusts into Syria and Lebanon, where they wrecked Arab operational bases and supply routes, until now Arab forces hold only one strip about 2 miles long and a few hundred yards deep on the soil of Israel. This is in the Upper Jordan Valley below the Sea of Galilee.

Except for the Negeb desert

lands of the south, that two-mile strip, to the best of this correspondent's knowledge here after miles of travel along the frontiers, is the only place where Arab troops still stand on Jewish territory.

Situation In South

At this moment, most Syrian and Lebanese troops to the north are back at the bases from which just over a fortnight ago they launched their first thrusts against the borders. At many places the front is entrenched and quiet except for sporadic artillery and machine-gun fire and occasional bombings. Nowhere has the Syrian or Lebanese assault taken major form.

In the south, the campaign has not yet flared into full activity.

The Egyptians moved up the five-mile wide coastal strip allotted to the Arabs under partition, occupying Gaza, an Arab city, and moving on as far as Majdal, about 27 miles south of Tel Aviv.

They have penetrated into considerable areas of the barren Negeb, and in some places have attacked rather heavily some small scattered Jewish settlements. Jewish military sources say this has developed nowhere into a genuine mop-up of territory.

Arab Villagers Warned

When this front comes to its climax, it probably will be along the coastal strip of Arab territory which juts to within 20 miles of Tel Aviv.

At Majdal the Egyptian forces have only begun to run into Jewish resistance. Already the Jews have struck back on this front in a series of sorties and raids against Egyptian advanced bases such as handcuffed the striking powers of the Syrians.

These northern operations, known as "operation broom" were carried out by parties of tough, trained Jewish youths and girls, 18 to 20 years old, organized into Palmach, the Jewish equivalent of the commandos.

Jewish leaflets were scattered along the frontiers, warning Arab villagers to stay out of the fight. These proved so effective, the Jews said, that many places 5 to 10 miles behind Arab lines were evacuated by the populace, causing a considerable jamming of the roads.

100 JEWS SLAIN IN WALLED CITY SINCE MAY 15

350 Prisoners Of War On Their Way To Arab Internment Camps

Jerusalem, May 29 (AP)—A Jewish Agency spokesman said today more than 100 Jews were killed in the Old City of Jerusalem since the British mandate ended May 15.

Most of the victims were soldiers. A few were women, children and noncombatants who were killed by shellfire, the spokesman said.

He added that some 140 others who were wounded were to be removed from the walled area today. The Jewish spokesman said about 350 prisoners of war were on their way to Arab internment camps. Some 1,100 others, he added, were evacuated as noncombatants. These were accommodated in former Christian Arab houses in the fashionable Katamon suburb of southern Jerusalem.

Apprehension Over Synagogues

The Jewish spokesman claimed Haganah troops still controlled the whole of modern Jerusalem with the exception of the southern part of the Musrara quarter near the Old City and the American colony in the north. Arab units are still entering the city.

An agency spokesman today expressed grave apprehensions about the fate of the remaining synagogues and Jewish relics in the Old City. He acknowledged, however, that the Arab Legion was behaving properly as a regular army with characteristics ingrained in it by many years of British training. The spokesman said local Arab inhabitants had set fire to the ancient Hurva synagogue and expressed fear they might do the same to other structures.

Surrender Terms

The surrender terms for the embattled Jews of the Old City were arranged between the Arab Legion and the Jews by the Red Cross. They were approved by the Jewish Agency. The terms were similar to those offered for the surrender of the Old City's Jews by an Arab commander a few days ago, and the

same as those which the Jews accepted at the Kfar Etzion settlement on Easter Sunday.

Briefly, the terms were that the Jews were to yield all their arms, and the Legion would take complete possession of the Jewish quarter and take into custody all men between the ages of 15 and 50 who were capable of bearing arms, as well as slightly wounded combatants. The Arabs agreed to transfer to Jewish areas all noncombatant women and children and men over 50 as well as the seriously wounded whom the Arabs agreed to protect from hostile Arab crowds.

Transfer Of Civilians Begins

The International Red Cross delegation here was holding an important business conference with visiting President Dr. Paul Rueger when the Jewish request for surrender terms came through. The meeting broke up immediately and Red Cross representatives contacted the Arabs. Dr. Krikor Krikorian, of the Red Crescent Society (Moslem Red Cross), took part in the negotiations.

The transfer of noncombatant civilians began immediately despite the Jewish Sabbath—when pious folk refrain from using transport—and continued throughout the night. It was estimated that 1,000 evacuees had been removed from the battered Old City by noon today.

The first large party to leave Jerusalem since the Arab road blockade began almost eight weeks ago were taken through Jewish and Arab lines today by the Red Cross. They were British and American reporters and photographers, including one woman reporter.

The party proceeded from the holy city to Government House, formerly the residence of the British high commissioner, under Red Cross escort. From there they walked over the Valley of Kidron to the vicinity of the Garden of Gethsemane at the foot of the Mount of Olives.

Rendezvous With Legion

The Red Cross had arranged a rendezvous for them with the Arab Legion at this point on the highway that sweeps downward 1,000 feet below Jerusalem's hills to the city of Jericho.

Those in the group were: Tom Fitzsimmons, Associated Press photographer; Kenneth Bilby, New York Herald Tribune; Robert P. Martin, Overseas News Agency; Cornell Acheson, Indianapolis News; Robert Hecox, Paramount Newsreel; Eric Downton, London Daily Telegraph; Geoffrey Hoare, London News Chronicle, and his wire, Claire Hollingworth, London

Observer.

They went on reassignments, or, as in the case of Bilby, the quickest way of getting to Tel Aviv via Cyprus. They had to agree to conditions imposed whereby they will pass directly through Amman, capital of Trans-Jordan, and not attempt to remain in any Arab country. They are all going to Cyprus.

POLITICAL FOG SLOWING DOWN HOLY LAND WAR

Soldiers Listening For Pertinent News From Many Points

By DANIEL DE LUCE

With the Trans-Jordan Legion in Jerusalem, May 29 (AP)—The political fog is thicker than the fog of war in Palestine.

A decisive military turn of events is as yet a prospect of the indefinite future. A political solution, although apparently desired by some Arabs and Jews, still lurks like a will-of-the-wisp beyond the limits of the statesmanship of both sides.

Soldiers in the field are handicapped by political uncertainties behind their backs. Instead of seeking to engage the enemy and destroy him they are moving with great deliberation and listening, meanwhile, for pertinent news from Lake Success, the House of Commons, Washington and other points.

Like Handwriting On Wall

The only military development of paramount importance since the Arab regular armies entered Palestine two weeks ago has been the siege of Jerusalem by the Trans-Jordan Legion, climaxed by its liquidation of Jewish resistance within the Old City yesterday.

Ghostly ruins of the old Jewish quarter are like the handwriting on the wall, recording the destiny of the modern districts of Jerusalem—if the battle continues.

The plain facts are that the Haganah-Irgun-Stern garrison in the holy city—possibly 8,000 to 10,000 front-line fighters of both sexes—has no field artillery, no land supply route from the coast and no air support worthy of the name.

Thirst May Stop Jews

Besides these grave deficiencies, the garrison is burdened by the presence of nearly 90,000 Jewish civilians. These thousands must be fed. The Jews' food reserves are not inexhaustible. They must have water, and with the dry summer approaching, the normal water supplies from outside Jerusalem are out off. The best guess from the Arab side, hence, is that thirst may break down the Jews quicker than anything else in the next few weeks.

Second-guessing is easy. But most neutral observers with the Arab forces are unable to understand why the Jewish Agency did not co-operate to the utmost with the British mandatory power before May 15 to assure a Jerusalem truce.

The Arab story at least is that Jewish nonco-operation blocked the conclusion of such a truce, which the Trans-Jordan Legion, because of its training, would have been obliged to obey to the letter.

A Methodical Process

It seems obvious from this side that the Jewish high command has grossly underestimated the Legion's skill in gunnery and demolitions, twin methods for knocking a city to pieces if opposition continues. It is a methodical process which economizes on infantry and lays waste all in its path.

Eventually, Haganah's eyes may open to the vast difference between the well-trained, well-equipped, well-officered Arab soldier and the Arab "stragglers" who formerly conducted guerrilla operations almost like a civilian mob.

Nearness is likely to distort one's perspective, but to this correspondent, after a fortnight of watching Legion operations, it seems the legion is the most competent fighting force of its size in Palestine.

Egyptians Not Really Tested

On the other hand, the Jewish army still has the quality of an enigma. The Jews have not yet disclosed more of the offensive punch they had when they were pushing the Arab irregulars around in relatively minor skirmishes.

Lack of news from the fronts of Iraqi, Syria and Lebanese forces is perhaps the best gauge of their effectiveness. The Egyptian expeditionary force has not yet been really tested. Some of its artillery supporting the Legion on the southern outskirts of Jerusalem, however, is well handled and may indicate what the Egyptians can do.

Except for scattered Jewish settlements which Egyptians say they have overrun in southern Palestine, and the Legion's mopping up around Jerusalem, it is true, according to the map, that the Jewish state holds more territory than partition recommended for it.

But it would seem that the Jerusalem fighting by itself would be sufficient to discourage the Jews from overoptimism about the future.

Old City Rabbi Defied Military To Seek Peace

Says Jewish 'Extremists' Threatened to Kill Him Over Surrender Efforts

WITH THE TRANS-JORDAN LEGION IN JERUSALEM, May 29 (P).—The Chief Rabbi of the Old City's Jews asserted sadly today that military extremists of his own race had threatened him with death when he tried to negotiate an early surrender.

"From the start of the partition troubles last December I was against turning the Old City into a battlefield," said Dr. Mordecai Weingarten, spiritual and political head of what was the traditional home of Jewry in the Holy City.

Defied Extremists

"Before the British left I wanted to seek an agreement by which our orthodox Jewish community would remain where it was, aloof from hostilities. But I was prevented by the Jewish military from making contact with the Arabs through the British."

The 57-year-old rabbi, fifth generation of his family in the Old City, said he began an attempt last Tuesday to negotiate directly with the Legion for surrender, "but I was told that I and my two children would be shot as traitors."

"Finally," he said, "yesterday morning I defied the military extremists. I told the Haganah command our community of 1,500 would revolt unless I was allowed

to send two rabbis out under a white flag."

Rabbi Weingarten said he held the hope to the last that some way would be found to perpetuate the tradition of Jewish residence within the Old City.

Synagogues Wrecked Or Burned

"Now our homes, our little shops, our 29 synagogues are demolished or burned. There is nothing left. We have nothing left in which to live here."

Rabbi Weingarten said he believed the Haganah command, which was under wireless instructions from a higher command at all times, might have consented to surrender earlier but for the arrival of fresh troops May 17 when Arab irregulars were driven back from the Zion Gate.

"Late they thought the Legion would also be driven back," he

explained.

He said the Haganah, Irgun Zvai Leumi and Stern fighters were under a unified command in the Old City.

"It's hard to see the work of generations destroyed before one's eyes," he said. "My most precious material possession, my library of old religious books, is all burned." The rabbi was interviewed at mid-

day at the Armenian school where 150 wounded and sick Jews, under medical care, are awaiting delivery to the Jewish lines outside Zion Gate or captivity as prisoners of war, depending on the individual records. One was a paralyzed invalid.

"I shall be the last civilian allowed to leave by the Legion, which is only right because of my position," he said. "Yesterday the Legion protected me from angry crowds which tried to spit in my face and pull my beard. The Legion, I must say, has fulfilled all its promises to us."

Baghdad Christians Celebrate Victory

Baghdad, Iraq, May 29 (A. P.).—The Arab Christian churches in Baghdad rang their bells for a long time last night as a sign of jubilation over the capture of the Old City of Jerusalem by the Arabs.

Three newspapers have been suspended indefinitely under martial law. One represented extreme leftist elements.

90% Of Austrian Jews Seek To Go To Israel

Vienna, May 29 (P).—Approximately 90 per cent of the Jewish displaced persons in Austria have registered to go to Palestine immediately, Jewish sources said today.

A number of Viennese Jews, some of whom survived seven years of Nazi rule in Austria, also have indicated a desire to migrate to the new Jewish state.

REPRISAL THREAT STUDIED

Vatican Paper Lays Jerusalem Warning to Irresponsibles

ROME, May 29 (P).—The Vatican newspaper l'Osservatore Romano said today that if reports were true that Israeli reprisals were threatened against holy places in Jerusalem, "it is impossible not to underline their enormity."

L'Osservatore Romano said it chose to believe that threats, if made, came only from irresponsible persons and then "only in the blinding passions of the fight."

U.N. REJECTS USE OF FORCE IN PALESTINE

MAY 29
Council, Instead, Calls For 4-Week Cease-Fire By Jews And Arabs

LAKE SUCCESS, N. Y., May 29 (AP).—The Security Council called tonight for a four-week cease-fire in Palestine to make another United Nations attempt at a peaceful settlement. It was the Council's sixth appeal for an end to the Jewish-Arab conflict.

No final vote was taken on a much-amended British resolution proposing peaceful mediation. Alexandre Parodi, of France, chairman for May, ruled the Security Council had approved it on votes on each paragraph. No one challenged this ruling.

U. S.-RUSSIA MOVE LOSES

Earlier, the Council refused for the second time to accept Russian-American demands for force to stop the fighting. The vote on this strong course was 5 to 0 with six abstentions.

The delegates decided that if the Arabs or Jews do not agree to its cease-fire decision by 6 P.M. June 1, the Security Council will reconsider the whole case with a view for action along the lines asked by Russia and the United States.

The delegates decided that if the Arabs or Jews did not agree to its decision by 7 P. M. (EDT), June 1, the Council would reconsider the whole case with a view for action along the lines asked by Russia and the United States.

SANCTIONS LIMITED

This raised the possibility of action under Chapter VII of the United Nations Charter, which Russia and the United States unsuccessfully demanded.

Chapter VII would permit the U.N. to apply sanctions, break diplomatic or economic relations with any aggressor, interrupt rail, sea, air, postal, telegraphic, radio or other means of communication and, if those are not enough, finally send a U.N. army, naval or air force to maintain or restore peace and security.

BOTH SIDES CAUTIOUS

The Arabs and Jews were extremely cautious in their first reaction to the Council action.

A spokesman for Israel, however, did say that the Council apparently is "choosing non-intervention rather than collective security."

Faris el Khoury of Syria, Arab delegate on the Security Council, told newsmen: "I hope the Arabs will accept and I think it is likely."

EMBARGO APPROVED

The delegates approved a general four-week embargo on arms to Palestine and to the seven Arab countries. Some delegates pointed out this meant that Britain would suspend for the four-weeks—if the decision is accepted finally by Arabs and Jews—the deliveries of military material the British government is now making to Egypt, Iraq and Trans-Jordan.

The United States, which already has an embargo on arms shipments to the Middle East, was expected to abide by the Council decision also. The U. S. took a leading part in getting the Council to stop the shipment of arms to Arab countries during the cease-fire. Britain originally suggested an embargo only on shipments into Palestine.

By its decisions tonight, the Security Council:

1. Called for the governments and authorities concerned to order a cessation of all acts of armed force for a period of four weeks. This was approved, 10 to 0, with Colombia abstaining.

2. Called on all sides not to introduce fighting personnel or men of military age into Palestine, Egypt, Lebanon, Syria, Trans-Jordan, Iraq, Yeman and Saudi Arabia. The vote was 7 to 0, with Russia, the Ukraine, Syria and Colombia abstaining. Russia had attacked that section particularly, but stood aside when the United States amended it to include the seven Arab states, as well as the new state of Israel.

3. Called on all concerned not to train or mobilize men of military age if such men found their way into the Middle East during the four weeks. The vote was the same as the paragraphs were coupled.

No Russian Veto

4. Called for an embargo on importing or exporting war material into or out of Palestine and the seven Arab League countries during the cease-fire. Russia had attacked this also but did not veto it when it was broadened by the United States to include the Arab states as well as Palestine. The vote on the arms embargo was 9 to 0, with Russia and the Ukraine standing aside again.

5. Urged everyone to take every possible precaution for the protection of the holy places and the city of Jerusalem. The vote for this was unanimous.

6. Asked the Jews and Arabs to communicate their acceptance of this resolution to the Security Council not later than 6 P.M. June 1. The vote for this was 8 to 0, with Syria, Russia and the Ukraine abstaining.

7. Decided that if the resolution is rejected by either party or by both or if it is violated and repudiated, the Security Council will reconsider the whole case with a view to acting under Chapter 7, the strongest in the United Nations Charter. The vote here was 7 to 0, with Argentina, Syria, Russia and the Ukraine abstaining.

Adjourn Until Wednesday

Warren R. Austin, United States delegate, threw in an amendment at the end by which the Security Council called on all governments to assist in carrying out the resolution. This was approved, 8 to 0, with Syria, the Ukraine and Russia abstaining.

The delegates, weary after their most intensive grind in weeks, adjourned at 6:53 P.M. until Wednesday afternoon, when they will take up Palestine developments again.

Austin said after the session

that "I hope the resolution will achieve its purpose."

"A good precedent will be set for pacific settlement and many lives will be saved from the scourge of war," he added.

It was reported authoritatively that the delegates took a view of guarded optimism as to the outcome of their work. They would not commit themselves, but it was obvious that they felt their action tonight had a better chance of success than previous decisions.

Andrei A. Gromyko earlier in the day declared Britain's policy on Palestine was sheer hypocrisy, cynical and anti-Israel.

The Soviet Deputy Foreign Minister delivered one of the most severe attacks on British policy he ever had made in the United Nations Security Council. Scattered hand-claps applauded him three times.

Sir Alexander Cadogan, British delegate, replied crisply that Gromyko had descended to "vulgar abuse and general villification." He added the Russian delegate usually resorts to such tactics when he is not quite sure of his ground.

Gromyko called on the Security Council to defeat Cadogan's proposal for peaceful mediation in

Palestine. He insisted the Council must take a stronger course and approved the Russian resolution calling for strong enforcement measures to stop the fighting.

Cadogan, backed by Belgium, said his proposal was intended to establish a four-week breathing space for a final effort to settle the Jewish-Arab conflict by peaceful means.

Gromyko charged the British want to tie the new state of Israel hand and foot by adopting a paper decision. He said the British hope to create circumstances which make it as difficult as possible for the new Jewish state to stand on its feet.

He declared the adoption of the British resolution would correspond to the imperial interests of Britain. He said Britain's resolution completely whitewashed the Arab states and that the British are defending their position with true British stubbornness.

Cadogan spent little time answering Gromyko's attack on British policy. Instead, he asked those nations which support Russia's resolution for stronger measures, including the United States, if they are prepared to send troops to Palestine. (AP)

Gromyko Lashes British Policy On Palestine

Lake Success, May 29 (AP)—Russia blasted Britain's Palestine policy today as hypocritical, cynical and imperialistic.

Andrei A. Gromyko, Soviet Deputy Foreign Minister, told the United Nations Security Council it must reject Britain's resolution for peaceful mediation of the Holy Land issue.

He said there is a clear threat to peace and security in Palestine and that the Council must take a determined course.

Three bursts of hand-clapping broke out as Gromyko attacked Britain's policy and called for strong action.

Cadogan Retorts

He also criticized the stand of Canada and Belgium for indorsing the British resolution.

Gromyko charged Britain wants to tie Israel hand and foot and make it as difficult as possible for the new Jewish state to stand on its feet.

Sir Alexander Cadogan, of Britain, replied that Gromyko had surpassed his own "bad record" of "vilification" and "abuse" and he saw no point in holding up Council business any further.

Cadogan said the British resolution was designed to bring peace in the last breathing spell in which there might be a chance for peace before enforcement action is taken.

Accord Held Vital

Turning to those who call for action, he asked how far would they go, and are they prepared to send troops.

Cadogan declared every effort must be made to seek agreement.

Gromyko said much had been heard in the recent General Assembly on the sacred shrines in Jerusalem. He said that the Council now cannot get any action to stop the fighting in Jerusalem and asked whether the value of the shrines had gone down since the Assembly.

He said the Protestants and Anglicans of the United States and Britain, and the Catholics of Canada and Argentina are shrinking from strong action to save the shrines.

"Appeal To Atheists"

"Perhaps we might appeal to the

atheists of the whole world," Gromyko said.

Scattered hand-clapping greeted this remark. Alexandre Parodi, of France, Council chairman, pounded for order and told the audience it must refrain from any demonstration.

Parodi said he hoped to get a vote by tonight on the proposal for the United Nations to force the belligerents to stop the Palestine fighting. With at least seven affirmative ballots needed in the eleven-member Council, the plan has been supported thus far by only the United States, Russia, the Soviet Ukraine, France and Colombia.

The Russian-introduced proposal would order the Jews and Arabs, including Arab Governments, to halt military operations in the Holy Land within 36 hours. Failure to comply could bring economic sanctions and the use of an international army. (AP)

Text of Cease-Fire Resolution

(From the Herald Tribune Bureau)
LAKE SUCCESS, L. I., May 29.—Following is the text of the Palestine cease-fire resolution adopted tonight by the United Nations Security Council:

The Security Council

Desiring to bring about a cessation of hostilities in Palestine without prejudice to the rights, claims, and position of either Arabs or Jews,

Calls upon all governments and authorities to order a cessation of all acts of armed force for a period of four weeks;

Calls upon all governments and authorities concerned to undertake that they will not introduce fighting personnel into Palestine, Egypt, Iraq, Lebanon, Saudi Arabia, Syria, Trans-Jordan, and Yemen, during the cease-fire and,

Calls upon all governments and authorities concerned, should men of military age be introduced into countries or territories under their control, to undertake not to mobilize or submit them to military training during the cease-fire;

Calls upon both parties and upon all governments to refrain from importing or exporting war material into or to Palestine, Egypt, Iraq, Lebanon, Syria, Saudi Arabia, Trans-Jordan, and Yemen during the cease-fire;

Urges all governments and authorities concerned to take every possible precaution for the protection of and access to the holy places and of the city of Jerusalem, including access to all shrines and sanctuaries for

the purpose of worship by those who have an established right to visit and worship at them;

Instructs the United Nations mediator for Palestine in concert with the truce commission to supervise the observance of the above provisions, and decides that they shall be provided with a sufficient number of military observers;

Instructs the United Nations mediator to make contact with all parties as soon as the cease-fire is enforced with a view to carrying out his functions as

determined by the General Assembly, calls upon all concerned to give the greatest possible assistance to the United Nations mediator;

Instructs the United Nations mediator to make a weekly report to the Security Council during the cease-fire.

Invites the states members of the Arab League and the Jewish and Arab authorities in Palestine to communicate their acceptance of this resolution to the Security Council not later than 6:00 p. m. New York standard time, on June 1, 1948;

Decides that if the present resolution is rejected by either party or by both, or if, having been accepted, it is subsequently repudiated or violated, the situation in Palestine will be reconsidered with a view to action under Chapter VII;

Calls upon all governments to take all possible steps to assist in the implementation of this resolution.

Jews Rap British Arabian Policy

Lake Success, May 29 (AP)—A spokesman for the Provisional Government of Israel had the following comment today on the withdrawal of 21 officers of the Arab Legion from Palestine:

"The British Government's announcement that 21 army officers who were serving with the Trans-Jordan Arab Legion are to leave Palestine and go to Trans-Jordan is a gesture which should not lead the public into believing that the United Kingdom is effectively withdrawing support from Abdullah's drive to rule and ruin Jerusalem.

"The number of British officers and technicians serving the Arab Legion is 225 and, without them, the Legion could not effectively maintain and operate its destructive equipment. The top British officers remain in command.

"It should not be forgotten that once before—on April 17—the representatives of the United Kingdom solemnly assured the Security Council that the Arab Legion would be out of Palestine before the termination of the mandate on May 14. That promise was broken."

Assurance By Abdullah

Lake Success, N.Y., May 29 (AP)—King Abdullah advised the United Nations today that the holy places of Jerusalem are now safe.

A telegram from the Trans-Jordan king was read to the Security Council by Faris el Khoury of Syria. A rustle of derisive laughter was heard. Alexandre Parodi, Council chairman, warned the speculators against manifestations.

Churchman Citation Will Go To Israel

New York, May 29 (AP)—Dr. Israel Goldstein announced today that he would convey to Israel a special citation given the new state by The Churchman, unofficial Episcopal Church publication.

A former president of the Zionist Organization of America, Dr. Goldstein said he deemed it an honor to convey the citation to Israel "as a demonstration of the unity of

Christians and Jews behind the aspirations for a free Jewish state."

The citation is to be read at the annual award dinner of The Churchman by Methodist Bishop G. Bromley Oxnam next Thursday.

Last Thursday, Aubrey S. Eban, Israel's United Nations representative, said his Government would not participate in the dinner "to avoid any involvement of the state of Israel in domestic controversial matters."

Previously Secretary of State Marshall declined to accept The Churchman's annual award, saying the magazine engaged in world political discussion.

BRITAIN MAPS ATOM DEFENSE

Civilian-Military Study Plan Revealed By Montgomery

Camberley, England, May 29 (AP). Plans for a concentrated study of civilian defense against attacks by atom bombs were announced today by Field Marshal Viscount Bernard L. Montgomery, chief of the British Imperial General Staff.

Montgomery said representatives from cities heavily bombed in World War II would be called together next year to help military experts chart a program for use in a "surprise attack." He said the study would be known as "Exercise Britannia" and would mark the first co-ordination of civil defense with military technique in the atomic age.

High Officers Involved

Montgomery outlined the program at a news conference winding up a week of annual training conferences and maneuvers for top-line empire army officers at the War Office Staff College.

The 1949 exercises—fourth of the postwar period—would be devoted exclusively to the "Exercise Britannia" project. He said it will enlist the services of highest-ranking commanders not only in the homeland but in the British Dominions and colonies.

"It is of the greatest importance that we get down to this work next year," he said. "The two things can no longer be kept in watertight

compartments. The old ideas of war are gone. We as soldiers are very much mixed up in the warfare on civilians; and the civilians share our troubles. We must evolve a civil-defense doctrine and technique which will join the civil organization with the military one."

Man Still Chief Weapon

Montgomery would not be drawn into any speculation about the possibility of another war. However, reviewing the postwar role of the new streamlined British Army, he said:

"Generally speaking, I believe another war would be fought with weapons developed before the outbreak of war, and above all I believe that the man is still the first weapon of war. In the end it is the man who has to do his stuff. Even if he only presses a button.

"Thus to win battles—and wars—you must have men who are fit and intelligent and trained. They must be aided by science—but it is the human thing that matters most."

Montgomery said the British Army is being reorganized to meet modern concepts of war.

Now Plan One Army

In the past, Britain has relied on two armies—a small regular army backed by the volunteer Territorial Army, which was mobilized when war broke out, then hastily trained and expanded.

The new plan for streamlining calls for one army, Montgomery said. He described a "regular flow of trained men and disciplined men" as vital for development of the new plan.

He said this could be achieved "only by imposing upon the system of national (compulsory) service with the active army an additional reserve liability with the volunteer Territorial Army. We have done this by requiring our national service men to serve six years in the Territorial Army after the conclusion of their twelve months' active training."

Montgomery said the first "national service men with a reserve liability will start the flow of trained men into the Territorial Army" in January, 1950. (AP)

Streamlined Army Slated By 'Monty'

Cambridge, England, May 29 (AP). Field Marshal Lord Montgomery, chief of the Imperial General Staff, laid down blueprints today for a

streamlined British Army in the atomic age.

Montgomery said the pace and scientific surprises of modern war made the nation's old style military machine useless.

"Now as ever before," he said, "real preparedness is essential. We can no longer have a breathing space at the beginning of another war, in which to build up and train our land forces."

His statement climaxed a special week at this famed War Office Staff College, the annual training conference and exercise for senior army officers, all under Montgomery's eye.

Two-Plan Fails

In the past, Britain relied on two armies—a small regular one backed by the territorial army which was mobilized when war broke out, then hastily trained and expanded.

"The old conception of two armies has not stood up to the test of modern war," Montgomery said. "It became clear that a new conception was necessary."

"It was obvious that we could not produce the answer by tinkering with the old machine. A fundamental redesign was necessary with the object of producing one good national army which must be ready to take the field as early as possible."

Vital in development of the new plan, Montgomery said, is a "regular flow of trained and disciplined men."

Plan Begins In 1950

He said this could be achieved "only by imposing upon the system of national service with the active army and additional reserve liability with the volunteer territorial army. We have done this by requiring our national service men to serve six years in the territorial army after the conclusion of their twelve months' active training."

Montgomery said the key date of the plan is January, 1950, "when the first national service men with a reserve liability will start the flow of trained men into the territorial army."

Montgomery disclosed plans for "Exercise Britannia." This will be a concentrated study of civilian defense programs throughout the country to counter a theoretical attack by atom bombs.

Official representatives from cities heavily bombed in World War II will be called together next year to help military experts chart a program for use if Britain undergoes a surprise attack.

'Urgent' French Note To U.S. Is Reported

Paris, May 29 (AP)—France has sent an urgent note to Washington repeating its demand for guarantees of United States armed support, a reliable informant said today.

The note was sent several days ago by Foreign Minister Georges Bidault to Secretary of State George Marshall.

It warned that France will refuse to go along with diplomatic moves which might worsen her relations with Russia unless given the guarantees of armed support asked for in Bidault's note.

The note, it was learned, tied in with the London talks on Germany and particularly the item on the agenda dealing with security.

France knows, it was said, she will not be regarded warmly by the Russians if she goes along in the setting up of a western Germany. In view of this, she wants formal guarantees she won't be left to fight alone in case of Russian aggression.

Says Ruhr Accord Is Reached.

Paris, May 29 (A. P.).—The French News Agency said last night that complete accord on control of the Ruhr had been reached in the London talks on Germany. The agency gave no details, but said a communique will be issued on the discussions today.

Soviet Hits Reich Cash Reform Plan

Berlin, May 29 (AP)—The Russians demanded today that the Western powers abandon plans for currency reform in western Ger-

many.

The Berlin press carried a statement by Lieut. Gen. M. I. Dratvin, deputy Soviet military governor, denouncing a recent statement by British Foreign Secretary Ernest Bevin that currency reform was necessary and would be carried out regardless of Russian participation.

Dratvin claimed the Western powers and not the Russians had obstructed attempts to adopt a Germany-wide currency reform. He added:

"The institution of a separate currency reform for the Western occupation zones will represent a further and very serious act violating the Potsdam Agreement which will severely damage German economic recovery."

"The Soviet Union holds that uniform currency reform for all Germany is the only right course."

Four-power talks on a mutual German currency reform were broken off early in April with the suspension of the Allied Control Council meeting.

Russian General Refuses To Sit Beside Yank

Berlin, May 29 (AP)—A bitter fifteen-hour meeting of the four-power body for governing Berlin ended today with the Soviet representative announcing he would no longer sit next to his American counterpart.

Maj. Gen. Alexander Kotikov, Soviet commander of Berlin, said he would no longer be seated next to Col. Frank Howley, the American commander, at meetings of the Kommandatura, the four-power governing body. A Soviet deputy will be placed between them, Kotikov added.

The meeting was the longest and perhaps the most acrid in the history of the Kommandatura. It caused American officials to reiterate their belief that the Allied supervisory council for Berlin would soon cease to function.

Russians "Obvious"

"I don't think the Kommandatura

will last long now," said one American official. "There was an obvious increased move by the Russians today to close it down."

Kotikov preceded his announcement on seating with a long statement in which he accused the American and British of "trying to divide Berlin" as the major occupation zones have been split.

Maj. Gen. E. O. Herbert, the British representative, said at one point: "I would like to warn the Soviet commandant that he is not the dictator of Berlin. He is merely one of four commandants."

No Major Decisions

This came during a discussion of Soviet action in setting up new regulations for shipping parcel post from Berlin to western Germany.

No major decisions were reached during the meeting. Another session will be held June 11, but Kotikov refused to schedule meetings a full month ahead as has been the practice.

He said he had authority only to schedule one meeting at a time.

Russ Exile 200,000 Germans, Paper Says

Berlin, May 29 (AP)—More than 200,000 Germans have been forcibly transported to the Soviet Union or its eastern satellite countries from the Soviet zone of Germany since the end of the war, the American Military Government's official newspaper, Die Neue Zeitung, reported today.

Quoting reliable sources, the newspaper said Germans are still being moved but in smaller numbers, so that they do not attract so much attention.

Some hundreds, the newspaper added, are being deported to Russia at "the express wish" of the Communist-sponsored Socialist Unity party in order to get rid of political opponents.

The entire action is under the direction of the Soviet secret police, it said.

U.S. Aides Cleared Of Mistreatment

NUREMBERG, Germany, May 29 (AP).—The U. S. war crimes prosecution at Nuremberg was cleared today of using physical mistreatment to obtain evidence from accused officials of the Krupp munitions firm.

Two Krupp officials, Friedrich von

Buelow and Werner Lehmann, complained in court yesterday that they were under duress in making the written statements used as evidence against them. Today, however, Lehmann's lawyer told the court:

"In the interests of justice and fairness, I would like to state that in none of these records have I found any hints that the gentlemen of the prosecution who were interrogating the witness, Dr. Lehmann, ever used physical coercion against him."

Czech Vote Today

Prague, Czechoslovakia, May 29 (AP)—Czechoslovakia's one-ticket election for Parliament will be held tomorrow. It is stacked beforehand in favor of the Communist party.

All that the balloting will decide is how many people voted, how many ballots were cast for the National Unity ticket and how many people had nerve enough to vote the white (blank) ballot as a protest against the Communist-dominated Government which took control in February.

The hand-picked list of Parliament deputies can't lose. From this list the Communists and officers of the Communist trade unions will get 210 or more of the 300 seats in Parliament.

Picked Leaders As Candidates

The Social Democrats will get another 26 seats but that party will merge with the Communists in a Worker's Unity party before another month.

In the last parliamentary election in 1946 the Communists won 38 per cent of the seats and the Social Democrats 14 per cent.

The other candidates in tomorrow's election are picked leaders of the Catholic Peoples party, the Socialist party, the Slovak Renaissance party and the Slovak Freedom party. All of them are deputies and government officials who have given at least lip service to the Communist regime.

Most of Czechoslovakia's 8,000,000 voters are expected to cast ballots. Men and women 18 years old and older are required to vote if they are able to stand up. Persons who fail to go to the polls are subject to a fine of from 20 crowns (40 cents) to 20,000 crowns (\$400). Persons over 75 may be excused from the penalty.

May Contest Vote Of Anyone

The polls will open from 8 A.M. to 4 P.M. Election officials may contest the vote of anyone they think has betrayed the Republic. The casting of a blank ballot is a betrayal of the Republic, according to the new standards.

[Nine members of the Czechoslovak Embassy in London resigned today in protest against the manner in which the election in their homeland will be conducted, an embassy spokesman said. It was understood that those resigning included the military and air attaché, Gen. Jan Plass, and his deputy.]

Secrecy has been promised in the balloting. But this is the way the voting will be conducted:

Each voter will be given one national ticket, with a single list of candidates printed on both sides, and one blank ballot with a huge X marked on one side. He must vote one ballot, secretly if he wishes, and discard the other.

Constitution Not Signed

The discarded ballot must be placed in an open basket and there is doubt among the voters as to whether the basket will be screened.

Persons who guardedly criticize the Government said it would be a brave man or woman who would throw his printed national ticket in the basket in view of the polling place judges.

Since February 27 when President Eduard Benes swore in Premier Klement Gottwald's Cabinet the Communist-dominated regime has split large land holdings, nationalized 90 per cent of the country's industry and adopted a constitution which proclaims Czechoslovakia a "people's democracy" in the Slav brotherhood.

It was disclosed today that Benes has not signed the constitution. He has until June 8 to put his name on the document which was adopted unanimously by a purged Parliament May 9.

There has been speculation that Benes may not continue in office after the election.

**Czech Charter
Is Not Signed
By Benes**

Prague, Czechoslovakia, May 29 (AP)—President Eduard Benes has not signed Czechoslovakia's new constitution, and there is no indication that he will, it was disclosed today.

The President's failure to approve formally the "people's democracy" constitution adopted by a purged Parliament May 9 led to speculation that he may not continue in office.

Official word on Benes's future intentions could not be obtained. The President and all of his principal aides were unavailable.

Talk Of His Resigning

There was talk in Prague that Benes, who observed his sixty-fourth birthday yesterday, would resign after tomorrow's Communist-dominated single-slate election. This talk was plainly labeled as speculation, however.

The Ministry of Information confirmed that Benes has not yet signed the new constitution, but pointed out he has until June 9 to act.

United States Ambassador Laurence A. Steinhardt says Benes is "relatively well, considering his age and condition."

"Relatively Good Health"

Steinhardt called on Benes yesterday at the President's country house in Sezimovo Usti. The Ambassador carried greetings of the foreign diplomatic corps to Benes on his birthday.

"We had an animated conversation for about an hour," Steinhardt said. "The President seemed in relatively good health and spirits."

Recent reports from London said Benes had suffered two severe strokes and that his recovery was uncertain. This was denied by the Government. The President's elder brother, Jan, said Thursday night that the President was gravely ill. Jan said he had paid his last farewells to Eduard before leaving for the United States.

Friends of Benes said today, however, that Benes had seen little of his brother the past year and the state of the President's health compared to a year ago must have furnished a contrast that impressed Jan unfavorably.

9 Czechs Quit London Embassy In Protest Over Election MAY

London, May 29 (AP)—Nine members of the Czechoslovak Embassy in London resigned today in protest against the manner in which their homeland's parliamentary election will be conducted tomorrow, an Embassy spokesman said.

It was understood that those resigning included the military and air attaché, Gen. Jan Plass, and his deputy.

The Embassy declined to make a formal announcement immediately.

New Staff Due

"The dissatisfied officials indicated verbally it was a protest against election procedure," a spokesman at the Embassy said.

"All those withdrawing will be replaced by a new staff from Czechoslovakia."

The resignations were presented an hour after other Embassy officials asserted that the single-list election tomorrow will be "free and secret."

"Opposition Weak"

They contended opposition parties had full opportunity to present their own lists against the Government coalition ticket which Communists dominate.

"If there is no opposition it must be because the opposition is so weak," said the Embassy officials.

Dr. Eduard Goldsucker, counselor of the Embassy, said that the Prague Government had stated repeatedly opposition parties were free to present their own candidates.

Voters Due Two Ballots

Under present Czechoslovak procedure, candidates may be presented by 1,000 voters signing nomination papers. Prague dispatches said no opposition candidate received that many signatures.

Czechoslovak voters will be given two ballots tomorrow, one bearing the single list of candidates, the other blank. The unused ballot must be discarded in the presence of election officials. This procedure has led to the protest that a secret vote is not possible.

At a meeting yesterday, a group of Czech legislators in exile said they would not recognize tomorrow's election and will continue to regard themselves as the political representatives of free Czechoslovaks. Several Embassy officials have conferred with the resistance leaders.

Polish-Bulgarian Pact**Accord Signed for Defense Against Attack by Germany**

WARSAW, May 29 (AP)—Poland and Bulgaria welded another link today in the eastern European chain of alliances, signing a twenty-year pact of friendship and mutual assistance.

This is Poland's first pact with one of Germany's war-time allies. She previously signed with Soviet Russia, Czechoslovakia and Yugoslavia. The agreement is described as "aimed exclusively against any German aggression" against either Poland or Bulgaria. It calls for immediate military assistance if either country is attacked by Germany or any of her allies.

Death Sentence For Five in Belgrade

Belgrade, Yugoslavia, May 29 (A. P.)—A court in Mostar today sentenced five persons to death on conviction of belonging to the illegal Ustachi organization aimed at overthrowing the existing Government through "organized killing, violence and sabotage." Others were given sentences ranging from five to twenty years in prison for the same offense.

COMMUNIST GAINS IN CHINA REPORTED

PEIPING, May 29 (AP)—Communist gains in Manchuria and central China were acknowledged today by pro-Government reports.

In addition to the previously admitted loss of one of Changchun's two airfields, these press accounts said that Government troops had been forced out of numerous undisclosed positions around the non-functioning Manchurian capital.

Foreign quarters in Peiping speculated on whether the Com-

munists would seriously try to capture Changchun, a bid they have refused to make several times in the past. If they should, the aim would be to complete a rail supply line from their Harbin base southward toward Mukden, most important Manchurian Government center in Manchuria.

From Jehol Province on the west came confirmation by the official Central News Agency that Government regulars had abandoned Pingchuan, important defensive point forty miles east of the provincial capital.

Central News also told of scattered Communist attacks in Shantung province.

The independent newspaper Hsin Min Pao said that four Communist columns in central China had captured Chuehshan, ten miles north of Hankow on the vital north-south Peiping-Hankow Railway. A Government spokesman refused to confirm this but reported "skirmishes" in the vicinity.

Red Offensive At Changchun Seen Opening

Peiping, May 29 (AP)—The battle for Changchun, former Manchurian capital, appeared developing today.

Pro-Government reports said Communist troops had occupied the outskirts of the city and taken an airport 8 miles away.

The Government news agency said National troops had withdrawn from Pingchuan, 40 miles east of Changchun, capital of Jehol province.

Large-scale Communist troop movements on Shantung Peninsula indicated a possible drive there to sever rail communications between Nanking and Tsinan, Shantung capital.

Some 10,000 Red troops reportedly had crossed the Yellow River in Shantung and were threatening river traffic to Hankow. The Reds were in the Yuncheng-Hotse area.

The independent newspaper Hsin Min Pao, said Government troops had lost Chuehshan, 100 miles north of Hankow. Military spokesmen here declined to confirm the report.

Suspect Is Seized In Women's Killing

SAIGON, Indo-China, May 29 (AP)—A police spokesman said today an Indo-Chinese had been arrested in the slaying March 7 of two American women employed by the U. S. Consulate-General.

A Consulate source said he had not received official confirmation of the arrest.

Mrs. Jeanne R. Skewes, 32, of Phoenix, Ariz., and Lydia Ruth James, 30, of Hillsdale, Ind., were killed when a jeep in which they were riding was fired on near Saigon.

The spokesman said that members of the Republican Viet-Minh Party had fired on the jeep thinking the two women were French. When they saw their mistake, the spokesman said, they set fire to the jeep in an attempt to conceal the incident.

Australians Turn Down Price-Control Plan

Sydney, Australia, May 29 (AP)—The Australian people have denied their Federal Government permanent power to control rents and prices.

Herbert V. Evatt, Minister of External Affairs and attorney general in Prime Minister Joseph B. Chifley's Labor Government, conceded defeat of the government-sponsored proposal.

He said the decision of the people was "that permanent power over rents and prices should remain with the states acting separately and not with the commonwealth's Government."

Latest count tonight gave approximately 1,837,500 votes against the proposal to 1,380,500 for it. A majority of both states and votes would be required to make the necessary change in the Australian constitution.

Even in states with labor governments, such as Queensland and New South Wales, a substantial majority voted no.

Philippines to Ask \$87,000,000 Loan

Manila, May 29 (A. P.).—President Quirino today wired instructions to Ambassador Joaquin M. Elizalde at Washington to begin final negotiations for an \$87,000,000 loan for hydro-electric power in the Philippines.

Application will be made to both the Import-Export Bank and the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development.

Huk 'Death-Plot' Terror Plans Bared

Manila, May 29 (A. P.).—A Provincial governor declared today the Communist-tinged Hukbalahaps are organizing "suicide squads" to assassinate high Philippines officials.

The statement was made by Gov. Jose Lingad, of Pampanga province, where the armed peasants are active.

He asserted eleven persons were killed by the Huks in his province during the recent truce.

U.N. Aide on Way to U.S.

BOGOTA, Colombia, May 29 (A. P.).—Roberto Urdaneta Arbelaez, newly appointed chief of the Colombian delegation to the United Nations, left for New York today. He succeeds former President Alfonso Lopez, who resigned recently. Arbelaez formerly was Foreign Minister and Minister of the Interior.

CANADA OPENS TRADE FAIR

32 Countries Exhibit Products at International Event

TORONTO, May 29 (A. P.).—The products of thirty-two nations went on display today as Governor General Viscount Alexander opened the Canadian International Trade Fair.

Lord Alexander hailed the fifteen-day event as a contribution to the restoration of peaceful international trade.

The first of its kind in North America, the fair opened with a colorful show of pageantry. Royal Canadian Air Force jet planes zoomed overhead and red-coated Mounted Police were on hand.

There were 1,000 exhibits in the giant show window in three buildings of the Canadian national exhibition.

37 Soviet Violations Of Agreements Cited

WASHINGTON, May 29 (A. P.).—The Administration's list of 37 Russian violations of agreements with the United States in Germany and seven other former Axis nations was made public today.

The roster was compiled by the State Department when a resolution by 31 Senators asked for details to support a statement by President Truman on March 17 that one nation has "persistently ignored and violated" agreements which "would have furnished a basis for a just peace."

ALL DISCLOSED BEFORE

The Senate Foreign Relations Committee, issuing the Department's report, said that all of the controversies had been disclosed previously from time to time.

It said no further action is necessary upon the resolution requesting the report.

The violations cited concern agreements at the Potsdam, Yalta, Moscow and Crimean conferences and to others arrived at by Allied Control Councils and other bodies. They alleged:

Russian encouragement of "scurrilous propaganda," particularly against the United States, in spite of a Potsdam agreement to prevent German leaders and newspapers from making statements aimed at disrupting Allied unity.

TERRORISM CHARGED

A Russian-instituted system of "suppression, intimidation and terrorism" nullifying genuine freedom of speech in the German press, although such freedoms were guaranteed at Potsdam.

Russian refusal to submit reports on removal of reparations from its German zone, in violation of a May, 1946, agreement.

Russian draining of German resources through such reparations removal in violation of the Potsdam Agreement.

Russian obstruction to all attempts to treat Germany as a single economic unit against the Potsdam Agreement.

It referred to independent Russian action in Hungary, Rumania, Bulgaria and other countries in violation of agreements to act in concert.

37 Russian Pact Violations Listed

Washington, May 29 (A. P.).—The Administration's list of 37 Russian violations of agreements with the United States in Germany and seven other former Axis nations was made public today.

The roster was compiled by the State Department when a resolution by 31 senators asked for details to support a statement by President Truman on March 17 that one nation has "persistently ignored and violated" agreements which "would have furnished a basis for a just peace."

The Senate Foreign Relations Committee, issuing the department's report, said that all of the controversies had been disclosed previously from time to time.

No Further Action

It said no further action is necessary upon the resolution requesting the report.

The violations cited concern agreements at the Potsdam, Yalta, Moscow and Crimean conferences and to others arrived at by Allied Control Councils and other bodies. They alleged:

Russian encouragement of "scurrilous propaganda," particularly against the United States, in spite of a Potsdam agreement to prevent German leaders and newspapers from making statements aimed at disrupting Allied unity.

Press Suppression

A Russian-instituted system of "suppression, intimidation and terrorism" nullifying genuine freedom of speech in the German press, although such freedoms were guaranteed at Potsdam.

Russian refusal to submit reports on removal of reparations from its German zone, in violation of a May, 1946, agreement.

Russian draining of German re-

sources through such reparations removal in violation of the Potsdam agreement.

Russian obstruction to all attempts to treat Germany as a single economic unit against the Potsdam agreement.

It referred to independent Russian action in Hungary, Rumania, Bulgaria and other countries in violation of agreements to act in concert.

(Special to The New York Times)
WASHINGTON, May 29 — Following is the text of a document submitted by the State Department to the Senate Foreign Relations Committee listing alleged violations by the Soviet Union of international agreements:

I. GERMANY Agreements

1. The final delimitation of German-Polish frontier should await the peace settlement (Potsdam Protocol VIII b).

2. Payment of reparations to leave enough resources to enable German people to subsist without external assistance. Reparation claims of U.S.S.R. to be met by removals of capital goods and appropriation of external assets. Economic controls in Germany to be limited to those essential to curb German war potential and insure equitable distribution of essential goods among zones (Potsdam Protocol II b 15, 19; III, 1).

3. Economic directorate of ACA [Allied Control Authority] agreed, May 24, 1946, that each member would submit report on reparations removals from its zone.

4. Germany to be treated as a single economic unit (Potsdam Protocol II b 14).

5. All democratic political parties to be allowed and encouraged throughout Germany (Potsdam Protocol II a 9).

6. Control Council agreed to prevent German political leaders or press from making statements criticizing Allied decisions or aimed at disrupting Allied unity or creating hostile German attitude toward any of occupying powers (Control Council Directive No. 40).

7. The Allied Control Authority has authorized the free exchange of printed matter and films in the different zones and Berlin (Control Council Directive No. 55).

8. Freedom of Speech and Press are guaranteed (Potsdam Protocol II a 10). Germany is to be prepared for eventual reconstruction of political life on democratic basis (Potsdam Protocol II, 1, 3).

9. German external assets in Finland, Eastern Austria, Hungary, Bulgaria and Rumania to be vested in the German Exter-

nal Property Commission (Control Council Law No. 5).

10. Quadripartite legislation has been enacted to provide for tax uniformity and stabilization of wages in all zones (Control Council Laws Nos. 12 and 61; Control Council Directive No. 14).

MAY Violations

1. U. S. S. R. has repeatedly maintained that the Oder-Neisse line constitutes the definitive German-Polish frontier and has approved incorporation of territory east of this line into Poland.

2. U. S. S. R. has taken large amounts of reparations from current production, has absorbed a substantial part of German industry in Soviet zone into Soviet state-owned concerns and has otherwise exploited and drained German resources in a manner not authorized by Potsdam Protocol or other agreements.

3. U. S. S. R. has refused to submit report on any reparations removals from its zone.

4. U. S. S. R. has consistently obstructed all four-power attempts to implement this principle and has carried out a unilateral economic policy in its own zone. In particular it has refused to cooperate in establishing a common export-import program for Germany as a whole and in permitting "equitable distribution of essential commodities between zones so as to produce a balanced economy throughout Germany and reduce the need for imports."

5. Soviet authorities have restricted the freedom of action of non-Communist parties by depriving them of equal facilities with the SED [Socialist Unity party of Germany], interfering in their internal affairs, coercing their leaders, dictating party actions and in general denying them the autonomy essential to democratic political organizations. They have denied the Social Democratic party the right to operate in the Soviet zone as an independent organization.

6. Soviet authorities have permitted and encouraged scurrilous propagandistic campaign by the Soviet zone press and political leaders directed against the Western powers, and particularly the United States.

7. Soviet authorities have repeatedly barred such materials originating in other zones from the Soviet zone or Soviet sector of Berlin.

8. Soviet authorities have instituted a system of suppression, intimidation and terrorism through military, police and party authorities that nullifies any genuine freedom of speech and press. A totalitarian system of police control is being built up which suppresses basic human rights and legal processes and indulges in arbitrary seizures of property, arrests, deportation, forced labor

and other practices which are incompatible with democratic principles.

9. U.S.S.R. has directly appropriated German external assets in these countries without investing and assignment by the German External Property Commission as required by Control Council Law No. 5.

10. Soviet authorities have permitted the Land [state] governments of Brandenburg and Saxony-Anhalt to grant partial tax exemptions to large groups of wage and salary earners in violation of this legislation. This move is intended to stop the exodus of skilled workers to the Western zones, encourage qualified workers to take jobs in Soviet-owned factories and make propaganda for the improving living standards of Soviet-zone workers.

II. AUSTRIA Agreements

1. The Allied Council would insure the removal of all restrictions on movement within Austria of persons, goods or other traffic; economic unity to be promoted (new control agreement of June 28, 1946, Art. 4a).

2. Obligation to open the way for the Austrian people to find economic security (Moscow Declaration). Obligation of Allied Council (i.e. occupying powers) to assist Austrian Government to re-create a sound Austrian Government to re-create a sound national life based on stable economic and financial conditions (new control agreement, Art. 3c).

3. Obligation to assist Austrian Government to re-create a sound national life based on stable economic and financial conditions; to assist Austrian Government to

assume full control of affairs of state in Austrian Government's authority equally in all zones; to promote the economic unity of Austria (new control agreement, Arts. 3c, 3d and 4a).

4. Obligations with respect to stable economic and financial conditions, free movement within Austria as a whole and economic unity (new control agreements, Arts. 3c, 4a).

5. Obligation to assist Austrian Government to re-create a sound and democratic national life based on respect for law and order (new control agreement, Art. 3c).

6. Obligations with respect to law and order, assumption by Austrian Government of full control of affairs of state, full exercise of Austrian Government's authority equally in all zones (new control agreement, Arts. 3c, 3d and 4a).

7. Obligation with respect to full exercise of Austrian Government's authority equally in all

zones (new control agreement, Art. 4a).

Violations

1. Soviet-instituted system of licensing specified categories of goods for shipment from Eastern to other zones (December, 1947) impedes free movement of goods and traffic throughout Austria as a whole.
2. Properties seized by Soviets as oil in 1945, land in February, 1946, industrial plants in April, 1946, and later exceed what might reasonably be construed as legitimate German assets under the Potsdam Protocol. Removals of equipment and materials under guise of "German assets" and "war booty."
3. Withholding of certain food and industrial production from Austrian economy and from application of Austrian law.
4. Soviets designate certain railroad cars as "war booty," prohibit their movement from Soviet to other zones and propose Austrians "repurchase" these cars (April, 1948).
5. Soviet interference with Austrian efforts to maintain law and order through arbitrary arrest or abduction of Austrians (i. e., abduction of transport official from a train in December, 1947).
6. Confiscation in Eastern zone and Soviet sector of Vienna of certain issues of the United States-sponsored Wiener Kurier and other publications; threats to distributors of such publications.
7. Local Soviet military authorities insist that seventeen non-elected Communist mayors remain in office in Soviet zone against authority of provincial and national governments.

III. EASTERN AND SOUTH-EASTERN EUROPE

POLAND

Agreements

"This Polish Provisional Government of National Unity shall be pledged to the holding of free and unfettered elections as soon as possible on the basis of universal suffrage and secret ballot. In these elections all democratic and anti-Nazi parties shall have the right to take part and to put forward candidates." (Crimean Conference, Feb. 12, 1945.)

"The three powers note that the Polish Provisional Government, in accordance with the decisions of the Crimea Conference, has agreed to the holding of free and unfettered elections as soon as possible on the basis of universal suffrage and secret ballot in which all democratic and anti-Nazi parties shall have the right to take part and to put forward candidates * * *." (Potsdam Agreement, Aug. 2, 1945.)

Violations

On several occasions prior to

the elections and following persistent reports of reprehensible methods employed by the Government against the democratic opposition, this Government reminded the Polish Provisional Government of its obligations under the Yalta and Potsdam Agreements and was joined on these occasions by the British Government. On Jan. 5, 1947, the British and Soviet Governments were asked to associate themselves with this Government in approaching the Poles on this subject, and the British Government made similar representations to the Soviet Government reiterating the request that the Soviet Government support the British and American Governments in calling for a strict fulfillment of Poland's obligations. The Soviet Government refused to participate in the proposed approach to the Polish Government. The British and American representations were summarily rejected by the Polish Government as "undue interference" in the internal affairs of Poland.

Of the 444 Deputies elected to the Parliament in the elections of Jan. 19, 1947, the Polish Peasant party (reliably reported to represent a large majority of the population) obtained only twenty-eight places, thus demonstrating the

efficiency with which the Government had prepared the ground. On Jan. 28 the Department of State issued a release to the press stating that reports received from our Embassy in Poland immediately prior to and subsequent to the elections, based upon the observations of American officials, confirmed the fears which this Government had expressed that the election would not be free.

HUNGARY

Agreements

1. Under the armistice agreement, an Allied Control Commission was established under the chairmanship of the U.S.S.R. and with participation of the United States and United Kingdom (armistice agreement, January, 1945, Art. 18 and Annex F).
2. The three heads of the Governments of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, the United States and United Kingdom declared their mutual agreement to concert during the temporary period of instability in liberated Europe the policies of their three Governments in assisting the peoples liberated from the domination of Nazi Germany and the peoples of the former Axis satellite states of Europe to solve by democratic means their pressing political and economic problems (Yalta Agreement, February, 1945).
3. Upon the cessation of hostilities, it was agreed at Potsdam that the United States, United

Kingdom and Union of Soviet Socialist Republics would consult with a view to revising the procedures of the Allied Control Commissions for Rumania, Bulgaria and Hungary to provide for effective participation by the United States and United Kingdom in the work of those bodies (Potsdam Protocol XI, August, 1945).

Violations

1. The U.S.S.R. representative on the ACC for Hungary consistently acted unilaterally in the name of the ACC without consultation with or notice to his United States and United Kingdom colleagues, thus denying them any semblance of effective participation in the work of the ACC.
2. Contrary to the Yalta Agreement, the U.S.S.R., acting through the Hungarian Communist party and its own agencies and armed forces in Hungary, far from concerting its policy toward assisting the Hungarian people to solve their problems by democratic means, unilaterally subverted the will of the Hungarian people to totalitarianism in negation of fundamental freedoms. For example:
 - i. General Sviridov, deputy Soviet chairman of the ACC, without consulting the United States and United Kingdom ACC representatives, dissolved Catholic Youth Organizations, June, 1946.
 - ii. Soviet armed forces arrested Bela Kovacs, Member of Parliament and former secretary general of Smallholders party, February, 1947.
 - iii. General Sviridov precipitated a political crisis, enabling the Communist minority to force

the resignation of Prime Minister Nagy, May-June, 1947.

- iv. The Soviet Government refused repeated United States proposals that it join in tripartite examination of Hungary's economic situation with a view to assisting Hungary to solve its pressing economic problems, 1946.
- v. Discriminatory economic agreements were forced upon Hungary, including the establishment of joint Soviet-Hungarian companies, 1945-47.
- vi. The Soviet ACC contended that only the occupational forces who control the airfields can permit the Hungarian Government to negotiate air agreements. Notwithstanding, the Soviets formed a Hungarian-Soviet civil air transport company. The Soviets also permitted the Hungarian Government to negotiate agreements with certain other countries but not with the United States or Britain.
3. Despite repeated requests, the U.S.S.R. declined to discuss the revision of procedures for the ACC as agreed at Potsdam. In-

stead, the U.S.S.R. continued to act unilaterally in the name of the ACC in matters of substance without consultation with, or notice to, the United States and United Kingdom members. For example:

- i. Instructions were issued by the Soviet high command regarding the size of the Hungarian Army without consulting the British or United States representatives.
- ii. The Soviet deputy chairman of the ACC ordered the Hungarian Government, without the knowledge of the United States, to disband certain Catholic Youth Organizations in June-July, 1946. He also recommended dismissal of certain Government officials.
- iii. In the fall of 1946 permission was given by the Soviet element of the Allied Control Commission, without consulting the Americans or British, for the formation of the Hungarian Freedom party.
- iv. Early in 1947 the Hungarian police were ordered by the Soviet chairman, in the name of the Allied Control Commission, to suppress the publication of [Count] Ciano's diary.
- v. In early 1947 the Soviet chairman stated he had personally given approval to the Hungarian Government to resume diplomatic relations with certain countries in the name of the Allied Control Commission and without prior discussion with the British or Americans.
- vi. In May, 1947, the ACC chairman refused the United States permission to visit Hungarian Army units.
- vii. The Soviets refused to permit free movement of the American element of the Allied Control Commission.
- viii. The Soviets refused to transmit to the American representative data on the arrest by the Soviet Army of Bela Kovacs.

BULGARIA

Agreements

1. By the terms of the armistice agreement an Allied Control Commission, under Soviet direction during the period of hostilities but with the United States and United Kingdom participation, was established (Armistice Agreement, October, 1944, Art. XVIII).
2. Bulgaria was obligated to restore United Nations property, to make reparation for war damage as later determined, to restore all United Nations rights and interests and to make available to Greece and Yugoslavia immediately on reparation account foodstuffs in quantities to be agreed by the United States, United Kingdom and Union of Soviet Socialist Republics (Armistice Agreement, October, 1944, Arts. IX, X, XI and Par. 1 of

Protocol).

3. The three heads of the Governments of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, the United States and United Kingdom declared their mutual agreement to concert during the temporary period of instability in liberated Europe the policies of their three Governments in assisting the peoples liberated from the domination of Nazi Germany and the peoples of the former Axis satellite states of Europe to solve by democratic means their pressing political and economic problems.
4. The United Kingdom, United States and Union of Soviet Socialist Republics stated they had no doubt that representatives of the Allied press would enjoy full freedom to report to the world upon developments in Bulgaria (Potsdam Communiqué X, August, 1945).
5. Upon the termination of hostilities, agreement was reached at Potsdam that consultations should be held with a view to revising the procedures of the Allied Control Commissions for Ru-

mania, Bulgaria and Hungary to provide for effective three-power participation in the commissions (Potsdam Protocol XI, August, 1945).

6. The U.S.S.R. undertook to give friendly advice to the Bulgarian Government regarding the desirability of the inclusion in the Government of two representatives of democratic groups, "who (a) are truly representative of the groups of the parties which are not participating in the Government and (b) are really suitable and will work loyally with the Government." (Moscow Conference, December, 1945.)

Violations

1. The Soviet chairman of the ACC repeatedly took unilateral action in the name of the ACC and without consultation with his United States or United Kingdom colleagues, thus effectively negating the United States and United Kingdom participation in that body.
- The U.S.S.R. has aided and abetted the Bulgarian Government in failing to fulfill these provisions of the armistice to varying degrees. The Soviets have refused to consider with the United States and United Kingdom Bulgaria's obligation to restore and restitute United Nations property and interests and, while deliveries of foodstuffs were made to the Yugoslavs unilaterally, the U.S.S.R. has blocked three-power consideration of amounts to be shipped to Greece. None has been shipped to that country.
3. The Soviet Government has

consistently refused to concert policies with the United States and United Kingdom to assist the people of Bulgaria to solve their political and economic problems democratically. On the contrary, the Soviet Government, through the local Communist party, has unilaterally subverted representative democratic processes in Bulgaria and assisted in denying the Bulgarian people the exercise of fundamental freedoms. For example, in 1945 the Soviets unilaterally interfered in the internal affairs of Bulgaria's largest political party by demanding and obtaining the replacement of Dr. G. M. Dimitrov as secretary general of the Agrarian Union.

4. The Soviet chairman of the ACC consistently thwarted American press coverage of Bulgarian developments by negative or extremely dilatory action on United States Government requests for entry permits for reputable American correspondents. Conversely, representatives of The Daily Worker and other Left-Wing periodicals were permitted to enter Bulgaria without difficulties.

5. The Union of Soviet Socialist Republics refused repeated United States and United Kingdom requests to consult as agreed and continued to operate the ACC unilaterally without effective participation of or even, on occasion, knowledge of the United States and United Kingdom members.

6. The Soviet authorities, despite the Moscow Agreement, aided and abetted a minority Bulgarian Communist regime in thwarting the implementation of that agreement and prevented the broadening of the Bulgarian Government envisaged therein.

RUMANIA

Agreements

1. The three heads of the Governments of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, the United States and United Kingdom declared their mutual agreement to concert during the temporary period of instability in liberated Europe the policies of their three Governments in assisting the peoples liberated from the domination of Nazi Germany and the peoples of the former Axis satellite states of Europe to solve by democratic means their pressing political and economic problems (Yalta Agreement on Liberated Europe, February, 1945).
2. Upon the cessation of hostilities, it was agreed at Potsdam that the Allied Control Commission procedure should be revised to provide for effective United States and United Kingdom participation in the work of those

bodies (Potsdam Protocol XI, revised Allied Control Commission procedure in Rumania, Bulgaria and Hungary).

3. The three Governments stated that they had no doubt that, in view of the changed conditions resulting from the termination of the war in Europe, representatives of the Allied press would enjoy full freedom to report to the world upon developments in Rumania.

Violations

1. Contrary to its agreement at Yalta, the U.S.S.R., acting through the Rumanian Communist party and its own agencies and armed forces in Rumania, systematically and unilaterally sub-

verted the democratic will of the Rumanian people to totalitarianism in negation of their fundamental freedoms. Major examples of such U.S.S.R. actions may be cited as follows:

i. Unilateral intervention by Soviet occupation authorities and by [Soviet Deputy Foreign Minister Andrei Y.] Vishinsky (February-March, 1945) in effecting the overthrow of Premier Radescu's Interim Representative Government and the installation of a Communist-controlled regime. Refusal in this connection to concert either with the United States representatives in Rumania or on a governmental level.

ii. Unilateral support of Premier Groza's retention of office in defiance of the king's demand for his resignation and the United States request for tripartite consultation in response to the king's appeal (August, 1945).

iii. Direct and indirect unilateral interference by the Soviet occupation authorities in the election campaign of 1946, extending to the use of Soviet troops to break up meetings of the opposition and the arbitrary exercise of censorship.

iv. Preclusive exploitation of the Rumanian economy, from 1944 onward, through (a) armistice extractions many times in excess of the requirements of the armistice agreement and in large measure unauthorized by that agreement, (b) through the establishment of Soviet-controlled joint companies covering the principal economic activities of Rumania and (c) through commercial agreements and knowledge of whose terms was repeatedly refused to the other two Yalta powers.

v. Rejection of a proposal by the United States and United Kingdom in December, 1946, for setting up a joint commission to study the economic situation in Rumania.

vi. Unilateral intervention, from March, 1945, onward, in Rumanian commercial negotiations with countries outside the Soviet

orbit.

2. Despite repeated requests, the U.S.S.R. refused to consult with a view to accomplishing the procedural revision agreed to at Potsdam and continued unilaterally to operate the ACC in Rumania without effective participation by the United States and United Kingdom. Examples of such actions may be cited as follows:

i. Issuance of directives to Rumanian authorities by Soviet element of ACC, throughout armistice period, without agreement of United States and United Kingdom representatives, sometimes in the face of United States and United Kingdom protests, often without even notification or discussion. Many of these directives were prejudicial to United States interests.

ii. Obstructive handling, throughout armistice period, of clearances to enter Rumania for official United States personnel and aircraft.

3. In contravention of this agreement, the Soviet chairman of the Control Commission, by the usurpation of authority, delayed and withheld entry permits to Rumania for accredited United States correspondents, ejected several correspondents from that country on fabricated charges and censored United States press dispatches. These obstructive tactics, which continued throughout the armistice period, were particularly in evidence prior to the Rumanian elections of November, 1946.

IV. KOREA

Agreements

1. Re-establishment of movement of persons, motor, rail transport and coastwise shipping between the zones of North and South Korea (Agreement of Joint United States and Union of Soviet Socialist Republics Conference, January-February, 1946).

2. Consultation by the Joint United States and Union of Soviet Socialist Republics Commission with "Korean democratic parties and social organizations" in the preparation of proposals for the formation of a provisional Korean Government (Moscow Agreement, Dec. 27, 1945, III, 2).

3. That the Joint United States and Union of Soviet Socialist Republics Commission would consult with political groups "truly democratic in their aims and methods" who would declare their willingness to "uphold the aims of the Moscow decision," "abide by the decisions of the Joint Commission in . . . the formation of a provisional Korean Government

***" (Joint Commission Communiqué No. 5, April 18, 1946).

4. That a signature of the communiqué No. 5 (later included in Decision No. 12) will be accepted as a declaration of good faith with respect to upholding fully the Moscow Agreement and will make the signatory party or organization eligible for consultation by the Joint Commission; that such signatories who, after signing the communiqué, foment or instigate active opposition to the Joint Commission, the two powers for the Moscow Agreement can be declared ineligible for consultation only by mutual agreement of the two delegations on the Joint Commission (exchange of letters between Secretary Marshall and Foreign Minister Molotov, May 2 through May 12, 1947, citing the Nov. 26, 1946, Dec. 24, 1946, exchange of letters between the Soviet and American commanders).

Violations

1. The Soviet command in North Korea has since 1946 refused to discuss or implement the agreements reached on these matters, resisting efforts toward re-establishing the natural economic unity of the country. Concessions to economic coordination have been made only on a barter basis. No regularized movement of persons or transport has been established beyond that allowing the limited supply by the United States of its outposts that are accessible only by roads through Soviet-occupied territory.

2. The U.S.S.R. delegation on the Joint Commission consistently refused to allow such consultation except under unilateral interpretations of the phrase "democratic parties and social organizations," which interpretation, in each case, would exclude all but pro-Soviet political groups.

3. The U.S.S.R. delegation refused to consult with groups adhering to Communiqué No. 5 if the representatives of the group had ever expressed opposition to the provision for placing Korea under the period of trusteeship envisaged in the Moscow agreement.

4. The U.S.S.R. delegation refused to adhere to the agreement when an attempt was made to schedule the party consultations. The U.S.S.R. delegation unilaterally asserted that, despite the signature of Communiqué No. 5 and despite assurances of cooperation with the commission and a pledge to refrain from fomenting or instigating active opposition, the members of a so-called anti-trusteeship committee could not be consulted by the Joint Commission.

V. MANCHURIA

Agreements

1. "The high contracting parties agree to render each other every possible economic assistance in the post-war period with a view to facilitating and accelerating reconstruction in both countries and to contributing to the cause of world prosperity" (Sino-Soviet treaty and agreements of Aug. 14, 1945, Art. VI).

2. "In accordance with the spirit of the aforementioned treaty, and in order to put into effect its aims and purposes, the Government of the U.S.S.R. agrees to render to China moral support and aid in military supplies and other material resources, such support and aid to be entirely given to the National Government as the central Government of China.

"2. In the course of conversations . . . the Government of the U.S.S.R. regarded the three eastern provinces (i. e., Manchuria) as part of China" (note of V. M. Molotov, Aug. 14, 1945, relating to the treaty of friendship and alliance).

3. "The administration of Dairen shall belong to China" (agreement concerning Dairen of Aug. 14, 1945).

Violations

1. "Industry . . . (in the three eastern provinces, also known as Manchuria) . . . was directly damaged to the extent of \$858,000,000 during Soviet occupancy.

"The greatest part of the damage to the Manchurian industrial complex . . . was primarily due to Soviet removals of equipment." (Department of State Press Release No. 907 of Dec. 13, 1947, citing Pauley Report.)

2. The Chinese Government has failed to receive from the U.S.S.R. since Aug. 14, 1945, the promised military supplies and other material resources. But when Russian troops withdrew from Manchuria, "Chinese Communists in that area appeared with Japanese arms in very substantial quantities. . . . The natural assumption is that they were taken with the acquiescence, at least, of the Russians." (Quotation is from testimony of W. W. Butterworth at hearing before the Committee on Appropriations, United States Senate, Dec. 17, 1947.)

3. Chinese Government troops attempting to enter Manchuria subsequent to the Japanese surrender were denied the right to land at Dairen by the Soviet authorities there and were forced to utilize less advantageous landing points.

Due in large part to Soviet obstructionism, China has up to the present time been unable to establish a Chinese Government administration at Dairen.

17 COUNTRIES' PLANS SOUGHT

U.S. Wants Speedy Filing Of Recovery Programs

Washington, May 29 (P)—The seventeen Marshall-plan countries were asked today to meet an early June deadline in filing their full first-year programs for recovery.

Paul G. Hoffman, head of the Economic Co-Operation Administration, disclosed that he is asking the countries through their Paris organization to "push ahead promptly" their plans for using \$5,300,000,000 in American aid.

So far ECA has assigned gifts and loans totaling \$1,326,000,000 for first-quarter aid to fourteen of the nations, including western Germany. Actual shipments of food fuel, cotton and other goods so far authorized total \$162,747,087, including freight.

Hoffman said one of the major objectives of ECA already has been achieved—the filling of top jobs in the agency with high-caliber men. This, he said, will help in recruiting other leaders from among 40 or 50 names now under consideration.

NIGHT Claims Propaganda Defeat

A second achievement in the agency's eight-week life, Hoffman said, is the quashing of Soviet propaganda attacks on the Marshall plan in western Europe.

"I've heard enough to convince me there is a growing confidence in Europe that we really aim at their recovery. We have defeated the Communist propaganda and its claim that our real objective is to make colonies out of the European countries," the ECA chief said.

Despite the speed-up effort, Hoffman said ECA "won't be functioning like the recovery organization we think it should be" until the October-December quarter. Meantime, the bulk of shipments will be the grain, coal, cotton and other items needed to keep people fed and present factories running.

Will Not Set Prices

ECA will not set maximum prices under which foreign countries must buy, Hoffman said, despite the potential impact of heavy

exports on United States scarcity items.

"We'll check to see whether Europe is buying at the market level here. If it develops that some countries are not doing a smart buying job, we'll certainly talk to them," he said.

Such "talk" can have a profound effect because ECA can back it up with the threat to refuse approval for further purchases. Monday's sudden sag in the cotton market was caused by his request to all governments to suspend "anticipatory" buying of cotton in the expectation that ECA later will furnish the dollars.

8-Nation Network Of Roads Planned

Washington, May 29 (P)—An eight-nation network of motor-truck highways extending from the North Sea to the Mediterranean was outlined tonight by the State Department as a step toward breaking down Europe's economic barriers.

The routes were laid out by the United Nations Economic Commission for Europe. They span eight nations which have agreed to freedom of movement for truck transport.

Extensions reach out to Berlin and Vienna, and to Warsaw, Budapest and other capitals in Soviet-dominated eastern Europe.

The State Department published a map of the network and said it will assist tourist travel as well as freight traffic since special efforts will be made to speed customs formalities at frontier crossing points.

Plans also call for road standards and signs of uniform design in all the countries.

The countries which entered into formal agreements for free movement of international commerce all are taking part in the American-backed European recovery enterprise. They include Belgium, Denmark, France, Italy, Netherlands, Sweden, Switzerland and bizonal Germany.

Marshall Claims 'Cold War' Win

Washington, May 29 (AP)—The Western powers are winning the cold war with Russia but the end is not yet in sight.

That appeared today as the main theme of Secretary of State Marshall's newest report on American foreign policy.

Marshall's views were expressed last night before the General Federation of Women's Clubs at Portland, Ore. It was his first full length address since the Russian "peace offensive" opener almost three weeks ago.

Depends On Firmness

The Secretary dealt at length with that development. But he stressed that peace prospects depend mainly on a continued Western policy of firmness with the Soviet Union—a policy which he said may be threatened from two sides:

1. The strong and impatient desire of people everywhere for a return to "normal conditions" may lead the West into a Soviet false-peace trap baited with propaganda.

2. Americans may engage in some "thoughtless or spasmodic action" which could damage the confidence of other peoples—uneasy enough at best—in the reliability of the United States as a world leader.

"Cynical Propaganda"

Marshall bluntly called the Soviet peace moves "a cynical propaganda campaign to offset a sincere effort on our part to establish a basis for profitable negotiations and agreements leading to a stabilization of the world situation."

But he said he thought American progress toward that end since the first of the year has been "excellent" and "history making."

Two developments bear out Marshall's report of excellent progress: The enactment of the European Recovery Program and the gradual growth of European relationships into what might become a true western European union.

Marshall's speech was characterized particularly by a defense of his handling of the Russian peace campaign.

MARSHALL OFFERS 3-PART FORMULA TO WIN COLD WAR

Urges Firm and Consistent Policy Toward Russia— Warns on Peace Trap.

Portland, Ore., May 29 (A. P.).—Secretary of State Marshall laid before the country today his formula for winning the cold war with Russia.

It calls for a continued firm policy toward Russia; a constant United States foreign policy to convince European countries they can rely upon it, and wariness of "deliberate, cynical propaganda" issued by the Russians to play on the western democracies' hope for some agreement to wipe out the fear of war.

Marshall told the closing session of the General Federation of Women's Clubs' convention last night that the desire for peace could lead to "ill-advised and trustful actions which hazard the future of this country."

"I feel certain," he said, "that the continuation of the firm course we have been following will lead to the solution of the worst of our difficulties and will eventually clear the way to a sound basis for peace."

"I am absolutely certain that only such a firm and determined

course can save the situation for the democracies," he added.

The Secretary asserted that the discussion in this country over how to treat Russia was "a discussion which largely ignores the fact that we are faced with a deliberate, cynical propaganda campaign to offset a sincere effort on our part to establish a basis for profitable negotiations and agreements leading to a stabilization of the world situation."

The clubwomen, ending a week of discussion on the problems of peace, also heard Dr. Ting Fu-tsing, Chinese representative to the United Nations Security Council and Eric Johnston, presi-

dent of the Motion Picture Association of America.

The Chinese U. N. representative told the women the best chance for peace lay in advocates of Communism and free enterprise learning "to acquire respect for the sovereign equality of ideologies."

Johnston urged United States military guaranties to western European countries in case of "aggression from any source. There is ample reason to believe that had America made such a commitment before the two world wars, they might have been stopped before they happened."

BOMBER PLANS TO BE SPEEDED BY AIR FORCE

New Work Fund Will Be Used For Long-Range Strategic Craft

Washington, May 29 (AP)—The Air Force plans to push construction of long-range strategic bombers with its new \$1,998,800,000 work fund.

Air Force officials indicated this today in discussing the money allocated by James Forrestal, Defense Secretary, along with \$653,635,000 for naval aircraft.

The Air Force figure is about \$200,000,000 less than Congress appropriated and the Navy's share is about \$100,000,000 less. However, Forrestal's office pointed out that the White House and the Budget Bureau would review the requirements of the two services in September and again in December and additional allotments may be forthcoming then.

Congress's 70-group Air Force bill allows the administration to hold air spending below the amount appropriated.

It is assumed the Air Force will hold back on orders for utility type planes in order to go ahead with strategic bomber construction. Among the planes the Air

Force wants are B-50's, a type based on the wartime B-29, but with much longer range, greater speed, and bigger bomb load capacity than the Superforts.

The Air Force program, based on the total congressional appropriation, provides for 243 bombers. Some light bombers presumably are included. A total of 909 planes other than bomber or fighter types was suggested and it is mainly in this latter category that the Air Force is expected to cut down.

The emphasis on long-range bombers is to make the Air Force ready to launch immediate retaliatory air strikes in case of attack.

First Phase Of Action

This would represent the first phase of a war-holding and harassing action while strength was being built up for a full-scale campaign against an aggressor's homeland.

There are indications, too, that the Air Force will go ahead with the bulk of its original buying program for jet fighters. The original procurement plan of the Air Force called for 1,575 jet fighters.

The biggest part of the Navy's spending will be for fighters—807 are contemplated under the new spending program. To support these carrier-based planes, the Navy wants 515 new attack planes of the fighter-bomber type.

It also proposes 103 patrol planes, including ultra-long range types to be used in searching out submarines.

FACTS URGED AS 'VOICE' RULE

Head Of House Probe Group Would Drop Entertainment

Washington, May 29 (AP)—All the "music, trash and nonsense" should be cut out of the State Department's Voice of America broadcasts to foreign countries, the chairman of a House investigating committee said today.

"We can give them factual programs and news, but I very much doubt if it is the business of the United States Government to provide entertainment for the world," said Representative Charles McNichols (R., Col.).

Chenoweth asserted that he is "completely disgusted" with a recent series of "Voice" programs.

beamed to South America by the National Broadcasting Company.

Would Drop Entertainment

Many legislators have called them a slander on a half dozen states and historical figures of the American past.

The Colorado legislator, whose House expenditures subcommittee is investigating the case, said he thinks entertainment features should be dropped from the multi-million dollar program conducted by the State Department.

"That should be at least the first step in cleaning up a messy situation," he said.

He said entertainment, including music and so-called humorous sketches of American life and customs, now makes up about one third of the "Voice" program which was designed by the State Department as a counter-barrage against Soviet propaganda.

Chenoweth said his committee will widen its investigation to check on broadcasts beamed to Russia and other countries behind the iron curtain. Committee investigators were reported scrutinizing scripts broadcast to the Soviet bloc.

"Gone Wild In This Case"

"We don't know what might be going out," Chenoweth said. "And apparently neither does the State Department or the NBC. They have no check on the broadcast material, except for the script writer and his immediate supervisor who might be merely an announcer."

"There's no defense at all, no protection. They've just gone wild in this case, and it doesn't look right to me."

Chenoweth said he was particularly aroused because a foreigner, Venezuela-born Rene Borgia, was chosen to write interpretations of American life for presentation to radio listeners in other countries.

Borgia, author of the "Know North America" series which aroused congressional ire, was fired from his job as an NBC script writer last March 10.

Script Writer To Testify

Chenoweth said Borgia, who has protested that he was ordered by NBC officials to write "in a light vein" about this country against his wishes, will be called to testify before the House group next week.

Hearings will be resumed Tuesday when William T. Stone, director of the State Department's office of information and education exchange, and other officials will testify.

The State Department said con-

gressional policy forces it to farm out many of its broadcasts to private companies. But Chenoweth said Congress never intended for the department to relinquish a tight check rein on the quasi-official programs.

Congress Studies 'Voice' To Russ

Washington, May 29 (AP)—Aroused congressmen turned a critical eye today on United States broadcasts to Russia, as Government and private broadcasting officials shouldered blame for controversial programs beamed to South America.

Angered by testimony that the State Department and National Broadcasting Company failed to check on "Voice of America" scripts aired to foreign countries, Chairman Chenoweth (R., Col.) of a House Expenditures subcommittee declared:

"We're going to look into this whole picture. We know what happened in broadcasts to South America, and some of us are hopping mad about the ridicule heaped on the United States."

Several Probes Going On

"We want to find out what the State Department is sending out to other countries, particularly Russia and her satellites."

Chenoweth's committee is conducting one of several investigations touched off by disclosure in the Senate Wednesday that "Voice of America" broadcasts to Latin America had included statements which many lawmakers furiously attacked as "slander" and "sabotage."

The White House, Senate and State Department all have launched inquiries into the programs.

Assistant Secretary of State George V. Allen agreed yesterday that the State Department must take at least part of the blame. "In the future we must have prior supervision over every one of these scripts," he told the committee.

NBC Vice President Charles R. Denny added that "we are not ducking responsibility." But he insisted there was no evidence of deliberate sabotage.

Wallace Berates 'War On Free Speech'

Washington, May 29 (P)—Henry A. Wallace told senators today that "We can't have peace with Russia if we approach Russia with the atom bomb in one hand and the Mundt bill in the other."

Wallace referred to the Mundt-Nixon anti-Communism bill, already passed by the House by an overwhelming vote.

Attacking the measure vigorously, Wallace told the Senate Judiciary Committee it represents "a declaration of war on the rights of free speech and free assembly in the United States."

Reads 3,000 Words

Clad in a double-breasted gray suit, dull red tie and white shirt, Wallace arrived eight minutes late to testify at the hearing. Putting on gold-rimmed spectacles, he took a half hour to read his 3,000-word statement in a nasal monotone.

A large crowd overflowed the room and spilled out into corridors, curious to see and hear the former Vice President who is a third-party candidate for President. Except for applause by some when Wallace entered and brief outbursts of laughter, the audience was orderly. Wallace made only minor changes as he read his text. When he finished, the senators put few questions to him.

He remarked that he is a believer in "old-fashioned Americanism." He emphasized his opposition to the law dealing with communism.

Justice Douglas Quoted

Then Wallace noted that Associate Justice William O. Douglas of the Supreme Court has said there are less than 100,000 Communists in the country.

In answer to questions by Chairman Wiley (R., Wis.), Wallace said the Government now has ample laws to deal with any subversive acts and he hopes it never has laws that aim at ideas or "thought control."

The third-party presidential candidate said that "as the bill is framed, its penalties can be visited upon every organization which espouses the cause of world peace and

progress."

"The Mundt bill would empower the Attorney General to proscribe our party and visit criminal penalties upon its members, in the event that it refused—as it most certainly would—to register with him," he added.

Thomas Hits Party

Shortly before Wallace testified, Socialist Norman Thomas told the committee that the "third party" supporting Wallace for President is controlled to a large extent by Communists.

Thomas, presidential candidate of the Socialists, also is opposed to the Mundt-Nixon bill.

Thomas, after criticizing the measure already approved by the House, was asked by Senator Eastland (D., Miss.):

"Do you think the third party supporting Mr. Wallace is controlled by Communists?"

"Influenced By Reds"

"Yes, it is to a large extent," Thomas replied quickly. Then said he had better explain this.

Thomas said Wallace is not a Communist and the majority of his enthusiastic supporters are not, but the Wallace movement is "influenced by well-trained and very well-disciplined Communists."

Thomas also told senators that the American Communist party movement is under foreign control from Russia.

Thomas Cites Difference

Committee members asked Thomas, who was a surprise witness, to expand on his statement that the American Communist party and movement are controlled by Russia.

Thomas said Earl Browder had been ousted as Communist party boss in the United States and had been supplanted by William Z. Foster after a leading French Communist "had visited Moscow and denounced Browder."

"Is the Communist party in the United States an agent for a foreign power?" Eastland asked.

"Why, certainly," Thomas replied. He said Stalin is both head of the vast Russian empire and the world-wide Communist movement.

Hits At Stassen

Thomas said that under the Mundt bill, the Attorney General would have "too great powers" and might use these against farmers, labor unions, or even other political parties. Then he added that "one of the most vociferous" of the Republican candidates had shown a lack of ability to distinguish between Communists and Socialists.

He said that if this candidate became President and appointed a like-minded Attorney General, the country might face serious results.

Chairman Wiley interrupted to

say there are a large number of Republican candidates.

"I refer to the former governor of Minnesota, Harold Stassen," Thomas replied.

He noted that he has offered to

debate publicly both Stassen and Wallace, with no acceptance as yet.

Thomas told the senators that Congress would be wiser to improve housing and the national well-being than to get excited about the Communist-curb measure.

Wiley asked Thomas to explain differences between the Socialists and Communists.

Thomas said Socialists "abhor and detest the totalitarian state" which the Communists advocate.

"Communism," he added, "is ruthless in suppression of all individual rights. Communism in action is the worst tyranny the world has seen."

Cites England, Norway

"Socialists always have protected and expanded civil rights," Thomas said and cited the example of Norway and England.

A large crowd was on hand as Wallace entered the hearing room eight minutes late. Some applauded loudly.

Rockwell Kent, the artist, was testifying at the time. He broke off in the middle of a sentence and gave the witness chair to Wallace.

Wearing a Wallace button, Kent testified as president of the International Workers Order and president of the Artists League of America.

Liberals Fear Bill

"We liberals are desperately afraid of this bill," he said. "It denies us the right of free association."

Kent said Attorney General Clark has already branded the International Workers Order a subversive organization. He denied that it is. He said the bill would require such organizations to register.

"I am not a Communist," the artist testified. He also said he would not defend anyone who urges the overthrow of the Government by force and violence.

Talk With Duclos Noted

Thomas's statement that a leading French Communist brought about the ouster of Browder as Communist leader in the United States came during questioning of Wallace.

Senator Eastland (D., Miss.) named Jacques Duclos as the French Communist leader and said he had forced Browder's resignation. Eastland asked Wallace if that

doesn't show the Communist party is foreign controlled.

"It sounds like it's French-controlled, if that's true," Wallace said.

30-Minute Conversation

Eastland asked about Wallace's seeing Duclos in France last year.

"It's strange," he commented, "that the Communists in this country set up a howl for a third party immediately after your conversation with Duclos."

Wallace said he talked with Duclos for perhaps 30 minutes or so, that Duclos was one of many French political leaders who came to see him. There was "nothing subversive" in the talk, Wallace testified. He said he doesn't recall Duclos's mentioning a third party in America.

Eastland, on behalf of Senator Magnuson (D., Wash.), who was absent, quoted Wallace on two different occasions concerning communism and fascism.

He quoted Wallace as saying at a press conference last March 7 that "communism and fascism are very different things, with very different aims indeed." He asked if Wallace feels the same today.

Wallace replied, "Yes, and my authority is the War Department."

Then the second Magnuson question quoted Wallace as saying in a speech July 18, 1935, "communism and fascism have very striking similarity."

Aims Held Different

To this, Wallace testified today that he hasn't changed his mind, that he still thinks communism and fascism are both totalitarian but have different aims.

Wiley told Wallace that in his prepared statement he had referred slightly to the Congress's cern with "things you know nothing about."

Senator Langer (R., N.D.) said he agrees fully with Wallace that Congress should be spending its time on legislation against lynching, for social security benefits, fair employment, and other subjects.

Langer also assailed the Mundt bill and said it gives the Attorney General "more power than we have ever given any official in the history of this country."

Can't Follow Language

Eastland asked Wallace repeatedly whether the Mundt bill's restrictions against certain kinds of organizations would apply to Wallace's third party.

Wallace said he doesn't know, that he can't figure out the language of the bill.

In a statement filed with the committee, Leon Henderson, chairman of the Americans for Democratic

Action, opposed the House-approved bill.

Henderson said that if the bill becomes law, "you may expect to hear Radio Moscow on the air 24 hours a day telling the world that democracy has ended in the United States."

Held No Threat

Judge I. Pacht, chairman of the California Prison Board, told the committee:

"I do not believe that communism constitutes any threat to the American people."

He said that while this country still maintains freedom of speech and press, "the sound common sense of the American people will be insurance against the Communist doctrine."

Will Submit Statement

Pacht called the bill unconstitutional. He said there are adequate laws already on the books to deal with the subject.

Wiley told Pacht the committee has been listening to "generalities, lectures and political speeches" but what it needs is "reason and judgment and facts and law." He asked Pacht to submit a statement giving specific points and suggestions, and Pacht said he would do so.

Robert J. Kenny, former California attorney general, said he would postpone his testimony today and help Pacht.

Wiley said a flood of telegrams mostly are of no help because they merely say "kill the bill" and offer no suggestions.

"If we are going to listen to that kind of bunk," Wiley added, "we might just as well stop legislating and count telegrams."

Says He's A Democrat

Other witnesses opposing the bill were Julien Cornell, of New York, attorney for the Friends Committee on National Legislation, and William Haber, of Cleveland, who said he appeared for the Ohio Civil Rights Congress and other groups.

"Are you a Communist?" asked Senator Moore (R., Okla.).

"I'm a registered Democrat," Haber replied.

Only witness supporting the bill today was John R. O'Brien, of Passaic, N.J., appearing for the Marine Corps League, Inc. O'Brien said there is danger of mob violence from both Communist and Fascist elements in this country.

"Subversive Legislation"

In his prepared statement, Wallace insisted that the measure extends far beyond its aim to shackle the Communist party.

Terming it "the most subversive legislation ever to be seriously

sponsored in the United States Congress," he declared:

"Here is a bill which purports to guard against dictatorship. Yet it makes the Attorney General . . . a dictator over every organization in the land. He is given virtually unlimited power to brand and outlaw the association of our people for the peaceful advocacy of common objectives."

Compared With Nazi Laws

The only precedent for such authority, said Wallace, is "the power given to the Nazi Minister of the Interior by the first laws passed after Hitler's accession to power."

He referred to Hitler's campaign against the Communists as a "lesson that the suppression of the constitutional rights of Communists is but the prelude to an assault upon the liberties of all the people."

"In Germany, communism was the ostensible target, but the real victims were the citizens of every state in Europe and our own."

U.S. Termed Victim

Turning to America's relations with the Soviet Union, Wallace said:

"We must not suffer ourselves to be deluded about a false and groundless clamor about Russian influence and a Russian party in this country." He said the Mundt-Nixon measure is justified by its supporters "in the name of a cold war against Russia."

"The first victims of the cold war are the American people themselves," he commented.

Wallace quoted the bill drafted by Representatives Mundt (R., S.D.) and Nixon (R., Cal.) as declaring the Communist movement presents a "clear and present danger to the security of the United States."

Socialist Says Communists in U. S. Are Foreign Agents of Moscow.

WALLACE READS 3000 WORDS

Calls Measure Declaration of War on Rights of Free Speech and Assembly.

Washington, D. C., May 29.—Norman Thomas, Socialist candidate for President, asserted here

Testimony by Foster in Hearing on Mundt Bill

today that the third party supporting Henry A. Wallace's candidacy for the highest position in the nation is controlled to a large extent by Communists.

Thomas was a surprise witness at the hearing before the Senate Judiciary Committee on the Mundt-Nixon anti-Communism bill. He took the stand before Wallace, who arrived at the crowded hearing room eight minutes late.

The Socialist candidate told the committee that the American Communist party and movement are under foreign control from Russia. Asked to expand that statement, he said Earl Browder was ousted as Communist party boss in the United States and supplanted by William Z. Foster after a leading French Communist "had visited Moscow and denounced Browder."

Agent for Foreign Power.

Thomas was then asked, according to the Associated Press, whether the Communist party in the United States was an agent for a foreign power.

"Why, certainly," he replied, saying that Stalin was head of both the vast Russian Empire and the worldwide Communist movement. Thomas said he wanted to explain that Wallace was not a Communist and the majority of his enthusiastic supporters were not, but the Wallace movement is "influenced by well-trained and very well-disciplined Communists."

The Socialist candidate testified in opposition to the Mundt bill and told the Senators that Congress would be wiser to improve housing and the national well-being than to get excited about the Communist curb measure.

Asked to explain the difference between Socialism and Communism, Thomas said Socialists "abhor and detest the totalitarian State which the Communists advocate." He added, "Communism is ruthless in suppression of all individual rights. Communism in action is the worst tyranny the world has seen."

Wallace Reads Statement.

Wallace took a half hour to read his 3,000-word statement, in an almost nasal monotone. He told the committee, "We can't have peace with Russia if we

approach Russia with the atom bomb in one hand and the Mundt bill in the other." He attacked the measure, already passed by the House by an overwhelming vote, as "a declaration of war on the rights of free speech and free assembly in the United States."

The former Vice-President was asked repeatedly whether the bill's restrictions against certain kinds of organizations would apply to his third party. He replied that he didn't know, that he was unable to figure out the language of the bill.

Rockwell Kent, the artist, was testifying against the bill when Wallace entered the room and Kent broke off in the middle of a sentence to give Wallace the witness chair.

Wallace insisted that the bill extends far beyond its aim to shackle the Communist party.

Terming it "the most subversive legislation ever to be seriously sponsored in the United States Congress," he declared: "Here is a bill which purports to guard against dictatorship. Yet it makes the Attorney General a dictator over every organization in the land. He is given virtually unlimited power to brand and outlaw the association of our people of the peaceful advocacy of common objectives."

The only precedent for such authority, said Wallace, is "the power given to the Nazi Minister of the Interior by the first laws passed after Hitler's accession to power."

Turning to America's relations with the Soviet Union, Wallace said:

"We must not suffer ourselves to be deluded about a false and groundless clamor about Russian influence and a Russian party in this country." He said the Mundt-Nixon measure is justified by its supporters "in the name of a cold war against Russia," and commented: "The first victims of the cold war are the American people themselves."

Leon Henderson, chairman of Americans for Democratic Action, filed a statement with the committee in which he opposed the bill. He declared that if the bill becomes law "you may expect to hear Radio Moscow on the air twenty-four hours a day telling the world that democracy has ended in the United States."

(Special to The New York Times)
WASHINGTON, May 29—Following are verbatim extracts from the transcript of testimony given by William Z. Foster, chairman of the Communist party of the United States, at a Senate judiciary subcommittee hearing Friday on the Mundt-Nixon Communist-control bill:

Q. (By Senator Homer Ferguson, Republican, of Michigan)—Suppose that an American came into an armed conflict with Russia, where would the Communist party's stand be, your Communist party? A.—I will be frankly glad to answer that for you.

Q.—Where would you stand? A.—The Soviet Union is a Socialist Union.

Q.—That is right. A.—A non-imperialist country.

Q.—I do not agree to that. A.—We will discuss that, too. Maybe you will have to withdraw some of your objections.

Q.—Tell me where your stand would be? A.—Give me a chance and I will be glad to explain it to your satisfaction.

Calls Russia Non-Imperialist

Q.—I will be very patient if I get that answer. A.—The Soviet Union is a Socialist country, and a non-imperialist country. It is dedicated to the proposition of peace and its whole record has been a record of fighting for peace. If attention had been paid to what the Soviet Union said before World War II, there would not have been any World War II, and Mr. Churchill just said so in his memoirs.

Q.—Do you know what Ribbentrop and Molotov did about dividing the world before the World War? A.—Please let me explain. You asked me to explain a question, and I will do it completely.

Q.—I don't see how that part of the answer has anything to do with the question, but go ahead. A.—I am describing to you the policy of the Soviet Government is a peace policy. The fact of the matter is an exchange between the Soviet Government of letters indicates that the Soviet is not only that but hundreds of people all over the world.

Q. (By Senator Alexander Wiley, Republican, of Wisconsin, chairman of the subcommittee)—You will not take all week answering that question. A.—Any war therefore, the Soviet Union being committed fundamentally to the prop-

osition peace, any war that may be developed between the United States and the Soviet Union can only be an imperialist war at the instigation of Wall Street, and we Communists are against all imperialists' wars.

Q. (By Senator Ferguson)—Therefore— A.—Just a minute, please. Whether that war be directed against Russia, Great Britain, France, Italy or wherever it is, we are against imperialist war of all kinds.

Demands Proof of Murder

Q.—(By Senator Ferguson)—Then you would be with Russia? A.—What we would do in the event of such a war is we would fight to terminate that war at the earliest possible moment with a democratic [peace].

Q.—On whose side, on the Russians side? A.—A peace that would conserve the interests—

Q.—Whose side would you fight on? A.—Listen, you can't make me say things—

Q.—I am not trying to. I am trying to get an answer. A.—I am telling you what we would do in the event of a war and what our position is. We are against all imperialists' wars, whether it is against Russia or anybody else.

Q.—But you are in favor of Soviet wars? A.—We are not in favor—Soviets don't make wars. No Socialist country makes wars.

Q.—All this penetration, all this murder and all that goes on to penetrate is not war, in your opinion? A.—That is just red-baiting. First of all, there is no murder and war. Where is there murder? Please tell me.

Q.—But you would be on the side of the Communists in the

case of this war? A.—In case of this war we would be on the side of immediate democratic peace. We would not support any imperialist war. We have never done so.

Q.—You would be against America? A.—Then America would be against the democratic peace. Is that you are telling me? Not only would the Communists be for a democratic peace, but so would the American people, all except a handful of monopolists here who are trying to run the world.

Holds Russian Attack Impossible

Q. (By Senator Wiley)—What if Russia attacked America, where would you be? A.—Russia would never attack America. You are asking me an impossi-

bility.

Q. (By Senator Ferguson)—How is that impossible? How do you know it is impossible? A.—Because a Socialist government is not an aggressive government.

Q. (By Senator Wiley)—What did she do to Poland?

Q. (By Senator Ferguson)—What did they do to Yugoslavia and Czechoslovakia? A.—I just recited to you what they did.

Q. (By Senator Wiley)—They did not plan a march into Poland when Hitler went in one side, they did not go in the other side and take half of it, no? A.—They marched in there, that is right. This was just Russian land that the Polish Government had—

Q.—Let us assume a hypothesis here. What if Russian should attack America, where would you stand? A.—You are not going to assume anything of the kind, with me. Such an attack cannot take place. You might as well try to say if Washington went up in the air at a higher level, what would I do in the cellar, or something. I can't conceive of such a proposition.

Asks: "What Penetration?"

Q. (By Senator Ferguson)—Then what is the purpose of this infiltration, this penetration in America of the Communist party? A.—What penetration?

Q.—You think there is not any? A.—I want to say this: We have a Communist party in the United States, and I have been a member of this party and its antecedents for forty-eight years, forty-eight year; eighteen years before the Soviet Government was born. Socialism springs native to all countries.

Q.—You said that Russia never had — A.—It is not a conspiracy.

There are 500 million people in the world today following native Communist leadership, and to try to reduce that to the status of a conspiracy is ridiculous. Nobody would undertake that except some red-baiter in America who has so little faith in the system that he is blowing so much about and such a great inferiority complex toward communism that he will find any kind of wild explanation to explain away realities. Q.—What do you say about the war against Russia, the last attack of Russia on Finland? Was that an aggressive war? A.—Listen, Finland showed where it stood in the war. Finland was the tool of reactionaries of every stripe. It showed where it stood when it joined up with Hitler, in

the war.

Q.—I see what you mean, then, that if the country that is attacked by Russia is not Communist — A.—There is no such country.

Q.—Then there is no aggression by Russia? A.—There is no such country. I will tell you what the matter is with the world. What is the matter with the world is that this is the big lie of the present situation. The United States is out to dominate the world, and it is carrying on the most aggressive campaign of imperialistic expansion in the entire history of the world.

Q. (By Senator Forrest C. Donnell, Republican, of Missouri)—I want to ask you about your first interest being in the United States. Were you asked in 1939 what you would do in the event Russia should declare war on this country, and if so would you support the United States in that war? A.—I stated many times what we would do.

Q.—What would you do? A.—We would fight to bring that war to a democratic termination at the earliest possible moment.

Q.—Would you serve under the flag and in the Army and Navy of this country if such a war were declared by Russia against this country? A.—We are given no alternative to that. We would be drafted and that is all there is to it. My answer to the question is just exactly what I said. We are opposed to such a war. We think that all those who are advocating war, and the Committee on Un-American Activities is one of the principal warmonger agencies in the United States. They are attempting to get the United States into war with the Soviet Union, a war which will destroy

the United States, which will destroy the United States and most of the world with it. We are against such a war, and go down the line fighting it. If they precipitate such a war, we would use our level best interest to bring it to the earliest possible democratic conclusion that then be just to America, just to the Soviet Union.

"Not Going to Fight at All"

Q. (By Senator Ferguson)—Would you fight on America's side? A.—That is ridiculous. We are not going to fight at all. We are going to fight to bring it to an end.

Q.—You will not fight at all? A.—Only to bring the war to an end.

Q.—You said you would serve

because you had to? A.—I say as far as—would you take—no.

Q.—Would your heart be on America's side if you had to serve just to keep out of jail?

Q. (By Senator Donnell)—In other words, would you willingly serve or unwillingly serve in the Army and Navy of this country under such circumstances? A.—I have stated that we are not going to fight against the Soviet Union. We are not going to fight any imperialist war.

Q.—You are not going to fight against the Soviet Union? A.—Nor Great Britain, nor France nor New Zealand nor any other country.

Q.—So in the event the Soviet Government should declare a war on this country, you would not fight against the Soviet Union, is that correct? A.—I didn't say that.

Q.—I understood you to say that. A.—I didn't say that.

Q.—You say you would have to, that you would have no alternative? A.—I said there is no such possibility of the Soviet Union declaring war upon us. The war danger in the United States comes from here, not from the Soviet Union.

Q. (By Senator Wiley)—In that connection, would you recommend revolution in the armed services of this country under those circumstances? A.—I stated what our policy would be.

Q. (By Senator Ferguson)—That is a question. Answer the chairman. That is a direct question.

Q. (By Senator Chapman Revercomb, Republican, of West Virginia)—Why not answer it? A.—The answer is no.

Q.—Would you go the end of disobeying orders or having your members disobey military orders while you were in the forces? A.—That I can't answer. Just what we would do precisely. I am stating our general policy.

New Tariff Bill Veto Is Hinted On Year Limit

Democratic Party
Chief Declares GOP

Act Unsatisfactory

WASHINGTON, May 29 (AP).—Senate Republican leaders were reported near agreement today on a one-year extension of the reciprocal trade program with no Congressional veto strings attached. But Senator Harold McGrath (D., R. I.) served notice Democrats would fight it.

McGrath told a reporter that any one-year extension would be unsatisfactory to him. As Democratic National Chairman, the Rhode Island Senator presumably speaks for the Administration. President Truman wants a three-year extension of the program "as is."

MAY VETO BILL

McGrath's comments left the inference that President Truman may veto a one-year extension bill, even if the Senate Republican leaders cut out the Congressional veto provision that was written into it by the House.

Under the expiring trade agreements law, the President and State Department can slash tariffs on foreign goods in exchange for similar concessions from other nations. Such pacts are not subject to Congressional approval.

The House, in passing a one-year extension bill, wrote in a provision permitting the Tariff Commission to set limits on trade concessions. If the President exceeded these limits, then the Senate or House could kill the compromise.

WOULD WELCOME ACTION

McGrath said he would welcome action by the Senate Finance Committee to drop that "veto" section out of the bill.

"But a one-year extension is of no value," he declared. "Businessmen can't enter into contracts when they don't know what is going to happen a year from now. And it would affect the European Recovery Program adversely at a critical time in world affairs."

McGrath didn't put it into words but some Democrats evidently felt that President Truman's political position might be stronger if he vetoed a one-year extension bill and blamed the Republicans for killing the program.

They said that if Mr. Truman won in November he could suggest—and probably receive from Congress—a

revival of the program in practically its present form. These Democrats have contended that if the Republicans win, the program probably won't be extended beyond next year anyhow.

Unless there is an overnight shift in sentiment, the Finance Committee will offer the Senate only a one-year bill. Chairman Eugene D. Millikin (R., Colo.) said the group would get to work on the matter next week. He predicted a speedy agreement on the measure.

WON'T GIVE DETAILS

Millikin wouldn't go into details, but he is expected to line up with Senator Robert A. Taft (R., O.). Taft says he is against retaining the congressional veto, but doesn't want the President to have too much authority to put into effect agreements that might damage American industry.

Senator Arthur H. Vandenberg (R., Mich.) has said it isn't of much moment how long the program is extended. He has proposed that the President be permitted to make effective some agreements that fall outside the proposed Tariff Commission limits if he finds the national interest is involved.

But there are signs the Michigan Senator may yield on that point if he can reach an agreement with Taft and Millikin.

URGES RETURN OF MACARTHUR

Senator O'Daniel Calls General 'World's Key Witness'

Washington, May 29 (AP)—Senator O'Daniel (D., Texas) said today that Gen. Douglas MacArthur should be required to return from Japan and testify before Congress.

O'Daniel expressed his views in a letter to Gen. Jonathan M. Wainwright, who has been urging MacArthur's return. He sent a copy of the letter to Senator Bridges (R., N.H.), chairman of the Senate Appropriations Committee.

The committee voted 17 to 2 Thursday to request MacArthur to return and testify on Far Eastern matters. But MacArthur said that he did not want to return at this time because it would be condemned by many as a political

move. He has announced he would accept the Republican presidential nomination if it is offered him.

NIGHT

O'Daniel told Wainwright, who served under MacArthur on Bataan and Corregidor, that:

"The crisis confronting our nation at this time is so serious that politics should not be permitted to prevent Congress from obtaining important information from the

world's most outstanding key witness."

The letter, made public by O'Daniel, was in response to two notes from Wainwright. The retired General said MacArthur should be required by Congress to give his views and recommendations on world affairs and preparedness.

Was Willing To Run, Too

Last December O'Daniel issued a statement to the press in which he noted that Judge George W. Armstrong, of Fort Worth, Texas, had advocated a national MacArthur-O'Daniel ticket.

O'Daniel said that if the "rank and file" of Americans demonstrated they wanted him to run on a ticket with MacArthur and it was agreeable to the General "I will give the matter serious consideration."

The Texas Senator announced May 20 that he would not seek reelection to the Senate. But he

emphasized that his decision should not be construed as meaning that he was eliminating himself from politics or "from seeking public office at some future time."

Greeks Push Inquiry Into Polk Murder

Washington, May 29 (A. P.).—The investigation of the killing of the American correspondent, George Polk, continues to be vigorously prosecuted, the Greek Government said in a note released by the State Department today. The note, reviewing developments, also told of the Greek Government's offer of a reward.

Polk's bound body was found recently in Salonika harbor.

U. S. Rushes Books Into Print in Japan

Seeks to Offset Soviet and German Red Works

WASHINGTON, May 29 (AP).—Spurred by the existence in Japan of many Russian and German books on Communism, the Army is speeding an effort to get American publications into circulation there.

Brigadier General Edgar Erskine Hume, of the Army's civil-affairs division, announced today that 100 books by American and British authors are being offered to Japanese publishers for competitive bidding. Others are to be translated and published in Japan later.

General Hume said most of the Russian and German books on Communism came into Japan in 1946 before controls were established on admission of foreign publications. No copyrighted book of Russian origin "favorable to Communism" has been authorized in Japan since December, 1946, he said.

General Hume said the "disparity" in the number of Russian and German books, compared with American titles, has been offset to some extent by American press dispatches, radio programs, motion pictures and exhibits.

The 100 books in the first group include Joseph C. Grew's "Ten Years in Japan," Arnold J. Toynbee's "Adventures in Democracy," "The Chrysanthemum and the Sword," by Ruth Benedict; "Christian Ethics and the Modern Problem," by Dean Inge, and "The Republic," by Charles A. Beard.

Colleges Will Aid Atomic Research

Washington, May 29 (AP)—Thirty colleges and other institutions will co-operate with the Government in new atomic study projects.

This was announced tonight by the Atomic Energy Commission and the Navy, cosponsors of the program.

The commission has allocated \$1,300,000 for the year-long studies.

To Seek New Data

The purpose of the projects is to

find new ways in which atomic information may be useful in medicine, and develop more knowledge about the effects of atomic radiation on living things.

Subjects will range from how tape worms live and get their nourishment to the use of atomic materials in cancer treatments.

Atomic-energy officials said the new projects are part of a program to obtain widespread co-operation of many institutions in atomic research.

The participating colleges are scattered throughout the United States.

Colleges Listed

The list includes:
California Institute of Technology, Pasadena; University of California, Berkeley; University of Chicago; Howard University, Washington, D.C.; University of Illinois, Champaign; University of Kansas, Lawrence; University of Missouri, Columbia; Ohio State University, Columbus; Rice Institute, Houston, Texas; Washington University, St. Louis, Mo.; Western Reserve University, Cleveland, Ohio.

Power Lobby Accused In Atomic Terms Delay

Washington, May 29 (AP)—Representative Price (D., Ill.) said today he sees "the fine hands of the power lobby lurking in the shadows" of the fight over terms of office on the Atomic Energy Commission.

"They just do not like Mr. Lilienthal (David E. Lilienthal), commission chairman," he added in a statement in the Congressional Record.

SPECIAL MEMORIAL DAY SERVICES SET

Nation To Honor War Dead
With Prayers For Peace

Washington, May 29 (AP)—The United States will pay tribute to its honored war dead tomorrow with special Memorial Day prayers for peace.

President Truman sounded the theme of the observance with a proclamation calling on all of the people to unite in an hour of prayer at 8 o'clock (E.S.T.) tomorrow night.

Mr. Truman himself will center

the nation's remembrance of its fallen war heroes when he goes to Arlington National Cemetery to lay a wreath on the tomb of the unknown soldier at 10.50 A.M. (E.S.T.) Sunday.

President To Speak On Radio

After the ceremony the President will speak to the nation. All radio networks will carry his address.

Returning from a week end cruise to the Naval Academy at Annapolis, Mr. Truman will arrive in Washington on the presidential yacht Williamsburg shortly before he goes to Arlington. His address will be made in the amphitheater there.

With the holiday falling on Sunday, special Memorial Day services will be conducted in churches throughout the country.

Holiday travel is expected to approach a postwar peak with rail, air and bus lines reporting extremely heavy movement of passengers today to start the observance that will continue through Monday.

Traffic To Set Record

Resorts and amusement centers were ready to handle record throngs. Highways were jammed and motorists were warned traffic would be heavier than for any previous Memorial Day.

As an example of heavy travel, officials at Union Station in Washington reported 50 extra sections necessary to handle the holiday movement of passengers. Similar conditions existed throughout the country.

Monday will be the legal holiday this year with Federal and State offices, banks, schools, stock exchanges, markets, commercial establishments and most business operations suspended.

Congress In Recess

Congressional activity will be at a virtual standstill with both the Senate and the House in recess until Tuesday. Many Congress members will fill speaking engagements over the country tomorrow and Monday.

Sports attractions will draw millions over the two-day holiday with the annual 500-mile Indianapolis speedway automobile race Monday highlighting activity.

Services will be held tomorrow and Monday atop Mount Surabachi on Iwo Jima, at national cemeteries in the United States and in countries overseas where soldiers of World War II gave their lives.

Outside the United States, in temporary military cemeteries, each grave of a soldier, sailor, Marine or Coast Guardsman will be decorated with an American flag. Flags also will be placed on

the graves of veterans buried in national cemeteries in this country.

Services Slated In Europe

In Europe, memorial services open to the public will be held at Foy, Belgium; Margraten, Holland, and Solers, France.

French and American officials

will join the American Veterans Committee in a Memorial Day ceremony in Arlington National Cemetery honoring the memory of an American hero selected by the French people as symbolizing the American troops who liberated France.

The American at whose grave the ceremony will be held is Staff Sergeant Lawrence R. Kelly, of Altoona, Pa., first American to enter Saint-Cloud, France, during the liberation.

Forrestal Makes Statement

James V. Forrestal, Secretary of Defense, said in a Memorial Day statement:

"Our roll of the dead, and our ceremonies of tribute to them, are unhappy reminders that America's abhorrence of war has not kept us from conflict, or from paying its price.

"If, on Memorial Day, we can remember not only our dead but why they died, and devote ourselves to planning as well as hoping to use our power to prevent wars rather than to fight them, that will be a tribute worthy of the heroes we honor."

Canadians To Join Observance

Canadians will join with United States residents in an observance at the Blaine (Wash.) Peace Arch tomorrow afternoon. It will be the first time Canadians have joined at the Washington State border in observing the American holiday.

The Canadians will be represented by a 30-piece Highland pipe band, in Scottish attire, in the "hands-across-the-border" gesture.

Great Britain Policy

Under Celler's Fire

New York, May 29 (AP)—Representative Emanuel Celler (D., N.Y.) today said he would move to strike all funds for Great Britain from the appropriations for the European recovery program when the bill comes before the House.

Celler said in a statement that Britain "stands condemned as a culprit before the world of public opinion. With the Arabs she wages a squalid war against the Jews while cloaking her actions with pious words."

Do Babies Say 'Da' In Russia?—Nyet!

Soviets Differ Even in the Cradle From Americans

LAKE SUCCESS, L. I., May 29 (AP).—This conversation took place today between the Soviet Union's Yakov A. Malik, who will succeed Andrei A. Gromyko as Russian delegate to the United Nations, and a New York Herald Tribune reporter, Peter Kihss:

Malik: "You really should learn Russian."

Kihss: "I know two words—'da' (yes) and 'nyet' (no)."

Malik: "Yes, but all the newspapers here say we only say 'nyet.'"

Kihss: "Well, in the United States the first word we teach our babies is 'da.' Maybe there's a difference between your country and mine."

Malik (grinning): "The first word we teach them is 'nyet.'"

SEES U. S. HANDICAP IN FIGHTING REDS

Rochester, N. Y., May 29 (A. P.).—America is today fighting Communism at home but is handicapped by materialism, State Deputy William E. Burke of Utica declared in his annual report to the fifty-third annual State convention of the Knights of Columbus.

Communism has engulfed Catholic Europe, he said, and continuing aggressive infiltration may well reach the shores of the United States.

"In our own country," he continued, "native Americans, either hungry for power or despairing of a Christian solution to world problems, would capitalize on the poor with lying promises. They would degrade Americans to a slave status. . . . America now fights back, but is badly handicapped by the indifference, secularism and materialism that have changed a God-fearing people to a godless people."

Burke read his report yesterday.

day. The Catholic Action Committee recommended co-operation with the National Resettlement Council in helping Europe's displaced people, and the Education Committee called for an increase from \$800 to \$2,000 in K. of C. college scholarships.

CLARK IRATE AT WARSAW

Charges Poles Are Jailed For Calling At U.S. Embassy

Philadelphia, May 29 (AP)—Attorney General Tom C. Clark said today Polish residents calling at the United States Information Bureau at the Embassy in Warsaw are "arrested and thrown into jails and concentration camps."

Speaking before the Polish American Congress, Clark declared the United States "will keep open this bureau of enlightenment, and will disseminate the truth, despite such deliberate interference."

And the Attorney General, without naming any nation, charged that "a totalitarian government" is blocking United States aid to the people of Poland.

U.S. Ready To Help

"Your Government is ready, willing and anxious to come to the aid of suffering and starving Poland," he said. "But a totalitarian government decrees otherwise and issues another commandment:

"Thou shalt not feed the hungry nor heal the sick."

"They rejected the European Recovery Program. No food; no medicine; no truth; not one ray of light must penetrate the iron curtain."

Clark said "our way of life here finds itself in conflict with a vicious foreign ideology; on the one hand stands our democracy, on the other communism."

"We in America must be on constant guard against the subversive forces in our midst."

"Today the world is a single neighborhood; science has dwarfed time and space. Our lives are so entwined with the lives of people all over the globe that anything that affects their welfare ultimate-

ly affects our general welfare. There exists today an opportunity to build a new world, a better and brighter world of freedom, security and well-being for people here and everywhere.

"Our hope in this challenging age rests upon the shoulders of a loyal and co-operative citizenry."

New Era In Naval Warfare Cited

Annapolis, May 29 (AP)—The Navy is changing physically almost as greatly as it did in the change from sail to steam," Under Secretary for Air John N. Brown said today.

Brown told the postgraduate class at the United States Naval Academy, that critical problems today challenge the ingenuity of naval technicians.

"The implements of naval warfare are in a fluid state," Brown said. "Great changes are taking place in aircraft, ships and ordnance."

"We are at a point at which the weapons of the last war begin to be supplanted by others embodying the lessons which the last war taught." He added that these changes are being brought about largely by engineers.

The class addressed by Brown was composed of 80 officers. The graduating group was divided into five fields, aerological engineering, electronics engineering, naval engineering, applied naval engineering and applied communications.

Brown said that before World War II there was hesitation among naval officers to devote themselves to any particular phase of their profession. This was because they feared the label of "specialist."

"Time Has Changed" Outlook

"It is strange," he added, "that a man considered a specialist was regarded as having limited his usefulness, rather than as having expanded it."

The Assistant Secretary said that time has changed that and in a very little more time, "I hope, will see the final vestigial remnants of it vanish."

FAR EAST MISSIONS CALLED REAL NEED

Atlanta, May 29 (A. P.).—The way is open to make Christianity the predominant force in the Far East, the Rev. William M. Elliott Jr. of Dallas, Tex., told Southern Presbyterians. Addressing the eighty-eighth General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church in the United States (South), last night, Dr. Elliott said that if Christian missionaries arrive too late some other ideology will win allegiance of the Chinese, Japanese and Koreans.

Reporting on a 24,000-mile trip to the Orient, Dr. Elliott said: "The absence of any set political or social pattern poses some baffling problems for mission work, but it also presents a real opportunity. If the claims of the Gospel can be made strong enough just now, then Christianity can become the dominant force in the life of the East."

The Southern church added forty foreign missionaries to its rolls in 1947-48. Dr. Darby Fulton of Nashville, Tenn., secretary of the executive committee of Foreign Missions and newly elected moderator, told the assembly yesterday the committee planned to increase the number of the foreign field service to 500 as rapidly as possible.

Dr. Elliott, a member of the executive committee of Foreign Missions, and Dr. Fulton made the trip to the Far East early this year.

Admiral Spruance To Get Degree

Worcester, Mass., May 29 (AP)—Admiral Raymond A. Spruance, head of the Naval War College, of Newport, R.I., will receive the honorary degree of doctor of engineering from Worcester Polytechnic Institute, June 11.

DPs to Be Flown To Venezuela

WINDSOR LOCKS, Conn., May 29 (AP).—Transocean Airlines announced today it will begin flying displaced persons from Munich, Germany, to new homes in Venezuela the middle of next month.

Under its contract with the international refugee organization at Geneva, Transocean expects to transport 25,000 persons during the next three years.

An advance contingent of refugees, en route to Venezuela today, had been expected to land here, but the flight was re-routed to Bermuda after leaving Gander.

JOLSON GETS ROSE AWARD

Dinner Honoring General Killed
in War Aids Hospital Plan

DENVER, May 29 (AP)—The Gen. Maurice Rose Memorial Plaque was presented to Al Jolson tonight for his wartime entertainment of American soldiers.

The presentation was at a \$500-a-plate dinner to raise funds for a hospital being built as a memorial to Major General Rose, who was killed in the war. More than 1,000 were at the banquet.

The plaque was presented to Jolson by Gen. Courtney G. Hodges, commanding general of the First Army, under whom General Rose served.

BY CARTER L. DAVIDSON

JERUSALEM, MAY 26 (DELAYED) (AP)—THE HOLY CITY'S 100,000 JEWS HAVE WEATHERED THE FIRST SHOCK OF THE TOTAL WAR FOR JERUSALEM.

THEY HAVE NOW SIMMERED DOWN TO THE GRIM PROSPECTS OF LONG WEEKS MORE OF IT WITHOUT ENOUGH FOOD, WATER, LIGHT, OR EVEN MEDICINE.

THE ROADS TO JERUSALEM ARE BLOCKED BY THE ARABS. HILLTOPS OVERLOOKING THE CITY ARE ARAB GUNPOSTS WHICH ENDLESSLY RAKE JEWISH HOMES AND SHOPS. INSIDE THE CITY THERE IS ALMOST CONSTANT MORTARING AND SHOOTING.

ONE OF THE BIGGEST PROBLEMS IS SANITATION. WATER IS DISTRIBUTED BY WAGONS AND EACH PERSON IS ALLOWED TWO GALLONS DAILY. THAT IS FOR WASHING, COOKING AND LAUNDERING.

FOOD IS EQUALLY CRITICAL ALTHOUGH THE EXACT SUPPLIES ARE A MILITARY SECRET. THE LAST FOOD CONVOY FROM THE MEDITERRANEAN COAST ARRIVED A MONTH AGO. NOW EACH JEW GETS THREE SLICES OF BREAD EVERY OTHER DAY AND THE JEWISH CEREMONIAL MATZOTH ALTERNATELY. MEAT, EGGS, FRUITS AND VEGETABLES ARE NON-EXISTENT. SOME, BUT VERY LITTLE, CANNED FISH IS AVAILABLE.

THE DIET IS INSUFFICIENT FOR MEN WHO FIGHT OR WORK. GASOLINE HAS DISAPPEARED FOR CIVILIANS. THE ONLY CARS ON THE STREET ARE MILITARY VEHICLES. COOKING KEROSENE ALSO IS NON-EXISTENT. THOUSANDS OF PEOPLE NOW PREPARE WHAT FOOD THEY CAN GET OVER IMPROVISED PITS WITH WOOD FIRES IN THEIR YARDS. OFTEN THE WOOD THEY USE IS CHOPPED UP FURNITURE.

GARBAGE DISPOSAL HAS ENDED BECAUSE OF THE GASOLINE SHORTAGE AND THE MILITARY DRAIN ON MANPOWER. MOST RESIDENTS ARE BURNING THEIR OWN REFUSE.

BURIAL OF THE DEAD POSES AN ACUTE PROBLEM. CEMETERIES NORMALLY USED ARE BLOCKADED BY THE ARABS. SNIPER FIRE HARASSES FUNERAL PROCESSIONS ON THEIR WAY TO IMPROVISED BURIAL GROUNDS.

A57

ABOVE ALL THE DISCOMFORTS AND PRIVATIONS HANGS THE CONSTANT FEAR OF DEATH IN COMBAT. MORALE IN THE FIGHTING FORCES IS GOOD. THEIR FOOD RATIONS ARE NO BETTER THAN CIVILIAN RATIONS BUT THEIR JOB IS TOUGHER.

ON A RECENT VISIT TO AN ADVANCED POSITION I SHARED AN EVENING MEAL AT A SERGEANTS' MESS. THE MENU WAS: THREE QUARTERS OF A COLD BOILED EGG APIECE, AN INCH SQUARE OF EXCELLENT CHEESE, BLACK BREAD WITH A SPOONFUL OF MARMALADE AND A CUP OF COFFEE.

JERUSALEM TODAY IS RULED SOLELY BY THE MILITARY POLICE OF HAGANAH, THE ISRAEL ARMY. THEY EFFECTIVELY STOPPED BLACKMARKETING BEFORE IT BEGAN EXCEPT IN SOME LUXURY ITEMS.

CIGARETTES ARE DISAPPEARING FAST AND PRICES ON THE REMAINING PACKAGES ARE SOARING. I NOW PAY \$1.20 FOR AN ENGLISH BRAND. AMERICAN BRANDS HAVE LONG SINCE DISAPPEARED.

AS IN WAR-TORN EUROPE, CIGARETTES AND CHOCOLATE ARE BECOMING THE MEDIUM OF EXCHANGE FOR FOOD, CLOTHING AND LIQUOR. ANOTHER BLACKMARKET ITEM, ALTHOUGH SCARCE, IS THE EGG. ONE EGG NOW COSTS 60 CENTS AND FEW JERUSALEM JEWS HAVE HAD ONE IN TWO WEEKS. THEY WERE 2 CENTS APIECE IN PEACETIME AND THERE WERE PLENTY OF THEM.

JERUSALEM'S SCHOOLS ARE CLOSED. THE OLDER PUPILS NOW WORK AT FILLING SANDBAGS AND DIGGING TRENCHES.

ONE OF THE FEATURES OF THE BESIEGED HOLY CITY TODAY ARE UNDERGROUND KINDERGARTENS IN THE AIR RAID SHELTERS.

MD 759PED

BY CARTER L. DAVIDSON
JERUSALEM, FRIDAY, MAY 28 (AP)—ARAB GUNS SHELLED RAMAT REHEL LAST NIGHT. THE JEWISH SETTLEMENT, ONCE THE HOME OF 300, NOW IS IN RUINS, EXCEPT FOR THE MAIN DINING HALL. THAT IS SHELL-RIDDLED BUT STILL STANDING. THE SMELL OF DEATH IS HEAVY OVER RAMAT REHEL'S RUINS. GRIM-FACED ISRAELI WARRIORS MOVE SILENTLY ABOUT THEIR WORK. TO THE SOUTH OF RAMAT REHEL IS THE TWO-ROOM SHRINE OF RACHEL'S TOMB. WHENCE THE ARABS CLAIMED THEY HAD JUMPED OFF IN AN ATTACK ON THE SOUTHERN JERUSALEM SUBURBS. BESIDES RAMAT REHEL, THE JEWS STILL HOLD KATAMON, THE GERMAN COLONY OF TALPIYOT AND BAQAA, WHICH THE ARABS SAID THEY ATTACKED. THESE PLACES SHOWED NO SIGN OF HAVING BEEN HIT BY ANYTHING FOR TWO DAYS. RQ1112AED

30.24- 18137

JERUSALEM, MAY 29 (AP)—THE BATTLE FOR THE SOUTHERN APPROACHES INTO JERUSALEM STILL RAGED TODAY WITH THE ARABS RENEWING THEIR ARTILLERY ATTACK FROM POSITIONS NEAR THE CHURCH OF THE NATIVITY IN BETHLEHEM.

THE JEWISH SETTLEMENT OF RAMAT REHEL NEAR RACHEL'S TOMB, TWO MILES SOUTH OF JERUSALEM, RECEIVED THE HEAVIEST SHELLFIRE. SOME SHELLS, HOWEVER, STRUCK BEYOND THAT TARGET AND LANDED IN THE TALPIYOT. THE JERUSALEM GOLF COURSE IN THAT SOUTHERN SUBURB WAS HIT A DOZEN TIMES BY SHELLS.

THE FIRST THREE NEWSMEN TO ENTER RAMAT REHEL AND SPEND A DAY WITH HAGANAH FIGHTERS DEFENDING ITS RUINS WERE JAMES PRINGLE, ASSOCIATED PRESS PHOTOGRAPHER; CORNELL ACHESON, INDIANAPOLIS NEWS, AND ROBERT HECOX, PARAMOUNT NEWSREELS.

ACHESON'S ACCOUNT OF THE VISIT FOLLOWS:

I HAVE SEEN THE CRUSHING AND BLOODY END OF A 26-YEAR STRUGGLE FOR LIFE THAT, ITSELF STARTED IN SMOULDERING RUINS.

IT IS THE END--AS A PLACE TO LIVE--OF RAMAT REHEL, FOR THE LAST 10 DAYS THE SCENE OF A BITTER SEE-SAW FIGHT FOR CONTROL OF JERUSALEM'S SOUTHERN HEIGHTS. THRICE OCCUPIED BY THE ARABS, THE JEWISH SETTLEMENT--WHAT IS LEFT OF IT--IS BACK IN HAGANAH'S HANDS.

THE MASSACRE AT THE NORTHERN TELCHAY SETTLEMENT IN 1922 SENT A HANDFUL OF SURVIVORS SOUTHWARD THROUGH JERUSALEM. THEY CHOSE THE HIGHEST POINT FOR SAFETY, WHICH IRONICALLY ENOUGH, MADE THE COLONY AN ARAB MILITARY OBJECTIVE IN THE RECENT FIGHTING. SOME 350 FRIGHTENED SETTLERS HAVE EVACUATED THE FOREMOST DAIRY, POULTRY AND FRUIT FARMS IN THIS AREA.

TODAY RAMAT REHEL JOINED ITS SICKENING, ROTTING BONES TO TELCHAY'S. THE ONLY DIFFERENCE REMAINS THAT IT IS RETAINED BY THE JEWS.

UNDER COVER OF DARKNESS AND BLACKOUT I DROVE WITH A HAGANAH ESCORT AND WITH CARTER L. DAVIDSON, AP BUREAU CHIEF AT THE WHEEL, ALONG THE THIN MACADAM LIFELINE TO THE HILLTOP COLONY. A THICK STENCH OF DEATH AND STRANGE ODOR OF DESTRUCTION OVERHUNG EVERYTHING. A BRIGHT MOON HUNCHING OVER THE HILLS OF TRANS-JORDAN TO THE EASTWARD CAST A DIRTY GRAY LIGHT ROUND THE CROUCHING SHADOWS OF THE RUINS.

AFTER A NIGHT SPENT SLEEPING ON BLOOD-STAINED MATTRESSES AT THE FIRST AID STATION IN THE COMMUNAL BUILDING, THE ONLY SERVICEABLE DWELLING, THREE OF US WERE TAKEN ON A CAUTIOUS TOUR OF THE BELEAGUERED HILLTOP. THE HAGANAH COMMANDER, SQUAT, BEETLE-BROWED AND BUILT LIKE AN OIL BARREL, HANDED US STEEL HELMETS. HE ORDERED US "WATCH ME, BEND LOW, AND IF THERE IS SHELLING, RUN."

B86-

WE STARTED STUMBLING THROUGH THE VILLAGE'S RUBBLE. BOTH ARAB AND JEWISH FIRE HAD REDUCED THE COMMUNITY TO TATTERS. THERE WERE DEAD COWS, GOATS AND MULES. A COMMUNAL SCHOOL AND WORKSHOPS HAD BEEN FLATTENED DURING THE FIGHTING AND A HOME FOR ELDERLY DEMOLISHED. FIRED FOODSTOCKS STILL SMOULDERED.

THERE WAS THE BODY OF ONE DEAD ARAB, HIS ARMS RAISED GROTESQUELY TOWARD THE BLAZING SUN. IN A SANDBOX, AMID HIS PLAYTHINGS, WAS A

DEAD BOY.

"THIS IS NOT THE END OF THE STORY OF RAMAT REHEL, BUT THE BITTER END OF THE FIRST CHAPTER," THE HAGANAH COMMANDER SAID AS BULLETS WHINED AROUND HIM. FOR NOW IT MUST BE HELD, FOR IT IS THE FARTHEST DEFENSE POST OF JEWISH POSITIONS IN SOUTHERN JERUSALEM.

"WE RETURNED TO JERUSALEM AT NIGHT UNDER A CURTAIN OF ARAB SNIPER FIRE. AHEAD THE RAGING BATTLE IN THE OLD CITY LIGHTED THE SKY."

SN1249AED

BY JAMES M. LONG

TEL AVIV, ISRAEL, MAY 29 (AP)—A COMMUNIQUE ANNOUNCING THE SURRENDER OF THE JEWISH QUARTER OF JERUSALEM'S OLD CITY SAID TODAY THE DEFENDERS FOUGHT UNTIL THEIR AMMUNITION AND STRENGTH WERE GONE.

CUT OFF FOR FIVE MONTHS, EXCEPT FOR OCCASIONAL RELIEF, THE DEFENDERS HAD BEEN REINFORCED A WEEK BEFORE THEIR SURRENDER YESTERDAY. A HAGANAH ATTACK HAD BROKEN THROUGH THE ZION GATE.

BUT THE HELP CAME TOO LATE. THE ARABS SEALED OFF THE GATE AGAIN AND CONTINUED A MERCILESS POUNDING OF THE OUTNUMBERED ISRAELI FORCE.

THE JEWS ARE KNOWN TO HAVE TRIED DESPERATELY TO GET MORE HELP FOR JERUSALEM FROM FIGHTING MANPOWER RESERVES ALONG THE COAST. SOME GOT THROUGH. BUT THE ARABS HAVE VEERED TO MEET THIS NEW ATTEMPT TO BREAK OPEN THE HAZARDOUS TEL AVIV-JERUSALEM HIGHWAY. THE ARABS THREW IN ALL THEIR AVAILABLE STRENGTH.

THE BATTLE THAT DEVELOPED STILL IS GUARDED UNDER THE WRAPS OF MILITARY SECURITY HERE. BUT IT IS STILL GOING ON ALONG THE VAST BROKEN COUNTRY AREA AROUND THE LATRUN MONASTERY WITH ITS FAMOUS STATUE OF PEACE, AND IN THE HILLS ON BOTH SIDES OF THE BABEL WAD DEATH TRAP GORGE.

WITH THOUSANDS COMMITTED ON BOTH SIDES, THE BATTLE BY TODAY REACHED AN INTENSITY THAT INDICATED A DECISIVE TEST OF STRENGTH BETWEEN THE ARMY OF ISRAEL AND THE TRANS-JORDAN LEGION OF KING ABDULLAH.

THE LEGION WAS USING ITS ARMOR AND ITS ARTILLERY FROM STRONGPOINTS IN THE HILLS.

G928AED

FIRST LEAD TEL AVIV

BY JAMES M. LONG

TEL AVIV, MAY 29 (AP)—THE ISRAELI ARMY SAID TONIGHT EGYPTIAN TROOPS HAD ADVANCED NORTHWARD TO AN AREA ONLY 20 MILES SOUTH OF JAFFA. AT THE SAME TIME IT ANNOUNCED JEWISH VICTORIES ON PALESTINE'S NORTHERN FRONT.

THE EGYPTIAN THRUST CARRIED THE ARABS ON THE SOUTHERN COASTAL FRONT TO THE VICINITY OF ISDUD VILLAGE, AN ADVANCE OF ALMOST 10 MILES FROM THE LAST REPORTED EGYPTIAN SPEARHEAD IN MID-WEEK. ISDUD IS 20 MILES FROM THE SOUTHERN LIMITS OF JAFFA, TEL AVIV'S TWIN CITY.

AN ISRAELI COMMUNIQUE SAID JEWISH TROOPS AFTER HEAVY FIGHTING OCCUPIED A LEBANESE ARMY CAMP AT MALIKIYA ON THE PALESTINE-LEBANESE BORDER AND OCCUPIED THE TOWN OF MALIKIYA AND KADESH. IT ADDED THAT JEWISH PLANES RAIDED THE LEBANESE VILLAGES OF EITARUN, BINT JABEL AND ALAMA AND SAID ISRAELI TROOPS MOVED INTO EITARUN AND CLEARED IT OF ARAB FORCES.

THE ISRAELI COMMUNIQUE ALSO SAID JEWISH FORCES HAD ATTACKED AND

DESTROYED TWO SYRIAN BORDER POLICE STATIONS DESPITE STRONG ARAB RESISTANCE. ONE STATION WAS NORTH OF THE LAHVOT HABASHAN SETTLEMENT, THE OTHER NORTH OF SHAMIR, THE COMMUNIQUE ADDED.

MID-WEEK REPORTS OF THE EGYPTIAN PUSH NORTHWARD ALONG THE COAST INDICATED THEY THEN WERE MEETING THEIR FIRST JEWISH RESISTANCE NEAR EL MAJDAL.

THE FACT THAT THEY RAN INTO RESISTANCE THERE BUT CONTINUED TO PUSH AHEAD WAS TAKEN HERE AS INDICATING THAT THE EGYPTIANS HAD NOT YET RUN INTO THE MAIN JEWISH DEFENSE LINE GUARDING TEL AVIV AND JAFFA.

THE EGYPTIAN ADVANCE HAS BEEN SLOW AND CAUTIOUS FOR THE OBVIOUS REASONS OF ITS PERIL FROM THE INLAND FLANK TO THE EAST WHICH NOW IS EXPOSED ALL THE WAY NORTHWARD FROM GAZA.

SOMEWHERE SOUTH OF TEL AVIV AND JAFFA THE JEWS HAVE A MAIN DEFENSE LINE WHICH WAS BUILT IN THE PAST TWO WEEKS BY THOUSANDS OF JEWS TAKEN SOUTHWARD BY TRUCKLOADS FROM TEL AVIV. THEY WERE LAWYERS, EDITORS AND MERCHANTS, MEN TOO OLD FOR THE MILITARY DRAFT, BUT WHO WERE CALLED UPON ALONG WITH "ALL ABLE-BODIED MEN" TO GIVE TWO DAYS FOR THE BUILDING OF FORTIFICATIONS AND TRENCH DIGGING.

ISDUD VILLAGE IS STILL IN ARAB TERRITORY. THE BOUNDARIES DRAWN BY THE UNITED NATIONS' PARTITION PLAN GAVE THE ARABS THE COASTAL STRIP WHICH RUNS FROM THE EGYPTIAN FRONTIER NORTHWARD THROUGH GAZA TO A POINT ABOUT THREE MILES NORTH OF ISDUD.

REPORTS FROM THE SOUTHERN SECTOR OF THE PALESTINE FIGHTING STILL HAVE NOT SUGGESTED ANY HEAVY FIGHTING.

AT LEAST UP TO NOW, THE ISRAELI ARMY HAS BEEN CONCENTRATING ON THE FIERCE BATTLE FOR ARAB ROADBLOCKS ACROSS THE MAIN JERUSALEM-TEL AVIV HIGHWAY AT LATRUN AND BAB EL WAD. THERE WAS NO NEWS TONIGHT FROM THIS REGION.

IT WAS ANNOUNCED THAT THE JEWISH AIR FORCE ATTACKED THREE KEY CITIES IN THE ARAB TRIANGLE IN THE NORTH--JENIN, NABLUS AND RAMALLAH. THE INTENSITY OF THE ATTACK WAS NOT DISCLOSED.

MD731PED

AMMAN, TRANS-JORDAN, MAY 29-(AP)-EIGHT AMERICAN AND BRITISH REPORTERS AND PHOTOGRAPHERS ARRIVED TODAY FROM JERUSALEM. THEY HAD BEEN BEHIND JEWISH LINES IN THE HOLY CITY SINCE BRITAIN ENDED THE PALESTINE MANDATE ON MAY 15.

THEY MADE THEIR WAY OUT OF THE CITY WITH PERMISSION FROM JEWISH AUTHORITIES AFTER PROLONGED NEGOTIATION. THE EIGHT WERE:

TOM FITZSIMMONS, ASSOCIATED PRESS PHOTOGRAPHER; KENNETH BILBY, NEW YORK HERALD TRIBUNE; ROBERT P. MARTIN, OVERSEAS NEWS AGENCY; CORNELL ACHESON, INDIANAPOLIS TIMES; ROBERT HECOX, PARAMOUNT NEWSREELS; ERIC DOWNTON, LONDON DAILY TELEGRAPH; GEOFFREY HOARE, LONDON NEWS CHRONICLE, AND HIS WIFE, CLAIRE HOLLINGWORTH, LONDON OBSERVER.

--DASH--

THEY ARE AMONG A GROUP OF 12 NEWSMEN WHO PROTESTED TO ISRAEL'S PREMIER, DAVID BEN-GURION, ON MAY 27 AGAINST THE REFUSAL OF JEWISH AUTHORITIES TO ARRANGE THEIR TRANSFER OUT OF JERUSALEM.

THE PROTEST SAID THE AUTHORITIES WERE "PREVENTING OUR LEAVING JERUSALEM TO CARRY ON THE DUTIES ASSIGNED TO US BY OUR NEWSPAPERS AND ORGANIZATIONS."

THE OTHER FOUR WHO SIGNED THE PROTEST WERE: DANA ADAMS SCHMIDT, NEW YORK TIMES; FARNSWORTH FOWLE, COLUMBIA BROADCASTING SYSTEM; JAMES HAYS, KEMSLEY NEWSPAPERS, AND LUCIEN FRANC, FRENCH NEWS AGENCY.

JS615PED

CAIRO, MAY 29-(AP)-A DEFENSE MINISTRY COMMUNIQUE SAID TONIGHT ONE EGYPTIAN PLANE ENGAGED IN RAIDING JEWISH TARGETS IN PALESTINE TODAY WAS FORCED DOWN INSIDE EGYPTIAN LINES. THE PILOT REACHED HIS BASE SAFELY, THE COMMUNIQUE ADDED.

MD810PED

NICOSIA, CYPRUS, MAY 29-(AP)---RABBI JACOB SZRAJBAUM

CHIEF REPRESENTATIVE OF THE JEWISH AGENCY HERE, SAID TODAY HE WAS

NEGOTIATING FOR THE CHARTER OF PLANES TO EVACUATE JEWS BROUGHT

TO CYPRUS BY THE BRITISH FOR INTERMENT.

APR PUSEYS 02125 000 407P

LONDON, MAY 29-(AP)---THE MOSCOW RADIO COMMENTATOR, V.

LINNETSKY, SAID TONIGHT BRITAIN AND THE UNITED STATES BY "STRENUOUSLY

EXAGGERATING" THEIR DIFFERENCES WERE "FANNING THE FLAMES OF WAR" IN

PALESTINE.

THE BROADCASTER SAID THE UNITED STATES MOVE IN THE UNITED

NATIONS TO TAKE STRONG MEASURES UNLESS THE ARABS AND JEWS STOPPED

FIGHTING WAS DEFEATED "OWING TO THE EXERTIONS OF THE BRITISH AND

30.24- 18139

AMERICAN DELEGATIONS."

"AUSTIN, THE U.S. REPRESENTATIVE IN THE SECURITY COUNCIL, DID NOT TAKE LONG TO ABANDON HIS FORMER PROPOSAL AND TO AGREE TO A NEW ONE EXCLUDING ANY MENTION OF ~~SANCTIONS~~ SANCTIONS AGAINST THE ATTACKING PARTY,

LINETSKY DECLARED.

"THE DOUBLE-FACED AMERICAN POLICY ON THE PALESTINE QUESTION IS HELPING TO FAN THE WAR IN THE NEAR EAST."

APR 0205 000 411P

MAY 1948

MOSCOW, MAY 29-(AP)-THE COMMUNIST PARTY NEWSPAPER PRAVDA DEFENDED THE JEWISH POSITION IN PALESTINE IN AN EDITORIAL TODAY.

"IN ALL THEIR SYMPATHY WITH THE NATIONAL LIBERATION MOVEMENT OF THE ARAB PEOPLES," IT SAID, "THE SOVIET PUBLIC CANNOT BUT CENSURE AGGRESSION OF THE ARAB STATES DIRECTED AGAINST THE GOVERNMENT OF ISRAEL AND AGAINST THE RIGHTS OF THE JEWISH PEOPLE TO CREATE THEIR OWN STATE IN CORRESPONDENCE WITH THE DECISION OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE UNITED NATIONS."

RW1030PED

CAIRO -- FIRST ADD SECOND LEAD PALESTINE (BY MAX BOYD) XXX NEIGHBOR CITY.

THE EGYPTIANS, STRIKING OUT FROM GAZA, REACHED THE VICINITY OF ISDUD VILLAGE, TWO MILES SHORT OF THE BORDERS OF THE STATE OF ISRAEL, A TEL AVIV COMMUNIQUE SAID. THIS WAS AN ADVANCE OF 10 MILES FROM THE EGYPTIAN POSITION IN MIDWEEK, WHEN KING FAROUK'S TROOPS WERE REPORTED MEETING JEWISH RESISTANCE. INDICATIONS WERE THAT IT HAD NOT YET RUN INTO THE MAIN JEWISH DEFENSE LINE GUARDING TEL AVIV AND JAFFA.

BITTER FIGHTING CONTINUED FOR THE TEL AVIV-JERUSALEM ROAD AS THE ISRAELIS TRIED TO OPEN A SUPPLY ROUTE TO THE HOLY CITY'S JEWS, SHORT OF WATER AND FOOD.

THE ARABS HAVE BLOCKADED ALL FOUR HIGHWAYS INTO JERUSALEM.

THE FRENCH CONSUL GENERAL AT JERUSALEM SENT A TELEGRAM TO THE UNITED NATIONS SAYING THE ARABS FIRED ON HIS CONSULATE WITH STEEL BULLETS WHICH PENETRATED SANDBAGS.

LEGION GUNS X X X SECOND GRAPH FIRST LEAD (A92).

ML329PED

"IF THE GOVERNMENT HAD LAID DOWN THE MANDATE WHEN I FIRST ADVISED THEM TO DO SO, IT WOULD HAVE BEEN A MELANCHOLY EVENT," THE FORMER PRIME MINISTER SAID, "BUT THE RESULTS WOULD HAVE BEEN IMMEASURABLY LESS DESTRUCTIVE AND DAMAGING THAN WHAT HAS HAPPENED AND IS HAPPENING NOW."

CHURCHILL DECLARED IT WOULD HAVE BEEN POSSIBLE TO HAVE MADE "AN EQUITABLE PARTITION" OF THE HOLY LAND AFTER BRITAIN'S WORLD WAR VICTORY, "USING THE FORCES WE HAD AND THE INFLUENCE AND REPUTATION WE HAD ACQUIRED."

ME411AED

CADOGAN ASKED IF THE U.N. HAD LEARNED NOTHING FROM THE HALF-HEARTED ATTEMPT BY THE LEAGUE OF NATIONS TO IMPOSE SANCTIONS ON MUSSOLINI.

HE APPEALED TO THE COUNCIL NOT TO SUBSTITUTE U.N. FORCES FOR BRITISH FORCES IN PALESTINE, SAYING THAT NO SETTLEMENT EVER WILL LAST THERE UNLESS IT HAS THE AGREEMENT OF BOTH PARTIES.

FERDINAND VAN LANGENHOVE, BELGIUM, ASKED ALSO WHETHER COUNTRIES BACKING RUSSIA'S POSITION WOULD SEND TROOPS, OR HOW THEY WOULD GO. HE SAID HE DOUBTED WHETHER SUCH MEASURES WOULD BE WORKABLE.

THERE WERE TWO MAJOR PLANS BEFORE THE DELEGATES, ONE WAS THE RUSSIAN RESOLUTION INVOKING CHAPTER VII, THE STRONGEST ENFORCEMENT SECTION OF THE U.N. CHARTER. THIS HAS BEEN BACKED SO FAR BY THE UNITED STATES, THE SOVIET UKRAINE, AND FRANCE.

V ADD/ARE SUCCESS (NL-Palestine) XXX Palestine (Cairo) MAY 1948

A172

THE SECOND WAS THE BRITISH RESOLUTION INVOKING AN EMBARGO ON SHIPMENT OF ARMS AND MEN TO PALESTINE, SETTING AN ARMISTICE OF FOUR WEEKS AND PROVIDING FOR U.N. MEDIATION IN THAT PERIOD. THIS HAS THE BACKING OF CANADA, BELGIUM AND CHINA.

THE SECURITY COUNCIL LAST SATURDAY APPROVED A BRITISH PLAN FOR A CEASE-FIRE ORDER AND PEACEFUL MEDIATION, BUT IT DID NOT STOP THE FIGHTING.

OTHER RESOLUTIONS BEFORE THE COUNCIL ARE ONE BY FRANCE FOR PROMPT CEASE-FIRE IN JERUSALEM AND A COLOMBIAN SUGGESTION FOR THE FIVE GREAT POWERS TO CONSULT AND FOR THE COUNCIL TO SET UP A FIVE-NATION COMMISSION TO SEEK A SETTLEMENT.

RQ240PED

IF THE STRONG-ARM PLAN FAILS TO PASS, THE COUNCIL WILL TURN TO Milder PROPOSALS FROM BRITAIN, FRANCE AND COLOMBIA. THEY ARE BRIEFLY:

1. BRITAIN WANTS A FOUR-WEEK ARMISTICE DURING WHICH FINAL EFFORTS TOWARD PEACEFUL SETTLEMENT OF JEWISH-ARAB DIFFERENCES WOULD BE PUSHED. DURING THAT TIME IMPORTATION OF ARMS AND FIGHTING PERSONNEL INTO PALESTINE WOULD BE BANNED. THE JEWS ALREADY HAVE REJECTED THE PLAN IN ITS PRESENT FORM. CANADA WAS REPORTED PREPARING A SERIES OF AMENDMENTS IN A MOVE TO HELP ITS PASSAGE.

2. FRANCE WANTS THE COUNCIL TO CONCENTRATE ON STOPPING THE WARFARE IN JERUSALEM. THE PLAN WOULD CALL ON JEWS AND ARABS TO CEASE FIGHTING IN THE HOLY CITY WITH A THREAT OF STRONG MEASURES IF THERE WAS NOT COMPLETE COMPLIANCE. ADD/ARE SUCCESS (DAY) XXX Palestine (Cairo) MAY 1948

3. COLOMBIA ASKS THE BIG FIVE TO CONSULT ON MEASURES TO ENFORCE

COMPLIANCE WITH TWO PREVIOUSLY IGNORED CEASE-FIRE APPEALS FROM THE COUNCIL. UNDER THIS PLAN A FIVE-NATION COMMISSION ALSO WOULD BE SET UP TO SEEK A PEACEFUL SETTLEMENT.

SPECTATORS CHEERED YESTERDAY WHEN U.S. DELEGATE WARREN R. AUSTIN ANNOUNCED HIS SUPPORT OF THE RUSSIAN GET-TOUGH RESOLUTION. IT WAS THE SECOND TIME IN A WEEK THAT THE TWO POWERS STOOD SHOULDER TO SHOULDER ON THE ISSUE.

LAST SATURDAY THEY PLUGGED VIRTUALLY THE SAME PROPOSAL--THAT TIME INTRODUCED BY THE UNITED STATES--BUT IT GOT ONLY FIVE VOTES AND LOST.

THE BEST GUESS AMONG DELEGATION OFFICIALS WAS THAT THE BRITISH PLAN MIGHT BE PASSED AFTER IT WAS AMENDED AND WATERED DOWN. THERE WERE INDICATIONS THAT IF THE FOUR-WEEK ARMISTICE WERE ACCEPTED, THE BRITISH MIGHT ADVANCE SOME SUGGESTIONS FOR POLITICAL SETTLEMENT OF THE HOLY LAND PROBLEM.

MT228AED

UNDATED PALESTINE (430)
BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

ARAB AND JEWISH FIGHTERS CONTINUED TODAY THEIR BATTLE FOR CONTROL OF THE SUPPLY ROUTE FOR JERUSALEM'S JEWS, WITH EGYPTIAN PLANES REPORTED TAKING PART IN THE STRUGGLE.

THE BATTLE WAS IN PROGRESS ALONG A FOUR-MILE STRETCH OF HIGHWAY ABOUT 15 MILES WEST OF JERUSALEM. IT EXTENDED FROM LATRUN, STRATEGIC ROAD JUNCTION, TO THE BAB EL WAD GORGE THROUGH WHICH THE HIGHWAY RUNS.

AN EGYPTIAN COMMUNIQUE SAID LAST NIGHT THAT EGYPTIAN BOMBERS HAD SCATTERED JEWISH FIGHTERS IN THE BAB EL WAD AREA.

JERUSALEM'S ANCIENT GHETTO WAS A BURNING, GUTTED HULK, WITH ALL OF ITS PEOPLE DEPARTED, AFTER THE ARAB CAPTURE OF THE OLD WALLED CITY. LIQUIDATION OF THE OLD CITY WAS EXPECTED TO LEAD TO AN INCREASED TEMPO IN THE ARAB OFFENSIVE TO CAPTURE JERUSALEM'S NEW CITY.

AN ESTIMATED 1,500 FRIGHTENED JEWISH CIVILIANS FILED OUT OF THE SURRENDERED OLD CITY. ALL THOSE NOT OF MILITARY AGE WERE PERMITTED TO CROSS INTO JEWISH-HELD TERRITORY. AT LEAST 294 CAPTURED JEWISH FIGHTERS WERE BEING HELD IN POLICE BARRACKS, AWAITING TRANSPORTATION TO PRISONER OF WAR CAMPS IN TRANS-JORDAN.

ARABS HELPED CARRY 150 WOUNDED JEWS FROM THE JEWISH MILITARY HOSPITAL TO THE SAFETY OF THE ARMENIAN QUARTER SCHOOL. ACCORDING TO THE SURRENDER TERMS, SERIOUSLY WOUNDED JEWS ARE TO BE DELIVERED TO JEWISH LINES IN JERUSALEM. OTHERS, IF OF MILITARY AGE, MAY BE KEPT PRISONER.

JEWS ATTACKED THE DAMASCUS AND JAFFA GATES INTO THE OLD CITY FOR 90 MINUTES LAST NIGHT. AFTER THIS FLURRY, NOTHING WAS HELD FROM THAT AREA EXCEPT SMALL ARMS FIRE. ARAB LEGION FIELD GUNS POUNDED MODERN JERUSALEM.

THE GOVERNMENT OF ISRAEL HAS OFFERED TO GUARANTEE THE FLOW OF OIL TO ARAB STATES, IF THE ARABS SUPPLY OIL FOR THE REFINERY AT HAIFA. BEFORE THE FIGHTING BROKE OUT, THE BRITISH-OWNED HAIFA REFINERY RECEIVED OIL FROM IRAQ BY PIPELINE. THE PROCESSED OIL SUPPLIED ABOUT 90 PER CENT OF THE PETROLEUM NEEDS OF THE EASTERN MEDITERRANEAN, INCLUDING NEARBY ARAB STATES.

A37

A BRITISH OFFICIAL SAID THE PIPELINE FROM IRAQ COULD BE RESTORED TO OPERATION IMMEDIATELY, IF AN AGREEMENT IS REACHED.

A PROPOSAL FOR UNITED NATIONS FORCE TO STOP THE FIGHTING

APPEARED HEADED FOR DEFEAT, DESPITE STRONG RUSSIAN AND AMERICAN BACKING. SECURITY COUNCIL PRESIDENT ALEXANDRE PARODI OF FRANCE SAID HE HOPED TO GET A VOTE ON THE PROPOSAL BY TONIGHT.

THE PROPOSAL BACKED BY AMERICAN AND RUSSIA WOULD ORDER A HALT IN THE FIGHTING WITHIN 36 HOURS. IF THE JEWS AND ARABS DID NOT COMPLY, ECONOMIC SANCTIONS AND AN INTERNATIONAL ARMY WOULD BE USED TO ENFORCE THE ORDER.

WINSTON CHURCHILL TOLD A MEETING OF CONSERVATIVES IN SCOTLAND THAT THE BRITISH LABOR GOVERNMENT'S HANDLING OF THE PALESTINE SITUATION WAS "AN OUTSTANDING CASE OF MISMANAGEMENT."

(EDITORS: THE FOLLOWING WITH THE UNDATED PALESTINE, MAKES AN UNDATED INTERNATIONAL).

AFTER A BITTER 15-HOUR MEETING OF THE FOUR-POWER BODY FOR GOVERNING BERLIN, THE RUSSIAN REPRESENTATIVE SAID HE WOULD NO LONGER SIT NEXT TO THE AMERICAN REPRESENTATIVE. MAJ. GEN. ALEXANDER KOTIKOV OF RUSSIA SAID HEREAFTER A RUSSIAN DEPUTY WOULD BE SEATED NEXT TO COL. FRANK HOWLEY OF THE UNITED STATES AT SESSIONS OF THE KOMMANDATURA.

NO MAJOR DECISIONS WERE REACHED DURING THE MEETING AND AN AMERICAN OFFICIAL SAID "I DON'T THINK THE KOMMANDATURA WILL LAST LONG NOW. THERE WAS AN OBVIOUS INCREASED MOVE BY THE RUSSIANS TO CLOSE IT DOWN."

AMERICAN DIPLOMATS SAID THE SIX-NATION CONFERENCE IN LONDON HAD REACHED AGREEMENT ON ALMOST ALL POINTS CONCERNING WESTERN GERMANY'S POLITICAL AND ECONOMIC FUTURE.

AND THAT A COMMUNIQUE WOULD BE ISSUED EARLY NEXT WEEK. SOURCES CLOSE TO THE DANISH ROYAL FAMILY IN COPENHAGEN SAID PRINCESS ANNE OF BOURBON-PARMA WOULD MARRY FORMER KING MIHAI OF ROMANIA IN ATHENS JUNE 5.

M828AED

NIGHT LEAD UNDATED INTERNATIONAL
BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

THE BATTLE FOR ALL OF JERUSALEM BEGAN YESTERDAY (SATURDAY) WHEN TROOPS OF THE ARAB LEGION TURNED THEIR ARTILLERY ON MODERN SECTIONS OF THE CITY WHERE 80,000 TO 90,000 JEWS ARE BESIEGED.

EGYPTIAN TROOPS MADE A SUDDEN 10-MILE MARCH UP THE PALESTINE COAST FROM MAJDAL TO ISDUD, THE ISRAELI ARMY REPORTED. AT ISDUD THE EGYPTIANS WERE 20 MILES SOUTH OF THE JAFFA-TEL AVIV AREA. TEL AVIV IS THE CAPITAL OF THE NEW JEWISH STATE.

JEWISH TROOPS CONTINUED DETERMINED ATTEMPTS TO BREAK THE ARAB BLOCKADE OF THE FOUR HIGHWAYS LEADING TO JERUSALEM. THE HEAVIEST FIGHTING RAGED 10 TO 14 MILES WEST OF THE HOLY CITY IN THE LATRUN-BAB EL WAD SECTOR. THE ARABS CLAIMED THEIR PLANES HAD ATTACKED AND SCATTERED 10,000 JEWISH TROOPS ASSEMBLED THERE.

ISRAELI PLANES STRUCK JENIN, NABLUS AND RAMALLAH, THREE ARAB STRONGHOLDS IN CENTRAL PALESTINE, A TEL AVIV DISPATCH SAID.

AT LAKE SUCCESS, N.Y., THE SECURITY COUNCIL REFUSED TO ORDER UNITED NATIONS FORCE TO END THE WAR IN PALESTINE. THE UNITED STATES, RUSSIA, THE UKRAINE, COLOMBIA AND FRANCE VOTED FOR A RESOLUTION CALLING FOR THE STRONGEST POSSIBLE MEASURES TO STOP THE ARAB-JEWISH FIGHTING. SIX COUNTRIES ABSTAINED. THE RESOLUTION DID NOT RECEIVE THE NECESSARY SEVEN AFFIRMATIVE VOTES.

RUSSIA, THE UKRAINE, COLOMBIA AND FRANCE VOTED FOR A RESOLUTION CALLING FOR THE STRONGEST POSSIBLE MEASURES TO STOP THE ARAB-JEWISH FIGHTING. SIX COUNTRIES ABSTAINED. THE RESOLUTION DID NOT RECEIVE THE NECESSARY SEVEN AFFIRMATIVE VOTES.

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THE COUNCIL THEN CALLED FOR A 4-WEEKS CEASE-FIRE IN THE HOLY LAND TO MAKE ANOTHER U.N. ATTEMPT AT A PEACEFUL SETTLEMENT OF THE CONFLICT. IT WAS THE COUNCIL'S SIXTH APPEAL FOR AN END OF THE WAR.

THE DELEGATES DECIDED THAT IF THE ARABS OR JEWS FAIL TO AGREE TO THE NEW APPEAL BY 6 P.M., E.S.T., JUNE 1, THE COUNCIL WILL CONSIDER THE WHOLE CASE WITH A VIEW TO TAKING ACTION ON THE STRONGER PEACE ENFORCEMENT MEASURES RECOMMENDED BY THE U.S. AND RUSSIA.

KING ABDULLAH'S LEGIONNAIRES WERE FREED FOR WIDER OPERATIONS IN JERUSALEM FOLLOWING THE SURRENDER OF JEWISH REMNANTS IN THE OLD WALLED CITY. FIRES SWEEPED THE ANCIENT JEWISH GHETTO THERE AS TRANS-JORDAN TROOPS MOVED MORE THAN 1,500 JEWISH CIVILIANS FROM THE AREA.

DURING THE 11 DAYS OF BITTER FIGHTING IN THE OLD CITY A MORTAR SHELL STRUCK THE HOLY SEPULCHRE, THE HOLIEST SHRINE IN CHRISTENDOM, BUT DID NOT EXPLODE. IT WAS NOT KNOWN WHETHER THE SHELL WAS FROM JEWISH OR ARAB TERRITORY.

DESPITE THE LOSS OF THE OLD CITY AND THE PRECARIOUS POSITION OF THE JEWS IN THE NEWER PORTIONS OF JERUSALEM, THE TROOPS OF ISRAEL ARE HOLDING ALMOST UNBROKEN THE FRONTIERS ASSIGNED TO THE NEW JEWISH STATE UNDER THE UNITED NATIONS PARTITION SCHEME.

IT IS BELIEVED IN TEL AVIV THAT THE FIGHTING AT LATRUN WILL DETERMINE THE FATE OF JERUSALEM. SHOULD THE ARABS CAPTURE ALL OF JERUSALEM THEY THEN PROBABLY WOULD BE ABLE TO MOVE IN FORCE AGAINST THE JEWISH COASTAL STRIP.

OTHER INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENTS:

APPROXIMATELY 8,000,000 CITIZENS OF CZECHOSLOVAKIA WILL VOTE TODAY (SUNDAY) FOR A NEW PARLIAMENT. THE RESULTS ARE KNOWN BEFORE THE POLLS OPEN. THE ELECTION HAS BEEN STACKED IN FAVOR OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY WHICH HAS CONTROLLED THE GOVERNMENT SINCE FEBRUARY.

IN SOUTH AFRICA THERE WAS SPECULATION WHETHER FIELD MARSHAL JAN CHRISTIAAN SMUTS WOULD STAY IN POLITICS. SMUTS' GOVERNMENT WAS UPSET AND HE LOST HIS OWN PARLIAMENTARY SEAT IN THE SURPRISING NATIONALIST VICTORY TUESDAY.

FIELD MARSHAL VISCOUNT MONTGOMERY, CHIEF OF THE BRITISH IMPERIAL GENERAL STAFF, ANNOUNCED PLANS FOR A CONCENTRATED STUDY OF CIVILIAN DEFENSE AGAINST ATTACKS BY ATOM BOMBS. HE MADE THE ANNOUNCEMENT AS THE TOP ARMY OFFICERS OF THE BRITISH EMPIRE CONCLUDED A WEEK OF CONFERENCES AT CAMBERLEY, ENGLAND.

IS630PED

THREE AMERICAN GENERALS ATTENDED THE CAMBERLEY EXERCISES. THEY WERE LT. GEN. ALVAN C. GILLEM, JR., AND MAJ. GEN. ROBERT S. BEIGHTLER, OF THE GROUND FORCES AND LT. GEN. EDWARD R. QUESADA OF THE AIR FORCES. *ADD Camberley (IN MONTGOMERY) XXX 1950*
RQ357PED

PRECEDE PARIS

LONDON, MAY 29-(AP)-AMERICAN DIPLOMATS REPORTED TODAY THE SIX-COUNTRY CONFERENCE ON WESTERN GERMANY'S FUTURE REACHED AGREEMENT "ON ALL BUT A FEW POLITICAL QUESTIONS." A COMMUNIQUE ON RESULTS WILL BE ISSUED EARLY NEXT WEEK.

THERE WAS NO PLENARY SESSION OF THE UNITED STATES, BRITISH, FRENCH, BELGIUM, NETHERLANDS AND LUXEMBOURG DELEGATIONS CALLED FOR TODAY. THE ECONOMIC AND SECURITY COMMITTEES MET TO DRAFT REPORTS IN WHICH THEY WILL PRESENT RECOMMENDATIONS TO THEIR GOVERNMENTS FOR APPROVAL.

A THIRD CONFERENCE COMMITTEE--POLITICAL QUESTIONS--REMAINED TIED UP IN AN ARGUMENT OVER WHETHER DELEGATES TO A CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY FOR WESTERN GERMANY ABOUT SEPT. 1 WILL BE ELECTED OR APPOINTED.

UNDER PRESENT PLANS THE ASSEMBLY WILL DRAFT A GERMAN CONSTITUTION. THE U.S. DELEGATION HAS BEEN PRESSING FOR ELECTION OF THE DELEGATES UNDER THE CONVICTION THAT THE PROCEDURE WOULD REFLECT A STRONG SWING TO THE RIGHT AMONG THE GERMAN PEOPLE.

THE FRENCH HAVE INSISTED UPON THEIR APPOINTMENT. INFORMED SOURCES SAID THE FRENCH STAND WAS TAKEN AT THE INSISTENCE OF STRONG LEFT OF CENTER FORCES AT HOME.

ME743AED

ATHENS, MAY 29-(AP)-PREMIER THEMISTOKLES SOPHOULIS SAID TODAY GREEK ARMY OPERATIONS AGAINST GUERRILLAS IN THE LAST TWO MONTHS HAD BEEN HIGHLY SUCCESSFUL.

IN A STATEMENT HE SAID THERE WOULD BE NO "DEVIATION" FROM PRESENT MILITARY PLANS. THESE PLANS WERE PREPARED WITH THE HELP OF AN AMERICAN MILITARY MISSION AND CALL FOR OPERATIONS LARGELY IN NORTHERN GREECE.

WHEN HE SAID THERE WOULD BE NO "DEVIATION" SOPHOULIS PROBABLY WAS TAKING NOTE, POLITICAL SOURCES SAID, OF PROSPECTIVE TROUBLE IN PARLIAMENT WHICH REASSEMBLES JUNE 1.

DEPUTIES FROM PELOPONNESUS HAVE BEEN DEMANDING THAT LARGE FORCES OF GREEK TROOPS BE DIVERTED TO THEIR DISTRICT. SOME POLITICAL SOURCES SAID THAT A UNIFIED STAND BY LIBERAL AND POPULIST DEPUTIES COULD PROVOKE A GOVERNMENT CRISIS AND POSSIBLE COLLAPSE OF THE CABINET.

PERSONS CLOSE TO THE GOVERNMENT HAVE SAID THAT THE U.S. MILITARY MISSION WAS OPPOSED TO ANY CHANGES IN THE MAJOR PLAN FOR BEATING THE GUERRILLAS DESPITE CLAMOR FOR OPERATIONS ELSEWHERE. THE AMERICANS WERE SAID TO FEEL THAT THE BATTLE WILL BE DECIDED IN THE NORTH AND THERE ARE NOT ENOUGH TROOPS TO BE SENT SOUTHWARD.

RW/MD902PED

WARSAW, MAY 29-(AP)-THE POLISH GOVERNMENT TODAY ACCUSED THE UNITED STATES STATE DEPARTMENT OF SETTING UP FALSE CLAIMS "TO DETER U.S. CITIZENS FROM VISITING POLAND."

A POLISH COMMUNIQUE DESCRIBED AS "INCONSISTENT WITH THE TRUE STATE OF AFFAIRS" A U.S. STATE DEPARTMENT STATEMENT THAT POLAND HAD MADE IMPOSSIBLE ANY WORK ON THE AMERICAN CITIZENSHIP CLAIMS OF 20,000 POLISH RESIDENTS.

"THERE IS NO FOUNDATION FOR FRIGHTENING UNITED STATES CITIZENS OF POLISH DESCENT. NO QUESTION WAS EVER RAISED ON PERSONS ARRIVING IN POLAND WITH A UNITED STATES PASSPORT," THE COMMUNIQUE SAID.

THE POLISH STATEMENT SAID POLAND'S APPLICATION OF HER CITIZENSHIP LAWS "SHOULD NOT BE INTERPRETED AS ONE MORE STEP TOWARDS MAKING DIFFICULT CONTACT BETWEEN AMERICAN POLES AND POLAND."

THE U.S. STATE DEPARTMENT ANNOUNCED ON TUESDAY THE BREAK UP OF THE POLISH-AMERICAN COMMISSION TO STUDY CLAIMS TO AMERICAN CITIZENSHIP

BY PERSONS RESIDING IN POLAND.

THE POLISH COMMUNIQUE SAID THE COMMISSION WAS SET UP TO INVESTIGATE THE CLAIMS OF 63 PERSONS HELD IN JAILS AND THAT NO MENTION HAD EVER BEEN MADE OF THE 20,000 REFERRED TO BY THE STATE DEPARTMENT."

THE COMMUNIQUE ADDED THAT 24 PERSONS HAD BEEN RELEASED. IT SAID THE OTHERS WERE SHOWN TO HAVE BEEN BORN IN THE UNITED STATES OF POLISH PARENTS BUT HAD NEVER ASSERTED THEIR RIGHTS AS FOREIGNERS AND WERE POLISH CITIZENS.

G237PED

PRAGUE, CZECHOSLOVAKIA, MAY 29-(AP)-LT. FRANTISEK OUREDNICEK, AN OFFICER ON THE INACTIVE LIST OF THE CZECH ARMY, HAS BEEN CONVICTED BY COURT MARTIAL FOR AGITATING IN FAVOR OF A BLANK BALLOT PROTEST VOTE IN TOMORROW'S ELECTIONS. HE WAS SENTENCED TO TWO MONTHS IN PRISON AND REDUCED TO A PRIVATE. JS611PED

PRAGUE, CZECHOSLOVAKIA, MAY 29--(AP)--U. S. AMBASSADOR LAURENCE

A. STEINHARDT SAYS PRESIDENT EDUARD BENES IS "RELATIVELY WELL, CONSIDERING HIS AGE AND CONDITION."

MAY 1948

STEINHARDT CALLED ON BENES YESTERDAY AT THE PRESIDENT'S HOME IN SEZIMOVO USTI. THE AMBASSADOR NOW CARRIED GREETINGS TO BENES ON HIS 64TH BIRTHDAY.

"WE HAD AN ANIMATED CONVERSATION FOR ABOUT AN HOUR," STEINHARDT SAID. "THE PRESIDENT SEEMED IN RELATIVELY GOOD HEALTH AND SPIRITS."

RECENT REPORTS FROM LONDON SAID BENES HAD SUFFERED TWO SEVERE STROKES AND THAT HIS RECOVERY WAS UNCERTAIN. HIS ELDER BROTHER, JAN, SAID

THURSDAY NIGHT THAT THE PRESIDENT WAS GRAVELY ILL AND HE HAD PAID HIS

LAST FAREWELLS BEFORE LEAVING FOR THE UNITED STATES.

FRIENDS OF BENES SAID TODAY, HOWEVER, THAT BENES HAD SEEN LITTLE OF HIS BROTHER THE PAST YEAR AND THE STATE OF THE PRESIDENT'S HEALTH COMPARED TO A YEAR AGO MUST HAVE FURNISHED A CONTRAST THAT IMPRESSED JAN UNFAVORABLY.

MAY 1948

MB/RPT/425P

PRECEDE BERLIN
MOSCOW, MAY 29-(AP)-U.S. AMBASSADOR WALTER BEDELL SMITH RETURNED TO MOSCOW TODAY FROM A FISHING TRIP IN FRANCE. HE HAD BEEN AWAY SINCE MAY 10. MOST OF THE AMERICAN COLONY WERE NOT ON HAND TO GREET HIM, HAVING GONE UP THE VOLGA RIVER FOR A MEMORIAL DAY PICNIC. RQ1207PED

BERLIN, MAY 29-(AP)-U.S. AMBASSADOR WALTER B. SMITH LEFT BY PLANE TODAY TO RETURN TO HIS POST IN MOSCOW. SMITH, WHO HAS BEEN ON A FISHING HOLIDAY IN FRANCE, STOPPED OVER FOR TWO DAYS AS A GUEST AT THE HOME OF GEN. LUCIUS D. CLAY, AMERICAN MILITARY GOVERNOR IN GERMANY. MT3336AED

30.24-18143

JOGJAKARTA, INDONESIA, MAY 29-(AP)-MOHAMED HATTA, VICE PRESIDENT AND PREMIER OF THE INDONESIAN REPUBLIC, PLANNED A CABINET SHUFFLE TODAY AND INDICATED THE MOVE MIGHT BE BECAUSE OF DISSENSION ARISING FROM RUSSIAN RECOGNITION OF THE REPUBLIC.

AN OFFICIAL STATEMENT SAID THE GOVERNMENT HAS NO OFFICIAL KNOWLEDGE OF RUSSIA'S ANNOUNCEMENT THAT THE SOVIET UNION HAS AGREED TO EXCHANGE DIPLOMATIC REPRESENTATIVES WITH THE REPUBLIC. THE STATEMENT SAID THE RUSSIAN ANNOUNCEMENT WAS POSSIBLY A UNILATERAL MOVE BY THE SOVIETS.

THE STATEMENT ACKNOWLEDGED THAT IF SOERIPINO, REPUBLICAN REPRESENTATIVE IN PRAGUE, ACTUALLY HAD ESTABLISHED RELATIONS WITH THE SOVIET UNION, HE WOULD HAVE SOME BASIS FOR HIS ACTION. HE WAS GIVEN SUCH AUTHORITY LAST YEAR, BEFORE THE RENVILLE AGREEMENT, WHEN THE REPUBLIC FELT ITSELF STILL UNDER THE THREAT OF DUTCH MILITARY ACTION AND WAS SEEKING RELATIONS WITH CENTRAL AND EASTERN EUROPEAN STATES.

THE GOVERNMENT SAID SOERIPINO HAD BEEN RECALLED TO MAKE A REPORT ON HIS ACTIVITIES. THE STATEMENT ADDED THAT THE REPUBLIC WAS MAINTAINING ITS PLEDGE NOT TO EXPAND ITS FOREIGN RELATIONS, AS PROMISED IN THE RENVILLE TRUCE.

G934AED

BY RUSSELL BRINES

TOKYO, MAY 29-(AP)-GENERAL MACARTHUR APPEARED READY TODAY TO PLAN HIS FIRST TRIP TO CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES IN 11 YEARS -- AFTER THE ~~THE~~ POLITICAL CONVENTIONS.

AS MATTERS NOW STAND HE IS AWAITING ANOTHER INVITATION FROM THE SENATE APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE TO APPEAR IN WASHINGTON SOMETIME AFTER THE NATIONAL CONVENTIONS. HE REJECTED THE COMMITTEE'S REQUEST TO START HOME WITHIN A FEW DAYS ON THE GROUNDS THIS TIMING WOULD APPEAR TO BE "POLITICALLY INSPIRED."

THERE WAS A NOTE OF CONSISTENCY IN THIS POSITION. THE GENERAL HAS INSISTED HIS PERSONAL POLITICAL AMBITIONS WERE TO BE KEPT SEPARATE FROM HIS POSITION AS SUPREME COMMANDER OF ALLIED POWERS IN JAPAN. THIS, OF COURSE, WOULD VIRTUALLY BE IMPOSSIBLE IF HE APPEARED AROUND THE TIME OF THE REPUBLICAN CONVENTION IN PHILADELPHIA.

BUT AFTER JUNE HE SAID "I SHOULD FEEL FREE TO PLACE MYSELF FULLY AT YOUR DISPOSAL" TO CLARIFY ORIENTAL ISSUES WHICH WILL BE JUST AS COMPLEX IN JULY AS NOW.

THIS SEEMED TO MAKE A SECOND INVITATION INEVITABLE. ANY RELUCTANCE BY THE SENATE COMMITTEE TO SEEK HIS GUIDANCE AT A LATER DATE COULD BE CONSTRUED AS A DISTINCT REBUFF FOR MACARTHUR AND AS CONVINCING EVIDENCE THE ORIGINAL INVITATION WAS MEANT PRIMARILY FOR POLITICAL REASONS.

THERE IS SOME OPINION HERE THAT THE GENERAL IS MERELY AWAITING A MORE PEREMPTORY SUMMONS TO RETURN HOME IN ADVANCE OF THE REPUBLICAN CONVENTION. THE CHANCES THAT THIS MIGHT COME FROM WASHINGTON APPEARED WEAKENED, HOWEVER, BY PRESIDENT TRUMAN'S STATEMENT THAT THE FINAL DECISION ON HIS RETURN WAS UP TO MACARTHUR.

IN MAKING KNOWN HIS DECISION, MACARTHUR PUT HIMSELF ON A LONG LIMB IF HE HAD SUCH AN IDEA IN MIND. FOR ONE THING, HIS PARTIAL REJECTION REFUTED THE MOST LOGICAL ARGUMENT THAT COULD BE OFFERED FOR DEMANDING HIS IMMEDIATE PRESENCE -- THAT ORIENTAL EVENTS WOULD NOT WAIT.

A67FX

MACARTHUR SAID HE SAW NOTHING TO MAKE THE "TIME ELEMENT ONE OF

PARAMOUNT URGENCY" AND TOLD THE SENATE COMMITTEE THAT HE WAS "HOPEFUL THAT YOU WILL FIND MY APPEARANCE AT SUCH LATER DATE NO LESS SATISFACTORY FOR YOUR PURPOSES."

IT MIGHT BE INCOMPREHENSIBLE TO INTERPRET MACARTHUR'S REFUSAL OF THIS POSSIBLE POLITICAL "LAST CHANCE" FOR A TIMELY HOMECOMING SOLELY IN THE TERMS OF HIS KNOWN DESIRE FOR THE PRESIDENTIAL NOMINATION.

TO GET THE NOMINATION BY THIS TYPE OF PERSONAL ASSAULT WOULD REQUIRE THAT MACARTHUR RESIGN AS ALLIED COMMANDER AND AS A FIVE STAR GENERAL.

ARMY REGULATIONS PREVENT HIS RETAINING HIS ACTIVE STATUS AND CAMPAIGNING AGAINST HIS COMMANDER IN CHIEF, PRESIDENT TRUMAN. ALSO, AS A LIFELONG

ARMY REGULATIONS PREVENT HIS RETAINING HIS ACTIVE STATUS AND CAMPAIGNING AGAINST HIS COMMANDER IN CHIEF, PRESIDENT TRUMAN. ALSO, AS A LIFELONG MILITARIST, MACARTHUR HAS SUCH AN OVERPOWERING SENSE OF DUTY THAT HE PROBABLY WOULD CONSIDER RETIREMENT NECESSARY EVEN FOR AN INDIRECT CAMPAIGN INVOLVING HIS PERSONAL APPEARANCE.

RETIREMENT WOULD MEAN THE RISK OF COMPLETE REMOVAL FROM PUBLIC LIFE UNLESS IT BROUGHT HIM A HIGH POLITICAL OFFICE. HE REFUSED TO MAKE THAT GAMBLE EVEN AT THE OUTSET OF HIS CANDIDACY WHEN HIS CHANCES APPEARED CONSIDERABLY STRONGER THAN NOW.

THE GENERAL ALWAYS HAS SHOWN THAT HE WANTED THE NOMINATION HANDED TO HIM. HE HAS GIVEN NO INDICATION THAT HE IS WILLING TO GIVE UP HIS HIGH OFFICE ON VAGUE PROSPECTS ALONE. NEITHER HAS HE SHOWN ANY INCLINATION TO WELCOME IDLE RETIREMENT.

BUT IT HAS BECOME INCREASINGLY CLEAR THAT FOR OTHER REASONS MACARTHUR WOULD LIKE TO VISIT THE UNITED STATES. FOR ONE THING HE WANTS TO MAKE SURE HIS ORIENTAL RECOVERY PROGRAM WITH JAPAN AS ITS CORE IS PUT ACROSS. FURTHERMORE, IT IS ONLY NATURAL THAT HE WOULD LIKE TO HEAR THE APPLAUSE ACCORDED A HOMECOMING GENERAL WHILE HE STILL IS IN A TOP POSITION AND AT A TIME WHEN HE FEELS HE COULD AFFORD TO BE ABSENT FROM JAPAN.

X4APD NM

(ADVANCE) NARA, JAPAN, SUNDAY, MAY 30-(AP)-THE OCCUPATION'S LABOR CHIEF WARNED JAPANESE RAILWAY UNIONISTS TODAY AGAINST ADVOCATES OF "VIOLENCE AND REVOLUTION" WHO SEEK TO FORM A "CLASSLESS SOCIETY."

THE UNION, LARGEST IN JAPAN, IS IN CONVENTION IN THIS OLD SHRINE CITY. JAMES KILLEN, HEAD OF THE OCCUPATION HEADQUARTERS LABOR DIVISION, DECLARED THE LABOR MOVEMENT WOULD "DETERMINE WHETHER OR NOT JAPANESE WORKERS WILL ENJOY THE FRUITS OF DEMOCRACY."

HE COUNSELED THE UNIONISTS TO ATTAIN A "TRULY INDEPENDENT FINANCIAL POSITION," PRACTICE SELF-DISCIPLINE AND GUARD AGAINST TOTALITARIANISM AND REGIMENTATION.

HE CONCLUDED BY READING A MESSAGE FROM WILLIAM GREEN, PRESIDENT OF THE AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR, PLEDGING "OUR DEEP INTEREST IN THEIR (JAPANESE WORKERS') SUCCESS AND WELFARE AND WILLINGNESS TO CO-OPERATE AND HELP THEM IN EVERY POSSIBLE WAY."

(END ADVANCE FOR USE AT 9 P.M., EST, TONIGHT, SATURDAY, MAY 29)

ET121PCS

MANILA, MAY 29-(AP)-MRS. JOSEFINA GUERRERO, FRAIL LEPER HEROINE OF THE WAR, TODAY RECEIVED THE MEDAL OF FREEDOM WITH A SILVER PALM IN A SPECIAL CEREMONY AT A LEPROSARIUM.

STANDING BETWEEN CARDINAL SPELLMAN OF NEW YORK AND MSGR. DENNIS J. O'DOHERTY OF MANILA, SHE RECEIVED THE MEDAL FROM MAJ. GEN. GEORGE F. MOORE, COMMANDER OF AMERICAN TROOPS IN THE PHILIPPINES.

MOORE TOLD THE 1,000 AMBULATORY PATIENTS THAT THE WORK MRS. GUERRERO DID IN FEEDING INTERNEES AND LEARNING JAPANESE MILITARY SECRETS SHOWED "MORE COURAGE THAN THAT OF A SOLDIER ON THE FIELD OF BATTLE."

CARDINAL SPELLMAN CALLED HER A "HERINE OF THE CROSS" AND PRESENTED HER WITH A RELIGIOUS MEDAL.

MRS. GUERRERO'S CONDITION WAS DISCOVERED BY AN AMERICAN DOCTOR DURING THE BATTLE OF MANILA WHILE SHE WAS GIVING FIRST AID IN THE FRONT LINES.

EFFORTS ARE BEING MADE TO HAVE HER TRANSFERRED TO A LEPROSARIUM IN THE UNITED STATES.

X556APD

BUENOS AIRES, MAY 29-(AP)-ARGENTINA PROMISED TODAY TO RETURN TO "A TRADITIONAL POLICY OF THE FREE MOVEMENT OF CAPITAL" AS SOON AS HER DOLLAR SHORTAGE ENDS.

MAY 1948

MIGUEL MIRANDA, PRESIDENT OF THE NATIONAL ECONOMIC COUNCIL, MADE THE PROMISE AT A NEWS CONFERENCE. HE SAID MARSHALL PLAN PURCHASES OF ARGENTINE FOOD FOR EUROPE WILL HELP TO START THE FLOW OF DOLLARS AGAIN.

AN ARGENTINE CENTRAL BANK ORDER OF MAY 14 HALTED ALL TRANSFERS OF DOLLARS AND OTHER HARD CURRENCIES ABROAD IN PAYMENT FOR IMPORTS. OUTSTANDING IMPORT PERMITS ARE BEING RE-EXAMINED AND THE MORE IMPORTANT GET PRIORITY. MIRANDA HAS PROMISED THAT NO PERMITS WILL BE REPUDIATED.

MIRANDA SAID HE WANTED TO REASSURE FOREIGN BUSINESS INTERESTS WHICH HAD BEEN DISTURBED BY THE SUSPENSION OF NORMAL EXCHANGE OPERATIONS. HIS CONFERENCE WAS ARRANGED AT THE BEHEST OF A NEW ORLEANS DELEGATION OF BUSINESSMEN HERE COMPLETING A TOUR OF ARGENTINA. THE BUSINESSMEN ENTERTAINED PRESIDENT JUAN D. PERON AT DINNER LAST NIGHT AND URGED

PUBLIC ASSURANCES THAT FOREIGN INVESTMENTS WOULD BE RESPECTED.

"THE POLICY OF THE ARGENTINE GOVERNMENT," MIRANDA TOLD THE NEWSMEN, "IS TO TREAT FOREIGN CAPITAL THE SAME AS DOMESTIC CAPITAL. UNITED STATES BUSINESS SHOULD NOT LOSE CONFIDENCE IN THIS COUNTRY. THE FUTURE OF CAPITALISM OF THE WORLD IS IN ARGENTINA."

ALTHOUGH THERE ARE NO IMMEDIATE MARSHALL PLAN PURCHASES IN PROSPECT, MIRANDA INDICATED THE DOLLAR SHORTAGE MIGHT BE LESSENER SOON.

HE SAID RESTRICTIONS ON REMITTANCE PROFITS IN HARD CURRENCY, IMPOSED A YEAR AGO, WERE TEMPORARY AND WILL BE LIFTED AS SOON AS DOLLAR EXCHANGE WAS AVAILABLE.

NORTH AMERICAN BUSINESS INTERESTS ESTIMATE THAT MORE THAN \$25,000,000 IS NOW TIED UP HERE BECAUSE OF THE RESTRICTIONS.

REFERRING TO CRITICISM OF ARGENTINA'S HIGH EXPORT PRICES, MIRANDA SAID THE GOVERNMENT SOLD CORN TO THE UNITED STATES AT THE CHICAGO PRICE AND "THAT CAN BE TAKEN AS A PRECEDENT OF THE PRICE POLICY WITH RESPECT TO THE MARSHALL PLAN." HE SAID THE PRICE POLICY IS BASED ON EQUALITY OF TREATMENT AND ARGENTINA WILL BE WILLING TO SELL AT WORLD PRICES IF THE UNITED STATES WILL SELL TO ARGENTINA AT DOMESTIC MARKET PRICES.

WB343PFD

(550) EUROPEAN
BY JOHN M. NIGHTOWER

WASHINGTON, MAY 29-(AP)-FRANCE AND SEVERAL OTHER WESTERN EUROPEAN NATIONS ARE REPORTED TO BE AFRAID THAT THE UNITED STATES MAY NOT PROTECT THEM OR SUPPORT THEM IF THEY HAVE FUTURE TROUBLE WITH EITHER RUSSIA OR GERMANY.

FRENCH FEARS THAT AMERICAN PROMISES THUS FAR MADE MAY BE INADEQUATE AND UNRELIABLE WERE REPORTED TODAY IN A NEWS DISPATCH FROM PARIS. THE DISPATCH SAID FRENCH FOREIGN MINISTER BIDAULT HAS APPEALED DIRECTLY TO SECRETARY OF STATE MARSHALL FOR AMERICAN MILITARY GUARANTEES.

ADMINISTRATION OFFICIALS HERE SAID THEY KNEW OF NO SUCH DIRECT APPEAL. BUT THEY ADDED THERE WAS NO QUESTION THAT THE PARIS DISPATCH REFLECTED THE HIGH DEGREE OF UNCERTAINTY OVER AMERICAN POLICY WHICH THE FRENCH RECENTLY HAVE BEEN EXPRESSING TO AMERICAN OFFICIALS HERE AND IN LONDON AND PARIS.

TO A GREATER OR LESS DEGREE, OTHER COUNTRIES APPEAR BY NO MEANS YET CONVINCED THAT THE UNITED STATES CAN BE FULLY RELIED UPON FOR PROLONGED HELP TO THE ANTI-COMMUNIST COUNTRIES OF WESTERN EUROPE.

SECRETARY OF STATE MARSHALL TOLD A PORTLAND, ORE. AUDIENCE LAST NIGHT THAT ONE OF THE REQUIREMENTS OF U.S. LEADERSHIP OF THE WESTERN WORLD IS CONSISTENT SUPPORT OF SUCH POLICIES AS THE EUROPEAN RECOVERY PROGRAM ONCE THEY ARE DETERMINED UPON. MARSHALL ADMITTED, PERHAPS MORE FREELY THAN ANY TOP OFFICIAL HAD PREVIOUSLY DONE IN PUBLIC, THAT THE PEOPLE OF EUROPE ARE STILL FEARFUL THAT THE UNITED STATES WILL NOT STAND BY ITS ANNOUNCED POLICIES IF A SHOWDOWN COMES.

THIS CONDITION HANDICAPS THE REALIZATION OF AMERICAN POLICY IN EUROPE. THIS POLICY IS AIMED AT PROMOTING THE ORGANIZATION OF A POWERFUL WESTERN EUROPEAN UNION, ECONOMICALLY AND MILITARILY ABLE TO RESTORE THE BALANCE OF POWER BETWEEN RUSSIA AND WESTERN EUROPE. THE POLICY IS BEING WORKED OUT ON THE SELF-HELP PRINCIPLE--THE UNITED STATES PROMISING TO GIVE THE EUROPEANS WHATEVER ASSISTANCE THEY REQUIRE BEYOND THEIR COMBINED ABILITIES IN ORDER TO GET BACK ON THEIR FEET.

BUT WHAT WORRIES THE FRENCH, BELGIANS, DUTCH AND SOME OTHER WESTERN EUROPEANS IS THIS: IF THESE SELF-HELP MEASURES ALARM THE RUSSIANS AND THE RUSSIANS MARCH AGAINST WESTERN EUROPE, WILL THE UNITED STATES SAVE THEM?

THE ISSUE HAS COME TO A HEAD IN THE LAST FEW DAYS IN TALKS GOING ON IN LONDON AMONG THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN, FRANCE, AND THE LOW COUNTRIES OVER THE FUTURE OF WESTERN GERMANY. THE FRENCH HAVE MADE IT VERY CLEAR THAT THEY ARE FEARFUL AN AGREEMENT ON A WESTERN GERMAN GOVERNMENT MIGHT PROVOKE THE RUSSIANS, AND THAT EVEN IF THE RUSSIANS CAUSED NO TROUBLE THE GERMANS THEMSELVES IN THE LONG FUTURE MIGHT DO SO.

ACTUALLY, STATE DEPARTMENT AUTHORITIES POINTED OUT TODAY, THE UNITED STATES HAS REACHED THE END OF ITS ROPE FOR THIS YEAR. BARRING SOME DRAMATIC NEW UPHEAVAL IN THE WORLD WHICH WOULD FORCE A SPECIAL SESSION OF CONGRESS, THE ADMINISTRATION NOW HAS NO CHANCE OF MAKING ANY MILITARY COMMITMENTS TO WESTERN EUROPE THIS YEAR.

IN THE CIRCUMSTANCES, AMERICAN OFFICIALS ARE REPORTED TO BE RE-ASSURING THE FRENCH AND OTHER WESTERN EUROPEANS BY STRESSING FIVE FUNDAMENTALS IN AMERICAN RELATIONS WITH EUROPE AS THEY NOW STAND:

1. THE PRESENCE OF AMERICAN TROOPS IN GERMANY -- A THIN LINE THOUGHT THEY FORM -- PROVIDES THE BEST GUARANTEE THAT IF THE RUSSIANS TRY TO INVADE THE WEST THE UNITED STATES WILL FIGHT.

2. PRESIDENT TRUMAN HAS ALREADY GONE AS FAR AS ANY CHIEF EXECUTIVE COULD IN PROMISING AMERICAN SUPPORT FOR THE DEVELOPING MILITARY ALLIANCE IN WESTERN EUROPE.

3. THE MULTI-BILLION EUROPEAN RECOVERY PROGRAM ALREADY PROVIDES

CONCRETE EVIDENCE OF THE PRICE WHICH THE UNITED STATES IS WILLING TO PAY TO RESTORE A STRONG AND HEALTHY EUROPE, PROVIDE THE EUROPEANS WILL TRY TO HELP THEMSELVES.

4. SENATOR VANDENBERG'S UNITED NATIONS RESOLUTION, WHICH THE SENATE IS DUE TO APPROVE BEFORE ADJOURNMENT, SHOULD PROVIDE PROOF THAT CONGRESS FAVORS THE CREATION OF ONE OR MORE WESTERN DEFENSE SYSTEMS WITH AMERICAN BACKING.

5. PERHAPS THE MOST IMPORTANT OF ALL, THE UNITED STATES, WHICH RACED INTO DEMOBILIZATION AT THE END OF THE WAR, IS NOW REARMING HEAVILY.

PF325PED

(260) WASHINGTON, MAY 29-(AP)-THE UNITED STATES HAS MADE THE GREATEST STEP FORWARD IN HUMAN MORALITY IN HISTORY, A WAR CRIMES TRIAL JUDGE DECLARES.

THE TRIALS OF NAZI WAR CRIMINALS HAVE MUCH MORE PURPOSE THAN PUNISHMENT FOR THE MASS KILLINGS ORDERED BY HITLER, CAPT. MICHAEL A. MUSMANNO SAID IN AN INTERVIEW.

MUSMANNO, PRESIDING JUDGE IN THE TRIAL OF A SCORE OF NAZIS FOR WANTON SLAUGHTER OF ONE MILLION MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN, HAS JUST RETURNED FROM GERMANY. HE WILL SHORTLY LEAVE THE NAVY FOR HIS FORMER JUDGESHIP IN THE PITTSBURGH COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.

"WE HAVE ESTABLISHED A PRECEDENT--A LAW OF HUMANITY--A TOWER OF JUSTICE FOR ALL MANKIND," HE SAID. "IT IS OF TREMENDOUS IMPORTANCE THAT HUMANITY CAN BE DEFENDED IN COURT. X X X

"NOW THERE IS A LAW--AN INTERNATIONAL LAW, AND WHERE LAW EXISTS A COURT WILL RISE. THE COURT OF HUMANITY WILL NEVER ADJOURN. THAT IS THE GREAT ACHIEVEMENT--LARGELY OVERSHADOWED BY THE DETAILED HORRORS OF THE TRIALS."

A LIFELONG OPPONENT OF CAPITAL PUNISHMENT, MUSMANNO SAID HE WORRIED HOW HE WOULD BE ABLE TO ORDER THE DEATH PENALTY WHEN THE TIME CAME.

HE SENTENCED 14 MEN TO THE GALLOWS, SEVEN TO LONG IMPRISONMENT, ACQUITTED ONE.

"ACTUALLY, IT WAS VERY EASY," HE SAID QUIETLY. "IT WAS NOT VENGEANCE--YOU COULD NOT POSSIBLY PUNISH FOR SUCH ENORMOUS CRIMES. WHAT COULD YOU DO THAT WOULD EVEN FAINTLY COMPENSATE FOR THE INNOCENT DEAD? IT WAS NECESSARY THE GUILTY DIE AS A DETERRENT TO OTHERS, BUT THAT WAS ALL. THERE WAS NO VENGEANCE."

NOTHING ANGERS THE QUIET JUDGE SO QUICKLY AS THE SUGGESTION THAT LOSERS OF A FUTURE WAR WILL BE PUT TO DEATH BY THE VICTORS, BECAUSE OF THE PRECEDENT SET BY THE NUREMBERG TRIALS.

"A BRIGADIER GENERAL SAID THAT TO ME ONCE," HE RECALLED. "HE SAID, 'WHAT WILL HAPPEN TO US IF WE LOSE A WAR?'"

"I SAID, 'MY DEAR BRIGADIER GENERAL, IF YOU DO WHAT THESE MEN DID, WHETHER WE WIN OR LOSE A WAR, YOU SHOULD BE TAKEN OUT AND HANGED BY THE NECK UNTIL YOU ARE DEAD!'"

VX540PED NM

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, MAY 29-(AP)-THE VETERANS ADMINISTRATION TODAY ANNOUNCED FIRMER CONTROLS OVER THE TUITION RATES CHARGED BY SOME PRIVATE SCHOOLS FOR TRAINING VETERANS UNDER THE GI BILL OF RIGHTS.

IT SAID THE CHANGES IN CONTRACT REQUIREMENTS, TO TAKE EFFECT JULY 1, ARE INTENDED TO "CORRECT AND ELIMINATE ABUSES IN TUITION CHARGES THAT WERE UNCOVERED IN RECENT MONTHS."

THE NEW REGULATIONS WILL REQUIRE THAT THE SCHOOLS SHOW THAT THEIR CHARGES ARE NOT EXCESSIVE FOR THE SERVICES THEY OFFER VETERANS WHO ENROLL. THE RATES WILL TAKE ACCOUNT OF ADVERTISING EXPENSES AND OPERATING COSTS, AND WILL ALLOW FOR A MAXIMUM PROFIT OF 10 PER CENT.

VA SAID THE NEW CONTRACT REQUIREMENTS AFFECT ONLY THE FOLLOWING TYPES OF SCHOOLS WHOSE ENROLLMENTS CONSIST MOSTLY OF VETERANS:

(1) SCHOOLS ESTABLISHED SINCE ENACTMENT OF THE GI BILL, AND (2) SCHOOLS WHOSE CHARGES HAVE INCREASED MATERIALLY SINCE THE PROGRAM BEGAN.

(END ADVANCE FOR USE AT 6 P.M. EASTERN STANDARD TIME SATURDAY, MAY 29)

PF413PED

NIGHT LEAD WALLACE

BY ED CREAGH

WASHINGTON, MAY 29-(AP)-HENRY A. WALLACE DENOUNCED THE MUNDT-NIXON ANTI-COMMUNISM BILL TODAY AS "THE MOST SUBVERSIVE LEGISLATION EVER TO BE SERIOUSLY SPONSORED IN THE UNITED STATES CONGRESS."

"WE CAN'T HAVE PEACE WITH RUSSIA IF WE APPROACH RUSSIA WITH THE ATOM BOMB IN ONE HAND AND THE MUNDT BILL IN THE OTHER," THE THIRD PARTY PRESIDENTIAL CANDIDATE DECLARED.

WALLACE AND NORMAN THOMAS, SOCIALIST CANDIDATE FOR PRESIDENT, WERE THE DAY'S STAR WITNESSES BEFORE THE SENATE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE.

THEY JOINED IN SAYING THE BILL, AIMED AT FOREIGN-DIRECTED CONSPIRACIES TO OVERTHROW THE U.S. GOVERNMENT, IS A DANGEROUS ONE--BUT THERE THEY PARTED COMPANY.

THE GREY-HAIRED THOMAS TOLD THE SENATORS THAT WALLACE'S THIRD PARTY IS "LARGELY" CONTROLLED BY COMMUNISTS. HE ADDED:

"DON'T LET ME GIVE THE IMPRESSION THAT HENRY WALLACE IS A COMMUNIST. I SUSPECT THAT THE COMMUNISTS HAVE SECRET SESSIONS IN WHICH THEY RATHER DEPLORE SOME OF MR. WALLACE'S GREGARIOUSNESS. HE IS NOT A COMMUNIST. HE HAPPENS TO BE VERY USEFUL TO THEM NOW."

WALLACE, WEARING A DOUBLE-BREASTED GREY SUIT, WHITE SHIRT AND RED TIE, ATTRACTED AN OVERFLOW CROWD. SOME MEMBERS OF THE AUDIENCE APPLAUDED LOUDLY WHEN HE APPEARED--EIGHT MINUTES LATE--AND AGAIN WHEN SENATORS FINISHED QUESTIONING HIM.

AT ONE POINT WALLACE WAS ASKED IF HIS 3,000-WORD STATEMENT WAS ALL HIS OWN WORK. HE SAID HE SPENT ALL DAY YESTERDAY ON IT; THAT HE HAD DONE MORE WORK ON HIS SPEECH THAN MOST SENATORS DO ON THEIRS. THIS BROUGHT LAUGHTER FROM THE AUDIENCE.

"YOU NEVER HAVE BEEN ELECTED A SENATOR, BUT AS USUAL YOU ARE OMNISCIENT," SNAPPED CHAIRMAN WILEY (R-WIS).

"I'VE HELPED WRITE SPEECHES FOR SENATORS MYSELF," REPLIED THE ONE-TIME VICE-PRESIDENT. AS VICE-PRESIDENT, HE WAS THE SENATE'S PRESIDING OFFICER.

A162WX

WALLACE SAID THE MUNDT-NIXON BILL WAS "A DECLARATION OF WAR ON THE RIGHTS OF FREE SPEECH AND FREE ASSEMBLY." AND HE SAID HE WAS FIGHTING IT AS A BELIEVER IN "OLD-FASHIONED AMERICANISM."

WARMLY, WALLACE SAID THE BILL COULD BE USED TO OUTLAW HIS THIRD PARTY OR ANY ASSOCIATION FOR "THE PEACEFUL ADVOCACY OF COMMON

OBJECTIVES." HE SAID THE BILL MAKES THE ATTORNEY GENERAL "A DICTATOR OVER EVERY ORGANIZATION IN THE LAND."

WALLACE LIKENED THE BILL TO "THE POWER GIVEN TO THE NAZI MINISTER OF THE INTERIOR BY THE FIRST LAWS PASSED AFTER HITLER'S ACCESSION TO POWER." DEPLORING WHAT HE CALLED THE USE OF THE BILL AS AN INSTRUMENT IN THE COLD WAR AGAINST RUSSIA, WALLACE SAID:

"THE FIRST VICTIMS OF THE COLD WAR ARE THE AMERICAN PEOPLE THEMSELVES."

ALL BUT ONE OF TODAY'S WITNESSES WERE AGAINST THE MUNDT-NIXON BILL, WHICH AMONG OTHER THINGS WOULD REQUIRE COMMUNIST AND COMMUNIST-FRONT ORGANIZATIONS TO REGISTER AND WOULD PROVIDE FINES AND JAIL SENTENCES FOR PERSONS ENGAGED IN FOREIGN-DIRECTED CONSPIRACIES.

THE ONE WITNESS FAVORING THE BILL WAS JOHN R. O'BRIEN OF PASSAIC, N.J., APPEARING FOR THE MARINE CORPS LEAGUE, INC., WHO SAID THERE IS DANGER OF MOB VIOLENCE FROM BOTH COMMUNIST AND FASCIST ELEMENTS IN THIS COUNTRY.

THOMAS TOLD THE SENATORS THEY MIGHT BETTER CONCERN THEMSELVES WITH HOUSING AND THE NATIONAL WELL-BEING GENERALLY THAN WITH THE CURB-COMMUNISM BILL.

HE TOOK A DIG AT HAROLD E. STASSEN, REPUBLICAN PRESIDENTIAL CONTENDER, SAYING STASSEN'S SPEECHES INDICATED HE WASN'T VERY CLEAR ON THE DIFFERENCES BETWEEN SOCIALISM AND COMMUNISM.

AS FOR THE AMERICAN COMMUNIST PARTY, THOMAS SAID FLATLY THAT IT'S RUN FROM MOSCOW. HE ADDED THAT IT TOOK HIM MANY YEARS TO LEARN THE COMMUNISTS' TRUE NATURE.

ANOTHER WITNESS WAS ROCKWELL KENT, ARTIST AND WALLACE BACKER, WHO SAID: "WE LIBERALS ARE DESPERATELY AFRAID OF THIS BILL. IT DENIES US THE RIGHT OF FREE ASSOCIATION."

LEON HENDERSON, CHAIRMAN OF AMERICANS FOR DEMOCRATIC ACTION, SAID IN A STATEMENT FILED WITH THE COMMITTEE THAT IF THE BILL BECOMES LAW "YOU MAY EXPECT TO HEAR RADIO MOSCOW ON THE AIR 24 HOURS A DAY TELLING THE WORLD THAT DEMOCRACY HAS ENDED IN THE UNITED STATES."

SENATOR WILEY AT ONE POINT MADE A NEW PROTEST AGAINST TELEGRAMS FLOODING INTO HIS OFFICE BY THE THOUSAND IN OPPOSITION TO THE BILL. HE SAID IT OBVIOUSLY WAS A PRESSURE CAMPAIGN, BUT DECLARED: "THIS COMMITTEE DOESN'T PRESSURE EASILY."

"IF WE ARE GOING TO LISTEN TO THAT KIND OF BUNK, WE MIGHT JUST AS WELL STOP LEGISLATING AND COUNT TELEGRAMS," WILEY SAID. COMMITTEE AIDES HAVE BEEN INSTRUCTED TO SEE IF THEY CAN FIND OUT WHAT PROPORTION OF THE TELEGRAMS ARE COMMUNIST-INSPIRED.

THE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE SCHEDULED AN EXTRA MEETING MONDAY, A HOLIDAY, TO HEAR ADDITIONAL WITNESSES AGAINST THE MUNDT-NIXON BILL.

WALLACE

WASHINGTON, MAY 29-(AP)-THE QUESTION OF WHO WRITES SPEECHES FOR WHOM BROUGHT A LIVELY EXCHANGE TODAY BETWEEN HENRY A. WALLACE AND SENATOR WILEY (R-WIS).

THE SCENE WAS A SENATE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE HEARING ON THE HOUSE APPROVED ANTI-COMMUNISM BILL. WALLACE HAD JUST FINISHED READING A 3,000-WORD STATEMENT OPPOSING THE MEASURE.

"HAVE YOU PERSONALLY PREPARED THIS SPEECH?" WILEY, THE COMMITTEE CHAIRMAN, ASKED.

"I SPENT ALL DAY YESTERDAY ON IT," WALLACE REPLIED.

WILEY SAID THAT DIDN'T ANSWER THE QUESTION.

THE CROWD ROARED AS WALLACE COUNTERED BY SAYING HE HAD BEEN AROUND THE SENATE FOUR YEARS AS VICE-PRESIDENT AND HAD DONE MORE WORK ON HIS

SPEECH THAN MOST SENATORS DO ON THEIRS.

"YOU NEVER HAVE BEEN ELECTED A SENATOR, BUT AS USUAL YOU ARE OMNISCIENT," WILEY SNAPPED.

"I'VE HELPED WRITE SPEECHES FOR SENATORS MYSELF," WALLACE CAME BACK. THE CROWD LAUGHED AGAIN.

"ARE ANY OF THEM HERE?" WILEY WANTED TO KNOW.

"NO," WALLACE SAID, AND CLOSED THE EXCHANGE BY OBSERVING THIS WAS A "DIGNIFIED" SESSION OF THE COMMITTEE AND BOTH SIDES SHOULD OBSERVE IT.

GG1121AED

(ADVANCE)-WASHINGTON, MAY 29 (AP)-TWO SOLDIER HEROES OF THE AMERICAN ARMY, WHOSE ANCESTORS CAME FROM JAPAN, WILL BE BURIED AMONG THIS COUNTRY'S OTHER WAR DEAD IN ARLINGTON NATIONAL CEMETERY.

FOUR GENERALS, FOUR MEMBERS OF CONGRESS AND OTHER HIGH OFFICIALS WILL SERVE AS HONORARY PALLBEARERS AT FUNERAL CEREMONIES NEXT FRIDAY.

THE SOLDIERS ARE PFC FUMITAKE NAGATO, OF ARLINGTON, VA., AND PFC SABURO TANAMACHI, SON OF KAMAZO TANAMACHI, SAN BENITO, TEX.

MEMBERS OF THE 442ND COMBAT TEAM OF JAPANESE-AMERICANS, NAGATO AND TANAMACHI WERE KILLED IN OCTOBER, 1944, WHILE ENGAGED IN THE RESCUE OF A "LOST BATTALION" OF THE 36TH INFANTRY DIVISION FROM A TRAP IN THE VOSGES MOUNTAINS OF EASTERN FRANCE. THEIR REMAINS RECENTLY WERE RETURNED HERE FROM A TEMPORARY MILITARY CEMETERY IN FRANCE.

THE ARMY DESIGNATED AMONG THE HONORARY PALLBEARERS GEN. JACOB L. DEVERS, CHIEF OF ARMY FIELD FORCES, AND THREE MAJOR GENERALS.

(END ADVANCE FOR USE AT 6 P.M., EASTERN STANDARD TIME, TODAY, SATURDAY, MAY 29)

GG410PED

U.N. RUSSIAN WIVES TO SOVIET
LAKE SUCCESS, MAY 29 (AP)-CHILE HAS TAKEN HER ARGUMENT WITH RUSSIA OVER WIVES TO THE UNITED NATIONS.

THE LATIN-AMERICAN REPUBLIC ASKED THAT THE KREMLIN'S REFUSAL TO ALLOW WIVES OF FOREIGNERS OUT OF RUSSIA BE AIREO BEFORE THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY IN PARIS IN SEPTEMBER.

THE CHILEAN COMPLAINT CONTAINED TWO COUNTS:

1. RUSSIA VIOLATED HUMAN RIGHTS BY PREVENTING RUSSIAN WIVES OF FOREIGNERS FROM LEAVING THE COUNTRY WITH THEIR HUSBANDS.
2. RUSSIA VIOLATED TRADITIONAL DIPLOMATIC PRACTICES BY REFUSING TO ALLOW A MEMBER OF THE FAMILY OF THE FORMER CHILEAN AMBASSADOR TO RUSSIA TO LEAVE THE COUNTRY ACCOMPANIED BY THE AMBASSADOR.

RUSSIA IS EXPECTED TO OBJECT EVEN TO HEARING THE CHARGES. HERNAN SANTA CRUZ, CHILEAN DELEGATE, SAID THE CHILEAN CONCERNED IS ALVARO, THE SON OF LUIS C. CRUZ OCAMPO, WHO WAS AMBASSADOR IN MOSCOW. THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT HAS BARRED THE DEPARTURE OF THE SON'S WIFE, LIDIA LESINA, AND THEIR SON.

CHILE BROKE DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS WITH RUSSIA LAST OCTOBER. HOWEVER, SANTA CRUZ SAID AS A RESULT OF THE WIFE SITUATION THE ENTIRE CHILEAN GROUP ASSOCIATED WITH THE AMBASSADOR IS STILL IN MOSCOW AND SOME 50 RUSSIANS, INCLUDING THE SOVIET AMBASSADOR, STILL ARE IN CHILE.

SOVIET DEPUTY FOREIGN MINISTER ANDREI A. GROMYKO TOLD NEWSMEN CHILE'S COMPLAINT IS "NONSENSE." HE SAID CITIZENSHIP IS A MATTER OF "THE SOVEREIGNTY OF STATES."

ASKED WHETHER HE WOULD SAY HUSBANDS AND WIVES OUGHT TO LIVE TOGETHER, GROMYKO SAID:

"IT IS UP TO THEMSELVES. BUT THIS IS A QUESTION NOT ONLY OF RIGHTS BUT OF DUTIES TO THE STATE."

BO1127AED

30.24-18147

(ADVANCE) NEW YORK, MAY 29 (AP)-FOREIGN COMPETITION MAY MAKE ITS FIRST POST-WAR APPEARANCE IN A BATTLE BETWEEN SWISS AND AMERICAN CLOCK MANUFACTURERS, A SURVEY INDICATED TODAY.

AT PRESENT, WATCH AND CLOCK MANUFACTURERS ARE ENJOYING A PENT-UP DEMAND FOR THEIR PRODUCTS, BUT SOME SPOKESMEN IN THE AMERICAN INDUSTRY SAY A REAL THREAT WILL COME WHEN THE SELLERS' MARKET ENDS.

BEFORE THE WAR, WHEN FOREIGN COMPETITION WAS THE BASIS OF MANY A LUSTY ARGUMENT, THE GERMAN CHEMICAL AND DYE TRUST AND THE JAPANESE TEXTILE MANUFACTURERS HAD AMERICAN INDUSTRIALISTS BITING THEIR FINGERNAILS.

IN THE POST-WAR YEARS IT APPEARS THAT THE BATTLE LINES ARE BEING DRAWN IN THE WATCH AND CLOCK MAKING INDUSTRIES.

THERE IS NO GENERAL AGREEMENT AMONG AMERICANS CONCERNING THE IMPORTANCE OF SWISS IMPORTS IN THE LIFE OF THIS COUNTRY'S WATCHMAKERS.

SENTIMENT RANGES FROM THOSE WHO FEEL THAT IMPORTS ARE DRAINING THE LIFEBLOOD FROM THE AMERICAN INDUSTRY TO THOSE WHO CONTEND AS FIRMLY THAT THERE IS ROOM FOR BOTH.

AND BOTH GROUPS MUSTER AN ARRAY OF ARGUMENTS TO SUPPORT THEIR CLAIMS.

THE INDUSTRY HAS THREE DIVISIONS--THE JEWELED WATCH MANUFACTURERS, THE NON-JEWELED WATCH MAKERS AND THE CLOCK MAKERS.

ALL THREE SPENT THE WAR YEARS MAKING CHRONOMETERS, TIME FUSES FOR SHELLS AND NUMBERLESS OTHER TIMING MECHANISMS.

AND REPRESENTATIVES OF SWISS FIRMS WITH AMERICAN ASSEMBLY PLANTS POINT PROUDLY TO THE ARMY-NAVY "E" AWARDS EARNED BY MANY OF THEIR FACTORIES IN THIS COUNTRY.

AS FAR AS THE AMERICAN WATCH AND CLOCK MAKER WAS CONCERNED CIVILIAN PRODUCTION WAS OUT AND THE IMPORTS FROM SWITZERLAND ROSE TO NEW HIGHS.

THE PENT-UP DEMAND WAS TREMENDOUS AT THE WAR'S END. THE SAME PEOPLE WHO COULDN'T REPLACE THEIR AUTOMOBILE OR THEIR WASHING MACHINE, COULDN'T GET A NEW WRIST WATCH OR ALARM CLARK.

BEYOND THAT, SPOKESMEN FOR THE INDUSTRY POINT OUT THAT PEOPLE WERE BECOMING WATCH AND CLOCK MINDED.

THE LEADING AMERICAN MANUFACTURERS FOUND THEY WERE PRODUCING MORE WATCHES AND CLOCKS THAN BEFORE THE WAR TO KEEP UP WITH THE DEMAND.

THE HOUSEHOLD THAT HAD A CLOCK IN THE KITCHEN AND AN ALARM CLARK IN THE BEDROOM, ADDED A TIMEPIECE TO THE KITCHEN STOVE.

POST-WAR DESIGNS WERE MORE ATTRACTIVE AND ONE MANUFACTURER COMMENTED THAT FOLKS USED TO BUY CLOCKS TO TELL TIME--NOW THEY'RE BUYING THEM FOR THEIR ORNAMENTAL VALUE.

A135

INCREASED PRICES REPRESENT INCREASED COSTS OF LABOR AND MATERIALS. ONE MANUFACTURER SAID. THE DOLLAR WATCH AND THE 79 CENT ALARM CLOCK, HE COMMENTED, JUST WENT THE WAY OF THE 35-CENT HAIRCUT.

PRICE IS ONE OF THE THINGS THAT ENTERS INTO THE "FOREIGN COMPETITION" ARGUMENT.

SPOKESMEN FOR THE AMERICAN INDUSTRY SAY THEY CAN'T COMPETE WITH SWISS WAGES. THEY SAY THE WAGES OF SWISS WATCH WORKERS ARE FROM ONE-QUARTER TO ONE-THIRD THAT OF AMERICAN WATCH WORKERS.

AND, THEY ADD, THE AMERICAN CONSUMER IN PURCHASING A SWISS WATCH PAYS AS MUCH AT RETAIL AS HE DOES FOR ONE MANUFACTURED IN THE UNITED STATES.

THE DIFFERENCE IN THE COST OF PRODUCTION, A SPOKESMAN FOR THE

AMERICAN INDUSTRY SAID, IS THE GAIN OF THE IMPORTER NOT THE CONSUMER.

MOST SOURCES AGREE THAT WHETHER THE MOVEMENT (THE ACTUAL WORKS OF THE WATCH) IS IMPORTED OR MADE HERE, THE CASINGS, STRAPS BRACELETS AND BOXES ARE PRODUCED IN THE UNITED STATES AND THE ASSEMBLERS OF THE COMPONENT PARTS ARE AMERICAN WORKERS.

A SPOKESMAN FOR THE AMERICAN WATCH ASSEMBLERS' ASSOCIATION EXPLAINED THAT OF THE RETAIL PRICE OF ALL SO-CALLED SWISS WATCHES SOLD IN THIS COUNTRY, 88 PER CENT OF THE DOLLAR REMAINS HERE AND 12 PER CENT GOES ABROAD.

A CLOCK MANUFACTURER CAME AS NEAR AS ANYONE TO A MIDDLE-OF-THE-ROAD VIEWPOINT. HE SAID THAT AT PRESENT THE SITUATION IS NOT "TOO BAD"--THE TARIFF ON CLOCK IMPORTS IS ADEQUATE FOR NOW.

ONE OF THE CLOCK MAKER'S CHIEF TROUBLES, HE SAID, IS A FEDERAL EXCISE TAX OF AS HIGH AS 10 PER CENT ON A CLOCK RETAILING FOR LESS THAN \$5 AND AS MUCH AS 20 PER CENT ON ONE COSTING MORE THAN THAT.

THE SAME MANUFACTURER ADDED, HOWEVER, THAT HE FELT THE TARIFF ON WATCHES WAS TOO LOW.

HIS FIRM MAKES A WATCH OF A TYPE ONCE COMMONLY KNOWN AS THE "DOLLAR WATCH" AND HE SAID SWISS FIRMS WERE NOW ABLE TO SELL A JEWELLED TIMEPIECE IN THIS COUNTRY AT PRICES BELOW THOSE AT WHICH HE CAN RETAIL.

ONE OF THE ARGUMENTS PUT FORWARD BY THE AMERICAN MANUFACTURERS IS THE NEED FOR PROTECTION OF THE HOME INDUSTRY AS AN ADJUNCT TO NATIONAL DEFENSE.

IF THE AMERICAN JEWELLED WATCH INDUSTRY IS ALLOWED TO PERISH, AN INDUSTRY SPOKESMAN SAID, THE SKILLS OF THE AMERICAN WATCH WORKER ARE LOST FOREVER TO NATIONAL DEFENSE. THEN, HE SAID THE AMERICAN ARMY AND NAVY WOULD BE DEPENDENT UPON A FOREIGN COUNTRY FOR THEIR MECHANISMS.

A SPOKESMAN FOR AMERICAN WATCH WORKERS CONCEDED THE SKILL OF THE AMERICAN AND THE SWISS WAS EQUAL AND ADDED:

AARON DENNISON, FOUNDER OF THE WALTHAM WATCH COMPANY 98 YEARS AGO, LEFT THE UNITED STATES AND INTRODUCED MECHANICAL WATCH MAKING TO SWITZERLAND.

(END ADVANCE FOR AMS OF SUNDAY, MAY 30--SENT MAY 26)

VS1137PED

NEW YORK, MAY 29-(AP)-THE COMMUNIST PARTY SAID TODAY IT HAD MADE "SIGNIFICANT CONTRIBUTIONS X X X TO THE FORGING OF THE NEW POLITICAL ALIGNMENT AND PEOPLE'S COALITION."

THE STATEMENT WAS MADE IN A DRAFT RESOLUTION FOR THE PARTY'S NATIONAL CONVENTION, SUBMITTED BY THE NATIONAL CONVENTION COMMITTEE. THE RESOLUTION WAS PUBLISHED IN THE

NATIONAL CONVENTION, SUBMITTED BY THE NATIONAL CONVENTION COMMITTEE.

THE RESOLUTION WAS PUBLISHED IN THE WORKER, WEEK-END EDITION OF THE DAILY WORKER, COMMUNIST NEWSPAPER.

AFTER REFERRING TO THE "SPECTACULAR GROWTH OF THE WALLACE-FOR-PRESIDENT MOVEMENT," THE RESOLUTION SAID ONE OF THE MOST IMPORTANT POST-WAR EVENTS WAS "THE EMERGENCE AND GROWTH OF A NEW PROGRESSIVE POLITICAL ALIGNMENT-AND-PEACE COALITION X X X AND ITS NEW THIRD PARTY."

THE COMMUNIST PARTY, THE RESOLUTION SAID, "BODILY PROCLAIMED THE NEED FOR SUCH A NEW PEOPLE'S PARTY."

"BECAUSE OF ITS CORRECT LINE, THE PARTY WAS ABLE TO CARRY ON EFFECTIVE MASS WORK AND MAKE SIGNIFICANT CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE STRUGGLE FOR

PEACE AND DEMOCRACY AND TO THE FORGING OF THE NEW POLITICAL ALIGNMENT AND PEOPLE'S COALITION."

"THE WORKING CLASS PLAYS A NEW ROLE WITHIN THE COALITION AND IS BEGINNING--BUT ONLY BEGINNING--TO DEVELOP AS ITS MAIN DRIVING FORCE AND LEADER. X X X

"AND WHILE THE COMMUNIST PARTY WILL BRING FORWARD ITS INDEPENDENT PROGRAM IN THE ELECTIONS, AND IN CERTAIN CASES RUN CANDIDATES FOR CONGRESSIONAL AND STATE OFFICE, IT WILL RENDER MAXIMUM SUPPORT TO THE PROGRESSIVE CANDIDATES OF THE PEOPLE'S COALITION." X X X X

"IT WILL PERFORM ITS TASKS AS AN INDEPENDENT POLITICAL PARTY OF THE AMERICAN WORKING CLASS, AS ITS MARXIST VANGUARD."

THE COMMITTEE SAID THE PEOPLE'S COALITION "IS ONLY IN THE INITIAL STAGE OF LAUNCHING THE NEW ANTI-MONOPOLY PARTY," ADDING:

"WE MUST NOT MAKE THE FATAL LEFTIST SECTARIAN ERROR OF FAILING TO RALLY THE MASSES FOR THE REALIZATION OF THE IMMEDIATE TASKS OF THE COALITION BECAUSE THERE ARE HIGHER STAGES OF STRUGGLE TO COME X X X.

"IN CONNECTION WITH THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE THIRD PARTY MOVEMENT OUR PARTY--DESPITE ITS GENERALLY CORRECT POSITION--WAS SLOW IN SOME RESPECTS IN OVERCOMING CERTAIN DOUBTS AS TO THE ADVISABILITY OF AN INDEPENDENT PRESIDENTIAL TICKET."

RW1111PED

NEW YORK, MAY 29-(AP)-SOMEWHERE DEEP IN THE LINER QUEEN ELIZABETH, THERE IS A PERSIAN CAT NAMED LULU.

IT BELONGS TO SIR OLIVER FRANKS, NEW BRITISH AMBASSADOR TO THE UNITED STATES. WHEN SIR OLIVER LEFT SOUTHAMPTON LAST SATURDAY ABOARD THE VESSEL, LULU WAS PLACED IN ONE OF THE ANIMAL CAGES. THE FOLLOWING MONDAY MORNING LULU WAS GONE.

THE QUEEN ELIZABETH DOCKED HERE LATE THURSDAY NIGHT. IT SAILED TODAY FOR ENGLAND, WITH LULU STILL UNREPORTED.

MT606AED

NEW YORK, MAY 29-(AP)-A MEMORIAL DAY WREATH FROM WAR VETERANS OF HAWAII LEFT BY PLANE TODAY TO BE PLACED ON THE TOMB OF THE FRENCH UNKNOWN SOLDIER AT PARIS.

THE WREATH, THREE FEET WIDE, CONTAINED 1,100 HAWAIIAN FLOWERS, 1,000 OF THEM ORCHIDS. IT WAS FLOWN HERE FROM HONOLULU, AND WILL BE USED DURING CEREMONIES AT THE PARIS TOMB IN HONOR OF HAWAII'S WAR DEAD.

VS544PED

DAYTON, TENN., MAY 29-(AP)-THE CONFEDERATE ARMY STILL IS OUTNUMBERED IN TENNESSEE--ONE TO NOTHING--AS ANOTHER MEMORIAL DAY NEARS.

WILLIAM (UNCLE BILL) MORGAN, 104-YEAR-OLD UNION VETERAN WHO LIVES IN DAYTON, IS THE ONLY KNOWN VETERAN OF THE WAR BETWEEN THE STATES LIVING IN TENNESSEE.

UNCLE BILL SAID HE WAS 18 YEARS OLD WHEN HE VOLUNTEERED FOR THE UNION ARMY AT KNOXVILLE IN 1861. HE SAID HIS COUSIN WAS A UNION ORGANIZER.

THE VETERAN SAID HE WAS HONORABLY DISCHARGED AT NASHVILLE JULY 12, 1865.

THE ANCIENT WARRIOR IS A STAUNCH REPUBLICAN AND PROUDLY BOASTS HE CAST HIS FIRST VOTE FOR ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

TM333AES

30.24- 18149

CLEVELAND, MAY 29-(AP)-A MEMORIAL DAY CRUISE OF THE VESSEL SOUTH AMERICAN, CARRYING SOME 60 PASSENGERS, WAS HALTED HERE TODAY WHEN THE SHIP'S STERN AND RUDDER WERE DAMAGED AS IT ENTERED THE CLEVELAND HARBOR. NO INJURIES WERE REPORTED BY OFFICIALS OF THE GEORGIAN BAY CO., OPERATORS OF THE VESSEL. A TUG TOWED THE CRIPPLED SHIP INTO THE EAST STREET DOCK.

THE VESSEL LEFT DETROIT YESTERDAY AND WAS SCHEDULED TO RETURN TO DETROIT AND UP TO MACKINAC ISLAND ON THE LINE'S FIRST CRUISE OF THE SEASON. ABOUT 150 PERSONS PLANNED TO BOARD IT HERE.

TRAIN RESERVATIONS WERE ARRANGED FOR THE STRANDED DETROITERS, OFFICIALS SAID.
KL404AES

DAVID'S PARADE (PMS BUDGET--200)
WESTBROOK, ME., MAY 28-(AP)-PLUCKY DAVID GAGNON, NINE, CAN'T GO TO THE MEMORIAL DAY PARADE BUT PRARADE UNITS ARE GOING TO GO TO HIM--FIRST. DAVID IS RESTING AT HOME BETWEEN HOSPITAL TREATMENTS FOR BURNS THAT NECESSITATED MORE THAN 100 OPERATIONS IN THE LAST 25 MONTHS. FROM A WINDOW OF HIS PARENTS RIVER STREET HOME HE RECENTLY HEARD DISTANT MUSIC OF THE CATHOLIC ACTION CRUSADERS DRUM AND BUGLE CORPS PRACTICING FOR THE MONDAY MARCH. HE ASKED DRUM MAJOR VICTOR J.LEDOUX IF THE MUSICIANS COULD "MARCH BY MY HOUSE ON THE DAY TO THE PARADE SO I CAN SEE THEM?" LEDOUX THOUGHT HE COULD ARRANGE THAT--AND MORE. THE NEXT NIGHT THE UNIFORMED CRUSADERS MARCHED BY THE LITTLE BOY'S WINDOW "RE

HE ASKED DRUM MAJOR VICTOR J.LEDOUX IF THE MUSICIANS COULD "MARCH BY MY HOUSE ON THE WAY TO THE PARADE SO I CAN SEE THEM?" LEDOUX THOUGHT HE COULD ARRANGE THAT--AND MORE. THE NEXT NIGHT THE UNIFORMED CRUSADERS MARCHED BY THE LITTLE BOY'S WINDOW "REVIEWING STAND" AND BROUGHT SMILES TO HIS FACE WITH THEIR MARTIAL MUSIC.

IT'S BEEN A NIGHTLY PERFORMANCE SINCE IN GOOD WEATHER. THE MUNICIPAL PARADE MARSHAL HEARD OF DAVID AND HIS WISH. HE LINED UP COMPANY D, 103RD INFANTRY COMBAT TEAM, OF THE NATIONAL GUARD; A PLATOON OF POLICE AND HIS AIDES. THEY'LL ALL MARCH BY DAVID'S HOUSE AN HOUR BEFORE THE PARADE'S SCHEDULED START, AND THERE MAY BE MORE ORGANIZATIONS SIGNED UP BEFORE THE HOLIDAY.

AS AN ADDED TOUCH, MAYOR ERNEST O.PORELL CONTRIBUTED A LARGE AMERICAN FLAG WHICH THE CRUSADERS WILL PRESENT TO THE YOUNGSTER THEY CALL "THE BEST SOLDIER IN WESTBROOK."

THE LITTLE BOY WHO LOVES A PARADE SLEEPS UNDER A "TENT" RIGGED ON HIS BED TO PREVENT THE BEDCLOTHES FROM TOUCHING HIS BODY, BURNED FROM WAIST TO FEET WHEN THE LAD STAMPED OUT A FIRE IN APRIL, 1946.

DD329AFD

OAKLAND, CALIF., MAY 29-(AP)-AN UNUSUAL MEMORIAL SERVICE AT OAKLAND ARMY BASE TOMORROW WILL HONOR 400 WORLD WAR II DEAD AWAITING DELIVERY TO NEXT OF KIN.

RELATIVES HAVE BEEN INVITED. THE DEAD WERE BROUGHT HERE FROM TEMPORARY CEMETERIES IN PACIFIC BATTLE AREAS.

X602APD

(ADVANCE) RICHMOND, VA, MAY 29-(AP)-ONLY 56 CONFEDERATE VETERANS OF THE WAR OF THE 1860'S CAN ANSWER TO MUSTER ON THIS MEMORIAL DAY.

AT THAT, THE MEN IN GRAY WHO FOUGHT UNDER THE STARS AND BARS AND WENT DOWN TO DEFEAT BEFORE THE NUMERICALLY SUPERIOR NORTHERN FORCES, FINALLY AS SURVIVORS SEEM TO OUTNUMBER THEIR FORMER FOES.

OFFICIAL VETERANS ADMINISTRATION FIGURES SHOWED EARLIER THIS WEEK AT WASHINGTON THAT THE GRAND ARMY OF THE REPUBLIC HAD ONLY 52 KNOWN SURVIVORS LEFT AS REFLECTED ON THE PENSION ROLLS.

THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT PAYS NO PENSION TO THE MEN WHO WORE THE GRAY AND THERE IS NO SINGLE GOVERNMENT SOURCE OF INFORMATION ON THE SURVIVORS.

HOWEVER, WALTER L.HOPKINS OF RICHMOND, ADJUTANT-IN-CHIEF, SONS OF CONFEDERATE VETERANS, REACHED THE TOTAL OF 56 THIS WEEK AFTER CAREFUL CHECKS OF PENSION ROLLS IN 14 SOUTHERN STATES AND INQUIRIES INTO OTHER POSSIBLE SOURCES OF INFORMATION. HE FOUND 54 SURVIVORS OF THE LEGIONS OF GENERAL LEE WHO RECEIVE STATE PENSIONS AND TWO KNOWN VETERANS NOT ON STATE PENSION ROLLS.

THE AVERAGE AGE OF TODAY'S SOUTHERN VETERAN IS SLIGHTLY MORE THAN 101. THE "BABY," AT 92, IS JOHN HANCE OSTEEN OF HIGH SPRINGS, FLA., WHO IS ON FLORIDA'S OFFICIAL PENSION LIST. THE OLDEST AMONG THOSE WHOSE AGES ARE KNOWN IS JOHN THOMAS GRAVES, 106, AT THE CONFEDERATE HOME IN HIGGINSVILLE, MISSOURI--MISSOURI'S LAST SURVIVING CONFEDERATE VETERAN.

TENNESSEE AND KENTUCKY ARE THE ONLY TWO SOUTHERN STATES WHICH REPORTED THAT NO KNOWN VETERANS WERE LEFT. MOST OF THE SURVIVORS RECEIVE PENSIONS RANGING DOWNWARD FROM ALABAMA'S \$150 A MONTH. IN ADDITION, THE STATES PENSION CONFEDERATE WIDOWS AND IN SOME CASES PROVIDE HOMES FOR THEM.

THE SURVIVING CONFEDERATES BY STATE INCLUDE: MISSOURI--JOHN THOMAS GRAVES, 106, CONFEDERATE HOME, HIGGINSVILLE. OKLAHOMA--JAMES R. ARNN, 101, ROUTE 1, MARLOW; WILLIAM FREEMAN, 101, CONFEDERATE HOME, ARDMORE; JOHN SHEPARD, 101, CONFEDERATE HOME, ARDMORE; WILLIAM MERCER BUCK (NO AGE), MUSKOGEE.

TEXAS--T. R. MCGUYER, 100, BOX 404, COOPER; J. H. WHITSETT, 99, BONHAM; SAMUEL M. RANEY, 101, ROUTE 3, MOUNT VERNON; T. B. IDEN, 98, 1420 WRIGHTWOOD, HOUSTON; JEREMIAH P.O'BRIEN, 104, KIRBYVILLE; FRANK DALTON, 100, GENERAL DELIVERY, CENTERVILLE; W. M. WHITTON, 101, BOX 353, TIMPSON; WILLIAM HENRY JAMES, 98, GENERAL DELIVERY, GRAND SALINE; THOMAS EVANS RIDDLE, 100, WICHITA FALLS; WALTER W. WILLIAMS, 102, ROUTE 5, FRANKLIN.

(END ADVANCE FOR AMS OF SUNDAY, MOV 30--MOVED MAY 28).

M1103PD

1940

FORT MONMOUTH, N.J., MAY 29-(AP)-THE 85TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE FOUNDING OF THE U.S. ARMY SIGNAL CORPS WAS CELEBRATED YESTERDAY HERE AT ONE OF THE CORPS' CHIEF NERVE CENTERS OF WORLD WAR II.

AS 6,000 TROOPS PARADED AND 80 CHIEF EXECUTIVES OF THE NATION'S LEADING COMMUNICATIONS INDUSTRIES LOOKED ON, BRIG. GEN. FRANCIS H. LANAHAN, JR., POST COMMANDING OFFICER, WAS AWARDED THE LEGION OF MERIT OAK LEAF CLUSTER, FOR EXCEPTIONALLY MERITORIOUS PERFORMANCE OF DUTY.

TWO CIVILIANS WHO HAD BEEN ATTACHED TO THE POST AND FOUR OF THE POST'S MILITARY PERSONNEL ALSO WERE HONORED.

THEY WERE:

AMORY H. WAITE, JR., THE EXCEPTIONAL CIVILIAN SERVICE AWARD FOR HIS WORK AS A RADIO ENGINEER FROM JULY 23, 1945, TO APRIL 15, 1947, WHILE WITH THE SIXTH ARMY IN THE PACIFIC THEATER AND FOR SERVICE WITH THE ARMY GROUND FORCES IN "OPERATIONS CROSSROADS" AT BIKINI AND WITH THE NAVY PROJECT "OPERATION HIGH JUMP."

DR. GEORGE K. GREEN, SIGNAL SECTION TECHNICAL EXECUTIVE AT BIKINI, FOR HIS PARTICIPATION IN PREPARATION FOR AND SUCCESSFUL CONDUCT OF THE ATOMIC BOMB TESTS AT BIKINI.

S828AED

MAY 1948

ANNAPOLIS, MD., MAY 29-(AP)-THIS BRICK-WALKED CITY, KNOWN TO THE NAVY AS "A FISHING VILLAGE ON THE BANKS OF THE NAVAL ACADEMY," OVERFLOWED WITH FEMININE GAIETY TODAY FOR THE START OF JUNE WEEK.

HUNDREDS OF PROUD PARENTS, SISTERS AND SWEETHEARTS OF MIDSHIPMEN THROGGED THE STATE CAPITAL FOR SIX DAYS OF COLORFUL CEREMONIES.

PRESIDENT TRUMAN WAS AMONG DISTINGUISHED VISITORS AT CREW RACES AND OTHER SPORTS EVENTS DURING THE DAY. THE SOCIAL WHIRL BEGINS TONIGHT WITH THE TRADITIONAL RING DANCE FOR SECOND CLASSMEN AND THEIR DRAGS.

QUEEN OF ALL ANNAPOLIS WILL BE MRS. KATHERINE WAINWRIGHT AUSTIN OF NORTH ANDOVER, MASS., THE 1948 COLOR GIRL.

MRS. AUSTIN, A 26-YEAR-OLD WAR WIDOW, WAS SCHEDULED TO ARRIVE TODAY TO REIGN AS 40TH JUNE WEEK COLOR GIRL. AFTER A ROUND OF DANCES AND RECEPTIONS NEXT WEEK, SHE WILL OFFICIATE ON THURSDAY AT THE PRESENTATION OF THE COLORS IN A BRIGADE PARADE ON WORDEN FIELD.

MIDSHIPMAN HERMAN W. JONES OF NEW CASTLE, IND., IS CHAIRMAN OF THE RING DANCE TONIGHT IN MACDONOUGH HALL. HE WILL ESCORT MISS LUCY WOOD OF HARRISBURG, PA.

MIDSHIPMEN AND THEIR GUESTS ENTER THE HALL THROUGH A HUGE REPLICA OF THE CLASS RING, BESIDE WHICH STANDS A BINNACLE CONTAINING "WATER FROM THE SEVEN SEAS."

SYMBOLIC OF JOURNEYS TO COME, THE WATERS THIS YEAR ARE ADVERTISED AS COMING FROM ALASKA, PEARL HARBOR, GUAM, SAMOA, KWAJALEIN, TERN ISLANDS, TRINIDAD, ALGIERS, CHINA, CUBA AND TOKYO BAY.

R842AED NM

(NY)-BALTIMORE MAY 29-(AP)-THE NORWEGIAN AMBASSADOR TO THE UNITED STATES, WILHELM MORGENTHAU, SAID TONIGHT THAT HIS COUNTRYMEN LOVE FREEDOM AND JUSTICE EVEN MORE THAN PEACE.

NORWAY, HE SAID, WANTS "AS CLOSE RELATIONS AS POSSIBLE WITH OUR GREAT NEIGHBOR TO THE EAST--RUSSIA--BUT "WE ARE AND WILL CONTINUE TO BE A WESTERN DEMOCRACY."

MORGENTHAU'S ADDRESS WAS PREPARED FOR THE ANNUAL CONVENTION OF THE SONS OF NORWAY.

"WHILE STEADFAST AND PROVEN LOVERS OF PEACE," HE SAID, "WE LOVE FREEDOM AND JUSTICE EVEN MORE X X X .

"WE NORWEGIANS ARE NOT NEUTRAL IDEOLOGICALLY, WE ARE NOT NEUTRAL AS BETWEEN DEMOCRACY AND TOTALITARIANISM, AS BETWEEN THE POLICE STATE AND A STATE BASED ON LAW AND JUSTICE, AS BETWEEN HUMAN RIGHTS AND INHUMAN REGIMENTATION, AS BETWEEN FREEDOM AND SLAVERY, AS BETWEEN GOOD AND EVIL."

GG539PED NM

CHICAGO, MAY 29-(AP)-ARGENTINE'S MINISTER OF WAR TOLD REPORTERS TODAY HE'S KEEPING AN EYE OPEN FOR MILITARY EQUIPMENT BARGAINS DURING HIS UNITED STATES TOUR BUT HE'S "MORE INTERESTED IN INDUSTRIAL EQUIPMENT."

THE MINISTER, GENERAL JOSE UMBERTO SOSA MOLINA, SAID IN RESPONSE TO A QUESTION AS TO WHETHER HE WAS ARRANGING ARMS PURCHASES:

"NATURALLY THE ARGENTINE ARMY MUST MODERNIZE ITS EQUIPMENT. WE ARE INTERESTED IN BUYING MORE EQUIPMENT AND WOULD PREFER TO PURCHASE IT IN THE UNITED STATES.

"WE ARE MORE INTERESTED IN INDUSTRIAL EQUIPMENT. WE WANT TO BUILD UP OUR INDUSTRY AND MAKE USE OF OUR OWN RAW MATERIALS RATHER THAN EXPORT SO MUCH OF THEM."

GENERAL SOSA MOLINA, DRESSED IN A CIVILIAN SUIT AND SPEAKING THROUGH AN INTERPRETER, SAID THAT COMMUNISM "IS NOT A POLITICAL FACTOR" IN ARGENTINE ELECTIONS.

THIS, HE EXPLAINED WAS BECAUSE "SOCIAL LEGISLATION ADOPTED DURING THE PAST FEW YEARS HAS LIFTED THE STANDARDS OF THE WORKING PEOPLE" IN HIS COUNTRY. AND, "IF A MAN IS SATISFIED WITH HIS WAY OF LIVING, COMMUNISM CAN'T PROSPER."

THE MINISTER AND HIS PARTY OF ARGENTINE OFFICERS HAVE VISITED VARIOUS U.S. ARMY INSTALLATIONS. THEY PLAN TO REMAIN IN CHICAGO UNTIL TUESDAY. ENROUTE BACK TO WASHINGTON, THEY WILL STOP OFF AT PITTSBURGH TO INSPECT INDUSTRIAL PLANTS. THEIR SCHEDULE CALLS FOR A RETURN TO WASHINGTON JUNE 4. THEY WILL DEPART FOR ARGENTINA FROM NEW YORK JUNE 9.

SOSA MOLINA SAID PLANS FOR THE CHICAGO STAY WERE INDEFINITE. HE SAID HE WOULD REST TOMORROW, BUT SOME MEMBERS OF HIS PARTY WOULD GO TO MILWAUKEE ON A SIGHT-SEEING JAUNT.

K1PCD

30.24- 18151

CHICAGO, MAY 29-(AP)-JOHN ANDREW KELLER, JR., 21, WHO WENT TO WORK IN 1944 AS A CLERK IN THE PENTAGON BUILDING AT WASHINGTON, LEFT HIS JOB WITH A SELF-MADE RATING OF SECOND LIEUTENANT AND A FLOCK OF BOGUS WAR CITATIONS.

"I DID IT ALL WITH AN ARMY MIMEOGRAPH MACHINE AND TYPEWRITER," KELLER SAID YESTERDAY AFTER A CRIMINAL INFORMATION WAS FILED IN FEDERAL COURT CHARGING HIM WITH MAKING FALSE ENTRIES IN GOVERNMENT RECORDS.

"I GAVE MYSELF AN HONORABLE DISCHARGE, TOO," KELLER SAID. THE PEOTONE, ILL., SALESMAN IS TO BE ARRAIGNED IN FEDERAL COURT NEXT WEEK. CONVICTION OF THE CHARGE CARRIES A MAXIMUM PENALTY OF 10 YEARS' IN PRISON AND A \$5,000 FINE.

ROBERT C. EARDLEY, ASSISTANT U.S. ATTORNEY, SAID KELLER WHO NEVER WAS IN MILITARY SERVICE, REPRESENTED HIMSELF AS A VETERAN OF SEVERAL EUROPEAN BATTLES, TWICE WOUNDED, AND WINNER OF THE BELGIAN FOURRAGERE AND THE PURPLE HEART WITH CLUSTER.

EARDLEY SAID KELLER'S FAKE RECORDS WERE DISCLOSED WHEN HE ATTEMPTED TO BE PROMOTED TO FIRST LIEUTENANT. IN 1946. ER354ACD

MILWAUKEE, MAY 29-(AP)-THE NORTHERN BAPTIST CONVENTION, REPRESENTING 1,600,000 BAPTIST IN 36 STATES, STARTED A "WORLD PEACE MOVEMENT" YESTERDAY TO "SAVE THE WORLD FROM DESTRUCTION."

THE CONVENTION DECLARED IT WAS "GRAVELY CONCERNED OVER THE SERIOUS DRIFT TOWARD WAR," AND URGED UNITY WITH OTHER CHRISTIAN BODIES IN THE PEACE MOVEMENT.

THE GROUP'S EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE WAS EMPOWERED TO APPEAL TO ALL BAPTISTS FOR "DOLLARS FOR PEACE TO CARRY THE PROGRAM INTO EFFECTIVE ACTION."

SEVEN POINTS WERE LISTED IN THE PEACE PROGRAM. THE CONVENTION DECLARED IT WAS NECESSARY TO:

1. OPPOSE ALL COMPLACENCY CONCERNING WAR.
2. COMBAT ALL MOODS OF HYSTERIA AND HATRED.
3. REJECT THE FEELING ABOUT WAR BEING INEVITABLE.
4. MAKE USE OF THE "CREATIVE CHRISTIAN FORCES, RATHER THAN RELYING CHIEFLY UPON MILITARY STRENGTH AND STRATEGY."
5. PRESS FOR POSITIVE PROGRAMS "WHICH HAVE IMMEDIATE POSSIBILITIES FOR PEACE AND INTERNATIONAL JUSTICE."
6. "DO EVERYTHING POSSIBLE TO CHANGE THE MOOD SO AS TO AVERT WAR, AND,
7. "TESTIFY WITH RENEWED VIGOR TO GOD'S RIGHTEOUS LOVE FOR ALL MEN EVERYWHERE."

DR. SANFORD FLEMING OF BERKELEY, CALIF., WAS ELECTED PRESIDENT OF THE GROUP YESTERDAY. HE WAS UNOPPOSED. DR. FLEMING HAS BEEN PRESIDENT OF BERKELEY DIVINITY SCHOOL SINCE 1937 AND IS THE AUTHOR OF A NUMBER OF BOOKS ON RELIGION. HE IS PRESIDENT OF THE AMERICAN ASSOCIATION OF THEOLOGICAL SCHOOLS.

JR726ACS NM

LOS ANGELES, MAY 29-(AP)-EXCITED CALLERS TOLD THE NAVY THAT CHINESE PIRATES, OR SOMETHING, WERE OFF LOS ANGELES HARBOR.

AN ARMED MERCHANTMAN WAS APPROACHING, THEY SAID.

"SHE'S GOT A MACHINE GUN MOUNTED ON HER STERN!" ONE MAN REPORTED.

THE NAVY AND THE COAST GUARD QUICKLY PREPARED FOR ANYTHING YESTERDAY AS THE CANADIAN FREIGHTER, LAKESIDE, ARRIVED WITH A CARGO OF WAR SCRAP MATERIAL FROM THE ORIENT TO REFUEL EN ROUTE TO BALTIMORE, MD.

EXPLANATION: GRINNING CREWMEN SAID THAT, TO RELIEVE MONOTONY AT SEA, THEY HAD MOUNTED AN OLD, RUSTY JAPANESE MACHINEGUN AND PLAYED "BANG-BANG."

DB118APD NM SPOT

PHILADELPHIA, MAY 29-(AP)-THE POLISH AMERICAN CONGRESS DREW 3,500 DELEGATES FROM 28 STATES AND FREE POLES FROM ABROAD HERE TODAY FOR THE OPENING OF A THREE-DAY CONVENTION.

THE CONVENTION WILL OPEN WITH A PONTIFICAL MASS AT WHICH THE MOST REV. HENRY T. KLONOWSKI, AUXILIARY BISHOP OF SCRANTON, PA., WILL DELIVER THE SERMON.

ATTORNEY GENERAL TOM CLARK WAS SLATED TO ADDRESS THE MEETING IN THE AFTERNOON.

PRESIDENT CHARLES ROXMAREK OF CHICAGO SAID THE CONGRESS, FORMED IN BUFFALO, N.Y. IN 1944, SPEAKS FOR 6,000,000 (M) AMERICANS OF POLISH DESCENT.

ROXMAREK SAID THE CONGRESS SEEKS TO HAVE DISPLACED PERSONS AND FORMER POLISH SOLDIERS WHO CANNOT RETURN TO THEIR HOMELAND, ADMITTED TO THE UNITED STATES.

U.S. SENATOR FRANCIS MYERS (D-PA) TOLD THE CONGRESS "ALTHOUGH POLAND DOES NOT SHARE IN THE MARSHALL PLAN--BECAUSE THE OVERLORDS OF PUBLIC DESTINY REFUSED TO ALLOW THE PEOPLE OF POLAND TO RECEIVE OUR HELP--POLAND IS ACTUALLY ONE OF THE GREAT BENEFICIARIES OF THE MARSHALL PLAN IN ONE VERY IMPORTANT RESPECT."

"THE MARSHALL PLAN CAN ENABLE THE FREE PEOPLES OF EUROPE--THOSE WHO ARE STILL FREE--TO RETAIN THEIR FREEDOM THROUGH THE REVIVAL OF THEIR ECONOMIES AND THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A MEASURE OF SECURITY FOR THEIR PEOPLES. X X X THEY WILL MAKE COMMUNISM OBSOLETE.

THE SENATOR ADDED:

"COMMUNISM EITHER HERE OR IN EUROPE CAN NOT STAND UP AGAINST THE SENSATIONAL COMPETITION OF FREEDOM WHEN FREEDOM HAS A CHANCE TO OPERATE."

STANISLAUS MIKOLAJCZYK, FORMER VICE PREMIER OF THE POLISH GOVERNMENT IN EXILE IN LONDON, CALLED UPON ALL FREE POLES TO "KEEP ON AWAKENING THE CONSCIENCE OF THE WORLD TO THE PROMISES CONTAINED IN THE PRINCIPLES OF THE ATLANTIC CHARTER AND TO THE PROMISES MADE THAT THERE WOULD BE A FREE AND INDEPENDENT POLAND."

AS MIKOLAJCZYK WAS BEING INTRODUCED, SEVERAL UNIDENTIFIED MEN WENT TO MICROPHONES ON THE FLOOR AND LOUDLY BOOED HIM. THE MEN WERE QUICKLY REMOVED FROM THE ASSEMBLY.

FOLLOWING MIKOLAJCZYK'S ADDRESS, THE ENTIRE AUDIENCE AROSE AND APPLAUDED HIM.

NQ823PEDNM

WITH POLISH CONGRESS (140)

PHILADELPHIA, MAY 29-(AP)-THE UKRAINIAN CONGRESS COMMITTEE OF AMERICA TODAY URGED THE NATIONAL CONVENTION OF THE POLISH AMERICAN CONGRESS TO GIVE ITS "UNEQUIVOCAL" SUPPORT TO "THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A FREE AND DEMOCRATIC POLAND AND OF A FREE AND DEMOCRATIC UKRAINE."
"TOGETHER," THE UKRAINIAN STATEMENT SAID, "THEY WILL BE CAPABLE OF FORESTALLING ALONG WITH OTHER FREE PEOPLES OF EASTERN EUROPE FUTURE AGGRESSION FROM EITHER THE EAST OR THE WEST."

AT THE SAME TIME, THE MESSAGE URGED THE POLISH AMERICAN CONGRESS TO "REPUDIATE ANY IMPERIALISTIC DESIGNS OF THE PRESENT SOVIET-DOMINATED OR THE FUTURE FREE GOVERNMENTS OF POLAND UPON WESTERN UKRAINIAN TERRITORIES,"

OTHERWISE, SAID THE MESSAGE, "THERE MIGHT ARISE AN IMPRESSION AMONG THE AMERICAN PEOPLE, THAT AMONG THE SLAVS, RUSSIANS ARE NOT THE ONLY AGGRESSORS AGAINST FREEDOM-LOVING PEOPLES."

JB1015PED

End MAY 29, 1948

Irgun Asks Russia For Aid

30.24-18153

AIR APPEAL DENOUNCES TRUCE PLAN

**Jews Charge It Would
Ban Their Arms,
Help Enemy**

Tel Aviv, Palestine, May 30 (P). Irgun Zvai Leumi appealed to Russia tonight for help in stamping out the "Arab-British aggression" in the Holy Land.

In an official radio broadcast, the Jewish fighting arm said it was appealing to the Soviet Union as a nation which recognized the new state of Israel and agreed to an exchange of diplomatic representatives.

NIGHT

Charges "Spanish Pattern"

Irgun charged that Britain, with help of the United States State Department, put through the United Nations Security Council a proposal of a "Spanish pattern." Irgun added that this pattern would result in banning arms to the Jews, but left ways open for the Arabs to obtain equipment.

This reference was to the Security Council's latest truce proposal. The proposal calls for a four-week period of cease fire and places an embargo on the shipment of arms and reinforcing personnel into Palestine and the Arab states involved in the Palestine war.

Terms Plan Illegal

The Irgun broadcast demanded that "the Jews should proclaim that this resolution is illegal and that no peace will prevail in Palestine so long as a British soldier or any other foreign soldier remains on Israel's soil."

The broadcast did not state what form of aid was wanted from Russia.

Against Arabs

Arab Armies Draw Line For Drive On Tel Aviv

**Armor Moves To Front As Israel Charges Foe Plans
Gas Attack On Jerusalem**

Cairo, May 30 (P)—Jews and Arabs claimed important military conquests in the Holy Land tonight as Arab armies appeared grouping for an onslaught on Tel Aviv.

Military developments occurred swiftly in the Holy Land on a Sunday marked by a Jewish statement that the Arab Legion of Trans-Jordan was planning to use gas in an attack tonight on Jerusalem's new city.

NIGHT

An Israeli government spokesman made the charge in Tel Aviv. Dispatches from Jerusalem gave no confirmation. A telegram filed late this afternoon said Jerusalem was relatively quiet today except for sporadic mortar bombing of the center of town and the Beit Israel quarter.

Crescent-Shaped Front

Joseph C. Goodwin, Associated Press correspondent, with the Arab Legion in Central Palestine, told in a dispatch of the apparent forming of Allied forces for the battle of Tel Aviv.

The Legion's armor and artillery moved up to the crescent-shaped front, which has its eastern end tied to Jerusalem's Old City, and has forward patrols probing west to Hartiv, less than 20 miles east of Tel Aviv, Goodwin said Arabs told him.

Less than 20 miles southwest of the Legion's forward positions, Egyptian forces hammered at the Jewish seacoast settlement of Isdud, 23 miles south of Tel Aviv. The Egyptian Defense Ministry said tonight its troops repulsed a Jewish counterattack on Isdud

where, the Israeli Government said, the enemies staged artillery duels most of the day.

Arab sources indicated tonight that the two-day battle of Latrun had ended in an Arab victory. This was not confirmed elsewhere. These sources said the Jewish fighters had withdrawn from the Latrun battlefield to the Haganah staging area in Hulda. Both sides have maintained strict secrecy regarding the progress of this battle.

Reports Order Intercepted

Concerning the purported gas plot, the Israeli spokesman said the Jews had intercepted an Arab Legion order to attack Jerusalem's New City with bombs, shells and gas.

"This is an eleventh-hour attempt to force a decision in the battle of Jerusalem before the deadline set by the Security Council," he said. The Council has asked the belligerents to agree, by Tuesday night, to a four-week truce.

Legion artillery was used earlier against the 80,000 to 90,000 Jews besieged in modern sections of Jerusalem.

The Israeli Army reported its capture of pumping installations

will relieve an acute water situation in Jerusalem. An announcement said Irgun Zvai Leumi forces, advancing in two columns, captured the historical fortress of Antipatris in hand-to-hand fighting, and then went on to seize the water pumping installations at Ras el Ein. This is northeast of Tel Aviv, just outside the state of Israel. The Jews said strong Iraqi forces had been in command there.

RAF Camp Occupied

"All water pump installations supplying water to Jerusalem are in our hands," the bulletin said. "At the same time units of Irgun advancing from the south occupied the Royal Air Force camp, the other two military camps and the railway station in Ras el Ein."

"All the vicinity was cleared of enemy forces, who had heavy casualties. Jewish losses were five killed and few wounded."

A Jerusalem dispatch said David Ben-Gurion, Prime Minister of Israel, had sent a message to Jews in the new sections of the holy city urging them to "stand fast during these trying days." The message added:

"Notwithstanding the end of fighting in the Old City, strenuous efforts to relieve Jerusalem and its surroundings are in hand and are being pressed. The efforts of the Jews in Jerusalem coupled with the prowess of our soldiers will surely bring deliverance to the city of Jerusalem. Be strong and of good courage."

600 Treated For Shell Wounds

A doctor who had been in charge of Jewish hospital facilities in the Old City said 600 persons had been treated for injuries received from Arab shelling of Jerusalem since the British left May 15. More than 90 per cent survived.

An Egyptian column reached Isdud yesterday after a 10-mile march up the coast, an Israeli Army communiqué said.

Egyptian anti-aircraft fire brought down one attacking Jewish plane there. A second was hit and probably did not get back to its base, the Egyptians claimed.

Approach Israeli Line

The Egyptians said their troops overcame "strong Jewish resistance" before reaching Isdud, a crossroads village barely 2 miles from Israeli territory.

Apparently the Egyptians are approaching the forward limits, at least, of the Jewish line protecting the southern end of Israel's coastal strip. It was not known whether they had yet bumped into the main Jewish fortifications.

Israel's citizens have built the line in the two weeks their state has been in existence, a Tel Aviv dispatch said. It is designed to protect not only the Jewish coastal area but also Tel Aviv itself.

Thousands Dig Trenches

Trucks from Tel Aviv, Israel's temporary capital, rushed thousands of Jews southward to dig the trenches. The defensive positions were built by merchants and professional men too old for the military draft. Israel has called upon all able-bodied men to give two days to the building of fortifications.

Until the Egyptians approached Isdud their advance up the coast from the Egyptian border had been virtually unopposed. Because Jewish assigned territory to the east flanks the 5-mile wide Arab coastal strip for virtually its entire length, the Egyptian commanders have proceeded cautiously. Egyptian troops entered Gaza fifteen days ago but have moved northward only 21 miles since then.

The Egyptians made an air and a ground attack to protect their flank. Egyptian planes bombed Rehoyot, a Jewish city 12 miles northeast of Isdud, the Jews announced.

Highway Grip Unbroken

A Cairo communiqué told of an engagement between Egyptian units and a Jewish armored column at Beerot Yitzhak, 4 miles southeast of Gaza. Beerot Yitzhak is just over the line in Jewish territory.

Israeli troops still have been unable to break the Arab grip on the four main highways leading into Jerusalem. The most important road battle is going on in the Bab el Wad-Latrun area, 10 to 14 miles west of Jerusalem. Both sides are maintaining a security blackout on the fighting there.

A Jerusalem dispatch said Jewish forces still held Ramat Rehel, the southern suburb, which commands the highway leading south from the Holy City.

Most of the 1,500 Jewish non-combatants removed from Jerusalem's Old City following its surrender to the Arab Legion were given quarters in the fashionable Katamon district.

Many thousands of other residents of Jerusalem went there to

ask about relatives and friends who underwent the fighting in the Old City.

The Israeli Army told of mounting air and ground activity in northeastern Palestine and said Jewish troops had speared a mile and a half into Lebanese territory at Aitaroun.

Arab forces were cleared from Aitaroun, the Jewish communiqué said, and Israeli units also occupied the Lebanese army camp at the near-by border town of Malikya. Israeli planes raided the Lebanese towns of Bennt Jball and Alama, as well as Aitaroun.

Other Jewish forces attacked and destroyed two Syrian border police stations despite strong Arab resistance, the bulletin said. One was north of the Lahavot Habashan settlement and the other north of Shamir.

Arab planes bombed a settlement near the city of Tiberias while Israeli planes hit Arab concentrations at Tel Kassar on the Trans-Jordan border. (Add)

ARAB TROOPS PUSH TOWARD TEL AVIV FROM THREE SIDES

NIGHT

**Egyptians Hammer at Isdud,
23 Miles From Capital—
Legion, Iraqi Advance**

J. Goodwin

MAY

1948

MAY 30 1948
By The Associated Press
WITH THE ARAB LEGION, in Central Palestine, May 30—Allied Arab forces appeared tonight to be grouping for the battle of Tel Aviv, the civil and military headquarters of the new State of Israel.

Iraqi forces moved out of the Arab town of Tulkarm and conducted patrol raids against the Israeli settlements of Kfar Yona and Nahalat Shavim, five miles east of the Israeli diamond-cutting center of Natanya. [Belt Yitzhak also was raided, The United Press said.] Natanya is about twenty-five miles north of Tel Aviv.

Armor and artillery of Trans-Jordan's Arab Legion moved up to the crescent-shaped front, which has its eastern end tied to Jerusalem's Old City, and the Legion has formed patrols probing west to Hartov. Hartov is less than twenty miles southeast of Tel Aviv.

Less than twenty miles southwest of the Legion forward positions, Egyptian forces hammered at the Jewish seacoast settlement of Isdud, twenty-three miles south of Tel Aviv. [Reports from Cairo said that Israeli forces had been repulsed in counter-attacking Egyptian advance positions at Isdud.]

Arab sources said that Israeli forces, which they described as having been mauled by the Legion during two days of battle at Latrun, had withdrawn to the Haganah staging area at Hulda. Legion gunners said they had shot down one Israeli plane. An Arab gunnery officer said that Israeli attacking forces at Latrun had used artillery for the first time.

Small Israeli planes flew over Arab lines before dawn today and dropped mortar bombs in Ramallah and the Nablus area. Damage appeared slight. (AP)

Jews Treated Under Fire In Jerusalem

Doctors, Nurses Last To Leave When Walled City Fell to Arabs

Jerusalem, May 30. (AP.)—Three doctors and two nurses of the American-financed Hadassah Hospital worked under constant

fire for two weeks treating Jewish soldiers and civilians in Jerusalem's old city. They were the last to leave when the walled city fell to the Arab Legion two days ago.

The story of this medical performance was told today by Dr. Abraham Laufer, 43, head of the Hadassah team.

"We had plenty of medical supplies but we had to keep moving back as the Arabs kept coming in," he said. "The members of our team never slept more than two hours in 24, but everyone kept on. We even managed to shave every day except for the last one when we were prisoners."

Team Members Evacuated.

All the members of the team were evacuated Friday except Dr. E. Riis who went with Arab legion guards to Amman, Trans-Jordan, to care for wounded Jewish prisoners. Riis left without knowing that his wife, a nurse, had been killed during the shelling of Hadassah Hospital the day before.

The Red Cross arranged for Laufer and an Arab physician to check the hospital and select the Jewish wounded who were well enough to be included as prisoners. Out of 120 wounded, 50 were sent to Amman. The more seriously wounded were handed over to the Jews for evacuation to various Jerusalem hospitals.

Laufer said sometimes he and the Arab doctor argued about the various cases "but in the end we were in complete agreement."

During the battle, operations were performed by flashlight and candlelight when the power failed. Some operations were carried out when the Arabs were only 10 yards away from the hospital, Laufer said.

Four babies were born in the hospital while the guns boomed.

JEWISH BOMBS HIT SEPULCHER CHURCH

Greek Orthodox Edifices Damaged in Jerusalem Fight

Jerusalem, May 30. (AP.)—Two Jewish mortar bombs have struck Greek orthodox churches built onto the Church of the Holy Sepulcher, site of Christ's crucifixion and entombment, religious authorities said tonight.

A fragment of shrapnel has broken one of the 50 panes of glass of the big rotunda over the Holy Sepulcher itself.

One of the mortar bombs failed to explode when it hit the flagstone roof of St. Helena's Chapel

above the grotto in which, Greek Orthodox historians say, Christ's cross was found.

NIGHT
A second bomb smashed against the edge of the terrace roof of the Church of St. Constantine and St. Helena. It broke four windows in a small church dome and peppered the lead covering of the dome of the Church of the Holy Sepulcher about 15 yards away.

Guardian priests of the Holy Sepulcher said the bombing of the Church of St. Constantine and St. Helena occurred May 17. That was when a Jewish attack broke through Arab irregulars at the Old City's Zion gate and linked up with the Walled City's Jewish quarter.

The priests said the roof of St. Helena's chapel was hit last Sunday. The unexploded bomb, they added, appeared to be of a crude, home-made type. They said it had arched over the wall defenses of Trans-Jordan's Arab Legion less than 400 yards away.

During Jewish Bombardment
The priests said shrapnel fell through the rotunda of the Holy Sepulcher last Friday evening during a Jewish bombardment of Arab Legion positions at the nearby Damascus and new gates to the Old City. They said one fragment landed at the foot of a woman who was praying beside the marble shrine which encloses the Sepulcher.

There was no doubt, the priests said, that the bombs had come from a Jewish-held area just outside the Old City walls. They said there were no civilian casualties from the three incidents.

No Arab forces have occupied the precincts of the Church of the Holy Sepulchre. Many Christian Arab refugees, however, have found temporary shelter within its high surrounding wall.

Arab Says Zionists Should Be Punished

Cairo, May 30. (AP.)—Abdel Rahman Azzam Pasha, secretary-general of the Arab League, said tonight "the Zionists who started this war in Palestine must be left alone to take the punishment they deserve."

It was Azzam Pasha's first public declaration since the United Nations Security Council called on the Arabs and Jews last night to agree by 6 P.M. Tuesday on a four-week cease-fire in the Holy Land.

Azzam Pasha made the statement after he held a 90-minute conference with Count Folke Bernadotte, the United Nations Palestine mediator.

NIGHT
Now Claim Initiative
He did not say whether the Arabs would accept or reject the latest United Nations truce proposal. The League official added, however, that he told Count Bernadotte the initiative now was in

the hands of the Arabs and the United Nations were "interfering to protect the Jews in spite of the fact they are the aggressors" in Palestine.

"I told him the Arabs have already worked for peace and this war was started by Zionists in the Jaffa region where 200,000 Arabs, possessing only 48 rifles among them, were living," Azzam Pasha said.

"The Jews prepared for this war for more than ten years. Deir Yassin and other massacres of Arabs resulted in the evacuation of about 250,000 Arabs from Palestine."

"We have always advised the Zionists, with whom we had no

enmity, to prevent the use of armed force to achieve their aims. Now that they have used such forces they must be left alone to take the punishment they deserve."

Count Bernadotte plans to fly to Haifa tomorrow morning and then motor to Tel Aviv for talks with Jewish officials. He expects to go to Amman, Trans-Jordan, Tuesday to discuss the truce with the Arab League's political committee. The committee opens its session in Amman tomorrow. Ahmed Khasaba Pasha, Egyptian Foreign Minister, said.

Term West Unreliable

In his statement, Azzam Pasha said the Arabs knew they had no friend in the Western World on whom they could rely.

"Not even Britain, on whom rests the responsibility of permitting the Zionists to prepare for this war and commit the most horrible crimes against the Arabs," he added.

He concluded, however, by saying that the Arab world is united against injustice and aggression, and that the Palestine question cannot be settled except in accord with democratic principles.

Premier Mahmoud Fahmy Nokrashy Pasha, acting as military governor, decreed today the state would seize the property of persons and organizations in Egypt whose actions have harmed or now are harming Egypt's safety and security.

Egypt Acts To Check Smuggling To Sudan

Cairo, May 30. (AP.)—Egypt's military government struck today at what it said was a possible effort to smuggle large sums of money, diamonds and other valuables through Sudan to the outside world.

As military governor, Prime Minister Nokrashy Pasha banned the sending of any money or precious gems to Sudan excepting such as are required for ordinary commercial transactions.

Old City Christians Get Pledge
LONDON, May 30. (AP.)—King Abdullah of Trans-Jordan has pledged full freedom of worship at all Christian churches in Jerusalem's Old City, now controlled by his Arab Legion, the British Foreign Office said tonight.

Pravda Scores Arabs For Attacking Israel

Moscow, May 30. (AP.)—The newspaper Pravda said today Arab states have "started on a path strewn with dangerous consequences" in attacking Israel.

The article was written by J. Viktorov, a political commentator. He contended the position taken by the Arab states is "advantageous only to those imperialist circles which are interested in the instigation of national quarrels and civil war in order to thus strengthen their political and economic positions and undermine the development of the national liberation movement in the Near East."

Viktorov's article spoke more sharply than a front page editorial in Pravda published yesterday. The commentator repeated substantially, however, the Pravda charge that "the unprovoked aggression of the Arab states against the young Jewish state meets the most severe condemnation from the side of Soviet society as from democratic society of all the world." (AP)

U. S. Averted Red Veto Of Call For Truce

Gromyko Objections to British Plan Met by Austin Amendments

Lake Success, May 30. (AP.)—The United States was credited here today with saving Britain's armistice plan from a Soviet veto.

The United Nations Security Council is awaiting Jewish and Arab answers to the British proposal for peaceful mediation, which the council approved last night.

Several delegates said they had hopes the Arabs and Jews would accept before the council deadline, which is 6 p. m. EST Tuesday.

The council called for a four-week cease-fire in Palestine, an embargo during that period on sending arms and men into Palestine and the seven Arab countries, and for Jews and Arabs to cooperate with the United Nations

mediator, Count Folke Bernadotte of Sweden.

Austin Credited.

Authoritative circles credited American delegate Warren Austin with playing a strong role in rewriting the British resolution to make it acceptable to the United States and at least tolerable to Russia.

NIGHT
Yesterday, before the council voted on Russian demands for force to end the war, the British approached Austin and asked him to talk over amendments which would make the British plan agreeable to him.

Austin refused even to discuss it. He was reported as feeling that he backed the Russian call for force completely and he could consider no other course while that was before the council.

Once the council voted on the Russian proposal, which came two votes short of adoption, Austin swung into action.

He tossed a flock of amendments to the British plan.

Andrei A. Gromyko, Soviet deputy foreign minister, had attacked the British proposal in such strong terms that the delegates knew a veto was coming up unless changes were made. Gromyko charged the British proposal was pro-Arab and anti-Israel.

The British originally wanted an embargo on arms shipments and immigration of military men into Palestine.

Austin changed that, with quick British approval, to include a similar ban on arms and men into the seven Arab countries, Egypt, Syria, Lebanon, Iraq, Saudi Arabia, Yemen and Trans-Jordan.

Gromyko huddled quickly with deputy foreign minister Jakob Malik, who will sit for Russia during Gromyko's vacation this summer, and Vassily A. Tarasenko, Soviet Ukrainian delegate. Then Gromyko abstained, permitting the key points to pass.

Accepted by Paragraphs.

The British resolution was accepted by paragraphs without a final vote on the whole proposal.

Gromyko actually voted for only one point, the paragraph calling on all governments and authorities concerned to order a cessation of all acts of armed force for a period of four weeks.

A unanimous vote was recorded by the council on a paragraph calling for all precautions to protect the holy places in the city of Jerusalem but no abstention on that was called and newsmen did not see Gromyko vote on it.

U.S. WAR DEAD ARE HONORED BY EUROPEANS

Thousands Gather At
Dozens Of Cemeteries;
Officials Speak

London, May 30 (AP)—Many thousands of Europeans gathered on a Memorial Day of alternating sunshine and rain today to honor American war dead at dozens of cemeteries.

Americans who died in the Battle of the Bulge, in dreary Ardennes Woods, and at Bastogne were honored at the American Military Cemetery of Notre Dame near Dinant, Belgium. There Gen. Lucius D. Clay, United States commander in Europe, said these Americans rest in a free country, and he made a pledge to the dead:

"We shall not fail these heroes in our efforts to establish and maintain freedom."

NIGHT Pilgrimage

Raoul de Fraiteur, Belgium's Minister of National Defense, said the cemetery has become and will for all time be a place of pilgrimage for Belgians. Every grave in the cemetery was marked by a small American flag.

Alan G. Kirk, United States Ambassador to Belgium, said families in America are comforted by the thoughtfulness of the citizens of the little villages which surround the Belgian cemetery.

On a spot which was an American outpost in the Battle of the Bulge Kirk buried a copper cylinder bearing names of officials who took part in the ceremony today. Next September a monument being constructed on the spot will be unveiled.

Service Held In Holland

Lieut. Gen. Clarence R. Huebner, deputy commander of American forces in Europe, spoke at a memorial service at Margraten, Holland. Many Americans buried there served with Huebner in the war.

"They were never found wanting," he said.

At Solers Cemetery near Paris United States Ambassador Jefferson Caffery said America's responsibility to fulfill its obligations to its soldier dead never has been greater "because of renewed threats to freedom."

War Veterans Parade

Caffery spoke later at Suresnes Cemetery, where dead of the First World War lie. At the Place des Etats-Unis he laid a wreath on the monument to men who served with French forces. American and French war veterans paraded from the nearby American church to the Arc de Triomphe where Caffery laid another wreath on the tomb of France's unknown soldier.

Lieut. Gen. Curtis E. Lemay, commander of American Air Forces in Europe, voiced at Solers Cemetery the hope that "universal freedom may ultimately be achieved through mutual understanding among nations."

In a memorial service at Berlin Maj. Gen. George P. Hays, American deputy military governor, said it is a sincere American desire to see a prosperous and happy Germany rise from the devastation of war.

Commander Pays Tribute

At Castel Fiorentino in Italy a Memorial Day tribute was paid to 4,772 United States war dead by the man who commanded them in their last battle—Lieut. Gen. Geoffrey Keyes, now military commander in Austria. Facing the ranks of crosses General Keyes said:

"They are all listening here to know what peace the survivors have obtained for the sacrifice of their lives in the fight for liberty. The United States continues to fight for the four freedoms for all people."

There will be London services tomorrow. United States Ambassador Lewis W. Douglas will lay a wreath on the tomb of the unknown warrior in Westminster Abbey.

COMMUNISTS GAIN IN BAVARIA VOTE

Score Marked Advance In U.S.
Zone Cities

Munich, May 30 (AP)—Incomplete municipal election returns indicated tonight that the German Communist party had made substantial gains in three Bavarian cities in the American occupation zone.

The gains were reported in Munich, Nuernberg and Hof after nearly 1,200,000 Bavarians voted to elected municipal councils in 41 cities. Communist gains, however, did not appear to be general throughout Bavaria.

It was the first election test for the Communist party, which was permitted to engage in politics only a few months ago.

NIGHT The incomplete returns showed the Communists to be in second place in Nuernberg, scene of the international war crimes trials.

In Munich these returns gave them twelve per cent of the vote. Considerable Communist strength was reported in Hof, along the border of the Russian zone.

Rightist gains were reported in Munich, where politicians who called for "Bavaria for Bavarians" were getting strong support. Early returns gave the separatist Bavarian party twenty per cent of the vote.

American officials in Nuernberg said they were "startled" by the early success of the Communists there. Although they were running second, the Communists were far behind the city's moderate Social Democrats. However, they thus far had outdistanced Bavaria's dominant party, the Conservative Christian Social Union.

Returns from 150 of Nuernberg's 200 voting districts showed these results:

Social Democrats, 46,581; Communists, 17,059; Christian Socialists, 14,474; Free Democrats (Right-wing), 14,245.

The Communists had jumped from third to second place since the last Nuernberg city elections in 1946.

Slight Communist gains were reported from Wuerzburg, but just before midnight the Bavarian Government said that on an incomplete state-wide basis, the Communists had won only 6.9 per cent of the vote.

HALF-MILLION VOTERS BLANK CZECH REGIME

Cast Protest Ballots As
Government Wins
Expected Majority

Prague, Czechoslovakia, Monday, May 31 (AP)—Blank protest votes against Czechoslovakia's Communist-led Government's single parliamentary election ticket totaled more than a half million tonight with more than 99 per cent of the vote counted.

However, these returns, announced at midnight, gave Premier Klement Gottwald's "Peoples Democracy" Government the majority of 'yes' votes it demanded. There are slightly more than 8,000,000

registered voters in Czechoslovakia.

At midnight the Ministry of Interior had counted a total of 4,387,060 votes. An announcement said 3,606,805 Government ballots were cast in Bohemia-Moravia and 659,167 in Slovakia.

Protest votes counted were 393,342 in Bohemia-Moravia and 121,088 in Slovakia.

Many Boycott Polls

At midnight only 36 districts, including the Prague area, remained to be counted in Bohemia-Moravia, and 22 districts in Slovakia.

It appeared that many of the nation's voters had stayed away from the polls.

The Ministry said its figures were unofficial, gathered by telegraph from the election boards. The official figures will be received by mail and will be known at the end of the week.

On the basis of a midnight tally, several districts had reported nearly 100 per cent balloting for the Government slate, which will seat up to 80 Communists in the 300-member Parliament.

Communist party candidates and Communists who ran as Labor candidates will command nearly 240 seats. The Social Democrats will fill the 26 seats allotted to them until the party merges with the Communist party next month.

Empty Envelope Cast

In the 1946 election the Communists got 38 per cent of the popular vote and the Social Democrats only 14 per cent. Together they held only a bare majority.

In its early announcements, the Government gave out figures on the number of Government votes, blank protest ballots and empty envelopes that were cast. When the total of empty envelopes began to mount up, that figure was dropped from the announcements.

Some observers estimated that empty envelopes, which would be considered as protest votes, might account for around 1,000,000 votes. They would not, however, be considered in the final Government count.

Varied Trends Shown

According to midnight figures, Valsske Mezeric, famous partisan center of Moravia during the war, turned in a 32 per cent protest vote. Sezimovo Usti, where President Eduard Benes now lives, showed only 28 protest votes, a 98.6 per cent victory for the Government. Strongly Catholic Moravian centers registered protest ballots up to about twenty per cent.

The Government scored high percentages, up to 99 per cent, in

western border regions where Sudeten Germans had been transferred out and Czech peasants settled on their lands.

Several districts of Slovakia cast heavy protest votes, one amounting to 39 per cent in the Trstena district of northern Slovakia. This was overbalanced by several districts around Bratislava, where nearly 100 per cent of the ballots cast were pro-Government.

No Police Patrol Booths

Several districts in Bohemia also cast almost solid votes for the hand-picked Government list, which could not lose. This was the case in Louny, a village in the Kladno mining district, where President Eduard Benes has one of his Summer homes.

Earlier, Interior Minister Vclav Nosek said the elections were without incident. He told a radio audience that for the first time in Czech history police were not needed to patrol the polling booths.

Protest Vote Surprising

The protest ballots were running roughly around 11 per cent all over Bohemia-Moravia and 17 per cent in Slovakia.

The number of protest ballots was surprising to some foreign observers, who saw today how the Czech people cast their votes. They entered the polling places carrying two ballots, one pro-government and one a blank. They placed their preferred ballot in a locked box and discarded the other with little secrecy so poll-watchers could determine which one had been discarded.

Correspondents Tour Polls

Some 70 foreign correspondents were taken on a tour of the polling places. American correspondents visited a school in central Prague near the National Museum, a school in Liben, a Prague factory district and a school in the Malestrana district near the foreign embassies and peopled by shopkeepers, clerks and other middle-class residents.

In each, the procedure was the same:

The voter entered. It was determined that he carried with him both the ballot printed on both sides, with the list of the National Front candidates for his district, and the blank ballot marked on one side with a huge cross. He produced his election card, which was taken up.

Many Vote In Open

He was issued an envelope. He could go behind a small three-sided screen to place either of the ballots in the envelope, emerge to place the envelope in the locked ballot box and to discard the unvoted ballot into an open waste-basket.

In many cases voters did not bother to go behind the screen. They placed their national ticket openly in the envelope and threw the white ticket into the waste-basket.

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In at least one case, a voter placed the white ticket openly in the ballot box and threw the Government ticket into the waste-basket.

In some polls, party watchers were in a position to observe closely which ballot was discarded. At one polling place, a watcher near the basket actually recorded the number of each voter.

Two Methods Reported

In other polls, it appeared that no attention was paid to the discards.

There were stories that two methods of voting protests were employed, but they could not be confirmed.

One story was that a great many voters carried with them photographs of President Benes which they inserted in the envelopes. These they cast. They stuck the national ticket in their pockets and threw away the white protest ballot in view of the judges.

The other story was that voters obtained blank pieces of paper marked in some way with a cross resembling the protest ballots. Thus they entered the polling place with two protest ballots and one national ticket.

Slogans Call For Unity

Behind the screen, the legal protest ballot was inserted in the envelope. The national ticket was stuck in a pocket. The envelope was cast and the fake protest ballot discarded.

Despite pre-election statements of Nosek that campaign slogans would not be allowed on voting premises, huge signs with Premier Gottwald's photograph adorned the entrances, and there were slogans calling for Government unity and blasting the voting of protest tickets.

Inside the schoolrooms, beneath the portraits of President Benes, the late President Masaryk, and of Premier Stalin—whose portrait is a must in all schoolrooms since the February revolution—were blackboards carrying patriotic slogans studied by the children. In every schoolroom, too, was a crucifix.

Greeks Report Victories In Central Area Battles

ATHENS, May 30 (AP)—Greek troops are striking successfully at Communist-led guerrillas in the Mount Othrys area of central Greece, the general staff announced tonight.

A communique said guerrilla storehouses and 102 cavalry horses were captured during an engagement northeast of Lamia. Greek troops also rounded up 107 guerrillas and members of the Communist underground.

Southeast of Ioannina, along the Kalamas River, the bodies of thirty-five were found following a clash in Epirus, the communique said. Seven hundred mines, mortars, machine guns and rifles were seized northeast of Komotini. Some of the captured rebel equipment had Bulgarian inscriptions, the communique said.

The communique said an action was in progress on Mount Kaimatichian, south of the Yugoslav border near Edessa. Greek troops made a surprise attack behind guerrilla positions in the Mount Grammos area and destroyed the rebels' line of communication.

Chinese Reds Reported Using Russian Guns

Nanking, May 30 (AP)—The official Central News asserted today that three Russian-made machine guns were among weapons captured recently from the Communist 2d Regiment in North Kiangsu province.

[The Chinese have accused the Russians before of turning over captured Japanese arms to the Communists. This is the first story intimating that the Communists are using Russian arms.]

Plot Laid To Chinese

Peiping, May 30 (AP)—Government garrison headquarters said today the "more than ten" students arrested in North China since mid-April had been accused of organizing a murder ring for the Communists.

The student arrests have provoked protest demonstrations at universities in various parts of China.

Communist Guerrillas Threaten Port of Swatow

Canton, May 30.—(AP.)—A press dispatch said today 4000 Communist guerrillas were threatening the port of Swatow, on the southeast China coast about 220 miles east of Canton.

It was the first report of Communist activity in that part of South China. The newspaper Kai Kwong Po said the nearby coastal cities of Chaoyang and Chaoan also were alerted.

Rumor of Soviet Break With Malan Government

Johannesburg, Union of South Africa, May, 30.—(AP.)—The Sunday Express of Johannesburg said in an editorial today that Dr. D. F. Malan's new nationalist government may break off diplomatic relations with the Soviet Union.

The Express predicted the Malan government would stop Jewish immigration and impose restrictions on Jews in the union. It also provided that immigration from Britain would be curtailed and "selective immigration from Germany and other Nordic countries encouraged." (AP)

Eichelberger Recalls How Liberty Was Lost

Yokohama, Monday, May 31 (AP). Lieut. Gen. Robert L. Eichelberger declared in a Memorial Day address today that "we have been forced to witness the death of liberty in country after country as their citizens have become mere pawns" of police states.

The commander of the United States 8th Army of Occupation in Japan spoke at the cemetery for American war dead on a hillside overlooking Tokyo Bay.

"To keep faith with these men," Eichelberger said, "we must protect the freedom and liberty for which they died."

"We Do Not Underestimate"

"Today we do not underestimate the vitality of the forces that seek to overthrow democratic principles and crush the spirits of free men throughout the world."

"Today, in our new-found realization, our country stands as a beacon of hope, giving new confidence to those who cherish freedom."

"If we have failed these dead who lie here, and in other cemeteries, by permitting the disintegration of our armed forces, we have not failed them in being blind to the needs of free peoples throughout the world."

Thinks They Would Be Proud

"I feel certain if these men who lie here could speak they would express their pride in the generosity of their country to other peoples. They would be proud that the heart of our nation is aroused and that we are resolved that the dictators shall not bring other free states under their domination."

Eichelberger said that "an America with sufficient trained men" supported by industrial power "would represent an ominous warning to any would-be aggressor."

"Such preparedness," he added, "is a bitter price to pay for peace, but in a world as it exists today there is no easier road that will insure the retention of our ancient liberties."

Philippine Congress To Meet

Manila, May 30 (AP)—President Elpidio Quirino today tentatively scheduled a special session of Congress for June 7, apparently in an attempt to induce the rebel leader, Luis Taruc, to surrender. Among the measures to be placed before the session is a resolution providing amnesty for all members of Taruc's outlawed Hukbalahaps when and if he surrenders.

First Major Shipments Of U.S. Raw Materials To Europe Approved

Washington, May 28 (AP)—The first major shipments of industrial raw materials for European recovery were approved today as part of a \$39,647,541 authorization for five countries.

Brass, copper, iron sheets, tin plates and super phosphate were listed on the \$2,116,155 share for Austria.

About half the sum will be spent in the United States.

The action by Paul G. Hoffman, Economic Co-operation Administrator, brought the total commitments for United States-financed purchases for Europe to \$202,394,628 including freight. In addition, shipments valued at \$5,700,880 have been approved for China.

WAA To Ship Coal

The largest part of the new authorization consists of coal to be purchased in this country by the French Government. About \$24,970,000 worth of the fuel will go to France, and about \$2,200,000 worth to French North Africa.

Norway, The Netherlands and Greece shared in the rest of the authorization. They will obtain grains and flour, for the most part.

In a summary of European shipments authorized to date, ECA listed these commodities:

Wheat, \$73,521,215; coal, \$40,725,000; fibers, most cotton, \$28,745,320; Wheat flour, \$22,032,577; meats, \$12,250,000; other food products, \$4,123,614; inedible fats and oils, \$2,946,000; fertilizer, \$1,230,000; oil cake and meal, \$1,007,000; metals, \$886,155; dyes and chemicals, \$842,200; tobacco, \$716,000; seeds, \$468,000; petroleum products, \$173,797.

New Authorization

Tonight's authorization includes: Austria \$2,116,115; made up of brass strips, sheets and wire \$209,999; electrolytic copper, \$373,160; black iron sheets, \$149,998; tin plate for food containers, \$89,999; electric sheets, \$62,999, (all the foregoing to be purchased in this country by the Federal Bureau of Supply) and super phosphate and basic slag to be purchased in Belgium, Luxembourg or Switzerland by the United States Army, \$1,230,000.

France \$33,961,646; including wheat flour valued at \$2,169,480, wheat valued at \$4,622,166, both to be purchased by the Agriculture Department, and coal worth \$27,170,000, to be bought by the French Government.

Norway \$667,000; including coarse grains to be purchased in

Canada by the Norwegian Government and processed into rolled oats in Norway, \$570,000; oilcake and meal to be purchased here by Norway, \$97,000.

Dutch To Get Canadian Wheat Netherlands, \$1,818,000 worth of wheat to be purchased in Canada.

Greece, \$1,084,740 worth of wheat flour to be purchased here.

The commitments so far authorized, including ocean freight, break down by countries as follows:

France \$77,290,966; Britain \$42,200,000, Italy \$35,639,376, Netherlands \$20,842,630, Austria \$13,293,018, Greece \$10,386,638, Norway \$2,214,000 and Denmark, \$528,000.

Aid Bargain Soviet Loss

Washington, May 30 (AP)—Twenty million dollars worth of industrial goods, made for Russia and stranded when Congress chopped off lend-lease to Moscow, has been offered to the European Recovery Program.

The War Assets Administration handed a list of surplus items to the Economic Co-Operation Administration, for purchase by any Marshall-plan country approved by ECA. It includes coal mining machinery, mine locomotives, electrical equipment and even a "package" power plant.

At the same time, officials disclosed, the two agencies (WAA and ECA) now are drafting a "memorandum of understanding." Its aim is to help steer surplus war goods, at bargain prices, into ECA's \$5,300,000,000 recovery program.

All Crated For Export

Glenn Craig, acting industry director of ECA, reported arrival of the list. WAA officials gave the nature and amount of the materials. All are new, crated and boxed for export.

They were the tag-end of the \$280,000,000 so-called "pipeline" program of postwar lend-lease to Russia. Congress, alarmed lest potential war materials be shipped to the Soviet, cut off funds for the shipment last year, while leaving the pipeline open to eleven other countries. The made-for-Russia goods finally were declared surplus.

Coal cutters worth \$1,000,000 were put on sale last week and Austria, a Marshall-plan nation, was the highest bidder on about half this mine equipment. However, WAA has halted the sale pending clearance from the Commerce Department, which controls exports.

Fear Congress Criticism

Commerce in turn would like a go-ahead from ECA. All the agencies fear the congressional criticism which would come if the equipment found its way to Russia after all, via Austria.

Seven coal-mining hoists, which cost \$361,000 each, and coal locomotives costing \$750,000 are in the Soviet "pipeline" surplus. The electrical equipment is worth "several million dollars," officials said. The packaged-for-export power plant has drawn nibbles from Norway, Iran and France.

A more ticklish disposal job is presented by parts of two oil refineries. Russia has most of both plants but can't use them without the unshipped portions. The latter are unusable here because their electrical parts are built for 50-cycle power, the type used in Europe.

WAA officials believe the proposed inter-agency agreement would help steer surpluses into the recovery program. Unless Austria obtains clearance for the coal cutters, for instance, they may be sold to other bidders who need them less.

Tentative Terms

The memorandum, as now tentatively drawn, would provide that:

1. WAA would recognize ECA's rights to use its Government priority—the No. 1 claim on surplus goods—and to "lend" the priority to European nations needing the bargain-price goods.

2. ECA could buy surplus from WAA for a foreign country, by placing an order through the Treasury's Bureau of Federal Supply. This roundabout approach is necessary because ECA is not a "procurement agency" and does not buy itself; it merely finances buying for Europe.

3. WAA would agree to sell to any country whose orders have ECA approval. This would dodge such difficulties as the snag in Austria's purchase of coal cutters.

U.S. CHARGES LEBANON WITH ILLEGAL MOVE

Accuses Arab State Of Violating World Law In 41 Detentions

Washington, May 30 (AP)—The United States has accused Lebanon as an international lawbreaker in a second sharp protest against de-

tention of 41 Jewish Americans seized by force from an American merchantman.

The State Department made public today its rejection of Lebanon's explanation as "unsatisfactory."

Demanding "immediate release" of the Americans, the note delivered in Beirut yesterday by United States Minister Lowell Pinkerton, declared that the United States views Lebanon's action as "in disregard of the established principles of international law relating to the rights and duties of a state with respect to aliens."

NIGHT

While assailing the Arab state's stand as illegal, the State Department went ahead with arrangements for releasing the captives on terms made by Lebanon. These plans are not complete, an official said.

This requires that they come back to the United States and not got to Palestine. Lebanon based its seizure on the contention they were going to fight against the Arabs. The 41 are in a concentration camp.

Michael J. McDermott, State Department press officer, said:

"The department does not consider assistance in repatriating Americans as prejudicing in any way its contention that their detention by the Lebanese Government is illegal."

The men were seized May 12 from the ship Marine Carp at Beirut. Lebanon refused their unconditional release, but told this country they would be freed to return to the United States.

Choose To Return

The State Department said Friday that the men all had chosen the alternative of returning rather than staying indefinitely in the concentration camp.

This action did not end the controversy, however. The second American note contended that Lebanese authorities "do not purport to have acted under the authority of any law or legal process of Lebanon."

That country has made no showing, the department asserted, that the captives were charged with offense against a Lebanese law, or that Lebanon's action confirmed with basic legal processes recognized around the world concerning arrest, charge, hearing and trial.

'Voice Of America' Hearings To Open

Washington, May 30 (AP)—Two Senate committees will start joint public hearings Tuesday into the "Know North America" broadcasts which angered lawmakers who said their states had been slurred.

Senator Smith (R., N.J.), chairman of a Senate Foreign Relations

subcommittee, said the objective is to determine the responsibility for the broadcasts, and to make certain the same "mistakes" don't happen again.

He made clear that he felt the State Department's Voice of America programs, of which the series was a part, must be continued and strengthened.

Smith's group is acting jointly in the inquiry with the Senate investigating committee, of which Senator Ferguson (R., Mich.) is chairman. A House expenditures subcommittee, headed by Representative Chenoweth (R., Col.), is pursuing an independent investigation.

Senator Smith said the Foreign Relations Committee is primarily concerned with policy, while Ferguson's group is principally concerned with expenditures.

The broadcasts were beamed to South and Central America last winter by the National Broadcasting Company, operating under a State Department contract. The scripts purportedly described historical and present-day life in the 48 states.

Senator Wiley Urges U.S. Peace Division

Washington, May 30 (AP)—A peace division in the State Department "to mobilize the spiritual forces of mankind" for peace was urged today by Senator Wiley (R., Wis.).

"It could co-operate with the great religious organizations of America, fraternal organizations, veterans organizations and others, in order to secure true co-operation between the peoples of the world," he Senator said.

Wiley gave this as one point in a "positive program for peace" outlined in a broadcast interview.

Wiley has introduced a bill for a department of peace of cabinet level, but he said the State Department fears its work would be duplicated. He favors a division in the State Department as an alternative.

95,000 Disabled G.I.'s Jobless
WASHINGTON, May 30 (AP)—Disabled veterans and other handicapped workers are finding it less difficult to get jobs, the United States Employment Service reported today. This improvement, too, has brought improved work opportunities for the handicapped. State services placed 21,100 handicapped workers in non-farm jobs in April, an increase of 15 per cent over the previous month. But the United States Bureau reports a backlog of about 95,000 disabled veterans who seek employment.

More Than Lip Service Must Be Paid: Truman

New York, May 30 (AP)—President Truman said today in a Memorial Day message to the Jewish War Veterans of the United States that more than "lip service" must be paid to the dead of World War II.

Brig. Gen. Julius Klein, national J.W.V. commander, read the following message from Mr. Truman at the organization's fifty-third annual memorial service.

"It is not enough that we pay lip service to those who died in the fight to bring tolerance and good will to the world. We must ever keep in our hearts the need for the understanding and peace among all peoples wherever they may be. Under God, let us hold high the torch of freedom and justice for all people."

Lieut. Gen. George E. Stratemeyer, commanding general, Air Defense Command, told the gathering of several hundred in Fifth avenue's Temple Emanu-El that "because we offer a rich prize for any nation, we must expect that the first attack of any future wars will be directed against us. And all wishful thinking in the world cannot change this fact or lessen the danger."

DOUGLAS BIDS U. S. PUT AN END TO FEAR

Justice Eulogizes Roosevelt at Unveiling of Plaque at Hyde Park Church

HYDE PARK, N. Y., May 30 (AP)—Supreme Court Justice William O. Douglas said today that Americans must dispel post-war fears by bold, vigorous action to make democracy work.

"If we who loved Franklin Roosevelt would honor him, we must take the lead in dispelling fear by coming to grips with the problems of our time," Justice Douglas said.

His address was for the unveiling of a memorial plaque to the late President at St. James Episcopal Church, where Mr. Roosevelt worshipped.

In his address, Justice Douglas said: "We must no more balk at novel ideas of world government, mass education, guaranteed annual wages, than he (Roosevelt) balked at the creation of radical instruments to handle the crises that tumbled on the heels of the depression in the early Thirties."

"We must follow his example and put our inventive genius to work for if we do no more than cling to our traditional concepts of political management, we will be left in the backwash of the world."

Later, at the Roosevelt grave, Justice Douglas said the World War II President "was in a very special sense the people's President because he made them feel that with him in the White House they shared the Presidency."

A man who lacks "the sense of belonging," he continued, "is easy prey to divisive influences that are designed to tear a nation apart or to woo it to a foreign ideology."

Americans will pray at Roosevelt's grave as long as there is an America, the Justice declared, "for they know from the life and works of him who sleeps here that faith and love can work miracles—that faith and love can make even the lowliest of men noble."

CHAPLAIN FINDS MARXISM NAIVE

Graduating Midshipmen Told It Puts Cart Before Horse

Annapolis, May 30 (AP)—Those who follow Communist principles have the cart before the horse, but just the same the movement has become powerful enough to set the world on edge, Chaplain Everett P. Wuebbens, of the Naval Academy, said today.

Preaching the baccalaureate sermon to 410 graduating midshipmen, Commander Wuebbens declared that true freedom rests on principles which have not changed in 1,900 years.

"Change-The-System" Cure
At the services were Rear Admiral James S. Holloway, Jr., academy superintendent, and Mrs. Holloway; Capt. Frank T. Ward, commandant of midshipmen, and Mrs. Ward, and members of the families of the first classmen.

Pointing out that it was 100 years ago that Karl Marx issued the Communist manifesto, the chaplain said:

"It is the naive idea that slavery and injustice is due simply to a wrong system."

May "Save Us From Ourselves"
"Those who support it say: Change the system and men will be freed; don't worry about personal freedom, just build a free society, a free economy; don't worry about principles either; just force your plan upon people, liqui-

date those who will not accept it, and eventually you will have free men and women.

"So have they put the cart before the horse; and yet, in spite of its crude self-contradictions, this movement has grown so powerful that it has the world on edge."

The chaplain said there are those who say that the doctrine "can and will destroy us."

"That may yet become true," he added, "but this is true right now; it can and may save us—save us from ourselves, in that it compels us to remember what so many who believe in freedom have forgotten; this namely, that even in a free society it takes character to make personal freedom work and that our other liberties can not survive unless we do make it work."

Anniversary Of Midway
Commander Wuebbens noted that June Week falls within the anniversary of the Battle of Midway in 1942 and told the graduating class:

"We believe you will not hesitate, even if you are some day faced with a situation like that other Fourth of June morning six years ago when John Charles Waldron, '24, with deathless courage led Torpedo Squadron 8 in the historic attack that knocked an entire armada of enemy ships off balance."

"Our tradition is such, that we take it for granted that you will be ready to die for freedom if it comes to that, but won't you live for freedom? That is the challenge of this last undergraduate chapel hour for you men of '48."

Poland 'Sold Down Volga'

Philadelphia, May 30 (AP)—The president of the Polish American Congress said tonight that Franklin D. Roosevelt promised him that he would "take care of Stalin after the war."

Charles Rozmarek, of Chicago, in a formal report to the congress said that he spoke with the late President twice before the Yalta conference and that Roosevelt said "he had mortal fear of Stalin teaming up with Hitler."

Rozmarek quoted Roosevelt as having said he would work for the independence of Poland after the war, but that it was necessary to win the war first.

"Sold Down The Volga"
But at Yalta, said Rozmarek, "Roosevelt sold Poland down the Volga."

Rozmarek said that "the seeds of war were sown at Yalta" and that "those seeds are now bearing evil fruit."

The Chicagoan said that when he spoke with the late President shortly before he was re-elected to a fourth term, Roosevelt did not appear in good health, but that he apparently fully expected to live out his term and to help rebuild the world after the war.

Rozmarek said Roosevelt told him he had been "fooled" by Stalin "many times before."

In his opinion, said Rozmarek, Roosevelt intended to talk things out with Premier Stalin after the war and work for the independence of Poland.

Visited D.P. Camps
Rozmarek's formal report lasted two and one-half hours. In that time he described his four years since taking over the post of president of the congress.

During that period he visited many displaced persons camps in Europe and talked with President Truman and Prime Minister Clement Attlee of Great Britain.

Lieut. Gov. Arthur W. Coolidge of Massachusetts told the congress earlier that the Communist Government in Warsaw is poisoning the minds of Poland's children.

"Poland has more than a million war orphans," Coolidge told delegates attending the three-day congress convention here. "Ordinarily little ones receive religious faith from their devout mothers' knee."

"But these motherless waifs are brought up in state institutions, run by atheistic Communists, whose clenched fist is battering down the Christian cross."

"Wholesale Seduction Of Young"
"I accuse the Warsaw Red Government of wholesale seduction of the young, the most diabolical of crimes against Poland."

Coolidge asserted that a peaceful settlement of the differences between the United States and Russia "would pave the way to a solution of the Polish problem."

But he added: "Before we smoke the pipe of peace with Stalin, we must be sure that we are not offered an opium pipe, beguiling us to ruin with dope-fiend dreams that fail to materialize."

Mikolajczyk Speaks
"If, however, we continue to wax strong and to increase the prosperity and the military strength of the free world, the time may come when Moscow will alter its attitude."

Senator Francis Myers (D., Pa.) told the congress that "communism either here or in Europe can not stand up against the sensational competition of freedom when freedom has a chance to operate."

Stanislaw Mikolajczyk, former Vice Premier of the Polish Government, urged free Poles to "keep on awakening the conscience of the world to the promises contained in the principles of the Atlantic Charter and to the promises made that there would be a free and independent Poland."

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Bradley Warns U.S. To Meet Issues Boldly

Longmeadow, Mass., May 30 (AP). Gen. Omar N. Bradley warned today against the United States ever "stooping to expedients" to avoid the difficult decisions that come with world leadership or the heavy burdens that come with defense.

The Army Chief of Staff spoke at the Memorial Day interment of Corp. Edward G. Wilkin, medal of honor winner killed in action fighting with the 45th Division in Germany during World War II.

"Wars can be prevented just as surely as they are provoked," Bradley said, "and, therefore, we who fail to prevent them must share in the guilt for the dead."

Would Meet Issues Boldly
But, he cautioned: "If we cringe from the necessity of meeting issues boldly with principle, resolution and strength, then we shall simply hurdle along from crisis to crisis, improvising with expedients, seeking inoffensive solutions."

And, he declared, it would mean "drugging the nation with an illusion of security which under those conditions cannot exist."

Warning against "fixing principles and policies to the change of each day," Bradley said such a policy would place us "supinely and helplessly at the mercy of any aggressor who might play on our public opinion and decimate our forces at will."

CHURCH GROUP TOLD OF PERIL

Communism Conflict To Be Mortal, Presbyterians Hear

Atlanta, May 30 (AP)—The conflict between communism and Christianity will be mortal and decisive, a former army colonel told the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church in the United States (South) today.

Roy LeCraw, former Mayor of Atlanta, who served in Europe in the second World War, said Communists are "white hot" in their ideology, ready and willing to die for it.

Too many Americans, he said, are "hardly willing to live for their beliefs."

LeCraw is directing a program of progress campaign for the church to double its membership.

in the next five years and raise more than \$7,000,000, a large part of which will be used for foreign missionary work.

NIGHT

Church Failed the Lord"
He said he took on the job at no salary because he came back from Europe realizing that a Rip Van Winkle church could not save the world. He told the assembly Christianity is not being preached to the masses abroad, adding:
"We sit back here in smug security when everybody knows that whether this church stands will be decided in China, Japan and other places."

"Even our Southern Presbyterian Church has failed the Lord. This program of progress has been set up as a call to awaken while we yet have time."

"The churches have been so careful in the past to remove fanaticism that they have removed the fire."

Asks More Than "Chicken Feed"
He urged ministers to cease asking members to do "two-bit" jobs and ask them to give half their time to church causes.

"Ask your big men to give \$25,000—not chicken feed. Ask your members to tithe. Their hearts will be with their money—men will do tremendous things to save a world."

LeCraw has just returned from sixteen months' traveling over seventeen states in the Southern Church in the interest of the expanded program. Several ministers have told the assembly the program has greatly increased membership and church financing.

The former Mayor told the 400 ministers and laymen that if all the churches do their part, the revival would spread to other denominations.

Can "Implement U.N."

"We've got a dying world on our hands. The church can implement the United Nations, the Marshall plan and other efforts. The program of progress is a formula for saving the world."

The question of uniting with the Northern Presbyterian Church is expected to come before the assembly tomorrow. The Northern Church gave its indorsement to union last week but did not vote on a concrete plan.

A plan put forward in 1943 has been revised by the Southern Committee on Union which will recommend that it be placed on the 1949 church docket for a period before the assembly acts.

Withdrawal of the church from the Federal Council of Churches of Christ in America also may be considered at tomorrow's session.

Standing committees of the assembly will make reports tomorrow and Tuesday. The session will continue through Wednesday morning.

BYRNES NOTES SOVIET MOVES

'For Some Reason' Russians Want Agreement, He Thinks

Rock Hills, S.C., May 30 (AP)—James F. Byrnes expressed belief today that the Russians "for some reason satisfactory to them" want to reach agreement with the United States.

The former Secretary of State said this Government should be willing to talk with the Russians, so long as "questions affecting other allied governments" are not involved.

But Byrnes said we should go ahead with our defense program in the meantime and that we should remember "the old Indian chief who said 'fool me once, shame on you; fool me twice, shame on me.'"

Byrnes's address was delivered at Winthrop College commencement exercises.

Follows Marshall Warning

He spoke less than 48 hours after his successor, Gen. George C. Marshall, Secretary of State, warned the nation against falling into a "peace" trap baited with Soviet propaganda.

Byrnes apparently put more stock in the recent Soviet overtures than Marshall did.

"The conduct of the Soviet representatives in the United Nations would indicate a lack of sincerity in these statements," Byrnes said. "However, that is not conclusive. It is my opinion that for some reason satisfactory to them they now wish to reach an agreement with us."

Says Soviets Will Go So Far

"It has always been my belief that the Soviets, in their policy of expansion, will go just as far as the democracies permit them to go. When they conclude they can go no farther without fighting I believe they will abandon their war of nerves and seek a settlement."

"By this time they should conclude that we have no nerves they can shatter, but we have power, and we intend to use that power to preserve our freedom and, through the United Nations, to preserve the freedom of other free peoples who have the courage to resist aggression."

Byrnes said Premier Stalin was guilty of "bad taste" in addressing a letter to Henry A. Wallace recently when he "knew full well that as head of a government he should address only the President of the United States."

Must Be Willing To Confer
"But the important thing," said Byrnes, "is not to whom the (Wallace) communication was addressed, but whether there is any sincerity in the expressed willingness to bring about a settlement of our differences."
"We must be willing," Byrnes said, "at any time to confer with the Soviet Government as to questions affecting our two governments. As to questions affecting other allied governments . . . we must use the United Nations as the instrumentality through which to conduct negotiations."

Only 109 Veterans Of Civil War Alive

57 Ex-Confederates Found,
Average Age 101

RICHMOND, Va., May 30 (AP).—Only fifty-seven Confederate veterans can answer to muster on this Memorial Day, while official Veterans Administration figures showed earlier this week at Washington that the Grand Army of the Republic had only fifty-two known survivors, as shown on the pension rolls.

The Federal Government pays no pension to Confederate veterans, and there is no single government source of information on the survivors.

However, Walter L. Hopkins of Richmond, adjutant-in-chief, Sons of Confederate Veterans, reached the total of fifty-seven this week after careful checks of pension rolls in fourteen southern states and inquiries into other possible sources of information. Confederate army survivors receive state pensions.

The average age of today's Confederate veteran is slightly more than 101. The "baby," at ninety-two, is John Hance Osteen of High Springs, Fla., the oldest among those whose ages are known is John Thomas Graves, 106, at the Confederate Home in Higginville, Mo.,—Missouri's last surviving Confederate veteran. Tennessee and Kentucky are the only two southern states which reported that no known veterans were left.

Some of the southern states observe Confederate Memorial Day.

OAK RIDGE UNION RAISES DEMANDS

New Strike Threat Posed On
Eve Of NLRB Poll

Oak Ridge, Tenn., May 30 (AP)—AFL workers in an atomic laboratory raised their hourly wage demands from 15 to 26 cents today, thereby posing a new strike threat.

The action came on the eve of a National Labor Relations Board poll Tuesday and Wednesday of 875 members of the AFL Atomic Trades and Labor Council on whether to accept a new contract offer by Carbide and Carbon Chemicals Corporation.

Kenneth L. Scott, AFL organizer, said approximately 500 members of the union voted "unanimously" at a mass meeting in favor of the increased wage demand.

"Unfortunate," Company Says

A company official immediately termed the union's action "unfortunate."

"It is unfortunate the union has taken this attitude," said Thomas E. Lane, industrial-relations director for Carbide. "The company has submitted its final offer."

The "final offer" on which the NLRB poll is based calls for an average hourly increase of 10 cents for the AFL production workers in the Oak Ridge National Laboratory. The present average wage is \$1.38 an hour.

Injunction Expires June 7

The Government obtained an injunction last March 19 preventing a threatened walkout at the plant by the union. The court order, obtained under national emergency provision of the Taft-Hartley law, expires June 7.

Scott said the new wage request would be submitted to the company Tuesday. He explained the union's action thus:

"We didn't receive a raise last year. It appears that the pattern this year is about 11 cents an hour. So to make an adjustment for the two years, we are asking an overall increase of 26 cents an hour."

Wallace on Mundt Bill

DENVER, May 30 (AP).—Opposition to the Mundt-Nixon anti-Communist bill is rising in the Senate, Henry A. Wallace said today at a press conference.

"I have the feeling now that there is going to be much more opposition in the Senate than seemed probable when I went to Washington," he said.

Mr. Wallace flew to Denver early today from Washington, where he testified yesterday against the measure before a Senate judiciary committee.

TEL AVIV, ISRAEL, MAY 30 (AP)—THE ISRAELI ARMY ANNOUNCED TODAY THAT JEWISH FORCES STRUCK BACK DURING THE NIGHT BY LAND AND AIR AGAINST EGYPTIAN TROOPS MASSED 20 MILES SOUTH OF THE JAFFA-TEL AVIV AREA.

THE JEWISH COMMUNIQUE SAID AN ARTILLERY DUEL DEVELOPED NEAR ISDUD WHICH EGYPTIAN FORCES REACHED YESTERDAY AFTER A 10-MILE MARCH UP THE PALESTINE COAST.
ISDUD IS LESS THAN THREE MILES FROM JEWISH COASTAL TERRITORY. HERETOFORE THE EGYPTIAN ADVANCE VIRTUALLY HAS BEEN UNOPPOSED. NOW THEY APPARENTLY ARE ENCOUNTERING THE FIRST ISRAELI DEFENSES. THE EGYPTIANS ALSO STRUCK BACK IN THE AIR, BOMBING REHOVOT, 11 MILES SOUTHEAST OF JAFFA.

THE COMMUNIQUE ADDED:

"THE FORMER BRITISH ARMY CAMP AT RAS EL AIN, WHICH WAS HELD BY STRONG FORCES OF THE IRAQI ARMY, WAS CAPTURED THIS MORNING BY OUR FORCES AFTER A FIERCE BATTLE. RAS EL AIN IS A PUMPING STATION FOR THE JERUSALEM WATER SUPPLY.
"THE VILLAGE OF ZA ARIN, RECENTLY OCCUPIED BY OUR FORCES, WAS ATTACKED BY ENEMY PLANES. THERE WERE NO CASUALTIES.
"THE ENEMY ALSO BOMBED KINNEDRETH SETTLEMENT NEAR TIBERIAS.
"ENEMY CONCENTRATIONS AT TEL KASSAR ON THE TRANS-JORDAN BORDER WERE BOMBED BY OUR AIR FORCE."

JS1143AED

TEL AVIV, ISRAEL, MAY 30 (AP)—A SPOKESMAN FOR THE ISRAELI GOVERNMENT SAID THE JEWS HAD A COPY OF AN ARAB LEGION ORDER TO ATTACK THE NEW CITY OF JERUSALEM TONIGHT WITH BOMBS, SHELLS AND GAS.

THE SPOKESMAN, IN LINE WITH THE GENERAL RETICENCE OF OFFICIALS HERE, REFUSED REPORTERS PERMISSION TO USE HIS NAME. HE SAID:
"THIS IS AN ELEVENTH HOUR ATTEMPT TO FORCE A DECISION IN THE BATTLE OF JERUSALEM BEFORE THE DEADLINE SET BY THE SECURITY COUNCIL."

"THE AVAILABILITY OF GAS FOR WAR PURPOSES CANNOT BE ATTRIBUTED TO ANY INDUSTRY OF THE ARAB COUNTRIES. ITS SOURCE HERE IS QUITE CLEAR."

THE SPOKESMAN DID NOT SAY HOW A COPY OF THE ARAB LEGION ORDER COULD HAVE FALLEN INTO JEWISH HANDS.

THE SPOKESMAN ALSO SAID THERE HAD BEEN A "VERY URGENT MESSAGE" FROM THE ARAB LEGION TO THE BRITISH ARMY'S MIDDLE EAST TROOP MOVEMENT SECTION ASKING THAT SEVERAL VESSELS CARRYING ARMS AND AMMUNITION FOR THE LEGION BE RUSHED AT FULL SPEED TO AQABA.

THE SHIPS, HE SAID, WERE SCHEDULED TO REACH THE TRANS-JORDAN PORT THE MIDDLE OF THIS MONTH BUT APPARENTLY HAD BEEN DELAYED.

THE INFORMANT SAID THE JEWS ALSO HAD LEARNED THAT TWO BRITISH OFFICERS OF THE ARAB LEGION'S THIRD REGIMENT WERE IN CHARGE OF ONE SECTOR OF THE ARAB ASSAULT ON JERUSALEM.

JS229PED

HAIFA, ISRAEL, MAY 30-(AP)-ISRAELI ARMY SOURCES SAID TONIGHT JEWISH FORCES HAD CAPTURED THE ARAB TOWNS OF LAJJUN AND JEGIDDO, OVERLOOKING THE PLAIN OF ARMAGEDDON, AFTER A FIERCE BATTLE.

THE TOWNS ARE ABOUT EIGHT MILES SOUTHWEST OF AFULA, THE FIRST LARGE JEWISH TOWN NORTH OF THE ARAB-CONTROLLED NABLUS-JENIN-TULKARM TRIANGLE.

A HAGANAH, JEWISH ARMY, SOURCE SAID THE TWO TOWNS WERE TAKEN "AFTER A FIERCE, SEVEN-HOUR BATTLE."

THE SOURCE ADDED: "THE LOCAL ARABS HAD BEEN EVACUATED AND IRAQI TROOPS WERE ENTRENCHED IN THE TOWNS. THE IRAQIS WERE DRIVEN OFF AND THEY LEFT THEIR CASUALTIES BEHIND."

MEGIDDO (CORRECT) WAS FOUNDED 3,500 YEARS BEFORE CHRIST. FOR CENTURIES IT WAS CONSIDERED OF PRIME MILITARY IMPORTANCE IN PALESTINE BECAUSE IT COMMANDS A PASS BETWEEN THE PLAIN OF ARMAGEDDON AND THE COASTAL PLAIN OF SHARON.

A HAGANAH SOURCE SAID AT NEARBY LAJJUN JEWISH TROOPS CAPTURED A MODERN, FORTIFIED POLICE STATION OUTSIDE THE VILLAGE. THE POLICE POST IS STRATEGICALLY PLACED ALONG THE MAIN HIGHWAY WHICH RUNS DOWN THE WESTERN SIDE OF THE PLAIN.

A HAGANAH SOURCE SAID ARAB AIRCRAFT HAD RAIDED THE JEWISH COASTAL RESORT OF NAHARIYA, SIX MILES NORTH OF ACRE, AND THE SETTLEMENT OF EVRON, TWO MILES SOUTH OF NAHARIYA.

PS646PED

BY JAMES M. LONG

TEL AVIV, ISRAEL, MAY 30-(AP)-TWO ASSAULT FORCES OF THE ARMY OF ISRAEL STRUCK SIMULTANEOUSLY AT DAWN TODAY AGAINST THE NORTHERN FRINGE OF THE ARAB-CONTROLLED NABLUS-JENIN-TULKARM TRIANGLE IN NORTH CENTRAL PALESTINE.

(AT THIS POINT A JEWISH CENSOR DELETED 33 WORDS FROM THIS DISPATCH.) THE JEWISH FORCES LAUNCHED THEIR ATTACK OUT OF THE HISTORIC BATTLEGROUND VALLEY OF ESDRAELON AND CAPTURED FIVE VILLAGES.

A DELAYED COMMUNIQUE SAID ONE ISRAELI FORCE TOOK THE VILLAGES OF MAZAR AND NURIS. THEY ARE SITUATED SEVEN MILES NORTHEAST OF JENIN IN THE MOUNTAINS OF GILBOA WHERE SAUL AND JONATHAN DIED ON THEIR OWN SWORDS.

IN A SECOND ATTACK, THE COMMUNIQUE SAID, THE JEWS OCCUPIED MEGIDDO, LAJJUN AND EL MANSI. MEGIDDO IS THE SITE OF THE BIBLICAL ARMAGEDDON. LAJJUN, WHOSE NAME IS A CORRUPTION OF THE LATIN WORD, "LEGIO", WAS THE CAMP FROM WHICH THE ROMANS CONTROLLED THE VALLEY GATEWAY TO THE EAST.

JA1132PED

30.24-18159

CAIRO, MAY 30-(AP)-EGYPTIAN FORCES REPULSED A JEWISH COUNTER-ATTACK IN THE ISDUD REGION, 20 MILES SOUTH OF TEL AVIV, A DEFENSE MINISTRY COMMUNIQUE SAID TONIGHT. THE COMMUNIQUE ADDED THAT EGYPTIAN BOMBERS CONCENTRATED AERIAL ATTACKS ON REHOVOT, 11 MILES SOUTHEAST OF TEL AVIV.

THE COMMUNIQUE SAID JEWISH TROOPS COUNTERATTACKED AT NIGHT IN AN EFFORT TO RECAPTURE ISDUD BUT WERE DRIVEN BACK, SUFFERING "A LARGE NUMBER KILLED." EGYPTIAN CASUALTIES WERE REPORTED SLIGHT.

EGYPTIAN PLANES RAIDED THE JEWISH SETTLEMENT OF KHELDA AND HULDA, 18 MILES SOUTHEAST OF TEL AVIV AND DESTROYED VEHICLES, THE COMMUNIQUE SAID.

MD953PED

A DAMASCUS DISPATCH SAID THE SYRIAN CABINET DISCUSSED THE REQUEST OF THE UNITED NATIONS SECURITY COUNCIL FOR A FOUR WEEKS TRUCE IN PALESTINE. A SYRIAN FOREIGN MINISTRY OFFICIAL SAID:

"THE ARAB STATES HAVE NOT STUDIED THIS PROPOSITION YET, AND THE ARAB LEAGUE'S POLITICAL COMMITTEE IS MEETING SOON FOR THIS PURPOSE."

EGYPTIAN FOREIGN MINISTER AHMED KHASHABA PASHA SAID THE LEAGUE'S POLITICAL COMMITTEE WILL MEET TOMORROW TO DISCUSS THE SECURITY COUNCIL'S PROPOSAL.

COUNT FOLKE BERNADOTTE, THE UNITED NATIONS' PALESTINE MEDIATOR, CONFERRED FOR AN HOUR AND A HALF TODAY WITH ABDEL RAHMAN AZZAM PASHA, SECRETARY GENERAL OF THE ARAB LEAGUE.

THE SWEDISH COUNT SAID HE WILL LEAVE CAIRO TOMORROW FOR TEL AVIV WHERE HE PLANS TO CONFER WITH JEWISH AUTHORITIES.

PS530PED

CAIRO--SECOND LEAD PALESTINE ROUNDUP (A126) INSERT AFTER 10TH GRAF BEGINNING "ARAB SOURCES" AND ENDING "THIS BATTLE."

TWO ISRAELI ASSAULT FORCES STRUCK SIMULTANEOUSLY AT DAWN TODAY AT THE NORTHERN FRINGE OF THE ARAB-CONTROLLED NABLUS-JENIN-TULKARM TRIANGLE AND CAPTURED FIVE VILLAGES.

A DELAYED COMMUNIQUE SAID ONE JEWISH FORCE TOOK MAZAR AND NURIS, SEVEN MILES NORTHEAST OF JENIN. A SECOND FORCE TOOK MEGIDDO, LAJJUN AND EL MANSI, 11 MILES SOUTHWEST OF AFULA IN THE HILLS OF NORTH CENTRAL PALESTINE.

IRGUN ZVAI LEUMI BROADCAST AN APPEAL TO RUSSIA FOR HELP IN STAMPING OUT WHAT IT TERMED "ARAB-BRITISH AGGRESSION" IN PALESTINE. THE JEWISH FIGHTING ARM SAID IT WAS APPEALING TO THE SOVIET UNION AS A NATION WHICH RECOGNIZED THE NEW ISRAELI STATE AND AGREED TO EXCHANGE DIPLOMATIC REPRESENTATIVES WITH IT.

CONCERNING THE PURPORTED XXX 13TH GRAF (DELETING 11TH AND 12TH GRAFS BEGINNING "ISRAELI ARMY" AND ENDING "LAJJUN")

JA1200MED

THERE WAS NO IMMEDIATE REACTION FROM JEWISH AUTHORITIES TO THE SECURITY COUNCIL'S TRUCE PLAN. HOWEVER, A JEWISH SPOKESMAN DENOUNCED IT DURING A COUNCIL DEBATE AS A BRITISH SCHEME TO GIVE THE ARABS ADVANTAGE OF "STOCKPILED" ARMS.

insert Cairo (Azzam Pasha) PS644PED 9TH GRAF XXX SAID

ADD 4th Arab Legion (Tel Aviv) XXX SLIGHT
FRONT LINE OFFICERS SAID JEWISH PATROLS WERE PLANTING LAND MINES
NIGHTLY ALONG THE NEBI SAMUEL (SAMUEL'S TOMB) ROAD. (Goodwin)
PRINCE ABDUL ILLAH, REGENT OF IRAQ AND COMMANDER OF IRAQI FORCES
IN PALESTINE, TOURED THE LEGION FORWARD POSITIONS TODAY. PS720PED

ADD Moscow (Israel) XXX WXYZ
VIKTOROV ALSO SAID A RECENT SPEECH BY CHARLES E. BOHLEN, SPECIAL
ASSISTANT TO THE UNITED STATES SECRETARY OF STATE, WAS "CLEARLY
AN UNSUCCESSFUL ATTEMPT TO HIDE THE SCANDALOUS FAILURE OF THE POLICY
OF RULING CIRCLES IN THE UNITED STATES."

ML1144AED MAY 1948

BY ARTHUR GAVSHON

LONDON, MAY 30-(AP)-POSTWAR UNREST AMONG THE ARAB PEOPLES, COMBINED
WITH THE WAR IN PALESTINE, IS FORCING BRITAIN TO SHIFT THE FULCRUM OF
HER EMPIRE FARTHER SOUTH.

HASTENING THE NEED FOR GREAT NEW SUPPLY AND ADMINISTRATIVE BASES
FOR MEDITERRANEAN FORCES, THE ARAB-JEWISH SHOOTING HAS COMPELLED
THE BRITISH TO REDEPLOY THEIR STRENGTH THROUGHOUT THE MIDDLE EAST.
BY 1950, IT IS PLANNED, THE MAIN BASE WILL BE IN KENYA, EAST
AFRICA.

BRITAIN HAS CALLED UPON FRANCE AND BELGIUM, HER PARTNERS IN THE
BRUSSELS (WESTERN UNION) PACT, TO COORDINATE THEIR MILITARY PROGRAMS
INTO A PAN-AFRICAN DEFENSE PROJECT.

BELGIUM AND FRANCE HAVE OFFICIALY INDICATED THEIR INTENTION TO
DEVELOP MILITARY BASES IN THEIR AFRICAN TERRITORIES.

ARAB RESTLESSNESS HAS SO FAR BEEN EXPRESSED MOST FORCIBLY BY
BITTER EGYPTIAN AND IRAQI OPPOSITION TO BRITAIN'S DESIRE FOR BASE
RIGHTS IN THEIR TERRITORIES. BRITONS ATTRIBUTE IT TO A RISING NATIONAL
CONSCIOUSNESS AMONG THE ARAB PEOPLES OF THE MIDEAST.

AN INTERNATIONAL, PAN-AFRICAN DEFENSE PLAN WOULD BACKDROP, RATHER
THAN REPLACE, EXISTING ARRANGEMENTS IN THE MIDDLE EAST WHICH
PROTECT BRITISH INTERESTS, ACCORDING TO WAR OFFICE SOURCES HERE.

THE BRITISH UNDOUBTEDLY FEAR THAT IF THEY SUSPEND VARIOUS LONGTIME
TREATY COMMITMENTS TO EGYPT, IRAQ AND TRANS-JORDAN THESE COUNTRIES
MAY FIND A NEW PATRON.

BRITISH LEADERS APPEAR TO BE DIVIDED ON WHAT WOULD HAPPEN IF THE
ARABS DID THIS.

FOREIGN SECRETARY BEVIN AND HIS ADVISERS ARE UNDERSTOOD TO FEAR
FAR-REACHING EFFECTS ON BRITISH POLITICAL AND ECONOMIC INTERESTS THROUGH
OUT THE ARAB WORLD.

MANY HIGH MILITARY ADVISERS DO NOT BELIEVE THE "BUFFER-VALUE" OF
THE ARAB STATES AGAINST, SAY, A COMMUNIST DRIVE TO THE SUEZ CANAL,
WOULD HAVE MUCH PRACTICAL EFFECT. THEY SAID BRITAIN WOULD BE UNABLE
TO KEEP THE BASES SHE HOLDS UNDER HER TREATIES, FOR VERY LONG.

BRITAIN HAS HIGHER CAPITAL STAKES IN THE ARAB WORLD THAN ANY OTHER
POWER. THE ARAB COUNTRIES HOLD THE PRINCIPAL GUARANTEED SOURCE OF
BRITAIN'S OIL.

THEREFORE THE WHOLE TREND OF BRITISH POLICY FOR THE PAST DECADE
HAS BEEN CONDITIONED -- AND WILL IN FUTURE BE CONDITIONED -- BY
A STRIVING FOR HEALTHY DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS WITH THE RULERS OF THOSE
OIL-HOLDING STATES.

ADDITIONALLY, BEVIN IN PARTICULAR SEES 70,000,000 WHO MAKE UP THE
ARAB WORLD AS A POTENTIAL MARKET FOR BRITISH GOODS.

SHAKEN ALREADY BY THE PALESTINE SHOOTING, THE BRITISH-FRENCH-
BELGIAN PLANS FOR PAN-AFRICAN DEFENSE RECEIVED ANOTHER JOLT LAST WEEK
WHEN DR. DANIEL F. MALAN, TRADITIONALLY ANTI-IMPERIALIST NATIONALIST
LEADER, OUSTED GEN. JAN CHRISTIAN SMUTS FROM SOUTH AFRICA'S PREMIER-
SHIP.

ONLY A FEW DAYS BEFORE SMUTS HAD RECOGNIZED THE STATE OF ISRAEL.
AND NOW MALAN'S ELECTION TRIUMPH POSES THE QUESTION WHETHER A PREVIOUS
SMUTS PROMISE TO COORDINATE HIS COUNTRY'S DEFENSE STRATEGY INTO THE
OVERALL PAN-AFRICAN PATTERN STILL HOLDS GOOD.

BOTH BRITISH AND SOUTH AFRICAN SOURCES HERE DO NOT EXPECT MALAN
TO REPUDIATE THIS PLEDGE. HE IS A DECLARED ANTI-COMMUNIST,
AND ANY PLAN WHICH AIMS AT MAKING AFRICA SAFE FROM COMMUNIST DESIGNS,
IF ANY EXIST, IS EXPECTED TO HAVE HIS BLESSING. BRITAIN IS INVITING
HIM TO ATTEND A CONFERENCE OF COMMONWEALTH PREMIERS SHORTLY.

ML1139AED

FIRST LEAD UNDATED PALESTINE (300-UP)
BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

AS ARAB TROOPS BEGAN FORMING YESTERDAY (SUNDAY) FOR AN APPARENT
DRIVE ON TEL AVIV, AN ISRAELI GOVERNMENT SPOKESMAN SAID THE ARAB
LEGION PLANNED TO USE GAS IN THE BATTLE IN JERUSALEM.

THE ARAB SPOKESMAN MADE THE CHARGE IN TEL AVIV. DISPATCHES FROM
JERUSALEM DID NOT CONFIRM THE CHARGE. THE SPOKESMAN SAID, HOWEVER,
THE JEWS HAD INTERCEPTED AN ORDER OF THE TRANS-JORDAN ARAB LEGION TO
USE BOMBS, SHELLS AND GAS IN AN ATTACK ON JERUSALEM'S NEW CITY.

AP CORRESPONDENT JOSEPH C. GOODWIN, WITH THE ARAB LEGION IN CENTRAL
PALESTINE, SAID ALLIED ARAB FORCES APPEARED GROUPING FOR THE BATTLE OF
TEL AVIV.

GOODWIN SAID ARAB LEADERS TOLD HIM THE LEGION'S ARMOR AND BIG GUNS
HAVE MOVED UP TO THE CRESCENT-SHAPED FRONT, WHOSE EAST END IS IN
JERUSALEM'S OLD CITY. THE LEGION HAS FORWARD PATROLS PROBING WEST
TO HARTIV, LESS THAN 20 MILES EAST OF TEL AVIV, GOODWIN WAS TOLD.
EGYPTIAN FORCES HAD MOVED FORWARD TO WITHIN 20 MILES SOUTHWEST OF THE
LEGION'S FORWARD POSITIONS AND WERE ESTABLISHED AT THE JEWISH
SEACOAST SETTLEMENT OF ISDUD, 23 MILES SOUTH OF TEL AVIV. THE
EGYPTIAN DEFENSE MINISTRY SAID LAST NIGHT ITS TROOPS REPULSED A
JEWISH COUNTER-ATTACK ON ISDUD WITH HEAVY JEWISH LOSSES.

ISRAELI ARMY SOURCES SAID JEWISH TROOPS CAPTURED THE ARAB TOWNS OF
LAJJUN AND MEGIDDO, OVERLOOKING THE PLAIN OF ARMAGEDDON, AFTER A
FIERCE, SEVEN-HOUR BATTLE.

ARAB AND JEWISH LEADERS, MEANWHILE, PREPARED TO TAKE UP THE
QUESTION OF ACCEPTING OR REJECTING THE UNITED NATIONS SECURITY
COUNCIL'S LATEST TRUCE PROPOSAL. THE PROPOSAL WOULD BECOME EFFECTIVE
FOR A FOUR-WEEK PERIOD BEGINNING AT 6 P.M. (EASTERN STANDARD TIME)
TUESDAY.

THE ARAB LEAGUE'S SECRETARY-GENERAL, ABDEL RAHMAN AZZAM PASHA,
SAID LAST NIGHT IN CAIRO "THE CIONISTS WHO STARTED THIS WAR IN
PALESTINE MUST BE LEFT ALONE TO TAKE THE PUNISHMENT THEY DESERVE."
HE DID NOT SAY, HOWEVER, WHAT ACTION THE LEAGUE'S POLITICAL
COMMITTEE WILL TAKE ON THE PROPOSAL WHEN IT MEETS TODAY IN AMMAN,
TRANS-JORDAN.

IRGUN ZVAI LEUMI, THE SECONDARY JEWISH FIGHTING ARM, APPEALED
TO RUSSIA FOR HELP IN DEFEATING THE "ARAB-BRITISH AGGRESSION" IN
PALESTINE. IT SAID THE U.N. PROPOSAL WOULD PREVENT THE JEWS FROM
GETTING ARMS AND REINFORCEMENTS, BUT WOULD NOT HAMPER THE ARABS.

THE IRGUN APPEAL, MADE IN A RADIO BROADCAST IN TEL AVIV, DID NOT
STATE WHAT TYPE OF AID WAS REQUIRED FROM RUSSIA.

JERUSALEM WAS REPORTED RELATIVELY QUIET, EXCEPT FOR OCCASIONAL MORTAR FIRE. ARABS MAINTAINED THEIR BLOCKADE ON THE ROADS INTO JERUSALEM, BUT THE JEWS CLAIMED TO HAVE CAPTURED PUMPING INSTALLATIONS WHICH WILL RELIEVE THE CRITICAL WATER SHORTAGE IN THE CITY. A NEW BATTLE WAS REPORTED DEVELOPING SOUTH OF TEL AVIV.

THE SPOKESMAN IN TEL AVIV, IN TELLING OF THE JEWISH CHARGE THAT THE ARABS PLAN TO USE GAS, SAID:

"THIS IS AN ELEVENTH HOUR ATTEMPT TO FORCE A DECISION IN THE BATTLE FOR JERUSALEM BEFORE THE DEADLINE SET BY THE SECURITY COUNCIL." THE UNITED NATIONS SECURITY COUNCIL HAS ASKED THE BELLIGERENTS TO AGREE, BY TUESDAY NIGHT, TO A FOUR-WEEK TRUCE.

A DISPATCH FROM JERUSALEM SAID MACHINE GUN FIRE IN THE HILLS OF THE CITY HAD STOPPED FOR THE FIRST TIME SINCE MAY 14. EARLY IN THE DAY ARAB ARTILLERY FIRED INTO THE MODERN JEWISH-HELD QUARTER.

THE ISRAELI ARMY SAID IT HAD CAPTURED THE WATER PUMPING INSTALLATIONS AT RAS EL EIN, NORTHEAST OF TEL AVIV AND JUST OUTSIDE THE JEWISH STATE. IRGUN ZVAI LEUMI FORCES, ADVANCING IN TWO COLUMNS, SEIZED THE INSTALLATIONS FROM IRAQI TROOPS, THE ARMY ANNOUNCEMENT SAID. SEIZURE OF THE HISTORICAL FORT OF ANTIPATRAS IN HAND-TO-HAND FIGHTING ALSO WAS CLAIMED.

INFANTRY, ARTILLERY AND PLANES WERE BEING USED BY BOTH SIDES IN THE DEVELOPING BATTLE 20 MILES SOUTH OF TEL AVIV ALONG THE MEDITERRANEAN COAST. AN ISRAELI ARMY COMMUNIQUE SAID THE ACTION WAS AT ISDUD, WHICH THE EGYPTIAN ARMY REACHED AFTER A 10-MILE MARCH UP THE COAST. THE EGYPTIANS SAID THEY HAD OVERCOME HEAVY OPPOSITION BEFORE REACHING ISDUD.

IT WAS NOT KNOWN WHETHER THE EGYPTIANS HAD REACHED THE MAIN DEFENSIVE LINE WHICH THE JEWS HAVE BEEN CONSTRUCTING FOR THE PROTECTION OF THE TEL AVIV-JAFFA AREA. THE LINE HAS BEEN CONSTRUCTED IN THE PAST TWO WEEKS, WITH MOST OF THE LABOR DONE BY MERCHANTS AND PROFESSIONAL MEN TOO OLD FOR MILITARY SERVICE. THE WORKERS WERE HAULED OUT FROM TEL AVIV BY TRUCKS.

THE EGYPTIAN TROOPS HAVE BEEN ADVANCING NORTHWARD ALONG THE COAST, MOVING 21 MILES FROM GAZA IN THE PAST 15 DAYS.

AS7

THE LATEST UNITED NATIONS PEACE EFFORT WAS IN A BRITISH-SPONSORED RESOLUTION ADOPTED SATURDAY NIGHT. THE PLAN, BASED ON PEACEFUL MEDIATION, CALLED FOR A FOUR-WEEK CEASE FIRE, AN EMBARGO ON SENDING IN ARMS AND MEN TO THE BELLIGERENTS IN THAT TIME, AND FOR BOTH SIDES TO COOPERATE WITH THE U.N. MEDIATOR, COUNT FOLKE BERNADOTTE.

AUTHORITATIVE CIRCLES AT THE U.N. CREDITED THE UNITED STATES WITH SAVING THE PLAN FROM A RUSSIAN VETO. THESE SOURCES SAID AMERICAN DELEGATE WARREN R. AUSTIN PLAYED A STRONG ROLE IN RE-WRITING THE BRITISH RESOLUTION TO MAKE IT ACCEPTABLE TO THE U.S. AND AT LEAST TOLERABLE TO RUSSIA.

ARAB DELEGATES SAID THEY DID NOT EXPECT AN ANSWER FROM THEIR GOVERNMENTS MUCH BEFORE THE DEADLINE OF 6 P.M. (EST) TUESDAY.

NEITHER SIDE GAVE ANY REPORTS ON THE PROGRESS OF THE BATTLE IN THE BAB EL WAD-LATRAN AREA, 10 TO 14 MILES WEST OF JERUSALEM. THIS AREA IS ALONG THE HIGHWAY INTO JERUSALEM FROM THE WEST AND IS VITAL TO THE JEWS AS A SUPPLY CONVOY ROUTE.

JEWISH SOURCES SAID RAMAT REHEL, ON THE ROAD BETWEEN JERUSALEM AND BETHLEHEM, WAS STILL IN THEIR HANDS.

THE BRITISH FOREIGN OFFICE ANNOUNCED THAT KING ABDULLAH OF TRANSJORDAN HAS PROMISED FULL FREEDOM OF WORSHIP AT ALL CHRISTIAN TEMPLES IN THE OLD CITY OF JERUSALEM. A SPOKESMAN FOR THE FOREIGN OFFICE SAID HE DID NOT KNOW WHETHER ARAB GUARDS WOULD BE POSTED AT THE CHURCHES.

(EDITORS: THE FOLLOWING MAY BE ADDED TO THE UNDATED PALESTINE TO MAKE AN UNDATED INTERNATIONAL, OR IT MAY BE USED SEPARATELY.) MORE THAN 500,000 PROTEST VOTES WERE CAST AGAINST THE COMMUNIST-DOMINATED GOVERNMENT IN CZECHOSLOVAKIA YESTERDAY WITH MORE THAN HALF THE TOTAL VOTE COUNTED.

HOWEVER, ON THE BASIS OF UNOFFICIAL RETURNS ANNOUNCED AT MIDNIGHT, PREMIER KLEMENT GOTTWALD'S "PEOPLES' DEMOCRACY" GOVERNMENT HAD RECEIVED THE MAJORITY OF 'YES' VOTES IT DEMANDED.

THE CZECH PEOPLE WERE GIVEN THE OPTION OF CASTING A 'YES' BALLOT FOR SINGLE SLATE OF GOVERNMENT CANDIDATES OR A WHITE PROTEST BALLOT. THERE ARE SLIGHTLY MORE THAN 8,000,000 REGISTERED VOTERS.

IN THE BAVARIAN MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS, INCOMPLETE RETURNS INDICATED THE GERMAN COMMUNIST PARTY HAD MADE SUBSTANTIAL GAINS IN THREE CITIES IN THE AMERICAN OCCUPATION ZONE. THE GAINS WERE REPORTED IN MUNICH, NUERNBERG AND HOF AFTER NEARLY 1,200,000 BAVARIANS VOTED TO ELECT MUNICIPAL COUNCILS IN 41 CITIES.

THE COMMUNIST GAINS, HOWEVER, DID NOT APPEAR TO BE GENERAL THROUGHOUT BAVARIA. IT WAS THE FIRST ELECTION TEST FOR THE PARTY.

REPORTS IN NANKING, CHINA, SAID THE GOVERNMENT IS ABOUT TO ABANDON CHANGCHUN, THE CAPITAL CITY OF MANCHURIA. LONG SURROUNDED, CHANGCHUN HAS BEEN CUT OFF FROM COMMUNICATION WITH THE REST OF CHINA EXCEPT BY AIR.

MD911PED

LONDON, MAY 30-(AP)-A SIX-NATION CONFERENCE ON WESTERN GERMANY'S FUTURE SETTLED DOWN TODAY TO DRAFT FINAL RECOMMENDATIONS ON HOW THE AREA WILL OPERATE ECONOMICALLY AND POLITICALLY.

A SPECIAL COMMITTEE WAS FORMED TO INCLUDE MEMBERS OF THE THREE CONFERENCE COMMITTEES--ECONOMIC, POLITICAL AND SECURITY--TO CHART THE PROGRAM. THE PARTICIPATING NATIONS ARE BRITAIN, FRANCE, BELGIUM, THE NETHERLANDS, LUXEMBOURG AND THE UNITED STATES.

AMERICAN SOURCES SAID AN AGREEMENT ON ALL POINTS PROBABLY WILL NOT BE REACHED FOR THE NEXT FEW DAYS.

CHIEF ISSUE STILL REMAINING IS THAT OF HOW THE DELEGATES TO A CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY FOR WESTERN GERMANY WILL BE CHOSEN.

MD826PED

PARIS, MAY 3-(AP)-PRESIDENT VINCENT AURIOL TODAY LASHED BACK AT GEN. CHARLES DE GAULLE'S CAMPAIGN TO REMAKE THE FRENCH CONSTITUTION AND TAKE OVER THE GOVERNMENT.

AURIOL SPOKE IN BRITTANY WITHOUT MENTIONING DE GAULLE BY NAME BUT HIS INFERENCE WAS CLEAR TO FRENCHMEN WHEN HE SAID:

"IT NOW HAPPENS X X X THAT THE VERY ONES WHO FREQUENTLY COMPLAIN OF WEAKNESS AND INSTABILITY IN PUBLIC AUTHORITY ARE THEMSELVES THE MOST ARDENT IN DESTROYING POLITICAL RESPONSIBILITY. SEEKING TO DESTROY CABINETS AND UPSET MAJORITIES, THEY ACCEPT THE RISK OF SOWING DISCORD."

ONE OF DE GAULLE'S REPEATED ARGUMENTS IS THAT THE EXECUTIVE DOES NOT HAVE ENOUGH AUTHORITY AND IS NOT INDEPENDENT ENOUGH OF PARLIAMENT TO GOVERN SATISFACTORILY.

AT ONE POINT AURIOL SAID:

"THE DAY WHEN THE CHIEF OF GOVERNMENT OR THE MINISTERS OF THIS GOVERNMENT ARE NO LONGER RESPONSIBLE TO THE ELECTED REPRESENTATIVES OF THE NATION, THE DAY WHEN PARLIAMENT CAN NO LONGER EXERCISE ITS CONTROL IN THE NAME OF THE SOVEREIGN PEOPLE, THEN THAT DAY THERE WILL BE NO LONGER ANY REPUBLIC."

MD844PED

30.24-18161

VATICAN CITY, MAY 30-(AP)-POPE PIUS XII, IN A RADIO ADDRESS TO THE HUNGARIAN PEOPLE TODAY, LAMENTED "SINISTER DEVELOPMENTS" IN THEIR COUNTRY.

THE POPE SPOKE ON THE 10TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE INTERNATIONAL EUCCHARISTIC CONGRESS OF BUDAPEST AT WHICH HE PRESIDED AS CARDINAL DELEGATE.

SPEAKING IN LATIN, THE POPE RECALLED THAT OCCASION, "DISTINGUISHED BY THE MAGNIFICENCE OF SACRED CEREMONIES X X X AND BY THE LIVELY MANIFESTATIONS OF DEVOTION AND FAITH."

BUT, HE SAID, "NOT LONG AFTER THE EUCCHARISTIC CONGRESS....THERE CAME ABOUT SINISTER DEVELOPMENTS AND EVENTS OF WHICH ALL ARE COGNIZANT AND WHICH WE LAMENT WITH YOU."

THE PONTIFF TOUCHED UPON THE "TRAGEDIES AND AFFLICTIONS" WHICH BEFELL HUNGARY DURING THE WAR. "HOW MANY OF HER SONS WERE KILLED, WOUNDED, TAKEN PRISONER," HE SAID.

THEN, PASSING TO MORE CURRENT TROUBLES, HE SAID:

"THE CHRISTIAN RELIGION WHICH YOU HAVE RECEIVED IN PREVIOUS HERITAGE FROM SAINT STEPHEN PLACES YOU ON A SINGULAR PLANE OF NOBILITY AND EXCELLENCY WHICH REACHES THE FULLNESS OF ITS SPLENDOR IN AN HOUR WHEN THOSE WHO WOULD DENY THE NAME AND THE MAJESTY OF GOD, ATTEMPT TO DELUDE YOU THROUGH FALSEHOOD AND DECEPTION."

THE PONTIFF URGED HIS LISTENERS TO BE STEADFAST IN THEIR FAITH.
PS442PED

SALONIKA, GREECE, MAY 30-(AP)-GREEK POLICE SAID TODAY THEY ARE STILL WITHOUT DEFINITE INFORMATION WHICH MIGHT HELP IN FINDING THE SLAYER OF GEORGE POLK, AMERICAN CORRESPONDENT WHOSE BODY WAS FOUND IN SALONIKA BAY MAY 16.

POLK, 34-YEAR-OLD CORRESPONDENT FOR THE COLUMBIA BROADCASTING SYSTEM, DISAPPEARED FROM HIS HOTEL IN SALONIKA MAY 9.

WHEN THE TRUSSED-UP BODY WAS WASHED ASHORE, BULLET WOUNDS WERE FOUND IN THE BACK OF THE NECK.

POLICE SAID THEY HAD BEEN UNABLE TO ESTABLISH THE TIME OF THE CRIME. THEY ADDED THE INVESTIGATION IS CONTINUING IN SALONIKA AND ATHENS AND THAT MANY PERSONS ARE BEING QUESTIONED. THE POLICE DECLINED TO SAY WHETHER ANY PERSONS ARRESTED WERE STILL BEING DETAINED OR WHETHER THOSE QUESTIONED WERE LEFTISTS OR RIGHTIST EXTREMISTS.

IMMEDIATELY BEFORE HIS DEATH POLK WAS REPORTED TO BE TRYING FOR AN INTERVIEW WITH MARKOS VAFIADES, GREEK COMMUNIST LEADER.

ML1156AED

PRAGUE, MAY 30-(AP)-CZECHOSLOVAKIA CAST A FLOOD OF "YES" VOTES FOR ITS COMMUNIST GOVERNMENT TODAY.

COMPARATIVELY FEW BLANK PROTEST BALLOTS APPEARED TO BE VOTED AS THE VOTERS POURED OUT TO THE POLLS.

THE FIRST COMPLETE VOTE WAS ANNOUNCED FROM THE VILLAGE OF VORECEK IN SOUTHERN BOHEMIA WHERE THE ELECTIONS OFFICIALS SAID 84 VILLAGERS VOTED AND THAT 84 BALLOTS WERE CAST FOR THE UNITY TICKET OF PREMIER KLEMENT GOTTWALD AND HIS COMMUNIST-DOMINATED FUSION GOVERNMENT.

SOME 70 FOREIGN CORRESPONDENTS WERE TAKEN ON A TOUR OF THE POLLING PLACES. THEY WERE DIVIDED INTO GROUPS GENERALLY ALONG AMERICAN, BRITISH AND FRENCH LINES, WITH JOURNALISTS OF EASTERN COUNTRIES AND REPORTERS OF COMMUNIST PUBLICATIONS IN WESTERN COUNTRIES ATTACHED TO EACH GROUP.

THEY WERE WELCOMED FREELY IN THE POLLING ROOMS IN PRAGUE, LOCATED IN SCHOOLS.

AMERICAN CORRESPONDENTS VISITED A SCHOOL IN CENTRAL PRAGUE NEAR THE NATIONAL MUSEUM, A SCHOOL IN LIBEN, A PRAGUE FACTORY DISTRICT: AND A SCHOOL IN THE MALESTRANA DISTRICT NEAR THE FOREIGN EMBASSIES AND PEOPLED BY SHOPKEEPERS, CLERKS AND OTHER MIDDLE CLASS RESIDENTS.

IN EACH, THE PROCEDURE WAS THE SAME:

THE VOTER ENTERED. IT WAS DETERMINED THAT HE CARRIED WITH HIM BOTH THE BALLOT PRINTED ON BOTH SIDES WITH THE LIST OF THE NATIONAL FRONT CANDIDATES FOR HIS DISTRICT, AND THE BLANK BALLOT MARKED ON ONE SIDE WITH A HUGE CROSS.

HE PRODUCED HIS ELECTION CARD WHICH WAS TAKEN UP.

HE WAS ISSUED AN ENVELOPE. HE COULD GO BEHIND A SMALL THREE-SIDED SCREEN TO PLACE EITHER OF THE BALLOTS IN THE ENVELOPE, EMERGE TO PLACE THE ENVELOPE IN THE LOCKED BALLOT BOX, AND TO DISCARD THE UNVOTED BALLOT INTO AN OPEN WASTE-BASKET.

IN MANY CASES VOTERS DID NOT BOTHER TO GO BEHIND THE SCREEN. THEY PLACED THEIR NATIONAL TICKET OPENLY IN THE ENVELOPE AND THREW THE WHITE TICKET INTO THE WASTEBASKET.

IN AT LEAST ONE CASE, A VOTER PLACED THE WHITE TICKET OPENLY IN THE BALLOT BOX AND THREW THE GOVERNMENT TICKET INTO THE WASTEBASKET.

THERE REMAINED THE QUESTION WHETHER THE VOTER WAS EMBOLDENED BY THE PRESENCE OF THE FOREIGN OBSERVERS OR WHETHER HIS ACTION WAS INTENDED TO IMPRESS THE VISITORS THAT VOTING HERE WAS FREE TODAY.

SOME OBSERVERS REPORTED THAT IN A FEW POLLS THE BASKET WAS BEHIND THE SCREEN.

IN SOME POLLS, PARTY WATCHERS WERE IN A POSITION TO OBSERVE CLOSELY WHICH BALLOT WAS DISCARDED. AT ONE POLLING PLACE, A WATCHER NEAR THE BASKET ACTUALLY RECORDED THE NUMBER OF EACH VOTER.

IN OTHER POLLS, IT APPEARED THAT NO ATTENTION WAS PAID TO THE DISCARDS.

THERE WERE STORIES THAT TWO METHODS OF VOTING PROTESTS WERE EMPLOYED, BUT THEY COULD NOT BE CONFIRMED.

ONE STORY WAS THAT A GREAT MANY VOTERS CARRIED WITH THEM PHOTOGRAPHS OF PRESIDENT BENES WHICH THEY INSERTED IN THE ENVELOPES. THESE THEY CASE. THEY STUCK THE NATIONAL TICKET IN THEIR POCKETS AND THREW AWAY THE WHITE PROTEST BALLOT IN FULL VIEW OF THE JUDGES.

B2

THE OTHER STORY WAS THAT VOTERS OBTAINED BLANK PIECES OF PAPER MARKED IN SOME WAY WITH A CROSS RESEMBLING THE PROTEST BALLOTS. THUS THEY ENTERED THE POLLING PLACE WITH TWO PROTEST BALLOTS AND ONE NATIONAL TICKET.

BEHIND THE SCREEN, THE LEGAL PROTEST BALLOT WAS INSERTED IN THE ENVELOPE. THE NATIONAL TICKET WAS STUCK IN A POCKET. THE ENVELOPE WAS CAST AND THE FAKE PROTEST BALLOT DISCARDED.

DESPITE PRE-ELECTION STATEMENTS OF VACLAV NOSEK, MINISTER OF THE INTERIOR, THAT CAMPAIGN SLOGANS WOULD NOT BE ALLOWED ON VOTING PREMISES, HUGE SIGNS WITH PREMIER GOTTWALD'S PHOTOGRAPH ADORNED THE ENTRANCES, AND THERE WERE SLOGANS CALLING FOR GOVERNMENT UNITY AND BLASTING THE VOTING OF PROTEST TICKETS.

INSIDE THE SCHOOL ROOMS, BENEATH THE INVITABLE PORTRAITS OF PRESIDENT BENES, THE LATE PRESIDENT MASARYK, AND OF PREMIER STALIN -- WHOSE PORTRAIT IS A MUST IN ALL SCHOOLROOMS SINCE THE FEBRUARY REVOLUTION -- WERE BLACKBOARDS CARRYING PATRIOTIC SLOGANS STUDIED BY THE CHILDREN. IN EVERY SCHOOLROOM, TOO, WAS A CRUCIFIX.

THE SLOGANS CAREFULLY HAD BEEN LEFT THERE, A REMINDER OF DUTY, AND GARLANDED WITH CREPE PAPER DECORATIONS PREPARED BY THE CHILDREN. THERE WERE FEW POLICE IN EVIDENCE. IT WAS LEARNED, HOWEVER, THAT POLICE WATCHED ROADS INTO PRAGUE LAST NIGHT, PREPARED TO INTERCEPT ANY ATTEMPT TO FLOOD THE CAPITAL WITH ANTI-GOVERNMENT LITERATURE.

OLD COMMUNISTS ALSO WATCHED AGAINST ATTEMPTS TO POST ANTI-GOVERNMENT LITERATURE. IN THE ELECTION ROOMS, MEMBERS OF THE PARTIES OTHER THAN THE COMMUNIST WORE BUTTONS OF THEIR PARTIES THAT HAD NOT SEEN THE LIGHT OF DAY SINCE THE FEBRUARY COMMUNIST VICTORY. THESE WERE INTENDED TO SHOW THAT ALL OF THE PARTIES WERE REPRESENTED IN THE ELECTION COMMITTEES.

THE MUNICIPAL STREET AMPLIFYING SYSTEM BLARED PATRIOTIC MUSIC THROUGHOUT THE DAY AND THE PRAGUE RADIO KEPT UP A CONSTANT REPORT ON THE ELECTION, INTERSPERSED WITH CZECHOSLOVAK, RUSSIAN AND AMERICAN MUSIC.

ML1122AFD

SECOND LEAD CZECH (200)

BY A. I. GOLDBERG

PRAGUE, MONDAY, MAY 31 (AP) - OFFICIAL RETURNS SHOWED EARLY TODAY THAT MORE THAN 700,000 OF CZECHOSLOVAKIA'S 3,000,000 (M) VOTERS CAST BLANK PROTEST BALLOTS AGAINST THE COMMUNIST-LED GOVERNMENT'S SINGLE TICKET IN YESTERDAY'S PARLIAMENTARY ELECTIONS.

HOWEVER, THESE RETURNS, ANNOUNCED AT 3:30 A.M., GAVE PREMIER KLEMENT GOTTFELD'S "PEOPLE'S DEMOCRACY" GOVERNMENT 5,700,000 "YES" VOTES FOR A WIDE MAJORITY.

AT 3:30 THE INTERIOR MINISTRY LACKED RETURNS ONLY FROM FOUR SLOVAKIAN DISTRICTS, TWO DISTRICTS IN THE CZECH LANDS AND FINAL FIGURES FOR THE CITIES OF PRAGUE AND BRNO.

THE MINISTRY SAID FIGURES FOR THE ENTIRE COUNTRY, EXCEPT FOR THE FEW LACKING DISTRICTS, SHOWED THAT 89 PER CENT OF THE VOTERS CAST BALLOTS FOR THE GOVERNMENT TICKET, 11 CAST PROTEST BALLOTS AND THAT INVALID BALLOTS WERE NEGLIGIBLE.

THE FIGURES FOR THE CZECH LANDS: FOR THE GOVERNMENT TICKET, 4,293,333; PROTEST, 482,620. THE FIGURES FOR SLOVAKIA, FOR THE GOVERNMENT TICKET, 1,406,032; PROTEST, 222,434.

THE LORD MAYOR'S UNOFFICIAL COUNT FOR PRAGUE SHOWED THAT 590,065 RESIDENTS OF THE CAPITAL FAVORED THE GOVERNMENT TICKET AND 41,682 PROTESTED. IT WAS REPORTED WITHOUT CONFIRMATION THAT IN SOME OF PRAGUE'S 700 POLLING PLACES PROTEST BALLOTS RAN AS HIGH AS 25 PER CENT.

SEVERAL DISTRICTS XXX EIGHTH GRAF FIRST LEAD (A118)

JA1157PED

PRAGUE--FIRST LEAD CZECH. INSERT AFTER 19th GRAF BEGINNING

THE MINISTRY SAID ITS FIGURES WERE UNOFFICIAL, GATHERED BY TELEGRAPH FROM THE ELECTION BOARDS. THE OFFICIAL FIGURES WILL BE RECEIVED BY MAIL AND WILL BE KNOWN AT THE END OF THE WEEK.

ON THE BASIS OF A MIDNIGHT TALLY, SEVERAL DISTRICTS HAD REPORTED NEARLY 100 PER CENT BALLOTING FOR THE GOVERNMENT SLATE WHICH WILL SEAT UP TO 80 COMMUNISTS IN THE 300-MEMBER PARLIAMENT.

COMMUNIST PARTY CANDIDATES AND COMMUNISTS WHO RAN AS LABOR CANDIDATES WILL COMMAND NEARLY 240 SEATS. THE SOCIAL DEMOCRATS WILL FILL THE 26 SEATS ALLOTTED TO THEM UNTIL THE PARTY MERGES WITH THE COMMUNIST PARTY NEXT MONTH.

IN THE 1946 ELECTION THE COMMUNISTS GOT 38 PER CENT OF THE POPULAR VOTE AND THE SOCIAL DEMOCRATS ONLY 14 PER CENT. TOGETHER THEY HELD ONLY A BARE MAJORITY.

30.24-18163

IN ITS EARLY ANNOUNCEMENTS, THE GOVERNMENT RADIO GAVE OUT FIGURES ON THE NUMBER OF GOVERNMENT VOTES, BLANK PROTEST BALLOTS AND EMPTY ENVELOPES THAT WERE CAST. WHEN THE TOTAL OF EMPTY ENVELOPES BEGAN TO MOUNT UP, THAT FIGURE WAS DROPPED FROM THE ANNOUNCEMENTS.

SOME OBSERVERS ESTIMATED THAT EMPTY ENVELOPES, WHICH WOULD BE CONSIDERED AS PROTEST VOTES, MIGHT ACCOUNT FOR AROUND 1,000,000 (M) VOTES. THEY WOULD NOT, HOWEVER, BE CONSIDERED IN THE FINAL GOVERNMENT COUNT.

ACCORDING TO MIDNIGHT FIGURES, VALSSKE MEZERICI, FAMOUS PARTISAN CENTER OF MORAVIA DURING THE WAR, TURNED IN A 32 PER CENT PROTEST VOTE. SEZIMOVO USTI, WHERE PRESIDENT EDUARD BENES NOW LIVES, SHOWED ONLY 28 PROTEST VOTES, A 98.6 PER CENT VICTORY FOR THE GOVERNMENT. STRONGLY CATHOLIC MORAVIAN CENTERS REGISTERED PROTEST BALLOTS UP TO ABOUT 20 PER CENT.

THE GOVERNMENT SCORED HIGH PERCENTAGES, UP TO 99 PER CENT, IN WESTERN BORDER REGIONS WHERE SUDETEN GERMANS HAD BEEN TRANSFERRED OUT AND CZECH PEASANTS SETTLED ON THEIR LANDS.

NOSEK READ A LIST TO SHOW FEW PROTEST BALLOTS WERE CAST. HE GAVE THESE RESULTS:

AT ROUDNICE, 6,133 BALLOTS FOR THE COMMUNIST-BACKED UNITY LIST AND 15 WHITE BALLOTS SHOWING DISAPPROVAL OF THE COMMUNIST REGIME.

AT ZATEC, 7,315 GOVERNMENT BALLOTS AND 56 BLANK BALLOTS; AT KRALUPY, 6,695 TO 16; AT FRISTAT, 4,032 TO 23.

IN THE JINOICE FACTORY DISTRICT, WHERE PREMIER KLEMENT GOTTFELD WOUND UP HIS ELECTION CAMPAIGN, IT WAS ANNOUNCED THAT 884 GOVERNMENT VOTES WERE CAST TO 17 BLANKS, WITH NINE EMPTY ENVELOPES. *some CK 11/20*

IN THE ELECTION ROOMS, MEMBERS OF THE PARTIES OTHER THAN THE COMMUNIST WORE PARTY BUTTONS THAT HAD NOT SEEN THE LIGHT OF DAY SINCE THE FEBRUARY COMMUNIST VICTORY. THESE WERE INTENDED TO SHOW THAT ALL OF THE PARTIES WERE REPRESENTED IN THE ELECTION COMMITTEES.

IT WAS REPORTED THAT PRESIDENT BENES DID NOT VOTE TODAY. MRS. BENES WAS SAID TO HAVE VOTED AT SEZIMOVO USTI, WHERE THE PRESIDENT HAS A COUNTRY HOME. *add Prague (election) XXX CRUCIFIX*

BENES DID NOT VOTE IN THE 1946 PARLIAMENTARY ELECTIONS, REMAINING OUTSIDE OF PARTY POLITICS. *(Ed 6/24)*

PS525PED

LONDON, MAY 30 (AP) - THE RUSSIAN NEWS AGENCY TASS REPORTED FROM PRAGUE TONIGHT THAT SLIGHTLY LESS THAN 89 PER CENT OF THE VOTES IN THE FIRST RETURNS FROM TODAY'S CZECHOSLOVAK ELECTION WERE CAST FOR THE COMMUNIST GOVERNMENT'S SINGLE ELECTION TICKET.

THE SOVIET AGENCY SAID 1,303,351 VOTES OUT OF 1,465,256 WERE CAST IN FAVOR OF THE GOVERNMENT'S TICKET. IT ADDED THAT THE CZECH INTERIOR MINISTRY SAID RETURNS FROM 109 DISTRICTS SHOWED THAT 161,905 VOTERS CAST BLANK BALLOTS AGAINST THE GOVERNMENT LIST.

PS553PED

BY HAROLD K. MILKS (2807)

NANKING, MAY 30-(AP)-REPORTS CIRCULATED TODAY THAT THE GOVERNMENT IS ABOUT TO ABANDON CHANGCHUN AS THE COMMUNISTS THREATEN TO SEVER THE LAST LINK BETWEEN THAT MANCHURIAN CAPITAL AND THE REST OF CHINA. THESE REPORTS HAVE CIRCULATED BEFORE. THIS TIME THEY WERE STRONG ENOUGH TO PROMPT THE MANCHURIAN BLOC IN NANKING TO APPEAL TO THE GOVERNMENT TO SAVE CHANGCHUN.

THE BLOC, WHICH INCLUDES MEMBERS OF THE NATIONAL LEGISLATURE, SENT IN ITS PETITION TO THE DEFENSE MINISTRY AFTER THE GOVERNMENT CONFIRMED THE LOSS OF ONE OF CHANGCHUN'S TWO AIRPORTS.

LATE DISPATCHES FROM THE FRONT SAY THE COMMUNISTS NOW THREATEN TO OVERRUN THE SECOND ONE. THAT WOULD LEAVE ONE SMALL STRIP SUITABLE ONLY FOR LIGHT PLANES.

LONG SURROUNDED, CHANGCHUN HAS BEEN ISOLATED EXCEPT FOR THE TWO AIRPORTS.

COMMERCIAL AIR LINES IN NANKING REPORTED "OUR PLANES HAVE BEEN TAKEN OVER FOR MILITARY USE FOR THE NEXT THREE DAYS."

THIS RAISED SPECULATION THAT THE GOVERNMENT MIGHT ATTEMPT TO AIR-LIFT THE 38TH DIVISION FROM CHANGCHUN. THIS IS THE LAST UNIT OF THE U.S.-TRAINED NEW FIRST ARMY STILL IN THAT AREA.

IN CENTRAL CHINA, MEANWHILE, COMMUNIST FORCES APPEARED TO BE GETTING READY FOR A DRIVE TO FINISH CUTTING OFF RICH SHANTUNG PROVINCE FROM THE REST OF GOVERNMENT CHINA.

COMMUNIST GEN. LIU PO-CHENG, WHOSE FORCES WERE FEARED TO BE READY FOR A PLUNGE INTO SOUTH CHINA, APPARENTLY HAS SWUNG EAST INSTEAD.

HIS AIM MAY BE TO JOIN THE RED TROOPS OF GEN. CHEN YI, WHICH ARE NOW MOVING SOUTH FROM THE MOUNTAINOUS BASES OF CENTRAL SHANTUNG.

HEAVY TROOP MOVEMENTS BY RAIL AND RIVER INDICATED THE GOVERNMENT WAS CONCENTRATING TO MEET THIS THREAT TO THE HEART OF CHINA.

(A DISPATCH FROM PEIPING SAID THAT THE GOVERNMENT POSITION IN JEHOL PROVINCE WAS GROWING WORSE. CHENGTEH, PROVINCIAL CAPITAL, WAS UNDER ASSAULT FROM THREE SIDES AND THERE WAS FIGHTING IN THE NORTHEASTERN OUTSKIRTS.)

MH1045APD

NANKING, MONDAY, MAY 31-(AP)-CHIANG KAI-SHEK TODAY NAMED CHINA'S NEW CABINET, RETAINING MOST KEY POSTS FOR HIS GOVERNMENT PARTY BUT ALLOWING MINORITY PARTIES TWO MAJOR AND FOUR MINOR APPOINTMENTS.

UNDER CHINA'S NEW CONSTITUTION, PREMIER WONG WEN-HAO NOMINATES THE CABINET BUT CHIANG, THE PRESIDENT AND COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF, MAKES THE APPOINTMENTS.

WANG SHIH-CHIEH REMAINS AS FOREIGN MINISTER; GEN. HO YING-CHIN WAS NAMED DEFENSE MINISTER; WANG YUN-WU, RETIRING DEPUTY PREMIER, FINANCE MINISTER; INCUMBENT YUI TA-WEI, COMMUNICATIONS MINISTER; AND INCUMBENT LIU WEI-CHIH, MINISTER OF OVERSEAS AFFAIRS. ALL ARE KUOMINTANG (GOVERNMENT-PARTY) MEN.

CHIANG TOLD THE KUOMINTANG CENTRAL POLITICAL COUNCIL THAT MINISTRIES OF AGRICULTURE AND ECONOMIC AFFAIRS WERE RESERVED FOR THE YOUNG CHINA PARTY, AND THAT THE YOUNG CHINA, DEMOCRATIC SOCIALIST AND KUOMINTANG PARTIES WOULD EACH BE GIVEN TWO MINISTRIES WITHOUT PORTFOLIO.

FORMAL PROMULGATION OF THE CABINET WAS EXPECTED LATE TODAY, TO PERMIT ITS OFFICIAL FUNCTIONING BY TOMORROW.

WR1031PPD NM

PEIPING, MONDAY, MAY 31-(AP)-STUDENT DELEGATIONS FROM SIX COLLEGES GATHERED AT NATIONAL PEKING UNIVERSITY SUNDAY TO SHOUT SLOGANS DENOUNCING WHAT THEY CALLED "AMERICAN IMPERIALISM."

POLICE ARMED WITH RIFLES SURROUNDED THE CAMPUS DURING THE NOISY DEMONSTRATION, BUT NO DISORDERS OCCURRED.

SOME OF THE 2,500 STUDENTS CARRIED POSTERS SHOWING A CHINESE CROUCHING IN FEAR BEFORE AMERICAN-BACKED JAPANESE SOLDIERS, AND MANY OF THE DEMONSTRATORS SHOUTED AGAINST "MACARTHURIZATION OF JAPAN."

JM921PCS

CHINESE WAR

PEIPING, MAY 30-(AP)-GEN. FU TSO-YI'S NATIONAL HEADQUARTERS SAID TODAY ABOUT 7,000 CHINESE REDS HAD INFILTRATED INTO THE AREA BETWEEN CHENGTEH AND LANPING IN JEHOL PROVINCE, CUTTING RAIL AND HIGHWAY COMMUNICATIONS.

NATIONAL HEADQUARTERS SAID SEVERE FIGHTING HAD BROKEN OUT AROUND CHENGTEH, WHERE, GOVERNMENT DISPATCHES SAID, SOME 50,000 COMMUNISTS WERE FORMING FOR AN ATTACK ON THE PROVINCE CAPITAL.

MEANWHILE IN NANKING THE MANCHURIAN BLOC IN THE GOVERNMENT RENEWED APPEALS TO THE DEFENSE MINISTRY TO SAVE CHANGCHUN, THE MANCHURIAN CAPITAL, FROM ATTACKING RED FORCES. ALL BUT ONE AIRFIELD IN THE CHANGCHUN AREA WERE REPORTED NOW IN COMMUNIST HANDS.

NORTH OF NANKING, HEAVY GOVERNMENT TROOP MOVEMENTS WERE REPORTED AS APPARENTLY BOTH SIDES MADE READY FOR WIDESPREAD CAMPAIGNS IN THE FAR FLUNG CHINESE WAR.

P546APD

JOHANNESBURG, UNION OF SOUTH AFRICA--FIRST ADD MALAN (A53)-X-X X ENCOURAGED."

THE CAPE TIMES, A CAPE TOWN NEWSPAPER, SAID TODAY IT WAS EXPECTED THAT MALAN WOULD ANNOUNCE HIS NEW CABINET WEDNESDAY.

MDS47PFD

KARACHI, PAKISTAN, MAY 30-(AP)-A JAPANESE TRADE DELEGATION WAS WELCOMED TODAY AT A PUBLIC MEETING OF THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

THE CHAMBER PRESIDENT SUGGESTED THAT A JAPANESE TRADE REPRESENTATIVE BE APPOINTED TO KARACHI TO FACILITATE COMMERCE BETWEEN THE TWO COUNTRIES.

DELEGATION LEADER W.B. EATON SAID THERE WERE MANY OBSTACLES FOR FREE TRADE BETWEEN PAKISTAN AND JAPAN SINCE JAPAN IS IN A HARD CURRENCY AREA. HE ADDED, HOWEVER, THAT ARRANGEMENTS ARE BEING MADE FOR A BALANCED TRADE BETWEEN THE TWO COUNTRIES.

EATON SAID ALL TRADE WILL BE IN STERLING EXCEPT COTTON PIECE GOODS, WHICH WOULD BE ON A BASIS OF 50 PERCENT STERLING AND 50 PERCENT DOLLARS. HE SAID THAT WITHIN SIX MONTHS JAPAN WOULD HAVE A LARGE AMOUNT OF COTTON YARN AND OTHER GOODS AVAILABLE. HE SAID SILK, RAYON, BAMBOO WARE, CHINAWARE AND SMALL MACHINERY WERE AVAILABLE AMONG CONSUMER GOODS ITEMS AND ORDERS COULD BE PLACED FOR THEM NOW.

DN730AED

SEOUL, KOREA, MONDAY, MAY 31-(AP)-DR. SYNGMAN RHEE, CONSERVATIVE POLITICAL LEADER WHO HAS BEEN AN OUTSPOKEN CRITIC OF SOME AMERICAN OCCUPATION POLICIES, WAS ELECTED PERMANENT CHAIRMAN OF KOREA'S NEW NATIONAL ASSEMBLY TODAY. THE VOTE WAS 188 TO NINE.

HE WAS NAMED TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN LAST THURSDAY.

RHEE SPENT THREE WEEKS ALIGNING HIS FORCES AMONG THE 198 (CO) ASSEMBLYMEN, CHOSEN IN A U.N.-OBSERVED ELECTION IN SOUTH KOREA MAY 10. THE ELECTION, ALTHOUGH AIMED AT ESTABLISHING KOREA'S FIRST SELF-RULE GOVERNMENT, WAS CONDUCTED ONLY IN THE AMERICAN-OCCUPIED SOUTH. KOREANS IN THE RUSSIAN-CONTROLLED NORTH WERE NOT ALLOWED TO PARTICIPATE IN THE VOTING. THE RUSSIANS BARRED U.N. OBSERVERS FROM THAT ZONE.

THE 74-YEAR-OLD CHAIRMAN WAS FOR MANY YEARS WASHINGTON SPOKESMAN FOR KOREA'S EXILED GOVERNMENT DURING THE LONG JAPANESE OCCUPATION. HE HAS BEEN CRITICAL OF SOME OF THE POLICIES OF LT. GEN. JOHN R. HODGE'S MILITARY OCCUPATION, WHILE FAVORING THE RETENTION OF AMERICAN TROOPS UNTIL SOUTH KOREA CAN ADEQUATELY TRAIN SECURITY FORCES OF HER OWN.

THE FIRST ASSEMBLY MET IN A GOVERNMENT BUILDING CONSTRUCTED BY JAPANESE IN FRONT OF THE OLD KOREAN PALACE. THE DAY WAS DECLARED A GOVERNMENT HOLIDAY.

JS904PPD NM

MANILA, MONDAY, MAY 31-(AP)-A CHARTERED CHINA NATIONAL AVIATION CORP. C-47 TRANSPORT LEFT TODAY CARRYING FRANCIS CARDINAL SPELLMAN AND 14 HIGH ROMAN CATHOLIC PRELATES TO CHINA. THE PLANE IS DUE AT AMOY AT 11:15 P.M. SUNDAY, E.S.T. AND IS EXPECTED TO PROCEED SHORTLY THEREAFTER TO CHANGHAI.

WR826PPD NM

MAY 1948

FIRST LEAD

MANILA, MONDAY, MAY 31-(AP)-SEVEN HUKBALAHAP WERE SHOT TO DEATH TODAY WHEN GUARD RAIDED A CENTRAL LUZON CAMP TO RESCUE A CIVILIAN BELIEVED TO HAVE BEEN KIDNAPED BY THE PEASANT OUTLAWS. SEVERAL OTHER HUKS WERE WOUNDED. THE GUARDS WERE CIVILIANS IN THE EMPLOY OF LANDLORDS.

PRESIDENT ELPIDIO QUIRINO X X X FIRST GRAF (A75KX)

JM1128PCS NM

QUEBEC, MAY 30-(AP)-QUEBEC'S COLONY OF UNITED STATES CITIZENS TODAY HELD AN ANNUAL MEMORIAL DAY SERVICE IN SUBURBAN SILLERY'S MOUNT HERMAN CEMETERY FOR THREE AMERICAN FLYERS KILLED OCT. 19, 1942, WHEN THEIR BOMBER CRASHED ON THE SOUTH SHORE OF THE ST. LAWRENCE RIVER. AMERICAN RESIDENTS HERE BUILT A MONUMENT FROM THE PROPELLER OF THE AIRCRAFT WHICH BEARS THE NAMES OF THE THREE FLIERS BURIED IN MOUNT HERMON--LT. H.W. SHOAT AND SGT. JOHN R. CARTER OF TEXAS AND SGT. L.O. KERR OF OREGON. (PLACE NAMES UNAVAILABLE).

HA1001PED

TRUMAN-MEMORIAL DAY

WASHINGTON, MAY 30-(AP)-PRESIDENT TRUMAN PLACED A WREATH AT THE TOMB OF THE UNKNOWN SOLDIER TODAY AND THEN ASKED DIVINE SUPPORT OF THIS NATION'S EFFORT TO GAIN WORLD PEACE.

JOINING SOLEMN MEMORIAL DAY SERVICES IN ARLINGTON NATIONAL CEMETERY, THE PRESIDENT SAID THAT TO ATTAIN PEACE IN THE WORLD, "WE MUST HAVE THE ABILITY TO ENFORCE IT."

"MAY GOD GIVE US THAT STRENGTH AND THAT ABILITY," HE CONCLUDED.

THE PRESIDENT SPOKE IN THE FLAG-DRAPED AMPHITHEATER OF THE HISTORICAL BURIAL GROUND AT A PROGRAM ARRANGED BY VETERANS' ASSOCIATIONS IN THE MEMORY OF THE HEROES OF ALL WARS.

FROM ARLINGTON HE WENT TO A NEARBY GATHERING PLACE ON THE POTOMAC RIVER NEAR THE LINCOLN MEMORIAL WHERE HE PLACED A ROSE IN A HUGE FLORAL ANCHOR IN MEMORY OF THE LATE PRESIDENT FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT.

THE PRESIDENT DROVE DIRECT TO ARLINGTON

C RIVER NEAR THE LINCOLN MEMORIAL WHERE HE PLACED A ROSE IN A HUGE FLORAL ANCHOR IN MEMORY OF THE LATE PRESIDENT FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT.

THE PRESIDENT DROVE DIRECT TO ARLINGTON ACROSS TOWN FROM THE NAVY YARD WHERE THE PRESIDENTIAL YACHT WILLIAMSBURG DOCKED THIS MORNING AFTER A VISIT TO THE NAVAL ACADEMY AT ANNAPOLIS.

WHEN HE ARRIVED UNDER CLOUDY SKIES AT ARLINGTON, A 21-GUN SALUTE HEARDED HIS ENTRANCE INTO THE CEMETERY. BAREHEADED, THE PRESIDENT HEARD THE NOTES OF THE NATIONAL ANTHEM AND STEPPED FORWARD TO PLACE A HUGE WREATH OF WHITE GLADIOLI AT THE BASE OF THE TOMB.

SNAPPING BACK TO ATTENTION HE STOOD WITH HIS ARMY, NAVY AND AIR FORCE AIDES WHILE TAPS SOUNDED OVER THE SLOPES OVERLOOKING THE POTOMAC.

HE WALKED TO THE AMPITHEATER ADJOINING WHERE HE TOLD AN AUDIENCE FILLING THE WHITE MARBLE SEATS THAT HE HAD PLACED THE WREATH "IN THE NAME OF THE PEOPLE OF THE UNITED STATES AND OF THE CITIZENS OF THE UNITED STATES, EVERYWHERE."

HE SAID THE GATHERING COMMEMORATED THE SERVICES OUR MEN AND WOMEN

30.24-18165
RENDERED "FOR THE FREEDOM OF THE WORLD, FOR THE FREEDOM OF

THE INDIVIDUAL, AND FOR THE RIGHT TO LIVE IN PEACE AS WE CHOOSE TO LIVE, TO THINK WHAT WE PLEASE, TO WORSHIP AS WE PLEASE, AND TO CONTROL OUR OWN GOVERNMENT AS WE PLEASE."

A29X

MAY 1948

A29WX

HE REMINDED THAT THE PEOPLE OF THE UNITED STATES CAME FROM VIRTUALLY EVERY COUNTY ON THE GLOBE. IN THIS COUNTRY, HE SAID, "WE LIVE PEACEABLY SIDE BY SIDE," AND THAT "IS OUR AMBITION FOR THE WHOLE WORLD."

THE FUNDAMENTAL PLATFORM OF OUR FOREIGN POLICY, IS "PEACE FOUNDED ON JUSTICE" THROUGHOUT THE WORLD.

THE UNITED STATES, HE CONTINUED, MUST SEE THAT PEACE IN THE WORLD IS IMPLEMENTED "ON THE BASIS OF THE RIGHTS OF THE INDIVIDUALS, OF THE RIGHTS OF MEN AND WOMEN EVERYWHERE TO FREEDOM OF WORSHIP, FREEDOM FROM FEAR, FREEDOM FROM WANT."

THE RIVERSIDE SERVICES OF THE FLEET RESERVE ASSOCIATION FEATURED A TRADITIONAL TWO BELL CEREMONY.

THIS WAS A REMINDER TO THE MEN WHO SERVE AT SEA THAT A SHIP-MATE IS "NEVER FORGOTTEN, NEVER FORSAKEN."

THE PRESIDENT HAVING PLACED A ROSE IN THE FLORAL ANCHOR IN MEMORY OF HIS PREDECESSOR JOINED IN A MINUTE OF SILENT PRAYER.

AS THE PRESIDENT AND THE OTHERS PLACED THEIR ROSES IN THE MEMORY OF THE DEAD THE BAND PLAYED "NEARER MY GOD TO THEE."

THE FLORAL ANCHOR WAS REMOVED AND PLACED ABOARD A SMALL BOAT WHICH TOOK IT 0.

THE FLORAL ANCHOR WAS REMOVED AND PLACED ABOARD A SMALL BOAT WHICH TOOK IT OUT INTO THE POTOMAC AND CAST IT INTO THE WATERS.

MR. TRUMAN THEN DROVE BACK TO THE WHITE HOUSE TO WORK ON OFFICIAL PAPERS FOR ABOUT AN HOUR BEFORE RETURNING TO THE WILLIAMSBURG.

MRS. TRUMAN AND DAUGHTER, MARGARET, ARE VACATIONING AT THEIR HOME IN INDEPENDENCE, MO.

GG&J208PED

(350) TRUMAN TEXT

WASHINGTON, MAY 30-(AP)-TEXT OF PRESIDENT TRUMAN'S MEMORIAL DAY ADDRESS TODAY AT ARLINGTON NATIONAL CEMETERY:

THIS IS A MOST SOLEMN OCCASION. JUST A FEW MOMENTS AGO IT WAS MY PRIVILEGE TO PLACE A WREATH AT THE TOMB OF THE UNKNOWN SOLDIER. I HAVE PLACED THAT WREATH IN THE NAME OF THE PEOPLE OF THE UNITED STATES AND OF THE CITIZENS OF THE UNITED STATES EVERYWHERE.

ALL OVER THE WORLD TODAY MEETINGS SUCH AS THIS ARE BEING HELD TO COMMEMORATE THE SERVICE WHICH OUR MEN AND WOMEN RENDERED FOR THE FREEDOM OF THE WORLD, FOR THE FREEDOM OF THE INDIVIDUAL, AND FOR THE RIGHT TO LIVE IN PEACE AS WE CHOOSE TO LIVE, TO THINK WHAT WE PLEASE, TO WORSHIP AS WE PLEASE AND TO CONTROL OUR OWN GOVERNMENT AS WE PLEASE.

I WONDER IF IT HAS EVER OCCURRED TO YOU THAT IN AFRICA, IN EUROPE, IN ASIA, IN SOUTH AMERICA, IN CENTRAL AMERICA--EVERYWHERE, THERE ARE GRAVES OF SERVICE MEN AND WOMEN WHO DIED FOR LIBERTY.

THIS COUNTRY, AS YOU KNOW, IS MADE UP OF ALL RACES AND ALL CREEDS--PEOPLE FROM POLAND, PEOPLE FROM YUGOSLAVIA, PEOPLE FROM GERMANY, PEOPLE FROM FRANCE, PEOPLE FROM GREAT BRITAIN, PEOPLE FROM AFRICA--MAKE UP OUR POPULATION AND WE LIVE PEACEABLY SIDE BY SIDE.

THAT IS OUR AMBITION FOR THE WHOLE WORLD.

WE WANT PEACE IN THE WORLD. WE WANT PEACE FOUNDED ON JUSTICE. THAT IS THE FUNDAMENTAL PLATFORM OF OUR FOREIGN POLICY, THAT MEANS THAT THE UNITED STATES HAS ALWAYS STOOD AND ALWAYS WILL STAND FOR PEACE IN THE WORLD.

WE ARE HERE TODAY TO PAY TRIBUTE TO THOSE WHO HAVE GIVEN THEIR LIVES THAT LIBERTY MAY SURVIVE IN THE WORLD. LET US CONTINUE TO REMEMBER THAT THOSE MEN AND WOMEN HAVE NOT DIED IN VAIN.

WE MUST SEE THAT PEACE IN THE WORLD IS IMPLEMENTED ON A BASIS OF THE RIGHTS OF THE INDIVIDUAL, OF THE RIGHTS OF MEN AND WOMEN EVERYWHERE TO FREEDOM OF WORSHIP, FREEDOM FROM FEAR, FREEDOM FROM WANT. LET US NOT FORGET THAT THIS UNKNOWN SOLDIER DIED FOR JUST THOSE THINGS.

I HOPE THAT THESE CELEBRATIONS ALL OVER THE WORLD IN MEMORY OF THOSE WHO GAVE THEIR LIVES FOR LIBERTY WILL EMPHASIZE THE FACT THAT THE GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED STATES WORKS ONLY FOR PEACE IN THE WORLD, AND IN ORDER TO ATTAIN THAT PEACE WE MUST HAVE THE ABILITY TO ENFORCE IT.

MAY GOD GIVE US THAT STRENGTH AND THAT ABILITY.

(END TEXT)

LT411PED

CONGRESS (ROUNDUP)

WASHINGTON, MAY 30-(AP)--THE MUNDT-NIXON BILL TO CONTROL COMMUNISTS MAY BE SIDETRACKED IN A SESSION-END JAM OF SENATE LAWMAKING.

A REPUBLICAN LEADER WHO FAVORS ENACTMENT OF LEGISLATION ALONG THE LINES OF THE HOUSE-APPROVED MEASURE TOLD A REPORTER THAT IF CONGRESS QUITS JUNE 19 THERE IS LITTLE CHANCE OF FINAL ACTION ON THE BILL.

IF IT IS SHELVED NOW, SPONSORS WILL HAVE TO START ALL OVER AGAIN TOWARD TWO-HOUSE APPROVAL IN THE NEW CONGRESS UNLESS A SPECIAL SESSION IS HELD.

THE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE RESUMES HEARINGS ON THE MEASURE TOMORROW, WITH INDICATIONS THAT WHEN MEMBERS GET DOWN TO LINE-BY-LINE WORK ON THE BILL--POSSIBLY LATER IN THE WEEK--THEY WILL PROPOSE EXTENSIVE CHANGES.

AS IT PASSED THE HOUSE, THE MEASURE MAKES IT ILLEGAL TO TRY IN ANY WAY TO SET UP A FOREIGN DICTATORSHIP IN THIS COUNTRY. IT BRANDS THE COMMUNIST PARTY AS AN ORGANIZATION UNDER FOREIGN CONTROL AND REQUIRES IT TO REGISTER ITS MEMBERSHIP EVERY YEAR WITH THE ATTORNEY GENERAL.

THE BILL, OR SOME OF ITS FEATURES, ALREADY HAS BEEN CRITICIZED BY COMMITTEE MEMBERS LANGER (R-ND), COOPER (R-KY), MCCARRAN (D-NEV), KILGORE (D-WVA) AND EASTLAND (D-MISS).

SENATOR MOORE (R-OKLA) TOLD A REPORTER HE DOESN'T SEE ANYTHING WRONG WITH IT. SENATOR FERGUSON (R-MICH) SAID HE WANTS A BILL OF THIS TYPE PASSED. SENATOR REVERCOMB (R-WVA) HAS INDICATED HE FAVORS IT.

FIVE OTHER COMMITTEE MEMBERS REMAIN PUBLICLY UNCOMMITTED. THEY INCLUDE CHAIRMAN WILEY (R-WIS) AND SENATORS DONNELL (R-MO), MAGNUSON (D-WASH), FULBRIGHT (D-ARK) AND MCGRATH (D-RI). FULBRIGHT TOLD A REPORTER HE IS "NOT TOO IMPRESSED WITH THE BILL" BUT WANTS TO STUDY IT FURTHER.

SENATOR TAFT (R-OHIO), WHO HAS CRITICIZED THE FORM OF THE MEASURE, HAS SAID THAT IF THE COMMITTEE REPORTS IT OUT, THE SENATE GOP POLICY COMMITTEE, WHICH HE HEADS, WILL TRY TO GIVE IT A PLACE ON THE CALENDAR.

SENATOR VANDENBERG (R-MICH) IS REPORTED TO HAVE TOLD FRIENDS THAT WHILE THE BILL MAY HAVE LOOPHOLES IN ITS PRESENT FORM, HE WOULD LIKE TO SEE THE SENATE PASS SOME LAW BY WHICH THE GOVERNMENT COULD REGULATE ANY FOREIGN-CONTROLLED ORGANIZATION WORKING TO OVERTHROW THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT BY FORCE.

IN OBSERVANCE OF MEMORIAL DAY, NEITHER HOUSE WILL MEET TOMORROW. BEGINNING TUESDAY, HOWEVER, THE PRE-ADJOURNMENT JAM WILL BE ON.

THE HOUSE SCHEDULE CALLS FOR CLEANING UP THE LAST OF THE LARGE APPROPRIATION BILLS FOR THE NEXT FISCAL YEAR.

THE HOUSE WILL GET THE BILL FOR NEXT YEAR'S ARMY AND AIR FORCE SPENDING ON WEDNESDAY. THIS WILL RUN MORE THAN \$10,000,000,000 (B).

THE FIRST LARGE APPROPRIATION BILL FOR EUROPEAN RECOVERY IS DUE TO BE CONSIDERED THURSDAY. THIS WILL TOTAL APPROXIMATELY \$5,000,000,000 (B). THE NAVY SUPPLY BILL WILL FOLLOW ON FRIDAY.

IN ADDITION, THE HOUSE HAS UNFINISHED BUSINESS WHICH MAY BE CALLED TO THE FLOOR AT ANY TIME. THIS INCLUDES A NAVY PUBLIC WORKS BILL AUTHORIZING \$208,000,000 (M) OF CONSTRUCTION, A FLOOD CONTROL MEASURE, AND LEGISLATION WHICH WOULD GIVE RESIDENTS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA A VOICE IN THE CAPITAL CITY'S GOVERNMENT.

ON TUESDAY THE SENATE GOES BACK TO WORK ON A BILL TO ADMIT 200,000 DISPLACED PERSONS TO THIS COUNTRY. WHILE TAFT SAID HE HOPES FOR FINAL ACTION TUESDAY, SOME OTHER SENATORS SAID A VOTE MIGHT NOT COME UNTIL THURSDAY.

THEN THE SENATE WILL TAKE UP THE TWO-YEAR MILITARY DRAFT PROPOSAL, WHICH IS MENACED BY A THREAT FROM SENATOR LANGER TO ATTEMPT TO ATTACH CONTROVERSIAL CIVIL RIGHTS PROPOSALS TO IT.

EVEN IF THAT MOVE IS BLOCKED, MOST MEMBERS THINK THE SENATE ISN'T GOING TO AGREE FINALLY TO DRAFT 19 THROUGH 25 YEAR OLD MEN, WITHOUT A LOT OF TALK.

ASWX

THIRD IN LEGISLATIVE LINE IN THE SENATE IS VANDENBERG'S RESOLUTION WHICH WOULD PAVE THE WAY FOR POSSIBLE FUTURE AMERICAN AID TO REGIONAL ALLIANCES THAT MIGHT BE FORMED TO WARD OFF COMMUNISM.

BACKED UP IN THIS LOG JAM AS SUCH MAJOR PROPOSALS AS A ONE-YEAR EXTENSION OF THE TRADE AGREEMENTS PROGRAM AND A HOUSE-APPROVED BILL TO CUT THE TAX OFF OLEO. THE SENATE ALSO MUST ACT ON THE REGULAR APPROPRIATION BILLS.

SOMETIME BEFORE ADJOURNMENT REPUBLICAN LEADERS SAY THEY HOPE TO PUSH AT LEAST ONE PIECE OF CIVIL RIGHTS LEGISLATION THROUGH THE SENATE OVER AN EXPECTED SOUTHERN FILIBUSTER.

THE FLURRY OVER VOICE OF AMERICA BROADCASTS CONTINUED. A HOUSE EXPENDITURES SUBCOMMITTEE WILL QUESTION STATE DEPARTMENT OFFICIALS TUESDAY ABOUT THE OVERSEAS PROGRAMS WHICH SET OFF A TURMOIL ON CAPITOL HILL. TWO SENATE COMMITTEES START JOINT PUBLIC HEARINGS ON THE BROADCASTS THE SAME DAY.

GG1234PED

FARM

BY OVID A. MARTIN

WASHINGTON, MAY 30-(AP)-CHARLES F. BRANNAN TAKES OVER AS THE NEW SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE IN TIME TO DRAFT A 1949 FARM PROGRAM WHICH MAY OFFER LOWER GOVERNMENT PRICE GUARANTEES ON MANY PRODUCTS. THE SENATE CONFIRMED HIS NOMINATION TO THE JOB ON FRIDAY.

LOWER PRICE SUPPORTS WOULD NOT NECESSARILY BE FOLLOWED BY LOWER FARM PRODUCT AND FOOD PRICES. ACTUAL PRICES THEMSELVES MAY HOLD ABOVE GOVERNMENT GUARANTEES, DEPENDING ON HOW MUCH IS PRODUCED AND HOW MUCH IS NEEDED. PRICES TEND TO DROP WHEN SUPPLIES EXCEED DEMANDS.

WARTIME LAWS WHICH DIRECTED THE DEPARTMENT TO PROVIDE PRICE PROTECTION TO FARMERS AT RELATIVELY HIGH LEVELS EXPIRE DEC. 31 UNLESS CONGRESS EXTENDS THEM.

HOWEVER, CHANGES IN THOSE LAWS AUTHORIZING LOWER PRICE GUARANTEES HAVE BEEN RECOMMENDED BY PRESIDENT TRUMAN AND THE AGRICULTURE COMMITTEES OF THE REPUBLICAN-CONTROLLED HOUSE AND SENATE. PASSAGE OF A BILL MAKING SUCH CHANGES IS REGARDED AS CERTAIN.

THE DEPARTMENT CARRIES OUT PRICE GUARANTEES THROUGH LOANS TO FARMERS AND THROUGH PURCHASE OF PRODUCTS. LOANS ARE OFFERED ON STORABLE PRODUCTS AT THE GUARANTEED PRICE LEVEL. WHEN PRICES TEND TO DROP BELOW THIS LEVEL, FARMERS PUT THEIR CROPS UNDER LOAN. THIS HAS THE EFFECT OF FORCING THE MARKET TO PAY PRICES AT LEAST AS HIGH AS THE LOAN.

PRICE-SUPPORTING PURCHASES ARE LIMITED LARGELY TO PERISHABLE PRODUCTS, SUCH AS POTATOES, EGGS, AND DAIRY PRODUCTS. THE GRAINS AND COTTON ARE SUPPORTED BY MEANS OF LOANS.

BRANNAN HIMSELF HELPED PREPARE DEPARTMENT RECOMMENDATIONS TO CONGRESS FOR A LOWER LEVEL OF PRICE SUPPORTS. UNDER FORMER SECRETARY CLINTON P. ANDERSON, THE NEW DEPARTMENT CHIEF HEADED A COMMITTEE WHICH DELVED INTO THE PROBLEMS OF POST-WAR GOVERNMENT AID TO AGRICULTURE.

THIS COMMITTEE CAME UP WITH THE BELIEF THAT THE WARTIME PRICE GUARANTEES COULD NOT BE CONTINUED WITHOUT ENCOURAGING PRODUCTION OF WASTEFUL AND COSTLY SURPLUSES OF SOME CROPS.

MOST FARM PRODUCTS ARE BEING SUPPORTED NOW AT NOT LESS THAN 90 PERCENT OF PARITY. PARITY IS A LEGAL STANDARD FOR MEASURING ACTUAL PRICES. FARM LAW DECLARES PARITY PRICES TO BE EQUALLY FAIR TO FARMERS AND TO THOSE WHO USE THEIR PRODUCTS.

IT IS LIKELY THAT MOST PRODUCTS WILL GET 1949 PRICE GUARANTEES RANGING BETWEEN 60 AND 90 PERCENT. THOSE NOW BEING PRODUCED IN EXCESS OF MARKET DEMANDS WOULD GET THE LOWEST SUPPORTS, WHILE THOSE MOST SCARCE WOULD GET THE HIGHEST.

SUCH FLEXIBILITY WOULD BE DESIGNED TO DISCOURAGE SURPLUSES, ON THE ONE HAND, AND SHORTAGES ON THE OTHER.

HY550PED

WASHINGTON, MAY 30-(AP)-SENATOR TAFT (R-OHIO) SAID TONIGHT HE BELIEVES A MAJORITY OF THE HOUSE FAVORS PUBLIC HOUSING AND SHOULD BE GIVEN A CHANCE TO VOTE ON IT.

BUT REP. ALBERT M. COLE (R-KANS) SAID PUBLIC HOUSING IS "SOCIALISM" WHICH, HE ADDED, WOULD GIVE THE GOVERNMENT THE SAME KIND OF CONTROL AS EXERCISED "BY LONDON AND MOSCOW."

TAFT AND COLE EXCHANGED VIEWS IN RADIO DEBATE ON THE SENATE-PASSED TAFT-ELLENDER-WAGNER LONG RANGE HOUSING BILL DESIGNED TO ENCOURAGE CONSTRUCTION OF 15,000,000 NEW HOMES BY 1958.

OF THESE, 500,000 WOULD BE PUBLIC HOUSING UNITS TO BE BUILT DURING THE NEXT FIVE YEARS. THEY WOULD BE OWNED AND CONSTRUCTED UNDER THE DIRECTION OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT HOUSING AUTHORITIES, WITH MULTI-BILLION DOLLAR FEDERAL GRANTS MAKING UP THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN OPERATING COSTS AND WHAT TENANTS COULD PAY IN RENT.

MAY 1948

30.24-18167

THE BILL IS UNDER STUDY BY THE HOUSE BANKING COMMITTEE, WHICH TWO YEARS AGO LET A SIMILAR MEASURE DIE, MAINLY BECAUSE OF OPPOSITION TO PUBLIC HOUSING. THERE STILL IS PLENTY OF OPPOSITION TO THAT SECTION IN THE COMMITTEE AND HOUSE REPUBLICAN LEADERS REPORTEDLY HAVE TOLD TAFT THE NEW MEASURE CANNOT PASS UNLESS IT IS STRIPPED OF PUBLIC HOUSING.

IN TONIGHT'S DEBATE, REP. BAKEWELL (R-MO) JOINED TAFT IN ARGUING FOR THE BILL. REP. RALPH W. GWINN (R-NY) LINED UP WITH COLE AGAINST IT.

"THE HOUSE OUGHT TO BE PERMITTED TO VOTE ON THE BILL," TAFT SAID. "IF THE MAJORITY DOES NOT WANT PUBLIC HOUSING, IT CAN BE ELIMINATED. HOWEVER, I THINK THE MAJORITY OF THE HOUSE WANTS PUBLIC HOUSING."

TAFT SAID THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT HAS PROVIDED FREE MEDICAL CARE, EDUCATION AND FOOD, AND THAT THERE IS NO REASON IT SHOULD NOT HELP TO PROVIDE DECENT HOUSING FOR LOW INCOME FAMILIES. HE SAID HALF OF THE NATION'S POPULATION CANNOT AFFORD TO BUY A NEW HOME AT PREVAILING PRICES.

COLE SAID THE PUBLIC HOUSING SECTION OF THE T-E-W BILL WOULD PROVIDE HOMES FOR ONLY A COMPARATIVELY FEW CITY DWELLERS AND WOULD DISCRIMINATE ALTOGETHER AGAINST RURAL FAMILIES.

COLE CALLED IT "POLITICAL CORRUPTION" FOR THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT TO GO INTO THE PUBLIC HOUSING FIELD. HE ADDED:

"PRIVATE ENTERPRISE IS NOT BEING ENCOURAGED. THE MAYORS FIND IT MUCH EASIER TO COME TO WASHINGTON RATHER THAN SUPPORT THESE PROGRAMS BY (LOCAL) TAXATION."

TAFT RETORTED THAT THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT "HAS DONE EVERYTHING IN THE WORLD FOR PRIVATE HOUSING."

GWINN SAID THE TAXPAYERS "ARE THE POOR SUCKERS" OF THE PUBLIC HOUSING PROGRAM.

BAKEWELL SAID PRIVATE INDUSTRY "IS NOT INTERESTED" IN CONSTRUCTING THE KIND OF HOMES THAT LOW-INCOME FAMILIES CAN AFFORD.

HY945PED NM

WASHINGTON, MAY 30-(AP)-SENATOR CAPPER (R-KAN) LISTED UNIVERSAL MILITARY TRAINING TODAY AMONG POLICE STATE METHODS WITH WHICH HE SAID THE NATION IS THREATENED.

"WE ARE NOT THREATENED WITH THE POLICE STATE AS YET," HE SAID. "BUT IN THE WORDS OF PRESIDENT TRUMAN, WE ARE FACED WITH THREATS OF THE IMPOSITION UPON OUR PEOPLE OF THE 'METHODS OF THE POLICE STATE.'"

CAPPER ADDED THAT "EVERY STEP WE TAKE BY WHICH FREEDOM OF THE INDIVIDUAL IS LESSENNED BY INCREASED POWER OVER HIS ACTIONS BY THE GOVERNMENT IS A STEP IN THE DIRECTION OF A POTENTIAL POLICE STATE."

IN AN ADDRESS PREPARED FOR RADIO BROADCAST, THE SENATOR SAID "WE MIGHT BE DO WELL INDEED IF, ON THIS MEMORIAL DAY, WE DEDICATE OURSELVES AGAIN TO THE CAUSE OF FREEDOM OF THE INDIVIDUAL REGARDLESS OF COLOR, RACE OR CREED."

HE SAID THAT WHILE THE HOLDING OF ONE HUMAN BY ANOTHER AS SLAVES HAS ALMOST BEEN ABOLISHED, THERE IS A RETURN OF HUMAN SLAVERY "IN EVEN WORSE FORM" IN MANY PARTS OF THE WORLD--ENSLAVEMENT OF HUMANS BY THE STATE.

THE THREAT OF THE POLICE STATE IS REAL OVER MOST OF THE OLD WORLD TODAY, HE CONTINUED AND "IN OUR OWN COUNTRY THINGS ARE HAPPENING AND THREATENING TO HAPPEN THAT PORTEND NO GOOD TO THE INDIVIDUAL AS A FREE AGENT."

"WE ARE TRAVELING THE ROAD TOWARD SOCIALISM," HE SAID. "WHEN ALL IS SAID AND DONE, SOCIALISM IS THE HALF-WAY HOUSE TOWARD COMMUNISM. AND COMMUNISM CAN FUNCTION ONLY AS A POLICE STATE WITH THE PEOPLE VIRTUAL SLAVES OF THE SMALL GROUP IN POWER."

(END ADVANCE FOR USE AT 5:15 P.M. EASTERN STANDARD TIME TODAY, MAY 30)

LT437PED

(ADVANCE)..NEW YORK, MAY 30-(AP)-THE UNITED STATES SHOULD SEEK THE ELIMINATION OF INTERNATIONAL CARTELS, THE TWENTIETH CENTURY FUND'S SPECIAL COMMITTEE ON CARTELS AND MONOPOLY URGED TODAY.

"WHEN THIS IS IMPOSSIBLE, THE AIM SHOULD BE TO KEEP AN EFFECTIVE CURB ON CARTELS AND RESTRICTIVE PRACTICES, AND TO PREVENT THE GROWTH OF NEW ONES," A COMMITTEE REPORT SAID. MAY 1948

THE COMMITTEE WAS HEADED BY JAMES H. LANDIS, ONE-TIME CHAIRMAN OF THE CIVIL AERONAUTICS BOARD, DEAN OF THE HARVARD LAW SCHOOL AND CHAIRMAN OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION.

THE REPORT CRITICIZED THE CHARTER OF THE INTERNATIONAL TRADE ORGANIZATION FOR NOT OUTLAWING CARTELS OR ANY RESTRICTIVE BUSINESS PRACTICE AS SUCH. IT RECOMMENDED U.S. SUPPORT OF THE CHARTER, HOWEVER, WITH THE AIM OF TRYING TO IMPROVE IT.

OTHER RECOMMENDATIONS WERE:

1. REFORM OF U.S. PATENT LAWS "TO CHECK THE USE OF PATENTS FOR CROSS-LICENSING PURPOSES IN CARTEL AGREEMENTS."

2. STRENGTHENING OF U.S. ANTI-CARTEL POLICIES IN GERMANY AND JAPAN.

3. SUPPORT OF THE ITO ATTEMPT TO REGULATE COMMODITY AGREEMENTS WHICH RESTRICT OR AFFECT PRODUCTION AND CONSUMPTION OF BASIC COMMODITIES.

THE FUND IS A PRIVATELY ENDOWED FOUNDATION FOR SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH AND PUBLIC ECONOMIC EDUCATION.

(END ADVANCE FOR AMT OF MONDAY, MAY 31).

VB1125AFB

NEW YORK, MAY 30-(AP)-DELEGATES FROM EIGHT EUROPEAN COUNTRIES ARRIVED BY PLANE TODAY EN ROUTE TO CALIFORNIA TO ATTEND MEETINGS OF THE WORLD ASSEMBLY FOR MORAL HEARMAMENT.

THE 45-MAN GROUP INCLUDED REPRESENTATIVES OF THE MOVEMENT FROM ITALY, GERMANY, GREAT BRITAIN, FRANCE, SWEDEN, THE NETHERLANDS, DENMARK AND SWITZERLAND.

THE GROUP WAS INVITED TO THE UNITED STATES BY 7 U.S. CONGRESSMEN. THEY WILL ATTEND A MASS MEETING JUNE 2 AT HOLLYWOOD BOWL, LOS ANGELES, AND THE WORLD ASSEMBLY JUNE 7-14 AT RIVERSIDE, CALIF.

THE ASSEMBLY IS IN OBSERVANCE OF THE 10TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE MOVEMENT, WHICH SEEKS TO FOSTER NATIONAL UNITY, TEAMWORK IN INDUSTRY, SOUND HOMES AND HIGHER MORAL VALUES.

SEVERAL OF THE DELEGATES TOLD REPORTERS THE MOVEMENT WOULD HELP CURB THE SPREAD OF COMMUNISM, AS WELL AS CONTRIBUTE TO THE ECONOMIC AND POLITICAL STABILITY OF THE WORLD.

ONE DELEGATE, KNUT KRISTENSEN, FORMER PRIME MINISTER OF DENMARK, SAID "IT IS OF THE GREATEST IMPORTANCE TO EMPHASIZE MORAL AND SPIRITUAL VALUES TO MAKE CLEAR THAT SPIRIT IS STRONGER THAN MATERIALISM."

KRISTENSEN, A LEADER OF THE OPPOSITION IN THE DANISH PARLIAMENT, SAID HIS COUNTRY WAS "VERY MUCH INTERESTED IN THE MARSHALL PLAN."

HE SAID HE HOPED TO TALK TO CONGRESSMEN CONCERNING AID TO DENMARK. RU659PED

FIRST LEAD WALLACE (350)

(ADVANCE) DENVER, MAY 30-(AP)-CONGRESS SHOULD INVESTIGATE WAR-MONGERING FOR PROFITS INSTEAD OF SPENDING TIME ON SUCH A MEASURE AS THE MUNDT-NIXON ANTI-COMMUNIST BILL, HENRY A. WALLACE ASSERTED TONIGHT. HE CHARACTERIZED THE BILL AS "THE MOST SUBVERSIVE LEGISLATION EVER TO BE SERIOUSLY PUSHED" IN CONGRESS.

WALLACE'S REMARKS WERE CONTAINED IN THE TEXT OF AN ADDRESS PREPARED FOR DELIVERY AT A DENVER ALLY TONIGHT (10 P.M., E.S.T.).

"IN THE NAME OF PREVENTING FOREIGN TOTALITARIANISM, THE MUNDT BILL-- WHICH IS EXPECTED TO REACH THE FLOOR OF THE SENATE WITHIN THE NEXT WEEK--WOULD BRING DOMESTIC TOTALITARIANISM UPON US," THE THIRD PARTY PRESIDENTIAL CANDIDATE SAID. 1948

"IF I WERE PRESIDENT AND IF WE HAD A PROGRESSIVE CONGRESS, THE INVESTIGATORY POWER OF THE CONGRESS WOULD BE DIRECTED TO THE REAL DANGER OF MONOPOLY CONTROL OF OUR ECONOMY. INSTEAD OF A MUNDT BILL WE WOULD BE CONSIDERING A CONSTITUTIONAL, CAREFULLY DRAWN ACT 'TO PROTECT THE UNITED STATES FROM THE WAR-MONGERING AND PROFITEERING ACTIVITIES OF THE MONOPOLITISTS,'" WALLACE DECLARED.

THE THIRD PARTY CANDIDATE SAID "UNCURBED MONOPOLY, WHICH TODAY DOMINATES OUR ECONOMY AND OUR POLITICS, IS INFINITELY MORE DANGEROUS TO THE WELFARE OF THE AMERICAN PEOPLE THAN THE IDEOLOGY OF THE COMMUNISTS AND ALL THEIR ALLEGED AGENTS."

TURNING TO WHAT HE CALLED THE "METALS TRUSTS" IN THE ROCKY MOUNTAIN REGION, WALLACE SAID:

"THREE COMPANIES PRODUCE 80 PERCENT OF OUR COPPER, FOUR COMPANIES OWN 85 PERCENT OF OUR LEAD REFINING CAPACITY AND THREE COMPANIES OWN 90 PERCENT OF ELECTROLYTIC ZINC REFINING CAPACITY.

"THIS YEAR THEY ARE TAKING OUT OF YOUR MOUNTAINS AND VALLEYS ONE AND ONE HALF BILLION DOLLARS' WORTH OF COPPER, LEAD, GOLD, VANADIUM AND A HOST OF OTHER IMPORTANT METALS X X X. BUT THIS WEALTH IS NOT DISTRIBUTED HERE, AND YOUR INCOMES ARE BELOW THE AVERAGE FOR THE UNITED STATES AS A WHOLE.

"WHILE KEEPING WAGES DOWN, THE METAL COMBINES HAVE TAKEN ADVANTAGE OF WORLD SHORTAGES AND THEIR MONOPOLY POSITION TO UNCONSCIONABLY RAISE PRICES."

HE SAID "THE SKY IS THE LIMIT" SO LONG AS A BI-PARTISAN COALITION "OBLIGES BY KEEPING UP THE WAR HYSTERIA."

"THE COLD WAR CARRIES PARTICULAR DANGERS TO THE WHOLE ECONOMY OF THE ROCKY MOUNTAIN STATES," WALLACE DECLARED. "AS THEY EXPAND THEIR HOLDINGS ABROAD, THE BIG CORPORATIONS LOOK FORWARD TO THE TIME WHEN THEY CAN GET ALL OF THEIR COPPER AND LEAD FROM SEMI-SLAVE LABOR IN MEXICO, CHILE AND RHODESIA."

THE SPEECH WAS THE SECOND TIME WALLACE HAD TOUCHED ON THE MUNDT-NIXON BILL DURING THE DAY. EARLIER, HE SAID THAT OPPOSITION TO IT IS RISING IN THE SENATE.

"I HAVE THE FEELING X X X ETC., 2ND GRAF (N125DX)

R719PMS NM

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., MAY 30-(AP)-BRUSSELS, BELGIUM, HAS THE ONLY EUROPEAN REPRESENTATIVE AMONG 33 DRIVERS COMPETING TOMORROW IN THE 32ND ANNUAL 500-MILE MEMORIAL DAY RACE AT INDIANAPOLIS MOTOR SPEEDWAY.

CHARLES VAN ACKER, BORN IN BRUSSELS BUT NOW LIVING IN SOUTH BEND, IND., IS CONSIDERED ONE OF THE MOST COURAGEOUS DRIVERS ON AMERICAN TRACKS. HE WAS RANKED NO. 4 LAST YEAR IN THE AMERICAN AUTOMOBILE ASSOCIATION'S NATIONAL RATINGS.

VAN ACKER WAS SEVERELY INJURED THREE WEEKS AGO IN A RACE AT DAYTON, OHIO. TWO WEEKS LATER, HE CAME TO THE SPEEDWAY AND QUALIFIED THE REDMER FOUR-CYLINDER OFFENHAUSER AT 125.440 MILES AN HOUR. HE IS A MACHINIST AND PART OWNER OF THE SOUTH BEND MOTOR SPEEDWAY.

ALTHOUGH MODERN EUROPEAN ROAD RACERS HAVE BEEN HANDICAPPED BY THE ENTIRELY DIFFERENT DRIVING SYSTEM AT INDIANAPOLIS, EUROPEAN CARS HAVE BEEN CONSISTENT MONEY WINNERS IN THE LAST DECADE. FIVE EUROPEAN CARS WILL BE IN TOMORROW'S LINEUP.

THE IMPORTED CARS ARE THE DON LEE MERCEDES 12, TO BE DRIVEN BY CHET MILLER, GLENDALE, CALIF; THE FEDERAL ENGINEERING MASERATI 8 TO BE DRIVEN BY PAUL RUSSO, KENOSHA, WIS.; THE LYNCH MOTORS MASERATI 8 TO BE DRIVEN BY HARRY MCQUINN, INDIANAPOLIS; THE BENNETT BROTHERS MASERATI 8, TO BE DRIVEN BY TED HORN, PATERSON, N.J., AND AN ALFA-ROMEO 8 TO BE DRIVEN BY JOHN MAURO, DENVER, COLO.

HORN'S MASERATI TWICE WON THE INDIANAPOLIS RACE WITH WILBUR SHAW DRIVING, AND HORN HAS TAKEN THIRD PLACE IN IT IN THE LAST TWO RACES.

A RACER POWERED WITH A FRENCH BUGATTI ENGINE WAS ENTERED BY GEORGE LYNCH AND JOSEPH LISTON, DETROIT. THEY COMPLETED THE CAR TOO LATE TO QUALIFY, ARRIVING AT THE TRACK A FEW HOURS BEFORE THE DEADLINE YESTERDAY. LYNCH INTENDED TO DRIVE THE CAR AND LACKED TIME TO PASS HIS DRIVER'S TEST.

FS408PCD

LONG BEACH, CALIF., MAY 30-(AP)-FIVE YEARS AGO YOSHIKO TANIGAWA WAS IN THE TULE LAKE, CALIF., DETENTION CAMP FOR JAPANESE-AMERICANS.

TODAY, BECAUSE SHE WAS DETERMINED EVEN THEN TO BE A NURSE, SHE IS ENSIGN TANIGAWA, U.S. NAVY. SHE'S THE ONLY JAPANESE-AMERICAN OFFICER IN THE NATIONAL SERVICE.

SHE IS STATIONED AT THE LONG BEACH NAVY HOSPITAL AND LT.COMDR. SUE ENGLISH, CHIEF NURSE, CALLS HER "VERY CAPABLE."

"EVERYONE HAS BEEN VERY WONDERFUL TO ME," SAYS TANIGAWA. "I HOPE TO PROVE MYSELF WORTHY IN MY PROFESSION."

TANIGAWA WAS RELEASED FROM THE DETENTION CAMP IN 1943, WENT TO MINNEAPOLIS AND AFTER SEVERAL UNSUCCESSFUL ATTEMPTS, WAS ADMITTED TO ST. BARNABAS HOSPITAL AS A TRAINEE IN MARCH, 1944. SHE WAS GRADUATED THREE YEARS LATER AND WORKED FIRST AT THE MINNEAPOLIS VETERANS HOSPITAL. SHE ENTERED THE NAVY WHEN SHE REACHED HER 21ST BIRTHDAY THREE MONTHS AGO.

DB534PPD NM

30.24- 18169

(XX)...UNDATED MEMORIAL DAY

SACRIFICES OF AMERICA'S WAR DEAD WERE COMMEMORATED YESTERDAY (SUNDAY) IN MEMORIAL DAY EXERCISES AROUND THE WORLD.

PRESIDENT TRUMAN SPOKE AT THE MAIN TRIBUTE, A CEREMONY IN ARLINGTON NATIONAL CEMETERY ACROSS THE POTOMAC RIVER FROM WASHINGTON. HE TOLD THE CROWD IN THE ARLINGTON AMPHITHEATER, AND THE NATION BY RADIO, THAT PEACE "IS OUR AMBITION FOR THE WHOLE WORLD."

"I HOPE THAT THESE CELEBRATIONS ALL OVER THE WORLD IN MEMORY OF THOSE WHO GAVE THEIR LIVES FOR LIBERTY WILL EMPHASIZE THE FACT THAT THE GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED STATES WORKS ONLY FOR PEACE IN THE WORLD, AND IN ORDER TO ATTAIN THAT PEACE WE MUST HAVE THE ABILITY TO ENFORCE IT," MR. TRUMAN SAID.

"MAY GOD GIVE US THAT STRENGTH AND THAT ABILITY."

THE PRESIDENT PLACED A WREATH AT THE TOMB OF THE UNKNOWN SOLDIER. IN ANOTHER WASHINGTON CEREMONY, HE PLACED A ROSE IN A FLORAL ANCHOR THAT WAS DEPOSITED IN THE POTOMAC IN HONOR OF FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT.

PRESIDENT TRUMAN, IN HIS MEMORIAL DAY PROCLAMATION, CALLED ON ALL THE PEOPLE OF THE UNITED STATES TO SET ASIDE AN HOUR (BEGINNING AT 8 P.M. EST) FOR SPECIAL PRAYER FOR PERMANENT PEACE.

THIS YEAR'S MEMORIAL DAY COMES AT A TIME WHEN ALMOST 40,000 ARMED FORCES DEAD IN WORLD WAR II HAVE BEEN RETURNED TO THE UNITED STATES FOR FINAL INTERMENT. PREPARATIONS ARE CONTINUING FOR THE RETURN OF OTHER THOUSANDS AT THE REQUEST OF RELATIVES.

THOSE WHO STILL REST WHERE THEY FELL OVERSEAS WERE NOT FORGOTTEN. THERE WERE THREE MAIN MEMORIAL SERVICES OPENED TO THE PUBLIC IN EUROPE--AT FOY, BELGIUM; MARGRATEN, HOLLAND; AND SOLERS, FRANCE--WHERE THOUSANDS LIE IN U.S. CEMETERIES.

SERVICES ARRANGED IN THE PACIFIC INCLUDED CEREMONIES ATOP AMOUNT SURIBACHI ON IWO JIMA.

SPEECHES IN AMERICA INCLUDED ONE BY GEN. OMAR BRADLEY, ARMY CHIEF OF STAFF, AT LONGMEADOW, MASS.

"WE WHO FAIL TO PREVENT THEM (WARS)," BRADLEY SAID, "MUST SHARE IN THE GUILT FOR THE DEAD." AT THE SAME TIME, HE SAID AMERICA MUST NEVER "CRINGE FROM THE NECESSITY OF MEETING ISSUES BOLDLY WITH PRINCIPLE, RESOLUTION AND STRENGTH."

SUPREME COURT JUSTICE WILLIAM O. DOUGLAS SPOKE AT HYDE PARK, N.Y., SERVICES IN MEMORY OF PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT.

"IF WE WHO LOVED FRANKLIN ROOSEVELT WOULD HONOR HIM, WE MUST TAKE THE LEAD IN DISPELLING FEAR BY COMING TO GRIPS WITH THE PROBLEMS OF OUR TIME," DOUGLAS SAID.

AT THE LARGE AMERICAN ARMED FORCES CEMETERY NORTH OF MANILA VISITING FRANCIS CARDINAL SPELLMAN LED SERVICES FOR THE DEAD AND ALSO ASKED A BLESSING FOR LIVING SOLDIERS "WHO ARE FIGHTING THE GOOD FIGHT FOR PEACE." CEREMONIES WERE HELD AT ALL THE MILITARY CEMETERIES IN THE PHILIPPINES.

U.S. SEN. LEVERETT SALTONSTALL (R-MASS), SPEAKING IN BELMONT, MASS., RECOMMENDED A "TALKING" PEACE WITHIN THE UNITED NATIONS CHARTER RATHER THAN "SHOOTING IT OUT OUTSIDE ITS COVENANTS."

HE SAID HE BELIEVES A PEACE ORGANIZATION WITHOUT RUSSIA "CAN ONLY LEAD IN ONE DIRECTION--TO A WORLD FOREVER DIVIDED UNTIL SUCH TIME AS WAR DECIDES THE EVENTUAL WINNER, IF THERE CAN BE A WINNER."

A DRENCHING RAIN POSTPONED UNTIL TOMORROW THE ANNUAL RELIGIOUS CEREMONY FOR GLOUCESTER, MASS., FISHERMEN IN WHICH THE PORTUGUESE-AMERICAN FLEET IS BLESSED.

DD 751PED

MAY

Tel Aviv Being Encircled In Major Drive, Arabs Say; 40-Mile Front Established

COASTAL ASSAULT CUTS OFF HAIFA, CAPITAL, IS CLAIM

Jews Reported Defeated in
New Effort to Reopen
Supply Route.

FIGHTING IS HEAVY

Arabs Due to Report Today
on UN Demand for 4-
Weeks Truce.

By THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

Arab armies claimed last night to be encircling Tel Aviv, the capital and army headquarters of Israel.

Central Palestine dispatches also told of the establishment of a 40-mile Arab front extending north-west from Jerusalem to Tulkarm. This would endanger the whole southern half of Israel's coastal strip.

The Arab Higher Committee in Cairo said Iraqi troops had cut off Tel Aviv from the northern port of Haifa by capturing Natanya, 18 miles north of Tel Aviv on the coast. This was not confirmed.

Seek to Encircle Tel Aviv

The communiques told, however, of Arab troops maneuvering on the eastern and northern approaches to the Israeli capital. The city is bounded on the west by the sea. One Arab informant said Iraqi soldiers were only three miles from Tel Aviv. Jewish officials admitted the Iraqis were only nine miles from the city at one point.

Egyptian troops hold positions in the southern sector of the ring and a Cairo communique said a Jewish attack had been beaten off at Isdud, 20 miles south of the Tel Aviv-Jaffa area.

News of the military developments came as the political representatives of seven Arab states met in Amman, Trans-Jordan, to reply to the United Nations Security Council's latest order for a cease fire. The security council set a deadline of 6 p. m., EST tonight for Jewish and Arab replies to the demand for a four-week truce to permit mediation efforts.

Faris El Khoury, Syrian delegate to the U.N., said a Jewish charge that Arabs planned to use gas in Jerusalem was "a terrible lie."

The Trans-Jordan Arab legion said it had smashed a Jewish effort to open the vital Tel Aviv-Jerusalem highway. The battle was fought in the Latrun-Bab El Wad area 10-14 miles west of Jerusalem. This is the same area where both sides committed heavy forces last week and the Arab Legion claimed to have killed 800 Jews.

Describing the latest engagement, the Arabs said 114 Jews had been left dead on the battlefield.

Officials of the Christian Union in Palestine drafted a manifesto accusing Jewish forces of using 10 Christian religious and humanitarian institutions in Jerusalem as military bases.

"We can state that the largest part of the shells falling on the Holy Sepulchre and on churches, convents and Christian institutions (as listed by the committee) are of Jewish origin," the statement said.

Arabs Pour Men, Arms Into Newest Drive

CAIRO, May 31—(AP) Allied Arab armies poured men, guns and armor into a 40-mile front aimed at Tel Aviv and the entire southern half of embattled Israel's coastal strip.

The front extends from Jerusalem to Tulkarm, a dispatch from central Palestine said. It forms the eastern side of a gigantic encircling movement the Arabs said their troops were making around Tel Aviv, initial capital and military headquarters of the new Jewish state.

A bulletin issued by the Arab Higher Committee in Cairo claimed

that Arab troops had cut off Tel Aviv from the northern port of Haifa by capturing Natanya, 18 miles north of Tel Aviv. There was no confirmation from Arab military circles.

The announcement said the Iraqi soldiers captured Natanya, on the coast 18 miles north of Tel Aviv, and added: "Communications between Tel Aviv and Haifa have been cut." An unidentified ship passing along the coast fired two shells into Natanya during the day, a dispatch from that city said. There was no damage.

Arab Legionnaires from Trans-Jordan announced they had smashed a Jewish attempt to open the vital Jerusalem-Tel Aviv highway.

The Jews lost 114 dead, an Amman communique said. The highway battle was fought in the Bab El Wad-Latrun area 10 to 14 miles west of Jerusalem. The Legionnaires said they captured three Jewish prisoners and seized four armored cars and large quantities of arms, ammunition and trench digging machines.

Arab troops maneuvered on the northern, southern and eastern approaches of Tel Aviv. One Arab informant said Iraqi soldiers were only three miles from the city. There was no confirmation of this report. The Jews conceded Iraqi troops were within nine miles of the city at one point.

Jews Stage Advance

(A pooled dispatch from news correspondents with Jewish forces in Jerusalem said Haganah soldiers advanced today toward Jenin, an Arab stronghold on the Nablus-Jenin-Tulkarm triangle of north central Palestine.

(In the Isdud area, Jewish leaders said, the Egyptians brought up 500 infantry carrying armored vehicles.

(In the north, Haganah officers said; Jewish planes bombed several villages on the Lebanese side of the frontier near Malkieh and Kadesh. Haganah blew up several police posts along the Syrian frontier and continued operations at Desh-joh to bar an invasion from Syria or Lebanon. In lower Galilee, Jewish and Arab infantry were reported massing in the area, but there was no fighting.)

Earlier the British-controlled Near East Radio said Iraqi troops in the Natanya area occupied Kfar Yona, halfway through the coastal strip and about four miles from the Mediterranean.

An Israeli communique said Jewish fighter planes engaged Arab aircraft over Tulkarm yesterday. This may have been the first air combat of the 16-day-old war. "One enemy Spitfire was seen to explode in the air," the bulletin said.

Jewish Planes Stage Raids

The Jews also said their planes bombed four Sherman tanks on the Tulkarm road as well as Arab concentrations at the Tulkarm police barracks. Israeli planes and field guns in combined operations carried out night attacks on military targets in Er Ramle and Lydda, site of a former British airfield. Er Ramle is 11 miles southeast of Tel Aviv.

Political representatives of the seven Arab league states met in Amman, the capital of Trans-Jordan, tonight to draft an Arab reply to the United Nations' latest call for a four-weeks truce in the Palestine war. The U. N. security council fixed 6 p. m., Eastern Standard Time, tomorrow, as the deadline for the Arabs and Jews to file replies.

Some neutral circles in Cairo said the Arabs hope to surround Tel Aviv, as they have Jerusalem, before agreeing to any truce. One authoritative Arab source said the Arab League likely will demand cancellation of the U. N. scheme to partition Palestine.

Irgun Zvai Leumi, the former Jewish underground organization, said its units were forced to fall back at Ras El Ain, nine miles northeast of Tel Aviv, after armor-supported Iraqi troops launched a heavy counterattack. Pumping installations for Jerusalem's water system are located at Ras El Ain.

Arab Legion officers said several hundred Israeli soldiers had occupied the pumping station after they had driven out a small garrison of Arab irregulars. An Arab counterattack, bolstered by Legion artillery, drove them into Petah Tiqva, five miles from Tel Aviv. Legion officers said preliminary reports indicated that Israel had suffered 160 casualties. Arab casualties were put at eight killed and several wounded.

A Damascus communique said that Syrian artillery had shelled Dan and Dafna, in extreme north-eastern Palestine.

Today's Jerusalem-Tel Aviv highway battle was fought over the same open ground west of the Bab el Wad gorge where Israel's forces reportedly encountered a catastrophe last Tuesday and Wednesday. At that time the Trans-Jordan Legionnaires claimed they killed 800 Jews who tried an uphill infantry charge against Arab field guns.

114 Dead On The Field

Jewish forces were "driven back and dispersed" on that battleground 10 to 14 miles west of Jerusalem, an Amman communique announced. It added:

The Jews left 114 dead on the field. Three Jewish prisoners were taken. The Legionnaires seized four armored cars and large quantities of arms, ammunition and trench-digging machines.

Arab observers in Amman said today's defeat may spell the end of Jewish hopes to break the Jerusalem blockade by operations from the Tel Aviv area unless Israel's army can uncover a stronger offensive punch.

Convoys Pounded

Israel's soldiers have been trying for some time to break the Arabs' hold on the highway and open a supply route to the 80,000 to 90,000 Jews besieged in modern sections of Jerusalem.

According to the Amman communique, Legion artillery continued pounding Jewish posts and armored convoys in the Jerusalem area. Seven Jewish armored cars were said to have been destroyed yesterday while attempting to drive westward from the holy city toward Latrun.

A Tel Aviv dispatch said information received there revealed that King Abdullah's Legionnaires did not launch any overnight offensive in the New City of Jerusalem. The Jews had expected one.

Appeal To Jews

Jerusalem accounts told of an Israeli appeal to encircled Jews in the holy city to stand fast. David Ben-Gurion, Premier of the embattled Jewish state, told his people there Sunday that strenuous efforts were being made to relieve them.

Count Folke Bernadotte, of Sweden, United Nations mediator for Palestine, reached Haifa from Egypt and went on to Tel Aviv. He is conferring with leaders on both sides.

Tel Aviv Faces Encirclement

Cairo, May 31 (AP)—Three Arab armies appeared trying today to encircle the Israeli center of Tel Aviv as they have ringed Jerusalem. Encirclement, rather than a hazardous frontal attack, seemed to be the Arab aim.

Some Arab leaders talked of telling the United Nations the Arabs cannot accept its request for a four-week armistice unless the United Nations repudiates the idea of dividing Palestine into Jewish and Arab states.

There was no official word as to the nearest point hostile troops have approached Tel Aviv. Abdel Gelil el Rawi, Iraqi charge d'affaires in Cairo, said Iraqi troops were only three miles away. Pressed for details and the source of his news, he said it came from a private source.

Irgun Forced Back

The Jewish Irgun Zvai Leumi reported, however, that an Iraqi armored column had forced it back from Ras el Ain, 9 miles northeast of Tel Aviv.

Along the coast 20 miles south of Tel Aviv, the Egyptian Army is up against the Jewish defense line just inside the area assigned to the Arabs under the partition plan. An Egyptian communiqué said a Jewish counterattack in the Isud region was repulsed and that Egyptian bombers hit targets in the Rehovot area, 11 miles southeast of Tel Aviv.

The British-controlled Near East radio said Iraqi troops occupied Kfar Yona and another Jewish settlement 18 miles north of Tel Aviv and 5 miles east of coastal Nathanya. If the Arabs thrust toward the coast at this point, the Jews undoubtedly will fight hard to stop it. Otherwise Tel Aviv and Haifa would be cut off from each other.

Reported At Coast

The Egyptian newspaper *Al Zeman* reported without confirmation from Amman, Trans-Jordan, that Iraqi troops had reached the coast separating Tel Aviv from northern Palestine.

It reported also that the Arabs had scored a great victory at Latrun, on the Jerusalem-Tel Aviv road, in the last few days. Nothing about Latrun passed through the Jewish censorship.

Trans-Jordan troops patrolled the Hartov region, 20 miles southeast of Tel Aviv and 5 southeast of Latrun.

The Arab Legion continued shelling Jewish strongpoints in modern Jerusalem and maintained control of the supply road to the 90,000 Jews there.

Count Bernadotte Arrives

Count Folke Bernadotte, of Sweden, United Nations mediator for Palestine, reached Haifa from Egypt and went on to Tel Aviv. He talked with Abdel Rahman Azzam Pasha, secretary general of the Arab League, in Cairo Sunday. He

planned to go Tuesday to Amman, where an Arab Legion committee is considering its reply, due by 7 P.M. (EDT) Tuesday, to the United Nations' call for a four-week armistice.

A Tunis dispatch said hundreds of Tunisian Arabs were leaving to engage in the Palestine fighting.

A Syrian Army communiqué issued in Damascus last night said Syrian planes had made a strong raid on Nahariya, north of the Palestine port of Acre.

Heavy Losses Claimed

The communiqué said bombs destroyed an "important site" and hit a boat at anchor. Planes followed "fleeing enemy remnants" and inflicted heavy losses, it added.

In the southern sector, the communiqué said, an army unit backed by armored cars attacked a Jewish outpost and front fortifications, forcing the Jews to retire. The Syrian communiqué said mortar fire scattered a group of Haganah soldiery and sank one Jewish boat.

Jews Are Based In Holy Places, Christians Say

Jerusalem, May 31 (AP)—A manifesto drafted by officials of the Christian Union in Palestine today accused Jewish forces of having used Christian religious and humanitarian institutions as military bases in the battle for Jerusalem.

The manifesto said three priests have been killed, two wounded and more than 100 women and children and other noncombatants had become casualties inside the Holy City "since the Jews began the attack."

The manifesto was prepared at the Latin Patriarchate and circulated for signature by the Greek Orthodox and Armenian Orthodox patriarchates, the Franciscan Order which is custodian of Terra Sancta, the Coptic and Syrian Orthodox patriarchates and the Greek Catholic and Armenian Catholic vicarates.

The manifesto said the Christian Union Committee had hoped the truce would protect holy places from the "misfortunes of war."

"But, unhappily, the Holy City has become the theater of terrible battles and vast destruction, such as to make churches, convents, religious and humanitarian institutions a target for shells and bullets.

Called Sacred Duty

"In face of the horrible facts, we feel it our sacred duty, we the representatives of religious leaders of the Christian community, to lift our voices in protest against the violation of our churches, our convents and our various institutions, of which certain ones have been destroyed and others have become prey to flames."

Addressed to "religious and political authorities throughout the world," the manifesto added: "We can state that the largest part of the shells falling on the Holy Sepulchre and on churches, convents and Christian institutions (as listed by the committee) are of Jewish origin."

"From what has taken place it appears:

1. That it was the Jews who began on morning of Saturday, May 15, to occupy by armed force the Convent of Notre Dame de France, the Redemptionist Sisters and the French Hospital, which they fortified and from which they began to fire on the Holy City.

Charge Flags Violated

"II. That they occupied likewise, on Mount Zion, the monastery of the German Benedictine Fathers and two convents of the Holy Trinity and of St. George, belonging to the Greek Orthodox Church, which served for military operations and from which they fired on the city of Jerusalem. They occupy today building which fly flags of the Holy See, of France, of the Holy Sepulchre and of the International Red Cross.

"III. To declare the truth and an objective fact we add: The Arabs have stated they respected the holy places, the churches, the convents and Red Cross institutions. In fact, they have respected them up to present time."

List Institutions

The manifesto included the following list of institutions "from which Jews directed their fire on the Holy City."

1. The Orthodox Greek convent of St. George, as well as part of the Armenian Orthodox convent, occupied by Jews May 14.

2. The convent of Notre Dame de France, occupied May 15, fortified and made a principal base of attack on the Holy City.

3. The Convent of the Redemptionist Sisters, occupied May 15.

and employed in the same as Notre Dame.

4. The French hospital, which the Jews occupied militarily in spite of the presence of the Sisters of St. Joseph and their patients and regardless of the Red Cross flag flying from its staff.

5. The Italian hospital, which the International Red Cross placed under its protection May 15. A force of armed Jews occupied the hospital, took down the Red Cross flag and raised their own flag in spite of protests of the Italian consul. They used terraces as gun emplacements.

Delegation Building

6. The Apostolic delegation building, protected by the flag of the Holy See.

7. The monastery of the German Benedictine Fathers, occupied May 18 and used by Jews as a strategic position and one of their principal bases for firing against the Holy City.

8. The English school of Mount Zion and the Greek Orthodox Convent of St. John, occupied May 15."

The manifesto charged some shelling by Jews had come from the Hebrew university and Hadasah hospital on Mount Scopus and also from two large synagogues in the old city, which Arab forces eventually demolished.

Other Institutions

The manifesto listed following institutions hit by shellfire, those seized by Jews having been shelled subsequently by Arab forces:

"1. The convent of Notre Dame, a large part of which was destroyed following the occupation by Jews.

"2. The Redemptionist Convent, which Jews destroyed and partly burned.

"3. The German Benedictine Monastery, of which the tower and church had been damaged following the Jewish occupation.

"4. The seminary of St. Anne (inside Arab lines of Old City) which received two shells, one May 17 and the second May 19, destroying walls and wounding refugees.

"5. The Church of Saints Constantine and Helena, near the Church of the Holy Sepulchre, which were damaged by a shell, the blast even striking the dome of the Holy Sepulchre May 17.

"6. The court of the Orthodox

Syrian Church of St. Mark, which received a shell May 16 that killed Father Pierre Somi, secretary to the bishop, and wounded two persons.

Greek Convent

"7. The Orthodox Greek convent of St. George, next to the Greek Catholic Cathedral, which May 18 received a shell which broke the convent roof tiles and damaged windows of the cathedral.

"8. The convent of Archangel of Orthodox Copts, located over the Grotto of the Holy Cross, which is part of the Holy Sepulchre. It was struck by a shell and damaged May 23.

"9. The convent of the Orthodox Copts received a shell May 24 which wounded some refugees.

"10. The large monastery of the Franciscan Fathers situated near the Holy Sepulchre, was hit by shells May 19, 23 and 24. The orphanage convent court and general secretariat were damaged. Many children were killed or wounded."

Jews Still Hold Some

"12. The Latin patriarchate received shells May 23, 26, 27 and 28. The environs were damaged and many were wounded.

"13. The Greek Catholic patriarchate received shells at its entrance May 16 and 29. Buildings were damaged and people were wounded.

"14. The Orthodox Armenian convent received over 100 shells fired by Jews from the Benedictine Monastery on Mount Zion. Among refugees in the convent, eight were killed and about 120 wounded."

The manifesto said information was incomplete on the condition of churches and convents "still under Jewish domination."

Casualties Listed

The manifesto listed the following casualties among the Christian clergy:

"Father Pierre Somi, Syrian Orthodox killed by explosion of shell at door of his church; Assumptionist Father Mamere Fionne, killed by a bullet when Jews occupied his convent; Passionist Father John Salah, killed by a bullet May 20 while entering the Church of the Sisters of Charity (on Mount of Olives) to officiate at a service; Fathers Sigismund and Cyril of the Christian School, wounded by bullets inside the school May 15 and May 24."

Using Churches As War Bases Laid to Israelis

Christian Union Lists 14 Institutions in Jerusalem as Wrecked or Damaged

JERUSALEM, May 31 (AP)—Officials of the Christian Union in Palestine made public today a manifesto saying that Jewish forces have used ten Christian religious and humanitarian institutions in Jerusalem as military bases.

In addition, the manifesto said, fourteen institutions in the Holy City have been destroyed or damaged by shellfire. Three priests have been killed and two wounded and more than 100 women and children and other noncombatants have become casualties inside Jerusalem "since the Jews began the attack," the statement said. It said information was incomplete on the condition of churches and convents "still under Jewish domination."

The statement, addressed to "religious and political authorities throughout the world," was drafted at the Latin patriarchate and circulated for signature by the following religious groups: The Greek Orthodox and Armenian Orthodox Patriarchates, the Roman Catholic Franciscan Order, which is custodian of Terra Sancta (the Holy Land), the Coptic and Syrian Orthodox Patriarchates and the Greek Catholic and Armenian Catholic Vicarates.

The Christian Union committee said it had hoped a truce would protect holy places from the misfortunes of war.

"But, unhappily, the Holy City has become the theater of terrible battles and vast destruction, such as to make churches, convents, religious and humanitarian institutions a target for shells and bullets," the manifesto said.

"In the face of the horrible facts, we feel it our sacred duty, we the representatives of the religious leaders of the Christian community, to lift our voices in protest against the violation of our churches, our convents and our various institutions, of which certain ones have been destroyed and others have become prey to flames."

The manifesto gave this list of institutions "from which Jews directed their fire on the Holy City:" The Greek Orthodox Convent of St. George, part of the Armenian Orthodox convent, the convent (Hospice) of Notre-Dame de France, the convent of the Redemptionist Sisters, the French Hospital, the Italian Hospital, the Apostolic Delegation Building, the monastery of the German Benedictine Fathers, the English School of Mount Zion the Greek Orthodox convent of St. John.

The list in the manifesto of institutions hit by shellfire, those seized by Jews having been shelled subsequently by Arab forces, included the following: The convent of Notre Dame, the Redemptionist convent, the German Benedictine monastery, the seminary of St. Anne, the Church of Saints Constantine and Helena, the court of the Orthodox Syrian Church of St. Mark, the Orthodox Greek

convent of St. George, the Franciscan monastery, the Armenian Orthodox convent and the convent the Archangel of the Orthodox Copts.

U.S. Consulate Guard Wounded In Jerusalem

Jerusalem, May 31 (P)—Wayne Swedenberg, a guard at the United States consulate here, suffered minor wounds to his left arm and shoulder today from shell fragments. He was on duty at the consulate gate when the shell burst.

The shell apparently hit the top-most branches of a tree in the consulate garden and showered the area with fragments.

Swedenberg, 22, of Salina, Kan., is the fourth consulate casualty. The others were Thomas C. Wasson, consul general, who was wounded fatally, Chief Machinist's Mate Herbert M. Walker, wounded fatally, and Thomas Gannon, a consulate guard, who was wounded.

ARABS POURING MEN, GUNS INTO 40-MILE FRONT

Irregulars Claim Success In Operation Near Tel Aviv

With the Arab Legion in Central Palestine, May 31 (P)—The Arab armies poured men, guns and armor tonight into the 40-mile front from Jerusalem to Tulkarm.

Arab irregulars in the center of the front reported one successful action only 12 miles from Tel Aviv, the Israeli Government's military and civil administrative center, Arab leaders said.

Apparently taking advantage of a general lull in the Jewish-Arab fighting, the Arab Legion of Trans-Jordan moved new armor and guns into frontal areas along the Jerusalem-Tel Aviv highway, and Iraqi infantry in force streamed into supporting positions, the Arabs said.

A Jewish force, estimated by Arab Legion officers at "several hundred," occupied Ras El Ain, a

water pumping station 12 miles east of Tel Aviv, after driving out a small garrison of Arab irregulars.

The irregulars counterattacked, the officers said, with Legion artillery support, driving the Jews into Petah Tiqva. The officers said preliminary reports indicated the Jews suffered 160 casualties. The Arabs said eight Arabs were killed and an undisclosed number wounded.

Jerusalem Pounded

Arab Legion artillery pounded the battered Jewish commercial center of modern Jerusalem after the Jews launched a spirited small arms attack against the Old City's Jaffa Gate, officers said.

Legion troops also were reported officially to have fought off a Jewish attack on bloody Bab el Wad. The attack came from Haganah forces grouped at Hulda, just west of Latrun.

ARABS WEIGH REPLY TO U.N.

Flat Rejection Of Appeal For Cease-Fire Not Expected

Amman, Trans-Jordan, May 31 (P)—The leaders of seven Arab states met tonight. They reportedly talked about modifications they would ask as necessary for Arab acceptance of the latest United Nations appeal for a cease-fire in the Palestine war.

It was considered most unlikely that the Arabs would flatly reject the Security Councils request for a four-week cease-fire period. However, it was felt the conditions contained in the United Nations appeal would preclude any common agreement between Arabs and Jews.

According to the deadline set by the Council, the Arab and Jewish replies to the appeal must be filed by 6 P.M. tomorrow.

Dine With Abdullah

The seven-nation Arab League's political committee which met in Amman includes the premiers of Syria and Lebanon, the Egyptian Foreign Minister, the Iraqi Deputy Foreign Minister, a Saudi Arabian Cabinet minister and a Yemenite prince.

The committeemen dined with King Abdullah tonight after the

preliminary meeting. A full-dress meeting is scheduled for tomorrow morning in the Trans-Jordan Parliament building.

Some neutral observers believed they detected a strong current of reasonableness toward the United Nations request in high Arab circles. But reporting this in full detail is not the simple problem it might have been before Arab regular armies came to grips with the Jews in the Holy Land on May 15.

Demand And Repercussions

Arab sources said two powerful factors were influencing the preliminary discussions on the truce appeal.

1. A vehement public demand in the Arab states for pressing the Palestine campaign until the Jewish state is on its knees.

2. World repercussions if the Arabs refuse the truce while the Jews accept.

Arab statesmen favoring the truce were reported to be pleading with the other conferees that it would not constitute recognition of the Zionist state; that the cantonment scheme for a federal Palestine might now be feasible; and that the immigration pressure of Jewish displaced persons from European camps might be relieved during the next few years by a large influx of them into the United States.

Success Expected

The anti-truce group was described as being convinced that an early military success was likely and that a standstill now in the fighting would sap the offensive potential of the Arab armies.

Arab leaders were absorbed with the situation that might be created if the war dragged on and both the Soviet Union and the United States began supplying the Jews militarily.

Reply To Be Acceptable, Nokrashy Pasha Asserts

Cairo, May 31 (P)—Egyptian Prime Minister Mahmoud Fahmy Nokrashy Pasha said tonight the Arab reply to the Security Council's four-week cease fire proposal for Palestine would be "moderate, reasonable and acceptable." He did not say what the reply would be.

In forwarding its latest truce proposal to halt the Holy Land war, the United Nations requested Arabs and Jews to give their answers by 6 P.M. tomorrow.

Nokrashy Pasha said the latest United Nations proposal met with some Arab demands and added: "If the Security Council will adopt the viewpoint contained in the Arab reply, the Arabs will be ready to cease fire because they are peace-loving people."

"The last time our attitude was strong," the Egyptian leader said. "This time it will be sound."

He added that the Arab answer would be sent in time to meet the Council's deadline and that this time Arab leaders would not request a postponement.

When a previous Council proposal was forwarded to the Arabs and Jews, the Arabs sought and were granted a 48-hour extension of the Council's deadline for a reply.

Fate of Internees Remains Uncertain

LONDON, May 31 (AP) The immediate fate of 24,000 Jews interned at Cyprus was uncertain tonight, because of conflicting Jewish and British interpretations of the latest United Nations cease fire order.

A spokesman for the British foreign office said the position of the internees was "under consideration" in the light of the UN stipulation that Jews and Arabs were to introduce no fighting personnel into Palestine.

Maurice Rosetti, spokesman for the Jewish Agency, said Israel authorities will continue to make shipping arrangements to remove the Jews from Cyprus. He said 500 have been removed already and two transports were in a Cyprus port. He added that only a few "legal

technicalities" held up a large scale transfer.

Rosetti said the agency's interpretation of the UN order made it clear that immigrants could continue to go to Palestine.

"The U. S. amendment to the British resolution clearly was intended to keep out soldiers, not immigrants," he said. "The Jewish authorities, if they decide to accept the terms, will abide by that interpretation. And the Jews held in Cyprus are regarded as immigrants and not as soldiers." ADD

Benes May Go Soon, London Source Says

LONDON, May 31 (P)—A responsible diplomatic official said today that President Eduard Benes of Czechoslovakia may resign soon, "owing to the serious state of his health."

President Benes is 64. The Prague Government officially disrupted a London report last week that there had been a turn for the worse in Benes's health. United States Ambassador Laurence A. Steinhardt, who talked with the President at Benes's country home three days ago, reported him to be "relatively well, considering his age and condition."

The diplomatic informant here said Benes is suffering from hardening of the arteries. He said Benes had wanted to give up the presidency for some time but may have been prevailed upon to delay doing so until after the parliamentary election yesterday.

Benes was re-elected June 19, 1946, for a seven-year term.

British Now May Trade With Japs In Sterling

LONDON, May 31 (P)—The Treasury announced tonight that Britain and her colonies, except Hongkong, now may trade with Japan in sterling.

This arrangement results from an agreement with Gen. Douglas MacArthur, allied commander in Japan, the announcement said.

Under the agreement, sterling acquired for Japan by MacArthur over the amount he expects to spend in the near future will be convertible into dollars. Proposals to make British purchases in Japan will be considered with this fact in mind, the Treasury said. ADD

GI Memorial Chapel Planned

LONDON, May 31 (P)—A memorial chapel is to be constructed in the east end of St. Paul's Cathedral for the American service men who died in World War II. The Archdeacon of London, Canon O. H. Gibbs-Smith, said today "the chapel is to represent a gesture from the people of Great Britain to the people of America, and will be chiefly a place of pilgrimage."

Named To Washington Mission

LONDON, May 31 (P)—Admiral Sir Frederick H. G. Dalrymple-Hamilton has been appointed admiral to the British joint service mission in Washington, the Foreign Office announced tonight.

He will succeed Admiral Sir Henry R. Moore early in September.

30.24-18173

Dalrymple-Hamilton, a veteran of 44 years in the Royal Navy, commanded the battleship, Rodney from 1939 to 1941. He was present at the destruction of the German battleship Bismarck.

Reds Charge U.S. Plans Europe Military Alliance

FRANK O'BRIEN Alliance

Rome, May 31 (P)—The Communist line Rome newspaper *Il Paese* said today the United States had proposed a five-point anti-Communist program, including a European "military alliance system," to Italy, France, Britain and Scandinavian countries. The newspaper quoted "circles close to the de Gasperi Government."

Both the office of Premier de Gasperi and a spokesman for the Foreign Office denied any knowledge of the note.

The United States Embassy was on holiday today, and Ambassador James C. Dunn was in Genoa celebrating the arrival of the first Marshall Plan aid ship in Italy.

Called "Invention"

The Foreign Office spokesman said: "We have no trace of such a note here." A spokesman at De Gasperi's office said: "I think it is an invention."

Il Paese said the program was "developed by the State Department planning board." Its preamble, the paper said, stated that these are the critical months in the battle between Western democracy and communism and "the over-all development of international relations" depends on the outcome.

It presented the European gov-

ernments with the following five points, *Il Paese* declared:

1. The United States of America, in collaboration with England, intends to create in Europe a system of military alliances to impede the expansion of Communism and assure to the United States a directing role in world politics.

2. A series of opportune provisions have eliminated Communists from the governments of various European countries. De Gasperi's victory in Italy was particularly important.

3. The policies of the Soviet Union are an obstacle to the realization of American plans.

4. The disloyalty of certain European political circles to the policies of the State Department has not been surmounted. (The editor explained: "Disquiet in France over the American plan to reinforce the economic potential of Western Germany, reluctance of Scandinavian countries to adhere to the western military bloc.")

5. Increasing internal opposition in the United States and difficulties encountered in getting Congress to approve warlike measures and appropriations for the Marshall plan must be kept in mind.

First ERP Ship Reaches Italy

GENOA, Italy, May 31 (AP)—United States Ambassador James C. Dunn officially greeted today the first European Recovery Program ship to arrive in Italy. She was the S. S. James Bowie, carrying 9,000 tons of grain. Ambassador Dunn said in a dockside speech that while this was the first ERP ship, this was the 771st cargo of direct aid from the United States to Italy since the end of the United Nations Relief and Rehabilitation Program.

Reds In Bavaria Reduce Leading Party's Power

Munich, May 31 (AP)—Western Germany's strongest political party lost almost half its strength in Bavarian cities today.

The party, the Conservative Christian School Union, lost ground to the Communists and Right-wing parties, final municipal election returns from the United States-occupied state showed.

Almost 1,200,000 persons voted in 41 Bavarian cities yesterday. In some areas, particularly the city of Nuernberg, the Communists showed an unexpected increase in strength.

The CSU, strongly backed by Catholic and Conservative elements, got 35.1 per cent of the total

vote in 1946 city elections. Yesterday it dropped to 18.5 per cent.

Big Gain In Nuernberg

The votes the party lost were picked up by the Communists, who jumped from 9.3 per cent in 1946 to 10 per cent, and by small Right-wing parties.

The Communists had their biggest success in Nuernberg, scene of the war-crimes trials. Communist candidates there ran up 4,000 more votes than the CSU, getting 20 per cent of the vote. They were beaten only by the left-of-center Social Democrats.

The Communist success in Nuernberg gave Left-wing parties 27 of 49 seats in the City Council.

There was no immediate explanation. A similar rise in the city of Hof was attributed to the fact that the town lies along the Russian zone border.

In Munich, the Communists jumped from 10.2 per cent of the city vote in 1946 to 11.4 per cent.

New Party Advances

The biggest Right-wing gains were registered by a new party, the Separatist Bavarian party, which calls for "Bavaria for Bavarians."

The party put up candidates in only 26 of the 41 cities, but it won 15.6 per cent of the total, state-wide balloting. In the capital city of Munich, it got 24.6 per cent of the valid votes cast.

The CSU took a sharp loss in Munich, dropping from 35.1 per cent in 1946 to 18.5 per cent.

In almost every city the party in the lead was the Socialist Democratic party, maintaining a position it always has held as the favorite party of city dwellers and industrial workers.

Steel Strike In The Ruhr Is Called Off

Dusseldorf, Germany, May 31 (AP)—Union leaders cancelled today a strike of 100,000 Ruhr metal workers which was set for midnight.

The strike was to have protested the appointment of Hermann Reusch, prewar German steel magnate, as chairman of a committee on Ruhr steel production.

Hans Boeckler, union leader in the British zone, said the walkout was called off pending talks in Frankfurt tomorrow between labor leaders and the German Economic Administration. He said he expected a compromise, but that the unions would not accept Reusch as chairman.

Day's View Cited

Boeckler said there was no pressure from the military government. Gen. Lucius D. Clay, United States military governor, said last week the projected strike would come close to being a strike against the occupation powers.

Boeckler said the unions opposed Reusch because he belonged to the old order which caused the war. Reusch is not a Nazi, but Boeckler said he ignored union views and opposed the British policy of breaking up cartels.

Russians Attack MP

Vienna, May 31 (AP)—A group of Russian soldiers attacked the Russian member of a four-power international military police patrol last night and freed a Soviet soldier arrested following a cafe riot, official sources said today. The manager of the cafe, in the British

zone, said three Russian soldiers started the riot and broke several windows. Only the one was captured.

Czechs Eye Election Effect

Prague, Czechoslovakia, May 31 (AP)—Czechoslovakia settled down into a "what now" attitude tonight to see how Premier Klement Gottwald's Communist-dominated government would use the election it won yesterday.

Government figures showed that its single slate of candidates had received 89.2 per cent of the total vote. The Government's victory also raised new speculation over how long President Eduard Benes would remain in office and who would succeed him.

770,701 Protest Votes

At the conclusion of the parliamentary balloting the Ministry of Interior announced that 770,701 Czechs had cast blank protest votes against the Communist-led National Front ticket. The Ministry said the total vote was 7,204,256 out of a registration of 8,005,887.

Of these, the Ministry said, the Communist-led slate received 6,429,145 votes. A total of 806,041 voters stayed away from the polls or had their ballots declared invalid. There was no announcement of how many mutilated or invalid ballots were cast. However, before the balloting began there was no doubt but that the Government ticket would win.

Benes was known to be opposed to signing the new Czech constitution which was adopted by the Communist-ruled Parliament May 9. He also was represented by some who talked to him, recently as disapproving the single ticket election. Whether the 64-year-old veteran Czech leader would take an oath of allegiance to the new constitution, as the document requires, was open to doubt.

Health May Be Excuse

Men who have been fairly close to Benes in the past generally were in agreement with a story circulated in London diplomatic circles that the president may resign soon and that "grave ill health" would be given as the excuse.

The Czech Ministry of Information disputed stories last week that Benes had suffered a critical turn for the worse in his illness. Hardening of the arteries has made him a chronic patient since last summer. One observer cautioned, however, that it must not be discounted that someone in the government in Prague may have been the source of the London stories that Benes was critically ill.

Such stories would serve to cushion his stepping out of office since he still is a beloved figure throughout the country.

Braved Displeasure

The announced election results showed that more than three-quarters of a million voters braved government displeasure by casting protest ballots against the government ticket.

In some localities the protest votes ran as high as 39 per cent. On the other hand, many districts returned from 96 to 100 per cent of the total vote for the National Front slate.

Until the complete official vote count is recorded and the proportional representation figures weighed, the exact number of Communist seats in the new Czech parliament will not be known.

Vilem Novy, chief editor of *Rude Pravo*, the official Communist party newspaper, estimated the Communists would get between 205 and 210 of the 300 Parliament seats. He gave the Social Democrats 28 seats, 26 for Bohemia-Moravia and 2 for Slovakia. The Social Democrats will go along with the Communists in a merger of the two parties in the Workers' party next month.

Estimates 205 Seats

The Socialists and Catholic Peoples' party were allotted some 20 to 23 seats each, the Slovak Renaissance party 12, and the Freedom party in Slovakia, 4. It was estimated that from 4 to 10 seats would go to nonparty candidates, including trade-union representatives.

The Government-sponsored ticket to which the Czech people were asked to say "Yes" assured the re-election of everyone whom Premier Gottwald wanted to keep in the Cabinet and Parliament.

These included the Catholic priest, the Rev. Josef Plojhar, who is Minister of Health. The clergyman's friends said he would remain in the Cabinet despite a church edict that he should quit.

Finns, Soviet Get Ratifications

HELSINKI, Finland, May 31 (AP)—Officials exchanged today the ratification documents of the Russian-Finnish friendship and mutual assistance pact. The treaty was signed April 6 and ratified late last month. Finnish Foreign Minister Carl J. A. Enckell handed the Finnish ratification instrument to Lieut. Gen. G. M. Savonenkov, the Russian Minister to Finland, and received the Soviet document from him.

Greeks Set Curb On Border Drive

Athens, May 31 (AP)—Greek 3d Army troops took up positions 10 to 25 miles northeast of Komotina today in an attempt to check the movement of Communist-led guerrillas across the Greek-Bulgarian frontier, Greek officers in Salonika said.

The operation in western Thrace came after other Greek units entered the Krussia Mountains which the guerrillas formerly used as their central Macedonian concentration center south of the Yugoslav border.

A general staff communiqué said Greek forces had increased their offensive operations against the rebels in both areas. The bulletin also said that clashes of considerable importance had occurred in central Greece in the area extending from the Agrafa to the Othrys Mountains.

KOREAN LEADER URGES U.S. KEEP TROOPS ON DUTY

SEOUL, May 31—(AP) Chairman Syngman Rhee, speaking before Korea's first elected national assembly, said today he hopes U. S. troops will stay until the fledgling government can arm for its own defense.

And to Russian-occupied North Korea, which boycotted the recent assembly election, he declared defiantly:

"The government born of this assembly will be the sovereign, independent government of the entire nation."

In inviting American forces to stay on, Rhee said it must be clearly understood that this "shall not interfere with the exercise of our sovereign rights."

Hodge Given Ovation

It was a great day for Rhee, and for Lt. Gen. John R. Hodge, the U. S. military commander. Both had plugged for the election of an assembly and won despite a communist campaign of terror.

Hodge was applauded when he addressed the assembly.

"The U. S. command," he said, "does not intend to dictate to you. What you do in the next few days will determine to a great extent the future of your nation."

Rhee urged the 198 assemblymen to bend to the immediate tasks—adopt a Korean constitution, form the first democratic government in history, initiate friendly negotiations with Russia and settle economic and other urgent matters with Japan, Korea's former ruler.

Bands and other organizations paraded, streetcars were decorated like floats and thousands lined the street to the capitol, celebrating what they regard as one of the most important days in their history.

The colorful afternoon assembly session followed a morning organization meeting at which Rhee, a conservative who has fought for decades for Korean independence, was elected chairman.

While asserting the sovereignty of the government to be set up by the assembly in South Korea, Rhee made a gesture of conciliation to the communists.

"To the Korean communists," he said, "we are willing to offer another—and a last—opportunity to repent and join hands with us in our common efforts toward the complete restoration of our nation."

Outside the assembly hall, the streets rang with this shout from Koreans hailing a new regime of their own choosing:

"Mansei"—which means: "May she live 10,000 years."

Rhee Is Elected By Koreans

Seoul, May 31 (AP)—Amid proud and colorful ceremony, South Korea's new Assembly met for the first time today and heard its white-haired leader urge quick action to get self-rule under way.

Chairman Syngman Rhee outlined four objectives:

1. Adoption of a constitution.
2. Formation of Korea's first democratic government.
3. Initiation of direct, friendly negotiations with Soviet Russia—which occupies North Korea and boycotted the Assembly election—for the just solution of the critical common problems of the two nations.
4. Settle political, economic and other urgent problems with Japan, Korea's former master.

The strong-willed, conservative Rhee expressed hope American troops would remain in South Korea until the Government sets up its own defense force. He added this was not meant to invite interference with the "exercise of our sovereign rights."

Hodge Gives Reassurance

Lieut. Gen. John R. Hodge, United States commander in South Korea, assured the grey-robed Rhee the United States "does not intend to dictate to you." Assemblymen applauded. Hodge said Military Government stood ready to assist the recently elected Assembly.

To Korean Communists, Rhee extended another—and "last"—opportunity to "repent and join hands with us in our common efforts toward the complete restoration of our nation."

Ceremonies which blended the new with the old followed the morning business session, at which Rhee was named permanent chairman. His strong adherent, Shin Ik-hi, was elected vice chairman. Kim Jong-won, of the Rightist Hanjae

Democratic party, was chosen second vice chairman.

Chiang Shakes Up Cabinet

Nanking, May 31 (AP)—President Chiang Kai-shek reshuffled China's Cabinet today. The changes, however, brought only three new ministers to serve under Premier Wong Wen-hao.

Chiang kept key posts for his Kumoting party. Minority parties received two ministries and four others without portfolio.

New Cabinet members are Gen. Ho Ying-chin, Defense Minister, who was Minister of War, 1930-1944; Ku Meng-yu, Deputy Premier, and Lei Chen, Minister without portfolio.

Reforms Promised

General Ho, home from two years in the United States, proposed that China "nourish its armies back to health" as the first step in defeating the Chinese Communists. He said:

"Hungry, poorly-clothed men can't fight. We must fill their stomachs and give them decent clothes if we expect to win the hard fight which is ahead of us."

Ho said he was determined to put in a number of reforms. These included giving more power to field commanders and taking politics out of army appointments.

Meanwhile, civil war fighting wasn't going well for the Government.

Changchun Imperiled

The Manchurian bloc in Nanking appealed to the Government to save their isolated capital, Changchun. New reports said the city was about to be abandoned to the Communists. The Government acknowledged only the loss of one of Changchun's two airports.

Communist troops in central China gave indications they were getting ready for a drive to cut off all of Shangtung province—which adjoins Shanghai.

SPELLMAN IN SHANGHAI

Cardinal Leads Cheering for Band That Greets Him

SHANGHAI, Tuesday, June 1 (AP)—Francis Cardinal Spellman celebrated high mass today in Zikawei Cathedral before a congregation of Chinese and foreigners.

He arrived with a party of thirteen church leaders Monday night from Manila and Amoy, China. They were met by Chinese Archbishop Paul Yubin and a crowd of officials, priests and the curious.

Stepping from the plane, Cardinal Spellman listened, smiling, to a Chinese boys' band playing in his honor. When they had finished, he called for three cheers for the band and led the cheering personally.

He was invited to Nanking for a three-day visit as the official guest of Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek, and will leave for the capital June 3, going on to Hankow and Peiping June 5.

2 Jap Plane Builders Now Design 'Cycles

Tokyo, May 31 (AP)—The two aircraft engineers who designed Japan's top warplanes are making bicycles now. It's a tough job, too, they say.

Jiro Horikoshi, who designed Japan's highly maneuverable Zero fighter, explains—with tongue in cheek, perhaps—that "designing planes was child's play compared with designing a bike. We had to learn stresses and tensile strengths all over again."

Horikoshi and Kiro Honjo, who designed the two-engine Betty bomber, both work for the Mitsubishi Heavy Industries Company.

The new style bike they are turning out is made of leftover aluminum which had been intended for fighters and bombers.

They devised a pressed-metal bike, with parts stamped out by the same presses with made Zero and bomber fuselage parts. The bike, heavier than most others, has no triangular frame. A rectangular tube runs from rear axle to front fork; from it another tube rises to support the seat.

A woman in a kimono can ride it with nary a blush, they said.

Horikoshi during the war turned out a high-speed rocket and was working on a jet plane when Japan surrendered. He's not very air-minded now, however, and spends most of his spare time reading general magazines.

Honjo flies model planes.

Indian Rail Strike Fizzles Out

Madras, India, May 31 (AP)—A three-week strike of South Indian railway engine crews fizzled out today. J. F. C. Reynolds, general manager, said all through train service was resumed. He said the walkout was illegal and the administration will consider withdrawing recognition of Communist-led unions because of it.

Airports Blocked By Costa Rica

San José, Costa Rica, May 31 (AP). The Government has placed logs across some Costa Rican airports to stop planes from using them after reports that unidentified aircraft had flown over Limon, Barra Colorado, Altamira and San José and attempted landings.

Witnesses said one had markings of the National Guard (army) of neighboring Nicaragua.

The Government rounded up about 50 Communists and seized arms and ammunition in raids after the mystery flights were reported. The San José airport is still in operation.

Defense Authorities Prepare War Primer For Industries

Washington, May 31 (AP)—An industrial primer for total war is going out to factory owners.

The Defense Department's Munitions Board, which prepared the text, laid its emphasis today on two points:

A.—How industry can plan now for turning out the weapons needed in case of war.

B.—A strong hint that unless such plans are ready for quick war production, the plant may starve for lack of materials and labor.

Thomas J. Hargrave, board chairman, in announcing to a news conference the handbook for "Joint Industry-Military Procurement Planning," also presented the latest record on the Government's own stake in industrial facilities.

151 Plants Retained

It showed that the Government presently owns or has a right to recall to war production 405 of the 3,500 plants it built during the war to produce guns, airplanes, tanks, and a multitude of other weapons.

Of these industrial reserve plants, 151 are retained by the Army, Navy or Air Force. Thirty-seven are still in Government production. Thirty-one have been sold under a clause which preserves their basic function of producing war material, and 53 have been

leased under similar provisions. The balance are for sale, with the same safeguarding clause.

Hargrave said the new guidebook is not a complete blueprint for industrial mobilization for war, but is designed to give plant owners some idea of (1) what might be needed, (2) who should be contacted for information, and (3) how individual factories can prepare and keep up to date their own programs for conversion to war production.

He emphasized the board is trying to avoid any such wild scrambling as occurred in World War II, when services often competed against each other for the output of a factory.

Lists Essential Materials

The new book lists materials and component parts essential in war, and lists local branches of procurement planning offices of the national military establishment.

to explain that these are only for planning purposes and "should not be taken to imply that a war is expected in the near future."

3 Assumptions Given

The book says it is logical to assume that another war would:

1. Be a major one, requiring complete and rapid mobilization of national resources, industry, and manpower.

2. "Probably not be a brief 'push button' affair." Atomic weapons, guided missiles, and other new weapons would be usable, but full-scale mobilization of manpower still would be necessary.

3. Find the nation's economic structure about the same as at present. Industry probably still would be at high production levels; few plants would be closed, especially in basic industries; a manpower shortage would develop at the very outset because there would be no reservoir of unemployed.

Book Gives "Advice"

Hargrave said industry's role is considered voluntary, but the guidebook contained this advice:

"Should you be unprepared in time of emergency, and unable to participate in production of essential goods, there would be no way in which you could be protected. Unless you can shift to essential production, your supplies of raw materials might be cut off and your labor force drained away. The very existence of your company might hang on your preparedness for the emergency."

EXPENSIVE ITEMS SELECTED FOR ERP, SOLON DECLARES

WASHINGTON, May 31—(AP) Rep. Norblad (R-Ore) protested to the Economic Cooperation Administration today against what he called "shocking" selection of the most expensive available items for shipment to Europe.

In a letter to Administrator Paul G. Hoffman, the congressman referred specifically to bids recently closed on hospital equipment for Greek-Turkish relief.

"I am informed," he wrote, "that bids were not requested for the usual type of equipment found in almost all United States hospitals and physicians' offices, but specified only the very best."

He said he had checked supply catalogue lists and found the cost of the specified items in many cases four or five times as much as the price of "the ordinary, serviceable, conventional types."

Recommending the matter to Hoffman's personal attention, Norblad said if such a pattern is followed it will "make the cost of the recovery program far in excess of anything contemplated and will be a huge waste of the taxpayer's dollar."

In a statement issued along with a copy of his letter, Norblad cited such items as a stainless steel treatment chair at \$315, compared with \$63.60 for the enameled type such as Norblad said his own doctor uses; a stainless kitchen utility truck for hauling garbage cans and such, at \$300, compared with \$57.85 for a galvanized steel one such as the congressman said most hospitals here have to use; and stainless dirty clothes hampers at \$61.60, as against \$14 for galvanized.

Norblad said he believed army hospitals are about the only buyers of such equipment as ECA specified, adding that veterans hospitals have very little of it.

Top ECA officials were not immediately reachable for comment.

ROBESON REFUSES TO GIVE RED DATA

Singer Clashes with Probers When Asked: 'Are You a Communist?'

WASHINGTON, May 31—(AP) Negro singer Paul Robeson told Senate questioners today he would go to jail before he would say whether he is a communist.

Senator Moore (R-Okla.) promptly adopted the idea, with the suggestion that "sometimes a year in jail cools some of these people off."

But Chairman Wiley (R-Wis.) of the judiciary committee said he doubted that the committee would take contempt action. Robeson was testifying before the judiciary group against the Mundt-Nixon anti-communist bill when the dispute arose.

To Weigh Contempt Issue

Senator Ferguson (R-Mich.), whose direct question Robeson refused to answer, said the committee would decide about contempt later.

The exchange took place after Robeson told the committee he thinks members of the Communist Party "have done a magnificent job in America."

"Are you an American communist?" Ferguson asked.

"I refuse to answer that question," Robeson replied with emphasis.

Robeson replied with emphatic gestures. "This is an invasion of my right of secret ballot."

Ferguson fired back the same question a second time and a third and Robeson finally broke out:

"Nineteen leading Americans are going to jail for refusal to answer that question and if necessary I will join them."

There were some hisses mixed with the audience applause that greeted the singer's statement.

His reference to 19 Americans covered the Hollywood writers and others charged with contempt of Congress for refusal to answer similar questions before the House Committee on Un-American Activities.

"Maybe if I were a Republican I might not answer the question either," Robeson told Ferguson at another point. "I'd say come to the ballot place and see for yourself."

That was his response to an inquiry whether he holds a card, "in any communist organization in any state."

"Wants to be Martyr," Moore Says
"Robeson seems to want to be made a martyr," Moore told reporters later. "Maybe we ought to make him one."

Ferguson, however, said a legal question is involved in the matter of a contempt citation, since a committee quorum was not present during the exchange.

Wiley told newsmen:

"I'm not interested in whether Robeson is a communist or not. I am interested in the dignity of the committee. I am interested in getting an adequate bill and I don't want to be diverted from that purpose."

The sharp give-and-take at times found Robeson asking as many questions as he answered. At one time Moore instructed him:

"You answer my question and don't do so much talking yourself."

Robeson, on questions he was willing to answer, told the committee:

He has "many dear friends" who are communists, and he is "interested in a party and a people who stand for complete equality of the Negro people in the United States."

Robeson Praises Russia

"I walked the earth (in Russia) for the first time with complete dignity."

His son went to school there and found complete freedom from racial prejudice.

He doesn't know whether the communists believe in world revolution.

U. S. communists "don't have as much allegiance to Russia as some Americans to fascist Greece."

Robeson owes "allegiance to my government" but in case of war "if it was a fascist act I wouldn't support it. I would decide at the time."

He thinks Henry Wallace and this third party are "carrying on New Deal principles." He also thinks Wallace has the support of the Communists.

The United States is on the "wrong side" in Italy and Robeson would choose the Communist side in Greece, China and Spain.

And if the Mundt-Nixon bill under consideration is passed, Robeson will class it as fascism and refuse to obey it.

The measure would require registration of the Communist party and its affiliates and outlaw all activities aimed at creating a foreign-

controlled totalitarian regime in the United States.

Holiday Session Held

The Negro singer, who was an All-American football player at Rutgers in 1918, was the headliner among a group of opposition witnesses for whose benefit the unusual holiday session of the committee was called. Wiley said the session was arranged when the scheduled three days of hearings ended with many opponents still asking to be heard.

Wiley said he wanted to "avoid any complaints that opponents did not get a chance to be heard."

Another witness today was James Imbrie, New Jersey candidate for the U. S. senate on the Henry Wallace third ticket. He complained that the measure gives "too much power" to the attorney general and the FBI.

Many of "the most conservative people" are against the bill, Imbrie said. He cited a petition against it which he said was signed by 55 professors from Princeton and Rutgers.

Aaron Lewittes of Malvern, L. I., representing the American Jewish Congress, said the measure would "prohibit peaceful advocacy of constitutional amendment." Lewittes described the Jewish congress as anti-Communist.

An early afternoon witness, Joseph Kehoe of New York, secretary-treasurer of the C.I.O. American Communications association, also refused to say whether he is a Communist.

"I am glad to associate myself with Paul Robeson," he said.

Rogge Hits Bill

John Rogge, former special assistant to the U. S. attorney general, said the theory behind the Mundt-Nixon bill is that "the people can't judge ideas for themselves."

Rogge said he is chairman of the New York state Wallace for president committee.

William Lawrence president of the Los Angeles C.I.O. Council, said the bill threatens collective bargaining negotiations in the maritime industry. He called it a part of a general "red scare" trend under which he said unions are being accused of striking against the Marshall Plan.

Angry cries rose from the audience when Ferguson recessed the hearing late in the afternoon "until a future date." Ferguson said he was only acting chairman and had no authority from Wiley to continue the hearings or set another date.

A group of about 30 men and women milled around still demanding to be heard.

Sinking Of A 'Hot' Warship Stresses Atom Problem

Washington, May 31 (AP)—Civilian defense experts find in the latest sinking of a radioactively "hot" ship a sobering hint of the problems an atomic war would bring.

When the cruiser Salt Lake City was sent down off California by gunfire, bombs and torpedoes, 22 months had elapsed since it got its coating of the radioactive spray and solid green water thrown up by the submarine burst of an A-bomb in the Bikini tests of 1946.

Yet the ship remained so contaminated that it was deemed unsafe for workmen to scrap her for salvage metal. This bore out the predictions of scientists that some of the Bikini ships might remain dangerous for years before the slow decay of the residual radioactive material was complete. Attempts to

cleanse the target ships of the invisible but deadly poison brought little success.

Unexpended Particals

Experts of the national military establishment's civil defense planning unit are giving close attention to residual radioactivity, the

result of "fission products" or unexpended particles of the explosive material flung outward by the bomb when detonated in water.

Translating the target ships into terms of cities, defense workers can foresee the possibility of communities made uninhabitable for prolonged periods if a bomb should be exploded in near-by water.

An air-burst bomb, such as those used in the attacks on Hiroshima

and Nagasaki, presents no problem of residual activity because the fission products ascend into the air and drift away.

Explosion In A Rain Cloud

It has been suggested, however, that in the absence of a large body of water near a city a bomb could be exploded in the middle of rain clouds. The dispersion of fission products over the ground might then be even more complete than in an underwater burst.

Curiously, improvements in the explosive efficiency of atomic bombs conceivably can reduce their power to produce lingering radioactive contamination. In a rough way, fission products from a bomb are something like the unburned portion of a coal fire—the better the fire, the fewer the ashes that remain.

How inefficient the first model was is made plain in the official report of the original atom bomb project. That report said the energy released in uranium fission corresponds to the utilization of only about one tenth of one percent of its mass.

Suicide Weapon Probable

There seems adequate reasons to believe that while the new bombs may explode with even greater ferocity than the old ones, the improvement in nuclear efficiency might still remain small. Efficiency approaching the order for standard explosives would probably create a suicidal weapon.

AIR RESCUE BASES ADDED

Service Sets Up Units in Four More Overseas Areas

WASHINGTON, May 31 (AP)—The Air Force's "bring 'em back alive" rescue outfit has set up business at four more overseas spots.

It announced today the organization of air rescue flights based in Newfoundland, Labrador, the Azores and Bermuda. Previously, flights had been established at Saudi Arabia, Tripoli and Libya. Nine similar units are based within the United States.

Spotted along the airlines, the units of the Air Rescue Service are fitted with specially equipped planes and trained crews. It is their job to locate and rescue occupants of planes forced down at sea or in remote land areas.

Expose Of Communists Promised By Martin

Gettysburg, Pa., May 31 (AP)—The United States Constitution never was intended for a "cloak over those who would overturn the Government," House Speaker Joseph W. Martin (R., Mass.) said today at the Memorial Day exercises in the Gettysburg National Cemetery.

"We shall hold up to the light of day any Communist activity in this nation whether it be inside or outside the Government," he declared.

Must Be On Guard

Stating "subversionists seek refuge under the protection of the same Constitution and the same Bill of Rights they are attempting to destroy," Martin continued:

"We must constantly be on guard against those who from without would assail us or those who from within would betray us. . . . We want no fifth columnists on the Government payrolls."

at the same time, he added, "we must be on guard that the stresses and the necessities of these times do not expose us to the loss of our freedom and to the sacrifice of all that our forebears fought and sacrificed for through the constant encroachments of our own Government upon the rights and privileges of the citizen."

Mundt posed two questions to Foster which the Communist leader left unanswered.
"Name one opposition leader in Russia," he said, "who in the last ten years has . . . criticized the Government . . . and lived to tell his story."
"Name one instance," he added, "when the Communist party in the United States has criticized the foreign policy and actions of Russia."

Mundt Versus Foster

New York, May 31 (AP)—Representative Karl E. Mundt (R., S.D.) and William Z. Foster, American Communist leader, disagreed in a radio debate tonight as to whether the Communist party would be outlawed under the Mundt-Nixon bill.

Mundt, coauthor of the measure, claimed its aim was not to outlaw Communists but to "drive them from the dark into the open and . . . from the face of the earth."

Foster, national chairman of the Communist party, declared the bill "aims to outlaw the Communist party" but that "actually the communists are only the secondary objective." He said its real purpose was a "deadly blow to the labor and progressive movement, American democracy and world peace."

Debate Over Network

Mundt and Foster debated the bill—now before the Senate—over the ABC network. Foster spoke from New York and Mundt from Yankton, S.D. The Communist leader had challenged Mundt to discuss the measure.

Mundt, asserting that "Foster can't refer you to any similar debate in Russia," said the bill "only requires Communists to register in the open." He said it provides a jail punishment only for persons who try to establish "a totalitarian government here controlled from abroad."

Mundt said that if Foster believed the Communist party would be outlawed he "admits the Communist party qualifies" as an organization seeking to overthrow the government by foreign direction.

Peril To Wallace Noted

Foster departed from his prepared text to declare that Henry A. Wallace, third-party presidential aspirant, could be jailed under the bill because Communists support him.

Mundt, speaking extemporaneously, said the bill's purposes were "not even remotely connected" with outlawing Communist activity.

Sees Peril To U.S. Prestige

In addition to requiring Communist registration, Mundt said, the bill rules that "no Communist can work for the Federal Government."

Foster claimed that outlawing the Communist party would "knife organized labor, undermine American democracy, clear the way for a police state and speed us into war."

He said passage of the bill, "like our barbarous treatment of the Negro people, would expose the weak state of our democracy and would ruin American prestige abroad."

He declared it would bring "ruin . . . to your unions and living standards, to your liberties and to world peace."

"Hitler," he said, "like the sponsors of this bill, also made wild

charges against communism, and for the same purpose—to plunge his country into fascism and war."

Foster said America "is carrying on the biggest campaign of imperialistic expansion in the history of the world." He said one of the main purposes of the Mundt-Nixon bill is "to push our country into the disastrous war that Wall Street is now organizing."

Foster reiterated that Communists would refuse to register as would be required under the bill.

"We Communists refuse to be gagged," he said. "We will not register, under the Mundt bill or any other Communist-registration bill. We refuse to help scuttle the Bill of Rights."

U.N. Awaits Arab, Jewish Replies To Cease-Fire Plea

Lake Success, May 31 (AP)—The Security Council marked time today waiting for answers from Arabs and Jews to its sixth cease-fire appeal.

The deadline for the replies is 7 P.M. (E.D.T.) tomorrow.

The Council Saturday night approved a British plan, broadened by key American amendments, for a four-week cease-fire. During this time there would be a world-wide embargo on the shipments of arms and men to Palestine, Egypt, Syria, Lebanon, Trans-Jordan, Saudi Arabia, Yemen and Iraq.

Veto Believed Averted

The American changes generally were credited here with making the

British proposal broad enough to avoid a Soviet veto. Russia attacked the original British plan as being pro-Arab. She abstained after the changes were made.

The British at first asked for a halt to shipment of arms and men to Palestine during the cease-fire. The Americans persuaded them to add the Arab states to the embargo.

In a long day of wrangling and voting Saturday, the Council also failed for the second time in a week to approve a Soviet demand for force to end the Palestine war.

ARAB DENIES CHARGE ON GAS

Syrian Denounces Jewish Assertion As 'Terrible Lie'

Lake Success, N.Y., May 31 (AP)—An Arab spokesman denounced as a lie today a Jewish charge that the Arabs plan to use gas in Palestine.

The Arab, Faris el Khoury, of Syria, said in a statement: "It is a terrible lie. We do not possess such material."

Last week he read to the Council a complaint from Egypt that two Jews captured by the Arabs had put germs in wells in Arab territory and planned to poison others. He speculated that the Jews might be trying to counter Egypt's complaint with the Jewish charge that a cap-

tured Arab battle order specified the Arabs would use gas.

Military Decision

The Security Council had no indication today when the Arabs and Jews would answer its request for a four-week cease-fire order. United Nations officials said they expected, however, the replies would come in late tomorrow. The Council set a deadline for 6 P.M. tomorrow.

Informed sources said they expected the positions taken by the Arabs and Jews would be governed largely by the military picture in Palestine. Some informants were inclined to predict both sides might put up conditions which would mean another rejection.

The Council will meet Wednesday to consider the Palestine situation.

BY ARTHUR GAVSHON
LONDON, MAY 31 (AP)—CONFLICTING BRITISH AND JEWISH INTERPRETATIONS OF THE LATEST UNITED NATIONS TRUCE TERMS THREATEN THE IMMEDIATE FUTURE OF NEARLY 24,000 ZION-SEEKING JEWS IN CYPRUS.
A FOREIGN OFFICE SPOKESMAN TOLD NEWS CONFERENCE QUESTIONERS THE POSITION OF THE CYPRUS INTERNEES IS UNDER CONSIDERATION IN THE LIGHT OF THE U.N. STIPULATION THAT JEWS AND ARABS WERE TO INTRODUCE NO MORE FIGHTING PERSONNEL INTO PALESTINE.
THE JEWS HAVE BEEN HELD IN CYPRUS FOR MONTHS AFTER HAVING SOUGHT VAINLY TO RUN BRITAIN'S NAVAL BLOCKADE OF THE HOLY LAND WITHOUT IMMIGRATION CERTIFICATES BEFORE MAY 15. MOST OF THEM CAME FROM DISPLACED PERSONS' CAMPS IN EUROPE. ABOUT 500 HAVE BEEN MOVED TO PALESTINE SINCE BRITAIN GAVE UP HER MANDATE MAY 15.
MAURICE ROSETTI, SPOKESMAN FOR THE JEWISH AGENCY, SAID THE STATE OF ISRAEL AGENCY'S INTERPRETATION OF THE U.N. ORDER WAS THAT THE STATE OF ISRAEL COULD GO AHEAD WITH ITS PROGRAM OF MOVING IMMIGRANTS TO PALESTINE.
"THE U.S. AMENDMENT TO THE BRITISH RESOLUTION CLEARLY WAS THE INTENDED TO KEEP OUT SOLDIERS, NOT IMMIGRANTS," HE SAID. "THE JEWISH AUTHORITIES, IF THEY DECIDE TO ACCEPT THE TERMS, WILL ABIDE BY THAT INTERPRETATION."
AS IMMIGRANTS AND NOT AS SOLDIERS, THE BRITISH HAD ANNOUNCED BEFORE THE U.N. RESOLUTION WAS PASSED, THE BRITISH HAD ANNOUNCED THE JEWS IN CYPRUS WERE FREE TO GO TO PALESTINE, PROVIDED THEY MADE THEIR OWN TRANSPORTATION ARRANGEMENTS.
THE FOREIGN OFFICE SPOKESMAN WAS ASKED TODAY TO STATE WHETHER THE JEWS IN CYPRUS WOULD BE AFFECTED BY THE SECURITY COUNCIL RESOLUTION.
HE ANSWERED BY READING OUT THE TWO CONDITIONS WHICH, IF ACCEPTED, WOULD OBLIGATE JEWS AND ARABS NOT TO MOBILIZE OR TRAIN MEN OF MILITARY AGE, AND NOT TO INTRODUCE MORE FIGHTING PERSONNEL INTO PALESTINE.
HE PRESSED TO SAY HOW THE CYPRUS JEWS WOULD BE AFFECTED, PARTICULARLY IN THE LIGHT OF PAST BRITISH STATEMENTS THAT THEY WOULD HAVE TO BE REMOVED BY AUG. 15.
"THE MATTER IS UNDER THE CONSIDERATION OF THE RELEVANT AUTHORITIES," HE ANNOUNCED THAT THE 21 BRITISH OFFICERS LENT TO THE ARAB LEGION HAD RETURNED FROM PALESTINE TO TRANSJORDAN, IN COMPLIANCE WITH WAR OFFICE ORDERS. "THEY WILL CONTINUE TRAINING ARAB LEGIONNAIRES."

MEMORIAL DAY (190)
LONDON, MAY 31-(AP)-U.S. MILITARY COMMANDERS IN EUROPE PLEDGED ANEW THEIR EFFORTS ON BEHALF OF FREEDOM AND DEMOCRACY IN MEMORIAL DAY CEREMONIES YESTERDAY AT THE GRAVES OF AMERICAN SOLDIER DEAD. THOUSANDS OF EUROPEANS ATTENDED THE CEREMONIES AT DOZENS OF CEMETERIES.

GEN. LUCIUS D. CLAY, AMERICAN MILITARY GOVERNOR IN GERMANY, SAID AT THE U.S. MILITARY CEMETERY OF NOTRE DAME NEAR DINANT, BELGIUM: "WE SHALL NOT FAIL THESE HEROES IN OUR EFFORTS TO ESTABLISH AND MAINTAIN FREEDOM."

IN BERLIN MAJ. GEN. GEORGE P. HAYS, THE U.S. DEPUTY MILITARY GOVERNOR, SAID IT WAS THE SINCERE DESIRE OF AMERICA TO SEE A PROSPEROUS AND HAPPY GERMANY ARISE FROM THE DEVASTATION OF WAR.

LT. GEN. GEOFFREY KEYES, MILITARY COMMANDER IN AUSTRIA, FACED THE ROWS OF CROSSES IN THE CEMETERY AT CASTEL FIORENTINO IN ITALY AND SAID: "THEY ARE LISTENING HERE TO KNOW WHAT PEACE THE SURVIVORS HAVE OBTAINED FOR THE SACRIFICE OF THEIR LIVES IN THE FIGHT FOR LIBERTY. THE UNITED STATES CONTINUES TO FIGHT FOR THE FOUR FREEDOMS FOR ALL PEOPLE."

IN SOLERS CEMETERY NEAR PARIS U.S. AMBASSADOR JEFFERSON CAFFERY SAID AMERICA'S RESPONSIBILITIES TO ITS SOLDIER DEAD HAS NEVER BEEN GREATER BECAUSE OF "RENEWED THREATS TO FREEDOM."

LONDON, MAY 31-(AP)-U.S. AMBASSADOR LEWIS DOUGLAS MARKED MEMORIAL DAY TODAY BY PLACING A WREATH ON THE TOMB OF BRITAIN'S UNKNOWN SOLDIER IN WESTMINSTER ABBEY.

MEMBERS OF THE AMERICAN LEGION AUXILIARY PLACED ANOTHER WREATH AT THE BASE OF THE STATUE OF FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT IN GROSVENOR SQUARE NEAR THE AMERICAN EMBASSY.

LONDON, MAY 31-(AP)-THE JEWISH AGENCY ANNOUNCED HERE TODAY THAT THE FOUR-YEAR-OLD SON OF THE LATE MAJ. GEN. ORDE WINGATE WILL BE EDUCATED IN A SETTLEMENT IN ISRAEL.

THE AGENCY SAID WINGATE'S WIDOW, MRS. LORNA WINGATE, HAS PROMISED TO SEND THE BOY TO THE ISRAELI KIBBUTZ (SETTLEMENT) OF EIN HAROD. MRS. WINGATE IS REPORTED TO HAVE BEEN VISITING IN PALESTINE FOR A MONTH.

THE JEWISH AGENCY QUOTED MRS. WINGATE AS SAYING IN TEL AVIV:

"ISRAEL IS AT WAR. IF I HAD GOLD AND MONEY I WOULD CONTRIBUTE THEM FOR THE WAR WHICH MY HUSBAND FORESAW. NOT HAVING THEM, I DECIDED TO SEND YOU MY SON. I AM SENDING HIM TO KIBBUTZ EIN HAROD TO BE EDUCATED IN ISRAEL AND TO BE A LOYAL SON OF BOTH ISRAEL AND BRITAIN."

THE CHILD, ORDE JONATHAN, NOW IS WITH MRS. WINGATE'S MOTHER IN ABERDEEN. HE WAS BORN AFTER HIS FATHER DIED IN A PLANE CRASH IN BURMA IN 1944.

AT A MEMORIAL SERVICE FOR THE GENERAL IN LONDON FOUR YEARS AGO, DR. J. H. HERTZ, LATE CHIEF RABBI FOR THE BRITISH EMPIRE, COMMENTED THAT GEN. WINGATE'S AMBITION WAS TO LEAD A JEWISH ARMY. HE HAD SERVED IN PALESTINE BEFORE THE WAR.

LONDON, MAY 31-(AP)-PRIME MINISTER CLEMENT ATTLEE DENIED IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS TODAY THAT A RIFT HAS DEVELOPED BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN OVER PALESTINE.

HIS OPINION WAS EXPRESSED IN RESPONSE TO THIS QUERY FROM CONSERVATIVE JOHN CROWDER:

"WILL YOU DO YOUR BEST TO HEAL THE RIFT BETWEEN WASHINGTON AND LONDON, CLOSE THE BREACH, AND MAKE OUR POLICY PLAIN?"

"I AM NOT AWARE OF ANY RIFT OF THAT KIND," SAID ATTLEE.

London, May 31--(AP)--two leading london morning papers carried

pleas today for british-american unity on palestine.

The Times, independent, said "both mr. bevin and

mr. marshall have been distressed at the recent divisions between

their two countries, whose partnership provides one of the main bases

of world stability x x x the burden on the united nations mediator

will be overwhelming unless the arabs and jews alike know they can no

longer count on divisions among the powers--and chiefly on divisions

between the united states and britain."

The conservative Graphic every effort must be made in

London and Washington to work out a policy for palestine upon which

britain and america can agree and which they will follow in partnership.

the unhappy position in which the americans and ourselves appear to be

ranged on opposite sides must not be allowed to recur."

30.24- 18179

London Ad x soldiers.
MOST OF THE JEWS ON CYPRUS CAME FROM EUROPEAN DISPLACED PERSONS CAMPS, AND HAVE BEEN HELD FOR MONTHS AFTER FAILING TO BREAK BRITAIN'S PRE-MAY 15 BLOCKADE AGAINST ILLEGAL IMMIGRANTS. BEFORE THE U.N. RESOLUTION WAS PASSED, BRITAIN HAD SAID THE INTERNEES WERE FREE TO GO TO PALESTINE, IF THEY MADE THEIR OWN TRANSPORTATION ARRANGEMENTS.

UNDERSECRETARY OF STATE CHRISTOPHER MAYHEW TOLD COMMONS IT WAS IMPOSSIBLE TO "CALCULATE THE COST TO THE BRITISH TAXPAYER OF THE ESTABLISHMENT OF THE JEWISH NATIONAL HOME IN PALESTINE."

HE SAID BRITAIN ADVANCED ABOUT £10,000,000 (M) (\$40,000,000) TO PALESTINE IN GRANTS-IN-AID DURING THE 26 YEARS IT HELD THE PALESTINE MANDATE, AND THAT THERE HAD BEEN "LARGE MILITARY EXPENDITURE INCURRED LARGELY TO PROVIDE PROTECTION FOR JEWISH INHABITANTS."

JA442PED

London Ad x said
"FOR THE TIME BEING," IT ADDED, PURCHASES OF AMERICAN COTTON TEXTILES MUST BE EXCLUDED FROM THESE ARRANGEMENTS BECAUSE GENERAL MACARTHUR HAS RESERVED THE RIGHT TO REQUIRE AT LEAST PARTIAL PAYMENT IN DOLLARS FOR THESE.

THIS WAS BECAUSE MUCH OF THE RAW COTTON GOING INTO TEXTILES COMES FROM THE UNITED STATES WHERE IT IS FINANCED BY DOLLAR LOANS.
(END ADVANCE FOR USE AT 9 P.M. EASTERN STANDARD TIME, TONIGHT, MONDAY, MAY 31)

JA729PED

Paris, May 31-(AP)-the semi-official news agency france presse said

tonight that trans-jordan and israel have indicated they will accept a french

demand to get out of french property in palestine.

the agency said the trans-jordan response was "very conciliatory

in substance and form," the telaviv government "while reserving its reply

permitted hope that it would be favorable in principle," the agency added.

earlier, the agency reported france threatening "severe measures"

if its property in palestine is not respected. the nature of the measures was not described.

NIGHT LEAD GERMAN (270)
MUNICH, GERMANY, MAY 31-(AP)-COMMUNISTS AND RIGHT WING PARTIES CUT SHARPLY TODAY INTO THE STRENGTH OF WESTERN GERMANY'S STRONGEST POLITICAL PARTY, FINAL RETURNS FROM YESTERDAY'S MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS SHOWED.

THE CONSERVATIVE CHRISTIAN SOCIAL UNION PARTY (CSU), WHICH WON 35.1 PER CENT OF THE TOTAL VOTE IN BAVARIAN CITIES IN 1946, SLUMPED TO 18.5 PER CENT.

COMMUNISTS, SHOWING UNEXPECTED VOTING POWER IN SOME AREAS IN THE U.S. ZONE POLLED 10 PER CENT OF THE TOTAL VOTE COMPARED WITH 9.3 PER CENT IN 1946.

A NEW PARTY, THE SEPARATIST BAVARIAN PARTY WHICH CALLS FOR "BAVARIA FOR BAVARIANS," SCORED THE BIGGEST RIGHT WING GAINS.

IN NUERNBERG, THE COMMUNISTS WON THEIR BIGGEST SUCCESS, POLLING 4,000 MORE VOTES THAN THE CSU AND WINNING 16 PER CENT OF THE VOTE. ONLY THE LEFTIST SOCIAL DEMOCRATIC PARTY (SPD) LED THE COMMUNISTS THERE.

CONSERVATIVES ATTRIBUTED THE COMMUNIST RISE IN NUERNBERG TO AN EFFORT TO "FRIGHTEN THE MILITARY GOVERNMENT INTO GIVING MORE FOOD AID." ALFRED EUEHL, DISTRICT CHAIRMAN OF THE CHRISTIAN SOCIAL UNION, SAID "IT WAS A DANGEROUS EXPERIMENT."

HERMAN SCHIRMER, COMMUNIST DISTRICT CHAIRMAN, SAID THE VOTE REFLECTED DISSATISFACTION WITH OCCUPATION POLICIES AND A DEMAND FOR A UNIFIED GERMANY.

IN MUNICH, COMMUNISTS WON 11.4 PER CENT OF THE CITY VOTE COMPARED WITH 10.2 PER CENT IN 1946. THE SEPARATIST BAVARIAN PARTY WON 24.6 PER CENT OF THE VALID VOTES CAST IN MUNICH AND 15.6 PER CENT OF THE TOTAL STATEWIDE BALLOTING. IT PUT UP CANDIDATES IN ONLY 26 OF THE 41 CITIES.

THE CSU DROPPED FROM 35.1 PER CENT OF THE 1946 VOTE IN MUNICH TO 18.5 PER CENT.

THE SOCIAL DEMOCRATS LED IN ALMOST EVERY CITY. BUT THEY DROPPED CONSIDERABLE VOTES EITHER TO THE COMMUNISTS OR SMALL, RIGHT WING GROUPS. THE SOCIAL DEMOCRATS RECEIVED 30.9 PER CENT OF THE STATEWIDE VOTE COMPARED WITH 37.1 PER CENT IN 1946.

MUNICH--FIRST ADD ELECTION (A76) X X 25.9 PER CENT.
THE COMPARATIVE PERCENTAGES SCORED BY THE LEADING PARTIES OF
BAVARIA IN 1948 AND 1946 WERE:

	1948	1946
SOCIAL DEMOCRATS (LEFT OF CENTER)	30.9	37.1
CHRISTIAN SOCIAL UNION (CONSERVATIVE)	18.5	35.1
BAVARIAN PARTY (RIGHT WING)	15.6	NONE
COMMUNISTS	10.0	9.3
ECONOMIC RECONSTRUCTION (RIGHT WING)	3.9	10.4
FREE DEMOCRATIC PARTY (RIGHT WING)	7.6	8.1
REFUGEE PARTY	6.4	NONE
GERMAN BLOC (RIGHT WING)	1.1	NONE
MISCELLANEOUS	6.3	NONE

THE GAIN FOR THE COMMUNISTS IN THE LARGE INDUSTRIAL CENTERS SUCH
AS NEURNBERG, MUNICH AND NOF WAS NULLIFIED LARGELY BY THE RIGHTIST
TENDENCIES OF VOTERS IN SMALLER BAVARIAN TOWNS. TEN PER CENT,
HOWEVER, WAS THE HIGHEST VOTE THE COMMUNISTS HAVE WON PREVIOUSLY
IN STRONGLY CATHOLIC BAVARIA.

N1214PED

THE ELECTION RESULTS, ACCORDING TO GOVERNMENT ANNOUNCEMENT, WERE:
BOHEMIA-MORAVIA: TOTAL VOTE, 5,454,301; NATIONAL FRONT, 4,929,250;
PROTEST BALLOTS, 525,051. *Prague Cda x quit*
SLOVAKIA: TOTAL VOTE, 1,745,545; NATIONAL FRONT, 1,499,895;
PROTEST BALLOTS, 245,650.

THE PEOPLE VOTED WITH VARYING DEGREES OF SECRECY. MANY VOTED OPEN-
LY FOR THE GOVERNMENT TICKET WHILE OTHERS WENT BACK OF SMALL, THREE-
SIDED SCREENS TO CAST THEIR BALLOTS.

THE NATION'S COMMUNIST LEADERS, STRONGLY ENTRENCHED IN THEIR POSI-
TIONS SINCE THE COUP THEY DIRECTED LAST FEBRUARY, DECLARED BEFOREHAND
THE ELECTION WOULD SHOW THE "WILL OF THE PEOPLE" AND ENDORSEMENT OF
THE GOTTWALD GOVERNMENT.

SINCE FEBRUARY THEY HAVE NATIONALIZED MOST OF CZECH INDUSTRY. THEY
ALSO HAVE LEGISLATED SWEEPING NEW PENSION LAWS, BEGUN THE DIVISION OF
LAND HOLDINGS OF OVER 125 ACRES AND ENACTED A PEOPLE'S DEMOCRACY"
CONSTITUTION.

ME517PED

Belgrade, Yugoslavia, May 31--(ap)--The Cominform newspaper

for June 1 declared that yesterday's Czechoslovak elections were a

victory for the united people of that country. ~~It~~ said the

elections took place "in free and democratic atmosphere and amid great

enthusiasm."

MAY 1948

The paper is the official organ of the Cominform (Communist
International Information Bureau) which was organized last year with
headquarters in Belgrade.

The paper's general tone appears to follow the newly expounded
policy of an increase in ideological and theoretical education in the
communist parties throughout the world.

The book review section of the current issue carries a long
discourse on the American communist party in its "struggle against war-
mongers." The article said:

"Every conceivable form of anti-communist slander and
provocation is being used by American war-makers against the communists
who are frustrating preparations inside that country for a third
slaughter."

Moscow, May 31--(AP)--Tass, the official soviet news agency
reported in a Washington dispatch today that u. s. senate committee
discussions on the Mundt anti-communist bill are being held amid
growing dissatisfaction of the american people with the measure.

prew 00918 mb/515a

30.24-18181

MOSCOW, MAY 31-(AP)-U.S. AMBASSADOR W.B. SMITH WAS BACK AT HIS DESK TODAY.

HE RETURNED TO MOSCOW SATURDAY FROM A FISHING TRIP IN NORMANDY. HE WAS NOT FEELING WELL AND WENT TO BED, BUT WAS UP LAST NIGHT FOR AN EMBASSY DINNER FOR MRS. LUCIUS D. CLAY, WIFE OF THE AMERICAN MILITARY GOVERNOR OF GERMANY.

MRS. CLAY AND A SISTER ARE HOUSE GUESTS OF AMBASSADOR AND MRS. SMITH.

RWS34AED

Forty-nine guerrillas were killed and 55 were wounded, the communists said. Greek army casualties were given as six killed and 23 wounded.

JJ330PED

Nicosia, Cyprus, May 31---(AP)---The U.S. destroyer

O'Hare arrived at Panagusta today.

Ruseyes 02110 jrt 335ped

NIGHT LEAD CHINESE (330)
EX HAROLD K. MILKS

NANKING, MAY 31-(AP)-CHINA'S NEW DEFENSE MINISTER SAID TODAY HE WOULD MAKE FULL USE OF U.S. MILITARY ADVICE IN WELDING A MOBILE ARMY TO COPE WITH THE COMMUNISTS' SWIFT FIELD FORCES.

GEN. HO YING-CHIN, BACK HOME AFTER TWO YEARS OF DUTY WITH THE UNITED NATIONS MILITARY STAFF COMMITTEE, OBSERVED THAT DURING HIS ABSENCE "OUR ARMIES APPEAR TO HAVE LOST ALL THEIR MOBILITY." "THAT MUST BE RECOVERED," HE DECLARED IN AN INTERVIEW. "NATIONAL FORCES TOO LONG HAVE BEEN PASSIVE AND THEY MUST WIN BACK THE INITIATIVE IF THEY EXPECT TO BEAT THE REDS."

"IN THE PAST WE HAVE NOT MADE FULL USE OF THE ADVICE GIVEN BY THE AMERICAN ADVISORY GROUP. I INTEND TO IMPROVE LIAISON AND TO TAKE OTHER STEPS TO INSURE THAT ADVICE ON MODERN TRAINING METHODS ARE FULLY APPLIED."

(THE AMERICAN ADVISORY GROUP NOW IS ON FORMOSA, A MAJOR TRAINING BASE FOR FRESH DIVISIONS WHICH SOON ARE EXPECTED TO TAKE THE FIELD.)

HO SAID CHINA'S GREATEST NEED FROM ABROAD--MEANING THE UNITED STATES--IS INFANTRY WEAPONS AND AMMUNITION. HE SAID CHINA DOESN'T NEED HEAVY WEAPONS NOW.

HO EMPHASIZED THE FIRST STEP IS TO RAISE THE "SHOCKING" MORALE OF CHINA'S ARMIES BY PROVIDING MORE FOOD AND CLOTHING AND BETTER TREATMENT AND TRAINING.

"HUNGRY, POORLY-CLOTHED MEN CAN'T FIGHT," HE CONTINUED. "WE MUST FILL THEIR STOMACHS AND GIVE THEM DECENT CLOTHES IF WE EXPECT TO WIN THE HARD FIGHT WHICH IS AHEAD OF US."

HO ALSO PROPOSES TO GIVE COMMANDERS IN THE FIELD FULL RESPONSIBILITY. MILITARY OBSERVERS LONG HAVE CRITICIZED CHINA'S SYSTEM UNDER WHICH FIELD COMMANDERS FEAR TO ACT UNTIL AUTHORITY COMES DOWN FROM THE TOP. THEN HE WANTS TO END OFFICER APPOINTMENTS RESULTING FROM POLITICAL INFLUENCE.

HO, WHO LOOKS MORE LIKE A PROFESSOR THAN A SOLDIER, ADMITS THAT HIS NEW JOB WON'T BE AN EASY ONE.

HE SPENT 14 YEARS AS WAR MINISTER AND KNOWS THE HANDICAPS OF A LACK OF MONEY, FOOD AND MATERIAL.

AS HO SPOKE, THE GOVERNMENT CONCEDED ANOTHER SETBACK IN THE CIVIL WAR. THE OFFICIAL MILITARY NEWS AGENCY SAID THE COMMUNISTS HAD CAPTURED THE RAILWAY CITY OF TAIAN IN CENTRAL SHANTUNG PROVINCE.

THIS WIDENS AND STRENGTHENS THE RED CORRIDOR LEADING FROM COMMUNIST BASES IN SHANTUNG PROVINCE TO CENTRAL CHINA.

JW432PPD NM

BY WILLIAM MOORE

SEOUL, KOREA, MAY 31-(AP)-A SHARP-TONGUED, WHITE-HAIRED CONSERVATIVE TODAY BECAME UNCHALLENGED LEADER OF SOUTH KOREA'S NEW ASSEMBLY, ELECTED TO ESTABLISH THE COUNTRY'S FIRST DEMOCRATIC GOVERNMENT. SOVIET-RULERS OF NORTH KOREA BITTERLY OPPOSED THE ELECTION AND NOW ARE TRYING TO DISCREDIT THE NEW GOVERNMENT.

DR. SYNGMAN RHEE, WHO WANTS THE AMERICAN OCCUPATION OF THE SOUTH TO CONTINUE BUT HAS CRITICIZED SOME U.S. POLICIES, WAS ELECTED PERMANENT CHAIRMAN BY AN ASSEMBLY VOTE OF 188 TO NINE. HE HAD BEEN SELECTED AS TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN LAST THURSDAY.

THE ASSEMBLY WAS CHOSEN IN A MAY 10 SOUTH KOREAN ELECTION OBSERVED BY A UNITED NATIONS COMMISSION. THE RUSSIAN MILITARY CONTROLLING NORTH KOREA REFUSED TO ALLOW THE UN COMMISSION TO ENTER THAT AREA AND PREVENTED NORTH KOREANS FROM PARTICIPATING IN THE ELECTION. ORIGINALLY, IT WAS PLANNED, TO CONDUCT AN ELECTION FOR ALL OF KOREA, UNITING THE COUNTRY UNDER A NATIONAL, DEMOCRATIC GOVERNMENT, RUSSIA PREVENTED THAT.

THE 198 (CQ) ASSEMBLYMEN HELD THEIR FIRST BUSINESS SESSION THIS MORNING IN THE SEOUL CAPITOL. POLICE KEPT SPECTATORS FROM THE GROUNDS, ALTHOUGH STREETS NEARBY WERE JAMMED. THE DAY WAS DECLARED A HOLIDAY. OBSERVERS EXPECT THE ASSEMBLY TO PROVE A STRONG FACTOR IN FUTURE UNITED STATES POLICY HERE. DR. RHEE HIMSELF MADE IT CLEAR HE IS COUNTING ON AMERICAN FINANCIAL AID BUT THAT HE WANTS THE ASSEMBLY TO STEER CLEAR OF OUTSIDE INFLUENCE.

RHEE, NOW 74, SPENT THREE WEEKS DIRECTING THE POLITICAL-FACTION MANEUVERING WHICH ENDED WITH HIS NEAR-UNANIMOUS ELECTION. FOR MANY YEARS HE WAS THE SPOKESMAN IN WASHINGTON FOR KOREA'S EXILED GOVERNMENT, DURING THE JAPANESE OCCUPATION OF HIS HOMELAND.

KOREA, AN ANCIENT KINGDOM, WAS THE PRIZE FOUGHT FOR IN TWO MODERN WARS--BETWEEN CHINA AND JAPAN, 1894-95, AND BETWEEN RUSSIA AND JAPAN, 1904-05. IT WAS ANNEXED BY JAPAN IN 1910. SINCE JAPANESE WERE QUOTED IN THE SECOND WORLD WAR, RUSSIANS HAVE OCCUPIED THE NORTH, AMERICANS THE SOUTH OF THE DIVIDED COUNTRY.

JS/P1241APD

FOLO LONDON

TOKYO, TUESDAY, JUNE 1-(AP)-INDIA TODAY JOINED THE STERLING BLOC TO CARRY ON PRIVATE AND GOVERNMENT TRADE WITH JAPAN UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF ALLIED HEADQUARTERS.

THE ANNOUNCEMENT CAME SIMULTANEOUSLY WITH WORD FROM LONDON AND FROM GENERAL MACARTHUR THAT ALL TRADING HAD BEEN SHIFTED FROM A DOLLAR TO A STERLING BASIS.

INDIA'S ENTRY WAS ANNOUNCED BY THE ALLIED HEADQUARTERS ECONOMIC AND SCIENTIFIC SECTION.

VR846PCS

THE OFFICIAL MILITARY NEWS AGENCY ANNOUNCED GOVERNMENT WITHDRAWAL FROM THE SHANTUNG RAIL TOWN OF TAIAN. IT SAID GARRISON TROOPS FELL BACK TO THE NORTH AND SOUTH LAST NIGHT AFTER THE COMMUNISTS HAD CAPTURED HIGH GROUND EAST OF THE TOWN.

P806APD NM

NIGHT LEAD INDONESIAN (150)

BATAVIA, JAVA, MAY 31-(AP)-ANTARA, THE INDONESIAN NEWS AGENCY, SAID TONIGHT 11 POLITICAL PARTIES IN THE INDONESIAN REPUBLIC HAD DECIDED TO CREATE A "NATIONAL FRONT WITH A NATIONAL PROGRAM."

A CONFERENCE OF THE PARTIES HAD BEEN CALLED BY MOHAMED HATTA, PREMIER AND VICE PRESIDENT OF THE REPUBLIC. ANTARA SAID A PROJECTED RE-SHUFFLE OF THE CABINET HAD BEEN POSTPONED UNTIL THE "NATIONAL PROGRAM" WAS ADOPTED.

THE TERMS "NATIONAL FRONT" AND "NATIONAL PROGRAM" WERE NOT EXPLAINED. PRESUMABLY, HOWEVER, THEY MEAN A GOVERNMENT WITH ALL REPUBLICAN POLITICAL ELEMENTS PARTICIPATING AND BASED ON A POLICY TO WHICH ALL ARE COMMITTED. THIS WAS REPORTED TO BE HATTA'S PLAN TO PREVENT INTERNAL CLEAVAGES FROM WEAKENING THE REPUBLIC IN THE CURRENT CRUCIAL STAGE.

THE ANTARA DISPATCH DID NOT SAY WHEN THE GOVERNMENT CHANGE MIGHT TAKE PLACE. IT SAID THOSE AT TODAY'S CONFERENCE AGREED THE CABINET SHOULD BE RESPONSIBLE TO THE PRESIDENT INSTEAD OF TO THE PROVISIONAL PARLIAMENT.

ME544PFD

A101

BATAVIA, JAVA, MAY 31-(AP)-PREMIER MOHAMED HATTA STARTED TALKS TODAY WITH INDONESIAN REPUBLICAN PARTY LEADERS ABOUT RESHAPING THE CABINET. AN ANTARA DISPATCH FROM JOGJAKARTA REPORTED TALK OF BRINGING THE LEFTIST PARTIES OF THE PEOPLE'S DEMOCRATIC FRONT BACK INTO THE GOVERNMENT.

WD1022AED

SECOND LEAD PALESTINE ROUNDUP (360)

BY MAX BOYD

CAIRO, MAY 31-(AP)-THE TRANS-JORDAN ARAB LEGION ANNOUNCED TODAY IT HAD SMASHED A JEWISH ASSAULT IN THE LATRUN AREA, WHICH CONTROLS THE JERUSALEM-TEL AVIV HIGHWAY, AND FOUND 114 OF THE JEWS DEAD ON THE BATTLEFIELD.

THE ANNOUNCEMENT CAME FROM AMMAN AS ARAB ARMIES MANEUVERED ON THE NORTH, SOUTH AND EAST APPROACHES OF TEL AVIV. JERUSALEM DISPATCHES TOLD OF AN ISRAELI APPEAL TO ENCIRCLED JEWS IN MODERN JERUSALEM TO STAND FAST.

THE AMMAN COMMUNIQUE SAID JEWISH FORCES IN THE LATRUN ACTION LEFT BEHIND FOUR ARMORED CARS AND LARGE QUANTITIES OF ARMS, AMMUNITION AND TRENCH DIGGING MACHINES. LATRUN LIES 22 MILES SOUTHEAST OF TEL AVIV AND 15 MILES WEST OF JERUSALEM. THE LEGION SAID ITS ARTILLERY CONTINUED SHELLING JEWISH POSTS AND ARMORED CONVOYS IN THE JERUSALEM AREA.

PREMIER DAVID BEN-GURION OF THE EMBATTLED JEWISH STATE MESSAGED HIS PEOPLE IN MODERN JERUSALEM SUNDAY THAT, NOTWITHSTANDING THE LOSS OF THE OLD WALLED CITY, STRENUOUS EFFORTS WERE BEING PRESSED TO RELIEVE THEM.

THE ARAB MOVEMENTS UPON TEL AVIV, INITIAL CAPITAL AND MILITARY HEADQUARTERS OF ISRAEL, APPEARED DESIGNED FOR ENCIRCLEMENT RATHER THAN A FRONTAL ASSAULT.

THE JEWS SAID IRAQI TROOPS WERE WITHIN NINE MILES AT ONE POINT. ARAB AND TRANS-JORDAN FORCES WERE ABOUT 20 MILES AWAY.

ARAB SHELLS FELL IN JEWISH SECTIONS OF JERUSALEM.

"IN THE PAST FEW WEEKS WE HAVE SUCCEEDED IN SUBSTANTIALLY INCREASING OUR EFFECTIVE STRENGTH ON THE LAND AND IN THE AIR," BEN-GURION SAID. "NOTWITHSTANDING THE END OF THE FIGHTING IN THE OLD CITY, STRENUOUS EFFORTS TO RELIEVE JERUSALEM AND THE AREA ARE IN HAND AND ARE BEING PRESSED."

THE ARABS, HOWEVER, MAINTAINED KONTROL OF THE SUPPLY ROAD FROM TEL AVIV TO JERUSALEM. THE EGYPTIAN NEWSPAPER AL ZEMANE SAID THE ARABS WON A GREAT VICTORY AT LATRUN, ABOUT HALF WAY BETWEEN THE CITIES. BOTH SIDES REPORTED USING THOUSANDS OF TROOPS IN THE BATTLE. THE JEWS MAINTAINED SILENCE ON THE FIGHT.

ARAB LEGIONAIRES MADE THREE FORAYS FROM THE CONQUERED OLD WALLED CITY OF JERUSALEM INTO THE NEW CITY SATURDAY NIGHT AND EARLY SUNDAY. ALL WERE REPULSED. JEWISH PLANES BOMBED ARAB POSITIONS AT BIBBU VILLAGE AND SAMUEL'S TOMB IN HILLS OVERLOOKING JERUSALEM.

(PRIME MINISTER ATTLEE TOLD THE BRITISH HOUSE OF COMMONS HE IS "NOT AWARE OF ANY RIFT" BETWEEN BRITAIN AND THE UNITED STATES OVER PALESTINE. THE U.S. GENERALLY HAS PRESSED FOR A STRONGER UNITED NATIONS EFFORT TO STOP THE FIGHTING THAN HAS BRITAIN, WHICH IS ALLIED TO SEVERAL OF THE ARAB COUNTRIES.)

A DISPATCH FILED FROM TEL AVIV AT NOON SAID THERE HAD BEEN NO WORD OF AN ARAB OFFENSIVE FOR THE MODERN PART OF JERUSALEM. A SPOKESMAN FOR THE JEWISH REGIME AT TEL AVIV SAID SUNDAY NIGHT THE JEWS HAD LEARNED OF AN ARAB LEGION ORDER FOR THE START OF A MAJOR DRIVE AT MIDNIGHT WITH AN ARTILLERY AND INFANTRY ASSAULT, SUPPORTED BY PLANES. JEWISH SOURCES SAID THE ARAB RADIO IN JERUSALEM BROADCAST THAT THE PLAN FOR THE ATTACK HAD BEEN CHANGED.

A JEWISH COMMUNIQUE ISSUED SHORTLY AFTER NOON AT TEL AVIV SAID JEWISH PLANES ATTACKED TANKS AND ARMORED CARS AT AND NEAR TULKARM, ON THE DIVISION LINE BETWEEN JEWISH AND ARAB PALESTINE. THE TOWN IS 22 MILES NORTHEAST OF TEL AVIV AND 11 EAST OF THE COASTAL TOWN OF NATHANYA.

THE TEXT OF THE JEWISH COMMUNIQUE (150)

"JEWISH FIGHTER PLANES ENGAGED ENEMY AIRCRAFT OVER TULKARM YESTERDAY. ONE ENEMY SPITFIRE WAS SEEN TO EXPLODE IN THE AIR.

"ISRAELI PLANES BOMBED FOUR ENEMY SHERMAN TANKS ON THE TULKARM ROAD, AS WELL AS ENEMY CONCENTRATIONS AT THE TULKARM POLICE BARRACKS.

"THE ISRAELI AIR FORCE WAS OUT AGAIN THIS MORNING AND ATTACKED MILITARY TARGETS IN THE SAME AREA. DIRECT HITS WERE SCORED ON ENEMY MOBILE AND ARMORED UNITS. DURING THE NIGHT THE ISRAELI AIR FORCE ALSO ATTACKED MILITARY TARGETS IN RAMLEH AND VICINITY.

"COMBINED OPERATIONS WERE CARRIED OUT BY THE ISRAELI AIR FORCE AND ARTILLERY LAST NIGHT. AN AIR FORCE WING AND ARTILLERY ATTACKED LYDDA AND ITS APPROACHES. AN ENEMY COUNTERATTACK AGAINST THE VILLAGE OF LAJUN AT THE APPROACHES OF WADI ARRAL, WHICH HAD BEEN CAPTURED BY THE ISRAELI ARMY AT DAWN YESTERDAY, WAS LAUNCHED IN THE AFTERNOON AND REPULSED."

(END)

LYDDA IS THE SITE OF THE FORMER BRITISH AIRFIELD, 12 MILES SOUTH-EAST OF TEL AVIV. IT IS TWO MILES WITHIN THE TERRITORY ASSIGNED TO THE ARABS UNDER THE U.N. PARTITION PROPOSAL.

SOME ARAB X X X ETC AS BEFORE (A102)

JJ313PED

CAIRO--FIRST ADD NIGHT LEAD PALESTINE (A205) ^{SIDES} ~~PALESTINE FIGHTING~~
EGYPTIAN UNITS HOLD THE SOUTHERN PORTION OF THE SIEGE RING THE ARABS SAY IS BEING FORGED AROUND TEL AVIV. A CAIRO COMMUNIQUE SAID KING FAROUK'S TROOPS BEAT OFF ISRAELI ASSAULTS IN THE ISDUD REGION, 20 MILES SOUTH OF THE JAFFA-TEL AVIV AREA. ISDUD MARKS THE NORTHERN LIMIT OF THE EGYPTIANS' ADVANCE UP THE PALESTINE COAST.

THE EGYPTIANS SAID THEIR ARTILLERY SHELLED JEWISH CONCENTRATIONS IN BEER TUVIA, JUST EAST OF ISDUD. EGYPTIAN PLANES BOMBED TARGETS IN THE REHOVOT AREA 11 MILES SOUTHEAST OF TEL AVIV.

IRGUN ZVAI LEUMI, THE FORMER JEWISH UNDERGROUND ORGANIZATION, SAID ITS UNITS WERE FORCED TO FALL BACK AT RAS EL AIN, NINE MILES NORTHEAST OF TEL AVIV, AFTER ARMOR-SUPPORTED IRAQI TROOPS LAUNCHED A HEAVY COUNTERATTACK.

A BAGHDAD COMMUNIQUE SAID IRAQI UNITS OPERATING NORTH OF TEL AVIV REACHED POSITIONS FIVE AND A HALF MILES FROM THE COAST SATURDAY.

ANOTHER IRAQI COLUMN RAIDED ZIR'IN, SIX AND A HALF MILES NORTH OF JENIN. JEWISH TROOPS MOVING AGAINST THE NORTHERN CORNER OF THE ARAB TRIANGLE IN CENTRAL PALESTINE RECENTLY ENTERED ZIR'IN.

THE JEWS SAID THEIR FORCES, OPERATING IN THE SAME AREA YESTERDAY, SEIZED THE VILLAGES OF MAZAR AND NURIS IN THE MOUNTAINS OF GILBOA.

A SECOND ISRAELI ATTACK TO THE WEST, A TEL AVIV COMMUNIQUE SAID, CARRIED THE JEWS INTO MEGIDDO, EIN EL MANSI AND THE VILLAGE OF LAJJUN.

THE SYRIANS SAID THEIR PLANES BOMBED NAHARIYA, NORTH OF THE COASTAL CITY OF ACRE, AND INFLICTED HEAVY LOSSES ON "FLEEING ENEMY REMNANTS."

JA559PED

PALESTINE ROUNDUP (700)

BY MAX BOYD

CAIRO, MAY 31-(AP)-ALLIED ARAB ARMIES WERE REPORTED TODAY TO BE GROUPING FOR A THREE-PRONGED ASSAULT ON TEL AVIV, MILITARY HEADQUARTERS OF ISRAEL.

ASSOCIATED PRESS CORRESPONDENT JOSEPH C. GOODWIN WITH THE ARAB FORCES IN CENTRAL PALESTINE SAID IRAQI FORCES WERE STRIKING OUT FROM THE NORTH, THE EGYPTIANS FROM THE SOUTH, AND THE TRANS-JORDAN ARAB LEGION FROM THE WEST IN WHAT APPEARED TO BE OPENING MANEUVERS FOR THE BATTLE OF TEL AVIV.

THE JEWS CLAIMED SOME SUCCESSES ON WHAT WOULD BE THE NORTHERN FLANK OF SUCH AN ASSAULT.

IN JERUSALEM ITSELF THE JEWS CHARGED THAT THE TRANS-JORDAN ARAB LEGION PLANNED TO USE GAS IN ITS ATTACK ON THE NEW CITY, NOW LARGELY IN JEWISH HANDS. THERE WAS NO WORD FROM THE HOLY CITY EARLY TODAY THAT SUCH AN ATTACK HAD OCCURRED.

ARAB SOURCES REPORTED THAT JEWISH TROOPS HAD WITHDRAWN FROM LATRUN AFTER A TWO-DAY FIGHT. THE ARABS CLAIMED THE JEWS HAD BEEN MAULED IN THE BATTLE FOR LATRUN, KEY POINT ON THE VITAL JERUSALEM-TEL AVIV CONVOY ROUTE. THE ARABS SAID THE JEWS HAD WITHDRAWN TO THE HAGANAH STAGING AREA AT HULDA.

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30.24-18183

THERE WAS NO REPORT FROM THE JEWS, WHO HAVE CLAMPED CENSORSHIP ON THE LATRUN FIGHTING.

AMID THE MILITARY REPORTS THERE WERE THESE POLITICAL DEVELOPMENTS:

1. IRGUN ZVAI LEUMI, ANTI-BRITISH JEWISH UNDERGROUND GROUP, APPEALED TO RUSSIA FOR HELP.

2. COUNT FOLKE BERNADOTTE, THE U.N. MEDIATOR, PLANNED TO FLY TO HAIFA, THEN DRIVE TO TEL AVIV FOR TALKS WITH JEWISH OFFICIALS ON THE LATEST TRUCE EFFORT: THAT ARABS AND JEWS AGREE BY 6 P.M. (EST) TUESDAY TO A FOUR-WEEK CEASE FIRE ORDER.

BERNADOTTE TALKED WITH ABDEL RAHMAN AZZAM PASHA, SECRETARY-GENERAL OF THE ARAB LEAGUE IN CAIRO LAST NIGHT. AFTER THE CONFERENCE AZZAM PASHA SAID:

"THE ZIONISTS WHO STARTED THIS WAR IN PALESTINE MUST BE LEFT ALONE TO TAKE THE PUNISHMENT THEY DESERVE."

HE DID NOT SAY WHETHER THE ARABS WOULD ACCEPT OR REJECT THE TRUCE BID. HE SAID HE INFORMED BERNADOTTE THAT THE INITIATIVE IS NOW IN THE HANDS OF THE ARABS, AND THE UNITED NATIONS IS "INTERFERING TO PROTECT THE JEWS IN SPITE OF THE FACT THEY ARE THE AGGRESSORS."

THERE WAS NO REACTION FROM ISRAEL'S GOVERNMENT ON THE TRUCE PLAN. BERNADOTTE EXPECTS TO MEET WITH THE ARAB LEAGUE'S POLITICAL COMMITTEE AT AMMAN, TRANS-JORDAN TUESDAY. AHMED KHASHABA PASHA, EGYPTIAN FOREIGN MINISTER, REPORTED THE COMMITTEE WILL OPEN MEETING TODAY.

A28

IN A RADIO BROADCAST FROM TEL AVIV IRGUN SAID IT WAS APPEALING TO THE SOVIET UNION AS A NATION WHICH RECOGNIZED THE NEW STATE OF ISRAEL AND AGREED TO EXCHANGE DIPLOMATIC REPRESENTATIVES.

IRGUN CHARGED THAT BRITAIN, AIDED BY THE UNITED STATES STATE DEPARTMENT, HAD PUT THROUGH THE U.N. SECURITY COUNCIL A PROPOSAL WHICH WOULD BAN ARMS TO THE JEWS BUT LEAVE THE DOOR OPEN FOR ARABS TO GET MILITARY EQUIPMENT.

THIS REFERRED TO THE TRUCE CALL WHICH PLACES AN EMBARGO ON THE SHIPMENT OF ARMS AND REINFORCING PERSONNEL INTO PALESTINE AND THE ARABS STATES TAKING PART IN THE WAR.

THE BROADCAST DID NOT SAY WHAT AID IRGUN WANTED FROM RUSSIA.

HOLY LAND, DISPATCHES INDICATED THE ARABS MAY BE PLANNING TO MAKE A MAJOR THRUST AT TEL AVIV, THE SEAT OF PALESTINE JEWRY. GOODWIN, WITH THE ARAB FORCES IN THE FIELD, SAID ARAB TACTICS WERE SHAPING UP THIS WAY:

TRANS-JORDAN ARABS ADVANCED FROM THE SOUTHEAST AND SENT PATROLS AS FAR AS HARTOV, LESS THAN 20 MILES FROM TEL AVIV.

EGYPTIAN TROOPS HAMMERED AT ISDUD, JEWISH SETTLEMENT NEAR THE SEACOAST 23 MILES SOUTH OF TEL AVIV. IT IS JUST OUTSIDE THE BOUNDARIES OF ISRAEL.

IRAQI TROOPS MOVED SOUTH FROM THE ARAB TOWN OF TULKARM, 25 MILES NORTH OF THE VITAL JEWISH SEAPORT CITY.

EGYPTIAN FORCES THREW BACK A JEWISH COUNTERATTACK NEAR ISDUD,

A DEFENSE MINISTRY COMMUNIQUE REPORTED LAST NIGHT IN CAIRO.

IT SAID ALSO THAT EGYPTIAN BOMBERS MADE AERIAL ATTACKS ON REHOVOT, 11 MILES SOUTHEAST OF TEL AVIV.

THE COMMUNIQUE SAID EGYPTIAN PLANES, OPERATING IN BAD WEATHER ALONG THE COASTAL BELT, HAD RAIDED THE JEWISH SETTLEMENT OF KHELDA AND BOMBED 10 VEHICLES SOUTH OF THE SETTLEMENT. PLANES ALSO REPORTEDLY STRUCK AT HULDA, 18 MILES SOUTHEAST OF TEL AVIV.

IRGUN ZVAI LEUMI REPORTED THAT ITS UNITS WERE FORCED TO FALL BACK AT RAS EL AIN NINE MILES NORTHEAST OF TEL AVIV WHEN IRAQI TROOPS MADE A HEAVY COUNTERATTACK WITH ARMORED COLUMNS. A

A HAGANAH COMMUNIQUE SAID JEWISH AIRCRAFT BOMBED ARAB CONCENTRATIONS AT TULKARM, AND TARGETS AT Kfar BIDDU AND NEBI SAMUEL, WEST OF JERUSALEM. IT SAID ARAB PLANES HAD BOMBED AFULA, AND THE MARHAVIA SETTLEMENT.

THE SHA'AR HAGOLAN SETTLEMENT IN THE JORDAN VALLEY, WHICH WAS RECENTLY RECAPTURED BY THE JEWS, WAS SHELLED BY ARAB TROOPS.

A REPORT FROM JERUSALEM SAID TWO JEWISH MORTAR SHELLS HAVE HIT GREEK ORTHODOX CHURCHES BUILT ONTO THE CHURCH OF THE HOLY SEPULCHRE, SITE OF CHRIST'S CRUCIFIXION AND ENTOMBMENT. RELIGIOUS AUTHORITIES WHO MADE THE REPORT SAID SHRAPNEL HAD SMASHED ONE OF THE 50 PANES OF GLASS IN THE ROTUNDA OF THE HOLY SEPULCHRE.

A75

CAIRO, MAY 31-(AP)-S. PINKNEY TUCK, RESIGNED U.S. AMBASSADOR TO EGYPT, LEFT YESTERDAY BY PLANE FOR NEW YORK AND WASHINGTON.

SW835AED

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CAIRO, MAY 31-(AP)-ABDEL GELIL EL RAWI, CHARGE D'AFFAIRES FOR IRAQ, TOLD NEWSMEN TODAY THAT IRAQI TROOPS WERE ONLY THREE MILES FROM THE JEWISH CAPITAL OF TEL AVIV. HE GAVE NO DETAILS.

RW719AED

cairo, may 31-(ap)-the ministry of the interior said today that its order requiring special exit visas has kept about 500 persons from leaving egypt.

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officials said they were preparing to leave the country when the order was issued a few days ago. a few were boarding planes and ships. these officials said some may be able to obtain special exit visas in time. they must satisfy the government that they need to go abroad to transact business or obtain medical treatment.

the government also has imposed restrictions on the money and

valuables which travelers can take out of egypt. the value of jewelry

taken abroad must be deposited here to guarantee its return; the amount

of money ~~which~~ which can be taken out will be fixed by the finance

ministry but it cannot exceed 4,000 pounds egyptian money in any case. foreigners leaving egypt must produce certificates showing their taxes are paid.

penalties for violations of these regulations range from six months to three years imprisonment and fines up to 4,000 pounds.

meanwhile egyptian newspapers ~~are becoming~~ have become increasingly critical

of egyptian jews. the moslem brotherhood paper and the organ of the wafdist

party, which opposes the government, say jews here have not contributed

substantial sums to the welfare fund for egyptian soldiers and have not

disavowed zionism.

30.24- 18185

the number of persons placed in detention camps since the egyptian
array entered palestine is reliably reported at about 600 alleged zionists
and 250 non-egyptians alleged to be either zionists or communists, most of
the latter are said to be poles or yugoslavs.

3 # 1948

cairo, may 31 - (ap) - the egyptian national defense ministry
said tonight that egyptian bombers concentrated their attacks today on
the jewish stronghold of rehovoth and aqir airport, both south of tel aviv.
a ministry communique said egyptian land forces continued mopping
up operations in the isdud region, 20 miles south of tel aviv.

the communique:

- "1. our land forces continued mopping up operations in the
region surrounding the isdud area and carried out large scale
reconnaissance patrols under cover of the egyptian air force.
- "2. one of our patrols succeeded in capturing a fifth pilot
who previously managed to escape into the gardens following the forcing
down of two zionist planes by our artillery may 25. the pilot, william
mains, is a christian american.

"3. our heavy bombers and fighter bombers continued bombing
rehovoth, one of the strongly fortified regions on which the zionists
are depending for their defense, dropping large quantities of high
explosives and incendiaries. the objective was hit and fires broke out.

"4. our heavy and light bombers, escorted by fighter planes,
attacked aqir airport, bombing hangars and planes, scoring direct hits
and starting fires. planes also raided gat settlement, dropping high
explosives and incendiaries.

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"5. two of our planes raided beir tuva and qasatina, both east of
isdud. important objectives were bombed and fires broke out.

"6. all our planes returned safely to their bases from these
operations."

Cairo, May 31--(ap)--An Egyptian communique said tonight Egyptian patrols had captured a ~~third American~~ ^{third} ~~airman~~ ^{airman} who had ~~managed~~ to escape last week when two Jewish planes were forced down by Arab artillery fire. The communique identified the pilot as William Mainz, a christian American.

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An Egyptian communique on May 27 identified ~~the~~ four other captured pilots as: Lewis Grubb and Gayan Robert ~~and~~ Danselm, Americans; Hubert Kirness, British, and Vigin Berg, Dutch. All were Jews.

BY ERIC GOTTGETREU
JERUSALEM, SATURDAY, MAY 29--(AP)--WITH ARAB-JEWISH SHELLING AND SHOOTING NOT FAR AWAY, CHILDREN ARE BORN DAILY IN HADASSAH HOSPITAL'S WARTIME EMERGENCY MATERNITY WARD. IN OTHER WARDS VICTIMS OF THIS CITY'S DAILY AIR RAIDS ARE TREATED.
THE AMERICAN AND JEWISH SUPPORTED HADASSAH HOSPITAL ON MOUNT SCOPUS IS STILL CUT OFF FROM JERUSALEM.
BUT FROM DAY TO DAY THE TRANSPLANTED HADASSAH STAFF ENLARGES ITS ACTIVITIES IN THE CENTER OF THE TOWN ITSELF. IT TOOK OVER AS HADASSAH HOSPITALS THE FORMER BRITISH MISSION HOSPITAL, THE JEWISH "NATHAN AND LINA STRAUSS HEALTH CENTRE," THE JEWISH "78KUR HOLIM HOSPITAL" AND THE FORMER FRENCH MONASTERY ST. JOSEPH. ST. JOSEPH'S HUGE BASEMENT IS NOW BEING CONVERTED INTO THE FIRST RAID-SAFE, FULL-SIZE UNDERGROUND HOSPITAL HERE.

ARAB ARTILLERY SHELLED JERUSALEM AS A PARTY OF FOREIGN NEWSMEN ~~TOURED~~ ^{TOURED} HOSPITALS. DOCTORS CONTINUED THEIR WORK DESPITE THE FACT THAT SEVERAL SHELLS HAVE SPRAYED HOSPITAL WALLS AND ROOF TOPS IN THE LAST FEW DAYS. ONE NURSE AND A HOSPITAL LAUNDRESS WERE KILLED ON THEIR WAY TO WORK. TWO NURSES AND THREE PATIENTS WERE INJURED BY SHELL FRAGMENTS.

IN JERUSALEM, 105 DOCTORS ARE WORKING FOR HADASSAH. FIVE ARE CUT OFF IN AN EMERGENCY STATION ON MOUNT SCOPUS.

ONE OF THE DOCTORS--CAHIM COHEN FROM GREECE--VOLUNTEERED TO GO TO AMMAN, CAPITAL OF TRANS-JORDAN, TO CARE FOR JEWISH WAR PRISONERS. IN EXCHANGE, THE ARABS AGREED TO RELEASE THREE JEWISH DOCTORS. THEY WERE CAPTURED WHEN THE JEWISH QUARTER SURRENDERED TO THE ARAB LEGION.

JT859PED

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JERUSALEM, SUNDAY, MAY 30--(AP)--ISRAELI PREMIER DAVID BEN-GURION MESSAGED JERUSALEM JEWS TODAY: "ABSOLUTELY ESSENTIAL THAT JEWISH JERUSALEM CONTINUE TO STAND FAST DURING THESE TESTING DAYS."

THE MESSAGE WAS ADDRESSED TO THE JEWISH AGENCY.
"IN THE PAST FEW WEEKS," BEN-GURION SAID, "WE HAVE SUCCEEDED IN SUBSTANTIALLY INCREASING OUR EFFECTIVE STRENGTH ON THE LAND AND IN THE AIR. X X X NOTWITHSTANDING THE END OF THE FIGHTING IN THE OLD CITY, STRENUOUS EFFORTS TO RELIEVE JERUSALEM AND THE AREA ARE IN HAND AND ARE BEING PRESSED."

ARAB LEGIONAIRES MADE THREE FORAYS FROM THE OLD CITY AGAINST JEWISH QUARTERS IN NEW JERUSALEM DURING THE NIGHT AND MORNING, BUT ALL WERE REPULSED.

JEWISH AIRCRAFT BOMBED ARAB EMPLACEMENTS AT BIBBU VILLAGE AND THE PROPHET SAMUEL'S TOMB IN THE MOUNTAINS OVERLOOKING THE CITY. ARAB MORTAR SHELLS WERE STILL FALLING IN JEWISH SECTIONS.
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(THE FOLLOWING POOLED DISPATCH WAS RECEIVED FROM NEWS CORRESPONDENTS WITH JEWISH FORCES IN JERUSALEM.)

JERUSALEM, MAY 31--(AP)--HAGANAH FORCES OF THE ISRAELI ARMY WERE ADVANCING TOWARD JENIN TODAY, THE ARAB STRONGHOLD ON THE NABLUS-JENIN-TULKARM TRIANGLE OF NORTH CENTRAL PALESTINE.

THE JEWISH TROOPS ADVANCED FROM THE NORTHEAST AND FROM THE DIRECTION OF THE TOWN OF MEGIDDO.

IRAQI ARMY REGULARS FROM THE TRIANGLE AREA STRUCK AT THE FIN VERED AND KEAR YOMA SETTLEMENTS AT THE NARROWEST POINT OF THE PLAIN OF SHARON IN THE JEWISH COASTAL STRIP, AND EGYPTIAN ARMY ARTILLERY BASED AT ISDUD BOMBARDED JEWISH SETTLEMENTS AT THE SOUTHERN END OF THE COASTAL STRIP AND THE EDGE OF THE NEGEV DESERT.

IN WIDESPREAD AERIAL ACTIVITY REPORTED BY THE JEWISH AGENCY, THE JEWISH AIR FORCE BOMBED EGYPTIAN FORCES THREE TIMES YESTERDAY. THE AGENCY SAID THE EGYPTIANS HAD BROUGHT UP 500 INFANTRY-CARRYING ARMORED VEHICLES TO THE REGION OF ISDUD.

CHILDREN WERE EVACUATED FROM THE JEWISH SETTLEMENTS OF GAN YAVNE, BITZARON, NEGBA AND BEER TUVYA.

IN THE NORTH, JEWISH PLANES AGAIN BOMBED SEVERAL VILLAGES ON THE LEBANESE SIDE OF THE FRONTIER NEAR MALKIEH AND KAJESH. HAGANAH BLEW UP SEVERAL POLICE POSTS ALONG THE SYRIAN FRONTIER AND CONTINUED OPERATIONS AT DESIGJOH TO BAR AN INVASION FROM SYRIA OR LEBANON.

IN LOWER GALILEE, JEWISH AND ARAB INFANTRY WERE REPORTED MASSING IN THE AREA BUT THERE WAS NO FIGHTING.

WHILE THE BLACKOUT ON NEWS OF THE VITAL BATTLE AT LATRUN CONTINUED THE ARAB LEGION WAS UNDERSTOOD TO HAVE CONCENTRATED LARGE ARMORED FORCES AT ER RAMLE, WEST OF LATRUN. THE FATE OF JERUSALEM WAS BEING DECIDED IN THIS BATTLE BUT THE HOLY CITY ITSELF REMAINED RELATIVELY QUIET. LAST NIGHT SEVERAL SHELLS WHICH JEWISH SOURCES SAID WERE ARAB FELL IN THE INTERNATIONAL RED CROSS COMPOUND AT GOVERNMENT HOUSE, FORMER RESIDENCE OF THE BRITISH HIGH COMMISSIONER.

OF SPECIAL IMPORTANCE TO JERUSALEM WAS THE NEWS THAT IRGUN ZVAI LEUMI HAD DRIVEN THE IRAQIS FROM THE RAS EL AIN PUMPING STATION--SOURCES OF JERUSALEM'S WATER SUPPLY--EAST OF PETAH TIQVA. FIGHTING IN THE AREA WAS CONTINUING.

AFTER A CABINET SESSION THAT LASTED MOST OF THE NIGHT, A PROVISIONAL COUNCIL OF 37 MEMBERS WAS CALLED TOGETHER IN TEL AVIV TODAY TO DELIBERATE ISRAEL'S ANSWER TO THE UNITED NATIONS SECURITY COUNCIL'S CEASE-FIRE ORDER. A JEWISH AGENCY SPOKESMAN ANTICIPATED

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THAT BOTH THE JEWISH AND ARAB REPLIES WOULD BE ALONG THE LINES OF "ON THE ONE HAND" AND "ON THE OTHER HAND." THE ARABS, HE POINTED OUT, ON THE ONE HAND CONSIDER THE COUNCIL'S RESOLUTION A VICTORY FOR THEM, AND ON THE OTHER HAND THEY ARE DISPLEASED BY THE CONTINUANCE OF IMMIGRATION.

AN AGENCY SPOKESMAN DISCLOSED THAT IN SPITE OF THE INTERNATIONAL RED CROSS' EFFORTS, JEWISH DEAD AT THE Kfar Etzion Settlement HAVE STILL NOT BEEN BURIED, NOR HAVE THE WOMEN PRISONERS HELD IN BETHLEHEM BEEN RELEASED OR A LIST OF THEIR NAMES TRANSMITTED.

A100 "WE FEEL," HE SAID, "THAT ON THIS ISSUE THE RED CROSS MIGHT HAVE USED STRONGER PRESSURE THAN THEY HAVE DONE."

THE FIRST PRISONER OF WAR CAMP, WITH A CAPACITY OF 500 MEN, IS NOW BEING SET UP INSIDE THE JEWISH STATE AREA, IT WAS OFFICIALLY ANNOUNCED TODAY. IT IS IN AN OCCUPIED ARAB VILLAGE SURROUNDED BY BARBED WIRE AND OBSERVED FROM A WATCHTOWER. THE PRISONERS WILL BE GIVEN SPECIAL MILITARY TYPE UNIFORMS WITH A BLUE STRIPE ON THE FRONT AND BACK. FOOD RATIONS WILL BE GOVERNED BY INTERNATIONAL CONVENTIONS AND THE INTERNATIONAL RED CROSS WILL BE INVITED TO MAKE INSPECTIONS.

ACCORDING TO LAST-MINUTE HAGANAH REPORTS, THE JEWS OPENED AN ARTILLERY AND INFANTRY OFFENSIVE IN THE TULKARM AREA TODAY, SHELLED THE TOWN AND ATTACKED A POLICE FORTRESS ON ITS OUTSKIRTS. AN IRAQI SPITFIRE WAS SHOT DOWN OVER THE BATTLEFIELD.

COUNTERATTACKING FROM JENIN, THE ARAB LEGION ATTEMPTED TO RE-TAKE MEGIDDO AND LAJJUN.

LS1026PED NM

(EDITORS NOTE: CARTER L. DAVIDSON, CHIEF OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS BUREAU IN PALESTINE FOR THE LAST TWO YEARS, HAS BEEN WITH THE JEWISH FORCES AND IN CLOSE TOUCH WITH JEWISH LEADERS DURING THE PALESTINE FIGHTING. THIS DISPATCH GIVES THE PICTURE FROM THE JEWISH SIDE.)

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BY CARTER L. DAVIDSON

JERUSALEM, MAY 31-(AP)-THE JEWISH ARMY HAS COME OF AGE IN THE CURRENT BATTLE FOR JERUSALEM, AN EPIC STRUGGLE WHICH NOW IS PASSING FROM AN AGGRESSIVE WAR TO A LONG SIEGE.

HAGANAH, ONCE AN UNDERGROUND DEFENSE BAND OF RIFLEMEN, HAS BLOSSOMED INTO AN ACTUAL ARMY THAT PROVED ITSELF SUPERIOR TO ARAB VOLUNTEER FORCES AND EQUAL TO FIGHTING AGAINST THE ARAB LEGION OF TRANS-JORDAN.

HERE IS THE BALANCE SHEET FOR JERUSALEM SINCE THE BRITISH MANDATE ENDED MAY 15:

THE JEWS CONQUERED AND OCCUPIED SEVEN ARAB RESIDENTIAL OR BUSINESS SECTIONS AND FOUR THAT WERE EVACUATED BY THE BRITISH.

THEY DROVE WEDGES INTO THE OLD CITY WALL IN THREE PLACES.

THE ARABS FELL SWIFTLY BACK IN ALL SECTORS UNTIL KING ABDULLAH SENT HIS LEGIONNAIRES INTO ACTION.

THE LEGION, OFTEN CALLED THE BEST ARMY IN THE MIDDLE EAST, HAS HAD ONE VICTORY--THE CONQUEST OF 1,500 JEWISH CIVILIANS AND A HANDFUL OF DEFENDERS WHO WERE CUT OFF AND SURROUNDED IN THE OLD WALLED CITY.

THE LEGION ALSO TOOK ONE HIGH POINT WHICH THE JEWS HAD CONQUERED ON THE NORTH END OF JERUSALEM, BUT IN EIGHT DAYS OF DESPERATE PUSHING THEY HAVE NOT BEEN ABLE TO GET BEYOND IT.

EGYPTIAN ARMY ATTEMPTS TO GET INTO JERUSALEM PROVED TO BE UNSUCCESSFUL. THEY SHELLED RAMAT REHEL, LYING ATHWART THE SOUTHERN APPROACHES, INTO BATTERED RUINS BUT COULD NOT DRIVE THE JEWS OUT.

THE GRIMMEST SPECTER FACING THE JEWS IS THE FOOD PROBLEM. JERUSALEM'S FATE HANGS ON 15 MILES OF CONVOY ROUTE NOW BEING CONTESTED TO THE WEST OF THE HOLY CITY.

IN JERUSALEM ITSELF, HOWEVER, THE VICTORY HAS BEEN WITH THE JEWS EXCEPT FOR THE LOSS OF THE OLD CITY QUARTER--WHICH ADMITTEDLY WAS LOST FROM THE START WITH 30,000 ARABS FACING 2,000 JEWS. THE JEWS THERE WERE MOSTLY RELIGIOUS PERSONS WHO REFUSED TO LEAVE FOR SENTIMENTAL REASONS.

A108

THE ISRAELI FORCES ARE OFFICERED BY MAJORS, COLONELS AND HIGHER RANKERS WHO LEARNED ABOUT WARFARE IN THE ARMIES OF A DOZEN COUNTRIES. THESE OFFICERS ARE NOT PROFESSIONAL SOLDIERS OF THE TYPE I HAVE MET IN THE ARAB FORCES, INCLUDING THE LEGION, BUT ARE WELL-TRAINED MILITARY MEN WHO FIGHT FOR THEIR OWN CAUSE AND THEIR OWN FLAG.

JEWISH ARMOR IS INFERIOR TO THE ARAB LEGION'S BUT IT HAS ENOUGH ARMOR, INCLUDING SMALL TANKS WHICH HAVE NOT YET BEEN IN ACTION, TO MOUNT AN OCCASIONAL SORTIE WHERE NEEDED. OTHER JEWISH WEAPONS ARE GENERALLY SUPERIOR IN TYPE TO ARAB GUNS AND THERE IS NO SHORTAGE OF THEM IN THE JERUSALEM SECTOR.

HAGANAH HAS NOT YET PUT ITS ARTILLERY IN ACTION IN THE JERUSALEM AREA BUT IT HAS UNVEILED A SUNDAY PUNCH WITH "DAVIDKA," A GIANT MORTAR THAT THROWS THE EQUIVALENT OF A 500-POUND BOMB UP TO 600 YARDS WITH UNERRING ACCURACY.

JEWISH DISCIPLINE IS STRICT BUT DEMOCRATIC. PRIVATE SOLDIERS CALL COLONELS BY THEIR FIRST NAMES AND THERE ARE NO OFFICERS' MESSSES. THEY ALL EAT TOGETHER AND USUALLY SLEEP SIDE BY SIDE WHEN ON FIELD OPERATIONS.

PALMACH (HAGANAH STRIKING FORCE), IRGUN ZVAI LEUMI AND THE STERN GROUP SPEARHEAD THE JEWISH ATTACKS. THEY OUTNUMBER THE ARAB LEGION AND ARE TOUGH, WELL-TRAINED, WELL-EQUIPPED YOUNGSTERS. SUPPORTING THEM ARE THE "KHISH" FIGHTERS, WHO ARE EQUIVALENT TO INFANTRYMEN. WHEN A POINT IS TAKEN BY THE SPEARHEAD COMMANDOS, IT USUALLY IS SECURED BY "KHISH" UNITS AND NORMALLY IT IS OCCUPIED BY "KHIM," OR HOLDING FORCES.

LS1112PED

BY DANIEL DE LUCE

AMMAN, TRANS-JORDAN, MAY 31-(AP)-THE POLITICAL REPRESENTATIVES OF SEVEN ARAB STATES MET TONIGHT TO DRAFT AN ARAB REPLY TO THE UNITED NATIONS' LATEST CALL FOR A CEASE-FIRE IN THE PALESTINE WAR.

THE ARAB LEAGUE'S POLITICAL COMMITTEE, MEETING IN THE TRANS-JORDAN CAPITAL WITH KING ABDULLAH, INCLUDES THE PREMIERS OF SYRIA AND LEBANON, THE EGYPTIAN FOREIGN MINISTER, THE IRAQI DEPUTY FOREIGN MINISTER, A SAUDI ARABIAN CABINET MINISTER AND A YEMENITE PRINCE.

THE LATEST SECURITY COUNCIL APPEAL FOR AN END OF THE HOLY LAND FIGHTING WOULD ESTABLISH A FOUR-WEEKS CEASE-FIRE PERIOD. ACCORDING TO THE DEADLINE SET BY THE COUNCIL, ARAB AND JEWISH REPLIES TO THE REQUEST MUST BE FILED BY 6 P.M., EASTERN STANDARD TIME, TOMORROW.

N439PED

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BULLETIN

AMMAN, TRANS-JORDAN, MAY 31-(AP)-THE TRANS-JORDAN LEGION ANNOUNCED TODAY IT HAD SMASHED A JEWISH ASSAULT IN THE LATRUN AREA AND THAT THE JEWS HAD LEFT BEHIND 114 KILLED.

THE COMMUNIQUE SAID A BIG JEWISH FORCE LAUNCHED THE ATTACK ON LEGION POSITIONS IN THE LATRUN AREA BLOCKING THE TEL AVIV-JERUSALEM HIGHWAY AT THE WESTERN END OF BAB EL WAD CANYON. BY NOON, THE LEGION SAID, THE JEWS WERE BEATEN BACK AND DISPERSED.

THREE JEWISH PRISONERS WERE TAKEN, THE LEGION SAID, ADDING THAT MANY JEWS WERE BELIEVED SERIOUSLY WOUNDED.

LATRUN IS IN ARAB TERRITORY ON THE IMPORTANT TEL AVIV-JERUSALEM HIGHWAY. IT LIES 22 MILES SOUTHEAST OF TEL AVIV. BOTH SIDES SAID A MAJOR BATTLE WAS FOUGHT THERE LAST WEEK.

THE TRANS-JORDAN COMMUNIQUE SAID THE JEWS LEFT BEHIND FOUR ARMORED CARS AND LARGE QUANTITIES OF ARMS, AMMUNITION AND TRENCH DIGGING MACHINES.

THE LEGION SAID ITS ARTILLERY CONTINUED SHELLING JEWISH POSTS AND ARMORED CONVOYS TODAY IN THE JERUSALEM AREA. SEVEN JEWISH ARMORED CARS WERE REPORTED DESTROYED YESTERDAY WHEN THEY ATTEMPTED TO LEAVE JERUSALEM IN THE DIRECTION OF LATRUN, 15 MILES TO THE WEST.

THE TEXT OF THE TRANS-JORDAN LEGION COMMUNIQUE (100):

"EARLY THIS MORNING BIG JEWISH FORCES ATTACKED ARAB LEGION POSITIONS IN THE LATRUN AREA. THE BATTLE ENDED AT NOON TODAY WHEN THE JEWISH ASSAULT COMPLETELY FAILED AND THE ATTACKING FORCES WERE BEATEN DRIVEN BACK AND DISPERSED, LEAVING BEHIND ON THE BATTLEFIELD 114 KILLED, FOUR ARMORED CARS, BIG QUANTITIES OF ARMS, AMMUNITION AND TRENCH DIGGING MACHINES. THREE PRISONERS WERE TAKEN AND IT WAS BELIEVED AS WELL THAT MANY WERE SERIOUSLY WOUNDED.

"OUR ARTILLERY CONTINUED SHELLING JEWISH POSITIONS AND ARMORED CONVOYS IN DIFFERENT AREAS OF JERUSALEM. ARTILLERY DESTROYED SEVEN JEWISH ARMORED CARS YESTERDAY AS THEY WERE LEAVING JERUSALEM FOR THE LATRUN DIRECTION."

(END TEXT)

BY JAMES M. LONG

TEL AVIV, ISRAEL, MAY 31-(AP)-JEWISH GROUND AND AIR FORCES STRUCK OUT AT MASSED EGYPTIAN TROOPS 20 MILES SOUTH OF JAFFA, AN ISRAELI ARMY COMMUNIQUE SAID LAST NIGHT.

THE COMMUNIQUE REPORTED AN ARTILLERY ENGAGEMENT DEVELOPED NEAR ISDUD SEVEN MILES NORTH OF THE EGYPTIAN BASE OF MAJDAL. EGYPTIAN FORCES REACHED ISDUD SATURDAY IN A QUICK MOVE UP THE COAST. THE TOWN IS THREE MILES OUTSIDE THE TERRITORY OF ISRAEL.

THE ARMY COMMUNIQUE SAID ARAB CONCENTRATIONS AT TEL KASSAR ON THE TRANS-JORDAN BORDER WERE BOMBED BY ISRAELI PLANES.

THE EGYPTIAN AIR FORCE STRUCK BACK, BOMBING BEHOVOT, 11 MILES SOUTH-EAST OF JAFFA, AND THE JEWISH SETTLEMENT OF KINNERET ON LAKE TIBERIAS. THE VILLAGE OF ZA ARIN ALSO WAS REPORTED BOMBED BY ALLIED ARAB PLANES.

ISRAELI ARMY SOURCES SAID JEWISH FORCES HAD CAPTURED THE ARAB TOWNS OF LEJJUN AND MEGIDDO, OVERLOOKING THE PLAIN OF ARMAGEDDON. THE TOWNS ARE ABOUT EIGHT MILES SOUTHWEST OF AFULA, FIRST BIG JEWISH TOWN NORTH OF THE ARAB-CONTROLLED NABLUS-JENIN-TULKARM TRIANGLE.

A HAGANAH SOURCE SAID THE TOWNS WERE TAKEN AFTER A "FIERCE, SEVEN-HOUR BATTLE."

THIS SOURCE SAID ARAB RESIDENTS OF THE TOWNS HAD BEEN EVACUATED AND IRAQI TROOPS WERE ENTRENCHED IN THEM. THE IRAQI TROOPS, THE SOURCE SAID, WERE DRIVEN OFF, LEAVING THEIR CASUALTIES BEHIND THEM. MEGIDDO, FOUNDED IN 3,500 B.C., FOR CENTURIES WAS CONSIDERED OF GREAT MILITARY IMPORTANCE IN THE HOLY LAND. IT COMMANDS A PASS BETWEEN THE PLAIN OF ESDRAELON (ARMAGEDDON) AND THE COASTAL PLAIN OF SHARON. AT NEARBY LAJJUN, ONCE A ROMAN LEGION GARRISON FOR MEGIDDO, A FORTIFIED POLICE STATION WAS CAPTURED BY THE JEWS, A HAGANAH SOURCE SAID. THE POLICE STATION IS STRATEGICALLY PLACED ALONG THE MAIN HIGHWAY RUNNING DOWN THE WEST SIDE OF THE PLAIN, THE SOURCE ADDED.

INSIDE JERUSALEM'S OLD CITY, MAY 31-(AP)-THE COMMANDER OF ARAB LEGION FORCES IN JERUSALEM RECEIVED AN URGENT TELEPHONE CALL TODAY FROM THE AMERICAN CONSULATE IN THE JEWISH-OCCUPIED SECTION OF NEW JERUSALEM. HE WAS TOLD THAT A LEGION SHELL, OVERSHOOTING THE JEWISH COMMERCIAL CITY WHICH IS UNDER ATTACK, HAD LANDED JUST OUTSIDE THE CONSULATE. IT DID NOT EXPLODE.

THE COMMANDER APOLOGIZED AND TELEPHONED GUNNERY OFFICERS TO LOWER THEIR SIGHTS.

IT715PFD

HAIFA, ISRAEL, MAY 31-(AP)-COUNT FOLKE BERNADOTTE, UNITED NATIONS MEDIATOR IN PALESTINE, ARRIVED HERE TODAY FROM EGYPT.

AIR RAID SIRENS SOUNDED A FALSE ALARM AS HE ARRIVED. JEWISH SOURCES SAID THEY WERE PROBABLY SET OFF BY THE ESCORT OF FOUR BRITISH TEMPEST FIGHTER PLANES WHICH ACCOMPANIED THE COUNT'S WHITE TRANSPORT PLANE FROM THE SUEZ CANAL ZONE.

HE PLANS TO GO TO TEL AVIV BY THE COASTAL ROAD, THEN RETURN TO HAIFA TONIGHT. HIS SCHEDULE CALLS FOR HIM TO LEAVE EARLY TOMORROW FOR AMMAN, CAPITAL OF TRANS-JORDAN.

RW748AED

(130) MACARTHUR

WASHINGTON, MAY 31-(AP)-GEN. JONATHAN M. WAINWRIGHT SUGGESTED TODAY THAT GEN. DOUGLAS A. MACARTHUR COULD COME HOME FROM JAPAN IN RESPONSE TO A "FORMAL (SENATE) COMMITTEE REQUEST FOR HIS APPEARANCE."

LAST FRIDAY MACARTHUR MESSAGED THE SENATE APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE, IN RESPONSE TO AN INVITATION TO TESTIFY ON PROBLEMS OF THE ORIENT, THAT "MY RETURN AT THIS TIME X X X WOULD BE MISUNDERSTOOD AND CONDEMNED BY MANY AS POLITICALLY INSPIRED."

TODAY, THE NATIONAL MACARTHUR FOR PRESIDENT CLUBS SAID IT HAD BEEN AUTHORIZED BY WAINWRIGHT TO RELEASE A WAINWRIGHT REQUEST THAT THE SENATE COMMITTEE CONSIDER THE MATTER FURTHER. WAINWRIGHT, HERO OF BATAAN, WAS IN ALTON, ILL., TODAY.

WAINWRIGHT'S REQUEST SAID THAT MACARTHUR DOUBTLESS REGARDED THE PREVIOUS CALL FOR HIM TO TESTIFY AS A "MERE INVITATION."

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WASHINGTON, MAY 31-(AP)-WARREN R. AUSTIN, U.S. DELEGATE TO THE UNITED NATIONS, URGED THE NATIONS TONIGHT TO MAKE THE U.N. WORK AS IT IS.

ACCEPTING AN HONORARY DEGREE FOR DISTINGUISHED PUBLIC SERVICE FROM AMERICAN UNIVERSITY HERE, AUSTIN DECLARED:

"OUR PRESENT PROBLEM IS NOT SO MUCH TO IMPROVE THE CHARTER, AS TO IMPROVE THE QUALITY OF PARTICIPATION OF THE MEMBERS.

"WE HAVE NOT YET LIVED UP TO THE LIMITS OF THE CHARTER." WITHOUT ACCORD AMONG THE MOST POWERFUL MEMBERS OF THE WORLD ORGANIZATION, THE OBJECTIVE OF PEACE CANNOT BE ATTAINED, AUSTIN SAID, AND WENT ON:

"AN ASSOCIATION OF STATES THAT MAY BE ABLE TO AGREE EASILY IS NO SUBSTITUTE FOR AN ASSOCIATION OF ALL NATIONS.

"THE EASY AGREEMENT AMONG MEMBERS WITHIN TWO OR THREE BLOCS WOULD LEAD INEVITABLY TO THE HARDSHIPS OF WAR WHILE THE DIFFICULT AGREEMENT AMONG GREATLY DIFFERING STATES IN ONE UNITED NATIONS WILL LEAD, HOWEVER TORTUROUSLY, TO THE BLESSINGS OF PEACE."

RZ844PFD

PRECEDE ROME

WASHINGTON, MAY 31-(AP)-A STATE DEPARTMENT OFFICIAL DESCRIBED AS A "COMPLETE FAKE" TODAY A ROME REPORT THAT THE UNITED STATES HAS PROPOSED A NEW FIVE-POINT ANTI-COMMUNIST PROGRAM TO WESTERN EUROPEAN COUNTRIES.

THE REPORT WAS PUBLISHED IN THE COMMUNIST LINE NEWSPAPER IL PAESE WHICH QUOTED "CIRCLES CLOSE TO THE DE GASPERI GOVERNMENT." THE NEWSPAPER SAID THE PROGRAM, INCLUDING A "MILITARY ALLIANCE SYSTEM," HAD BEEN OUTLINED IN A U.S. NOTE TO ITALY, FRANCE, BRITAIN AND THE SCANDINAVIAN COUNTRIES.

MICHAEL J. MCDERMOTT, STATE DEPARTMENT PRESS OFFICER, TOLD A REPORTER "WE SENT NO SUCH NOTE."

FR1204PFD

LEND LEASE(120)

WASHINGTON, MAY 31-(AP)-SOME \$20,000,000 (M) WORTH OF LEND-LEASE GOODS ONCE DESTINED FOR RUSSIA WILL GO INTO THE EUROPEAN RECOVERY PROGRAM INSTEAD.

COAL MINING MACHINERY, MINE LOCOMOTIVES AND ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT ARE INCLUDED IN THE INDUSTRIAL EQUIPMENT WHICH THE WAR ASSETS ADMINISTRATION HAS MADE AVAILABLE FOR PURCHASE BY ANY MARSHALL PLAN COUNTRY APPROVED BY THE ECONOMIC COOPERATION ADMINISTRATION.

THE EQUIPMENT WAS AWAITING SHIPMENT TO RUSSIA WHEN CONGRESS CALLED A HALT TO FURTHER LEND-LEASE PIPELINE SHIPMENTS TO THE SOVIET UNION. THE TERM PIPELINE CAME FROM THE FACT THE GOODS HAD BEEN ORDERED UNDER THE WARTIME LEND-LEASE PROGRAM AND WERE IN THE PROCESS OF MANUFACTURE WHEN THE WAR ENDED.

THE EQUIPMENT LATER WAS DECLARED SURPLUS BY THE WAR ASSETS AGENCY.

FR8AED

WASHINGTON, MAY 31-(AP)-ADM. RICHARD L. CONOLLY, COMMANDER OF U.S. NAVAL FORCES IN THE EASTERN ATLANTIC AND MEDITERRANEAN, ARRIVED BY PLANE TODAY FOR CONFERENCES WITH ADM. L. E. DENFELD, CHIEF OF NAVAL OPERATIONS.

A NAVY SPOKESMAN SAID CONOLLY'S VISIT WAS ROUTINE AND THE CONFERENCES WERE NOT LINKED WITH ANY PARTICULAR MEDITERRANEAN DEVELOPMENT, IN PALESTINE OR ELSEWHERE.

CONOLLY ARRIVED AS THE CARRIER KEARSAGE, THREE DESTROYERS AND EIGHT OTHER WARSHIPS WERE ABOUT TO LEAVE NORFOLK, VA., TO RELIEVE A TASK FORCE NOW STATIONED IN THE MEDITERRANEAN.

THE NAVY ANNOUNCED MAY 18 THAT THESE SHIPS, WITH SOME 1,100 MARINES ABOARD, WOULD REPLACE A MEDITERRANEAN FORCE OF ABOUT EQUAL STRENGTH.

RZ1028PFDNM

POLISH AMERICAN (370)

PHILADELPHIA, MAY 31-(AP)-THE LATE PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT "SOLD POLAND DOWN THE VOLGA," PRESIDENT CHARLES ROZMAREK OF THE POLISH AMERICAN CONGRESS SAID LAST NIGHT.

BUT, THE CHICAGOAN ADDED, ROOSEVELT ASSURED HIM HE WOULD WORK FOR POLISH INDEPENDENCE AFTER THE WAR. ROZMAREK QUOTED ROOSEVELT AS SAYING HE WOULD "TAKE CARE OF STALIN AT THE PROPER TIME."

IN A REPORT ON HIS FOUR YEARS AS PRESIDENT OF THE CONGRESS, ROZMAREK TOLD A CONVENTION OF THE ORGANIZATION THAT HE CONFERRED WITH THE LATE PRESIDENT TWICE BEFORE THE YALTA CONFERENCE EARLY IN 1945.

AT THAT TIME, SAID ROZMAREK, ROOSEVELT STATED "HE HAD MORTAL FEAR OF STALIN TEAMING UP WITH HITLER." HE QUOTED THE FOUR-TERM PRESIDENT AS SAYING SOVIET PREMIER JOSEF STALIN HAD "FOOLED" HIM "MANY TIMES BEFORE."

ROOSEVELT CONFERRED WITH STALIN AND BRITISH PRIME MINISTER WINSTON CHURCHILL AT YALTA. NOT LONG AFTER THAT, ROOSEVELT DIED.

ROZMAREK SAID ROOSEVELT DID NOT APPEAR TO BE IN GOOD HEALTH WHEN HE SPOKE WITH HIM, BUT THAT HE APPARENTLY FULLY EXPECTED TO LIVE OUT HIS TERM AND HELP REBUILD THE WORLD AFTER THE WAR.

THE CONGRESS PRESIDENT SAID HE BELIEVED ROOSEVELT EXPECTED TO WORK OUT A PLAN FOR POLISH INDEPENDENCE AFTER THE WAR, BUT, ADDED ROZMAREK, "THE SEEDS OF WAR WERE SOWN AT YALTA" AND "THOSE SEEDS ARE NOW BEARING EVIL FRUIT."

ROZMAREK REPORTED THAT HE HAD VISITED MANY DISPLACED PERSONS CAMPS IN EUROPE AND HAD TALKED WITH PRESIDENT TRUMAN AND PRIME MINISTER CLEMENT ATTLEE OF GREAT BRITAIN ON BEHALF OF POLISH INDEPENDENCE.

HIS REPORT WAS ACCEPTED BY THE CONGRESS WITH A STANDING VOTE OF THANKS.

THE THREE-DAY CONVENTION ENDS TODAY WITH ADOPTION OF RESOLUTIONS AND ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

JUDGE BLAIR F. GUNTHER OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY, PA., WAS ELECTED CHAIRMAN OF THE CONVENTION. IGNACE MORAWSKI OF NEW YORK WAS CHOSEN CONVENTION SECRETARY.

LT. GOV. ARTHUR W. COOLIDGE OF MASSACHUSETTS SAID THAT "POLAND HAS MORE THAN A MILLION WAR ORPHANS X X X BUT THESE MOTHERLESS WAIFS ARE BROUGHT UP IN STATE INSTITUTIONS RUN BY ATHEISTIC COMMUNISTS, WHOSE CLENCHED FIST IS BATTERING DOWN THE CHRISTIAN CROSS."

"I ACCUSE THE WARSAW RED GOVERNMENT," HE SAID, "OF WHOLESALF

SEDUCTION OF THE YOUNG, THE MOST DIABOLICAL OF CRIMES AGAINST POLAND."
ATTORNEY GENERAL TOM C. CLARK TOLD THE CONVENTION SATURDAY THAT
POLISH CITIZENS CALLING AT THE U.S. INFORMATION BUREAU IN WARSAW ARE
BEING "ARRESTED AND THROWN INTO JAILS AND CONCENTRATION CAMPS."
CLARK EMPHASIZED, HOWEVER, THAT THE UNITED STATES WILL "KEEP OPEN
THIS BUREAU OF ENLIGHTENMENT AND WILL DISSEMINATE THE TRUTH DESPITE
SUCH DELIBERATE INTERFERENCE."

EJ644AED NM

NIGHT LEAD POLISH AMERICAN (190)
PHILADELPHIA, MAY 31-(AP)-REP. DONALD L. JACKSON (R-CALIF.) A MEMBER
OF THE HOUSE FOREIGN AFFAIRS COMMITTEE, SAID TODAY THE COMMUNIST PARTY
IN THIS COUNTRY SHOULD BE OUTLAWED.

SPEAKING AT THE CLOSING SESSION OF THE POLISH-AMERICAN CONGRESS,
JACKSON SAID "AT THE RISK OF INFRINGING ON THE LIBERTY OF A FEW IN
DEFENSE OF THE LIBERTIES OF ALL, THE COMMUNIST PARTY SHOULD BE PROMPTLY
OUTLAWED."

"PRESENT LEGISLATION PROPOSES TO PUT THE SPOTLIGHT ON THE REDS.
IT IS NOT ENOUGH. DRIVE THE COMMUNISTS UNDERGROUND, YES, AND THEN
FELL IN THE HOLE," THE CALIFORNIAN SAID.

JACKSON, WHO WITNESSED THE RIOTING THAT INTERRUPTED THE BOGOTA
CONFERENCE, ASSERTED THE REDS HAVE "RECEDED FOR THE MOMENT" BUT
ADDED THEIR "MARK IS ON THE CAPITAL CITY OF AN AMERICAN REPUBLIC."

THE CONGRESSMAN SAID "AT ONE TIME I WAS OPPOSED TO OUTLAWING THE
COMMUNIST PARTY, BUT MY MIND IS NOW ABSOLUTELY CLEAR ON THE ISSUE."

EARLIER, DELEGATES TO THE POLISH-AMERICAN CONGRESS APPROVED A
RESOLUTION URGING GEN. DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER, PRESIDENT OF COLUMBIA
UNIVERSITY, TO REJECT A POLISH GOVERNMENT DONATION OF \$5,000, TO THE
UNIVERSITY.

THE RESOLUTION SAID THE GIFT WAS BEING OFFERED BY JOSEPH WINIEWICZ
"SO CALLED REPRESENTATIVE OF THE NOW SOVIET CONTROLLED NATION TO
ESTABLISH THE ADAM MICKIEWICZ CHAIR IN POLISH LITERATURE" IN THE
INSTITUTION'S SLAVIC DEPARTMENT.

CHARLES ROZMAREK OF CHICAGO WAS REELECTED PRESIDENT OF THE CONGRESS.
OTHERS ELECTED:

ZYGMUNT STEFANOWICZ, CHICAGO, SECRETARY; JOHN STANEK, CHICAGO,
TREASURER; ADELA LAGODZINSKA, CHICAGO; IGNACY NURKIEWICZ, BROOKLYN;
EDWARD E. PLESIAK, CHICAGO; WALTER TOLPA, GARY, IND., AND MRS.
MARIA KORPANTY, PITTSBURGH, VICE PRESIDENTS.

DIRECTORS NAMED WERE VINCENT KOWALEWSKI, WILMINGTON, DEL.; MANFIELD
AMLICKE, PASSAIC, N.J.; LEO KNOLL, SCRANTON, PA.; JUDGE B.F. GUNTHER,
PITTSBURGH; THADDEUS ADESKO, CHICAGO; DR. KAROL SMOLCZYNSKI, CHICOPPE,
MASS.; A. GRUNDZINSKI, PROVIDENCE, R.I.; KAZMIERZ GRIGLIK, CHICAGO,
AND MRS. KINGA DZUBACK, CHICAGO.

EE922PED NM

WITH POLISH CONGRESS

PHILADELPHIA, MAY 31-(AP)-THE POLISH AMERICAN CONGRESS TODAY SENT
A MESSAGE OF PROTEST TO GENERAL DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER AGAINST A CASH
GIFT TO COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY BY THE POLISH AMBASSADOR.

THE \$5,000 DONATION WAS GIVEN TO ESTABLISH A CHAIR IN POLISH LITERA-
TURE IN MEMORY OF ADAM MICKIEWICZ, POLISH POET LAUREAT WHO DIED
150 YEARS AGO.

THE CONGRESS SAID IT ASKED REJECTION OF THE GIFT BY THE "SO-CALLED
REPRESENTATIVE OF THE NOW SOVIET-CONTROLLED NATION X X X BECAUSE THIS
INFILTRATION OF THE COMMUNIST VOICE IS ANTI-AMERICAN AND IS NOT COM-
PATIBLE WITH THE HIGH PATRIOTIC IDEALS OF THE AMERICAN STUDENT OF
POLISH DESCENT."

NO222PED

(ADVANCE FOR AMS OF TUESDAY JUNE 1)

(ADVANCE) DAYTON, O., MAY 31-(AP)-THE AIR FORCE IS TESTING ITS FAS-
TEST CARGO AND ASSAULT GLIDER, THE STROUKOFF AVITRUC (CQ)
OFFICERS IN AIR MATERIEL COMMAND HEADQUARTERS AT WRIGHT FIELD
REPORTED TODAY THE FOUR-TON GLIDER, CAPABLE OF CARRYING THAT MUCH
MORE, COULD BE TOWED AT A RECORD SPEED OF 216 MILES AN HOUR.

THE SHIP, MADE BY THE CHASE AIRCRAFT CORP., TRENTON, N.J., CAN CARRY
30 COMBAT TROOPS AND THEIR EQUIPMENT OR 14 PATIENTS ON LITTERS. AS A
CARGO CRAFT IT CAN CARRY A THREE-QUARTER TON WEAPONS CARRIER, OR A
TON-AND-A-HALF TRUCK, OR A JEEP PLUS 105 MM HOWITZER.

IT HAS A WELDED STEEL TUBE FUSELAGE COVERED WITH ALUMINUM AIRCRAFT
SKIN.

ADVANCE FOR PM'S MAY 31
FIVE HAVE BEEN ORDERED FOR THE TACTICAL AIR COMMAND "FOR USE IN JOINT
OPERATIONS WITH FIELD FORCES AND AIRBORNE TROOPS." OFFICERS REPORTED.

NEW YORK, MAY 31-(AP)-DWIGHT GRISWOLD, CHIEF OF THE AMERICAN MISSION
FOR AID TO GREECE, LEFT FOR ATHENS BY PLANE TONIGHT AFTER CONFERRING
FOR TWO WEEKS WITH GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS.

HE SAID "THERE IS NO CHANGE" IN AMERICAN POLICY TOWARD GREECE AS
A RESULT OF HIS VISIT. "I AM VERY OPTIMISTIC ABOUT THE GREEK
SITUATION," HE SAID.

GRISWOLD CONFERRED WITH PRESIDENT TRUMAN, SECRETARY OF STATE
MARSHALL, ECONOMIC COOPERATION ADMINISTRATOR PAUL G. HOFFMAN, DEFENSE
SECRETARY FORRESTAL AND OTHERS WHILE IN THE UNITED STATES.

LS1004PED NM

NEW YORK, MAY 31-(AP)-FORTY-FIVE EUROPEAN DELEGATES TO THE WORLD
ASSEMBLY FOR MORAL REARMAMENT LEFT BY CHARTERED PLANE FOR RIVERSIDE
CALIF., TODAY TO ATTEND THE 10TH ANNIVERSARY SESSIONS.

THE GROUP, REPRESENTING 10 COUNTRIES, ARRIVED BY PLANE YESTERDAY
FROM AMSTERDAM AND LONDON. THEY LEFT LAGUARDIA FIELD (AT 8:48
A.M., EST) TODAY IN A ROYAL DUTCH AIRLINE PLANE. THEY PLAN TO ATTEND
A MASS MEETING AT THE HOLLYWOOD BOWL WEDNESDAY.

JJ211PED

30.24- 18191

MUNDT-FOSTER

(ADVANCE) NEW YORK, MAY 31-(AP)-WILLIAM Z. FOSTER, AMERICAN COMMUNIST LEADER, SAID TONIGHT THE REAL PURPOSE OF THE MUNDT-NIXON BILL WAS A "DEADLY BLOW TO THE LABOR AND PROGRESSIVE MOVEMENT, AMERICAN DEMOCRACY AND WORLD PEACE."

HE SAID THE BILL "AIMS TO OUTLAW THE COMMUNIST PARTY" BUT THAT "ACTUALLY, THE COMMUNISTS ARE ONLY A SECONDARY OBJECTIVE."

FOSTER, NATIONAL CHAIRMAN OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY, ASSAILED THE PROPOSED MEASURE IN A SPEECH PREPARED FOR A RADIO DEBATE (ABC) WITH REP. KARL E. MUNDT (R-S.D.) ONE OF THE SPONSORS OF THE MEASURE NOW BEFORE CONGRESS. FOSTER SPOKE FROM NEW YORK.

MUNDT WAS TO SPEAK EXTEMPORANEOUSLY FROM YANKTON, S.D. FOSTER HAD CHALLENGED MUNDT TO THE DEBATE.

FOSTER CLAIMED THAT OUTLAWING THE COMMUNIST PARTY WOULD "KNIFE ORGANIZED LABOR, UNDERMINE AMERICAN DEMOCRACY, CLEAR THE WAY FOR A POLICE STATE AND SPEED US INTO WAR."

HE SAID PASSAGE OF THE BILL, "LIKE OUR BARBAROUS TREATMENT OF THE NEGRO PEOPLE, WOULD EXPOSE THE WEAK STATE OF OUR DEMOCRACY AND WOULD RUIN AMERICAN PRESTIGE ABROAD."

HE DECLARED IT WOULD BRING "RUIN X X X TO YOUR UNIONS AND LIVING STANDARDS, TO YOUR LIBERTIES AND TO WORLD PEACE."

"HITLER," HE SAID, "LIKE THE SPONSORS OF THIS BILL, ALSO MADE WILD CHARGES AGAINST COMMUNISM, AND FOR THE SAME PURPOSE --- TO PLUNGE HIS COUNTRY INTO FASCISM AND WAR."

FOSTER SAID AMERICA "IS CARRYING ON THE BIGGEST CAMPAIGN OF IMPERIALIST EXPANSION IN THE HISTORY OF THE WORLD." HE SAID ONE OF THE MAIN PURPOSES OF THE MUNDT-NIXON BILL IS "TO PUSH OUR COUNTRY INTO THE DISASTROUS WAR THAT WALL STREET IS NOW ORGANIZING."

FOSTER REITERATED THAT COMMUNISTS WOULD REFUSE TO REGISTER AS WOULD BE REQUIRED UNDER THE BILL.

"WE COMMUNISTS REFUSE TO BE GAGGED," HE SAID. "WE WILL NOT REGISTER, UNDER THE MUNDT BILL OR ANY OTHER COMMUNIST REGISTRATION BILL. WE REFUSE TO HELP SCUTTLE THE BILL OF RIGHTS."

(END ADVANCE FOR USE AT 9:30 P.M. (EST) TONIGHT, MONDAY, MAY 31)
JT805PED

MAY 1948

MAY 1948

NEW YORK, MAY 31-(AP)-TWO RETIRING UNITED STATES ENVOYS, S. PINKNEY TUCK AND GEN. THOMAS HOLCOMB ARRIVED AT LA GUARDIA FIELD TONIGHT.

TUCK RESIGNED AS AMBASSADOR TO EGYPT BECAUSE, HE SAID, HE WISHED TO RETIRE AFTER 35 YEARS IN DIPLOMATIC SERVICE.

GEN. HOLCOMB, FORMER COMMANDANT OF THE MARINE CORPS FOR SEVEN YEARS, CAME FROM THE UNION OF SOUTH AFRICA TO WHICH HE WAS APPOINTED MINISTER FOUR YEARS AGO.

THE ENVOYS WERE ACCOMPANIED BY THEIR WIVES.

TUCK SAID HE IS GOING TO LIVE IN THIS COUNTRY AND MIGHT SPEND SOME TIME IN SWITZERLAND, AND AT THE MOMENT IS LOOKING FORWARD TO SEEING HIS SONS, JAMES M., A FORMER MARINE NOW A FRESHMAN AT PRINCETON UNIVERSITY, AND DAVID, WHO IS ATTENDING ST. PAUL'S SCHOOL IN NEW HAMPSHIRE.

P GENERAL HOLCOMB TOLD NEWSMEN WHAT EVERYONE WAS "THUNDERSTRUCK" AT THE RESULTS OF THE RECENT SOUTH AFRICAN ELECTION, PARTICULARLY THAT FIELD MARSHAL JAN CHRISTIAAN SMUTS HAD LOST HIS SEAT IN PARLIAMENT. THERE WAS NO TALK OF "SECESSION" FROM THE BRITISH COMMONWEALTH AFTER THE VICTORY OF THE PRIME MINISTER'S OPPOSITION, HE SAID.

HOLCOMB SAID HE PLANS TO RETIRE TO HIS 137-ACRE FARM AT ST. MARY'S CITY, MD.

RB114AFD

NEW YORK, MAY 31-(AP)-ALBERTO TARCHIANI, ITALIAN AMBASSADOR TO WASHINGTON, SAID TONIGHT A BASIS FOR PEACE AND COOPERATION IN EUROPE MUST BE FOUND AS A PRELUDE TO ANY FEDERATION OF EUROPEAN STATES.

ARRIVING AT LA GUARDIA FIELD FROM ROME AFTER SPENDING THREE WEEKS IN ITALY, TARCHIANI WAS ASKED HIS OPINION OF PROPOSALS FOR A FEDERATION OF EUROPEAN STATES.

"I SEE THAT THE FEDERALIST IDEA IS GOING VERY WELL IN THE UNITED STATES," HE SAID. "IT WOULD BE GOOD IN EUROPE IF IT COULD BE ORGANIZED." HE ADDED, HOWEVER, THAT "NOW THERE ARE TWO EUROPEES AND THAT WOULD MEAN TWO FEDERATIONS. IF WE SHOULD HAVE TWO FEDERATIONS, THERE WOULD BE TROUBLE. THERE FIRST MUST BE FOUND A BASIS FOR PEACE AND COOPERATION IN EUROPE."

TARCHIANI SAID THAT DURING CONSULTATIONS WITH HIS GOVERNMENT IN ROME, HE DISCUSSED "ALL MATTERS CONCERNING RELATIONS BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND ITALY AND ALSO THE PRACTICAL APPLICATION OF THE MARSHALL PLAN."

HE SAID ITALY APPEARS TO BE MAKING PROGRESS "IN ALL THE SERVICES, ALL PUBLIC WORKS, ROADS AND ADMINISTRATIONS. EVERYTHING IS IMPROVING ALMOST EVERY DAY."

ASKED ABOUT THE EFFECT OF THE APRIL ELECTIONS ON COMMUNIST ACTIVITIES, TARCHIANI SAID: "THE COMMUNIST MENACE CERTAINLY DECREASED AFTER THE ELECTION." HE SAID THE MAJORITIES OBTAINED BY THE ANTI-COMMUNIST PARTIES "GAVE THE IMPRESSION THAT THE PEOPLE LIKE AN ORDERLY LIFE INSTEAD OF SOCIAL AND POLITICAL TROUBLES."

DISMISSING THE POSSIBILITY OF A COMMUNIST COUP, HE SAID "THE GOVERNMENT IS VERY WELL ESTABLISHED. THERE IS NO INTENTION ON THE PART OF THE COMMUNISTS TO DO ANYTHING ABOUT IT NOW."

RB125AFD

NEW YORK, MAY 31-(AP)-DAVID LOW, BRITISH CARTOONIST, SAID TODAY ON HIS ARRIVAL HERE THAT THE PALESTINE PROBLEM "SHOULD BE SETTLED ON THE BASIS OF WHO IS GOING TO MAKE THE BEST USE OF THE PLACE." HE ARRIVED ABOARD THE LINER BRITANNIC FOR A VISIT IN NEW YORK AND TO ATTEND THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL CONVENTION IN PHILADELPHIA JUNE 21.

"I HAVE BEEN A WORKER FOR THE JEWISH STATE ALL MY LIFE," LOW SAID, "BUT THE PROPAGANDA PUT OUT BY THE JEWS FOR THE PAST 18 MONTHS HAS BEEN MOST GROTESQUE."

"WE IN ENGLAND BLAME THE JEWS FOR BEING BAD POLITICIANS. WHEN THE ZIONISTS TRIED TO SOLVE THE PALESTINE ISSUE BY FORCE THEY MADE A TERRIFIC MISTAKE."

(WX) UNDATED MEMORIAL DAY (400)

BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

NEW PLEDGES TO PRESERVE PEACE, FREEDOM AND LIBERTY WERE VOICED IN MANY LANDS YESTERDAY AS AMERICANS PAID TRIBUTE TO THIS COUNTRY'S WAR DEAD.

PRESIDENT TRUMAN INTERRUPTED A WEEKEND OF POTOMAC RIVER YACHTING TO PLACE A WREATH AT THE TOMB OF THE UNKNOWN SOLDIER IN ARLINGTON NATIONAL CEMETERY.

IN A RADIO ADDRESS HE VOICED THE HOPE THAT THE MEMORIAL DAY CELEBRATIONS AROUND THE GLOBE WOULD UNDERLINE TWO THINGS:

"THAT THE GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED STATES WORKS ONLY FOR PEACE IN THE WORLD, AND IN ORDER TO ATTAIN THAT PEACE WE MUST HAVE THE ABILITY TO ENFORCE IT."

IN A SECOND CEREMONY IN WASHINGTON, MR. TRUMAN PUT A ROSE IN A FLORAL ANCHOR THAT WAS DROPPED IN THE POTOMAC IN HONOR OF HIS PREDECESSOR, FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT.

THE PRESIDENT ALSO SENT A MESSAGE TO THE JEWISH WAR VETERANS OF THE UNITED STATES HOLDING THEIR 53RD ANNUAL MEMORIAL SERVICE IN NEW YORK.

"IT IS NOT ENOUGH THAT WE PAY LIP SERVICE TO THOSE WHO DIED IN THE FIGHT TO BRING TOLERANCE AND GOOD WILL TO THE WORLD," HE SAID IN THAT MESSAGE. "WE MUST EVER KEEP IN OUR HEARTS THE NEED FOR THE UNDERSTANDING AND PEACE AMONG ALL PEOPLES WHEREVER THEY MAY BE. UNDER GOD, LET US HOLD HIGH THE TORCH OF FREEDOM AND JUSTICE FOR ALL PEOPLE."

AT THE AMERICAN MILITARY CEMETERY OF NOTRE DAME NEAR DINANT, BELGIUM--BURIAL PLACE OF THOSE WHO DIED IN THE BATTLE OF THE BULGE, IN THE ARDENNES WOOD AND AT BASTOGNE--GEN. LUCIUS D. CLAY, UNITED STATES COMMANDER IN EUROPE, DECLARED:

"WE SHALL NOT FAIL THESE HEROES IN OUR EFFORTS TO ESTABLISH AND MAINTAIN FREEDOM."

FRANCIS CARDINAL SPELLMAN, VISITING THE AMERICAN ARMED FORCES CEMETERY NORTH OF MANILA, LED THE SERVICES FOR THE DEAD AND ASKED A BLESSING FOR THE LIVING "WHO ARE FIGHTING THE GOOD FIGHT FOR PEACE."

CAUTIONING AGAINST EFFORTS TO SET UP A WORLD ORGANIZATION WITHOUT RUSSIA, SENATOR SALTONSTALL (R-MASS) CALLED IN A SPEECH AT BELMONT, MASS., FOR A "TALKING" PEACE INSIDE THE UNITED NATIONS RATHER THAN "SHOOTING IT OUT" OUTSIDE THE U.N. COVENANTS.

GEN. OMAR N. BRADLEY, ARMY CHIEF OF STAFF,

DECLARED AT LONGMEADOW, MASS:

"WARS CAN BE PREVENTED JUST AS SURELY AS THEY ARE PROVOKED AND THEREFORE WE WHO FAIL TO PREVENT THEM MUST SHARE IN GUILT FOR THE DEAD."

A38WX

CITING WHAT HE CALLED THE NECESSITY OF MEETING ISSUES "BOLDLY WITH PRINCIPLE, RESOLUTION AND STRENGTH," BRADLEY ADDED: "IF WE ARE TO SCAMPER FROM CRISIS TO CRISIS, FIXING PRINCIPLES AND POLICIES TO THE CHANGE OF EACH DAY, WE SHALL PLACE OURSELVES SUPINELY AND HELPLESSLY AT THE MERCY OF ANY AGGRESSOR WHO MIGHT PLAY ON OUR PUBLIC OPINION AND DECIMATE OUR FORCES AT WILL."

SUPREME COURT JUSTICE WILLIAM O. DOUGLAS SAID AT HYDE PARK, N.Y. CEREMONIES THAT THE WAY TO HONOR THE LATE PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT IS TO "TAKE THE LEAD IN DISPELLING FEAR BY COMING TO GRIPS WITH THE PROBLEMS OF OUR TIME."

DE530AED

FIRST LEAD U.N. (160)
BY FRANCIS W. CARPENTER

LAKE SUCCESS, MAY 31-(AP)-FARIS EL KHOURY OF SYRIA DECLARED TODAY THE JEWISH CHARGE THE ARABS PLAN TO USE GAS IN PALESTINE IS "A TERRIBLE LIE."

THE ARAB DELEGATE TO THE UNITED NATIONS SECURITY COUNCIL SAID IN A STATEMENT THAT "WE DO NOT POSSESS SUCH MATERIAL."

HE ADDED THAT IT APPEARED THE JEWS MIGHT BE TRYING TO COUNTER A COMPLAINT LAST WEEK BY EGYPT IN WHICH EGYPT ANNOUNCED THE CAPTURE OF TWO JEWS WHO WERE ALLEGED TO HAVE CONFESSED THEY HAD BEEN ORDERED TO POISON WELLS IN ARAB-HELD AREAS.

A JEWISH SOURCE IN TEL AVIV YESTERDAY SAID THE JEWS HAD CAPTURED AN ARAB BATTLE ORDER SAYING THE ARABS PLANNED TO USE POISON GAS IN AN ASSAULT ON JERUSALEM.

EL KHOURY, WHO WILL BECOME COUNCIL PRESIDENT TOMORROW, SAID HE HAD RECEIVED NO WORD FROM THE ARAB LEAGUE ON THE ARAB ANSWER TO THE COUNCIL'S SIXTH APPEAL FOR A CEASE-FIRE IN PALESTINE.

THE COUNCIL MARKED TIME WAITING FOR ARAB AND JEWISH ANSWERS. THE DEADLINE X X SECOND GRAPH ORIGINAL (A30)

N120PED

THE AMERICANS BACKED THE RUSSIANS ON THIS PROPOSAL. IT WAS VIRTUALLY THE SAME WHICH THE AMERICANS SPONSORED ON MAY 22 AND WHICH DID NOT PASS. THE VOTE IN BOTH CASES WAS 5 TO 0, WITH SIX ABSTENTIONS. SEVEN VOTES ARE REQUIRED FOR COUNCIL APPROVAL.

THE U.N. SECRETARIAT AND DELEGATES TOOK THE AMERICAN HOLIDAY TODAY. THE U.N. SECRETARIAT AND DELEGATES TOOK THE AMERICAN HOLIDAY TODAY. THE SECURITY COUNCIL WILL MEET WEDNESDAY AT 1:30 P.M. E.S.T.

RB446AED

ATLANTIC CITY, N.J., MAY 28-(AP)-The International Bank is competing with neither the Marshall Plan nor private capital, its Secretary said today.

Morton M. Mendels told the Maryland Bankers Association the International Bank may not "make political or relief loans" as can the Marshall plan.

"Where private financing is available on reasonable terms, the Bank is forbidden from lending," he said.

Mendels said the International Bank, in the absence of private capital, makes "production loans on reasonable terms, thereby strengthening the economy and credit standing of the borrowing nation, which will in turn promote world trade."

He said the Bank has \$470,000,000 (M) available, after making these loans: France, \$250,000,000; Netherlands, \$195,000,000; Denmark, \$40,000,000; Luxembourg, \$12,000,000; Chile, \$16,000,000.

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END - MAY 31, 1948